EPC2204 – Enhancement Mode Power Transistor

 V_{DS} , 100 V $R_{DS(on)}$, $6\,m\Omega$ I_D, 29 A









Gallium Nitride's exceptionally high electron mobility and low temperature coefficient allows very low R_{DS(on)}, while its lateral device structure and majority carrier diode provide exceptionally low Q_G and zero Q_{RR}. The end result is a device that can handle tasks where very high switching frequency, and low on-time are beneficial as well as those where on-state losses dominate.

Application Notes:

- Easy-to-use and reliable gate, Gate Drive ON = 5 V typical, OFF = 0 V (negative voltage not needed)
- Top of FET is electrically connected to source



ASK AN EXPERT	GaN

Maximum Ratings					
	PARAMETER VALUE UNIT				
V _{DS}	Drain-to-Source Voltage (Continuous)	100	.,		
	Drain-to-Source Voltage (up to 10,000 5 ms pulses at 150 °C)	120	V		
I _D	Continuous (T _A = 25°C)	29	Δ.		
	Pulsed (25°C, T _{PULSE} = 300 μs)	125	A		
V _G s	Gate-to-Source Voltage	6	.,		
	Gate-to-Source Voltage	-4	V		
Tر	Operating Temperature	-40 to 150	96		
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature	-40 to 150	°C		

Thermal Characteristics			
	PARAMETER	TYP	UNIT
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case	1	
$R_{\theta JB}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Board	2.5	°C/W
R _{OJA}	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (Note 1)	64	

Note 1: R_{BJA} is determined with the device mounted on one square inch of copper pad, single layer 2 oz copper on FR4 board. See https://epc-co.com/epc/documents/product-training/Appnote_Thermal_Performance_of_eGaN_FETs.pdf for details.

	Static Characteristics ($T_j = 25^{\circ}$ C unless otherwise stated)					
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
BV _{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V, I}_{D} = 0.25 \text{ mA}$	100			V
I _{DSS}	Drain-Source Leakage	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 80 \text{ V}$		0.04	0.2	
	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	$V_{GS} = 5 V$		0.01	1.3	^
I _{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage#	$V_{GS} = 5 \text{ V, T}_{J} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		0.3	6.7	mA
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	$V_{GS} = -4 V$		0.03	0.2	
V _{GS(TH)}	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$, $I_D = 4 \text{ mA}$	0.8	1.1	2.5	V
R _{DS(on)}	Drain-Source On Resistance	$V_{GS} = 5 \text{ V, } I_D = 16 \text{ A}$		4.4	6	mΩ
V _{SD}	Source-Drain Forward Voltage#	$I_S = 0.5 \text{ A}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$		1.6		V

Defined by design. Not subject to production test.



Die Size: 2.5 x 1.5 mm

EPC2204 eGaN® FETs are supplied only in passivated die form with solder bars.

Applications

- DC-DC Converters
- Isolated DC-DC Converters
- Sync rectification for AC-DC and DC-DC
- · Point of Load Converters
- USB-C
- · Class-D Audio
- LED Lighting
- · eMobility

Benefits

- Ultra High Efficiency
- · No Reverse Recovery
- Ultra Low Q_G
- · Small Footprint

Scan OR code or click link below for more information including reliability reports, device models, demo boards!



https://l.ead.me/EPC2204

	Dynamic Characteristics $^{\#}$ (T $_{J}$ = 25 $^{\circ}$ C unless otherwise stated)					
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT
C _{ISS}	Input Capacitance			644	851	
C_{RSS}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 50 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$		2.3		
C_{OSS}	Output Capacitance			304	456	pF
C _{OSS(ER)}	Effective Output Capacitance, Energy Related (Note 2)	V 0+= F0VV 0V		401		
C _{OSS(TR)}	Effective Output Capacitance, Time Related (Note 3)	$V_{DS} = 0 \text{ to } 50 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$		501		
R_{G}	Gate Resistance			0.4		Ω
Q _G	Total Gate Charge	$V_{DS} = 50 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 5 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 16 \text{ A}$		5.7	7.4	
Q_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Charge			1.8		
Q_{GD}	Gate-to-Drain Charge	$V_{DS} = 50 \text{ V}, I_D = 16 \text{ A}$		0.8		
Q _{G(TH)}	Gate Charge at Threshold	$V_{DS} = 50 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$ 25		1		nC
Qoss	Output Charge			25	38	
Q _{RR}	Source-Drain Recovery Charge			0		

[#] Defined by design. Not subject to production test.

Figure 1: Typical Output Characteristics at 25°C

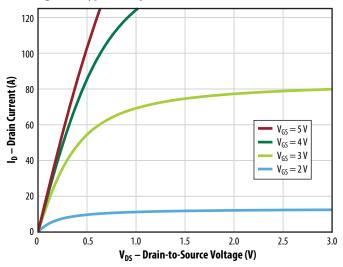


Figure 3: $R_{DS(on)}$ vs. V_{GS} for Various Drain Currents

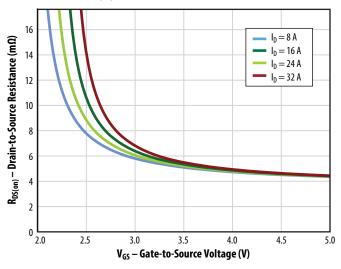


Figure 2: Typical Transfer Characteristics

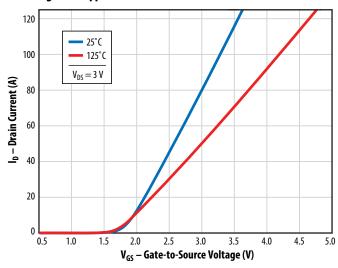
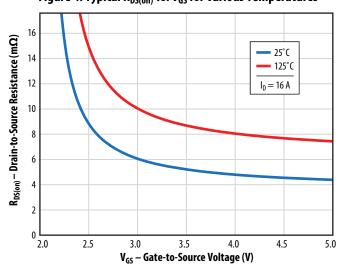


Figure 4: Typical R_{DS(on)} vs. V_{GS} for Various Temperatures



All measurements were done with substrate connected to source.

Note 2: $C_{OSS(ER)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C_{OSS} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 50% BV_{DSS}. Note 3: $C_{OSS(TR)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{OSS} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 50% BV_{DSS}.



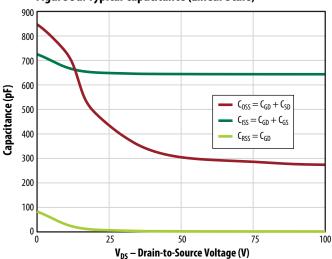


Figure 5b: Typical Capacitance (Log Scale)

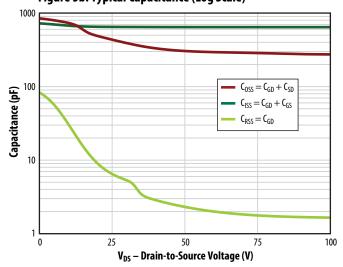


Figure 6: Typical Output Charge and Coss Stored Energy

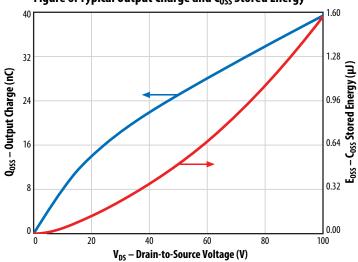


Figure 7: Typical Gate Charge

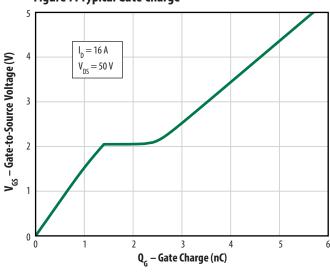


Figure 8: Reverse Drain-Source Characteristics

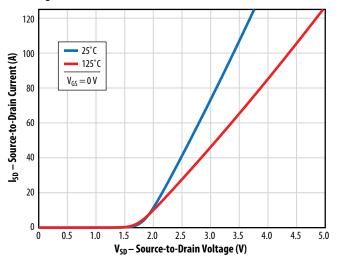
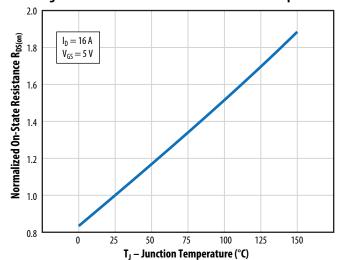
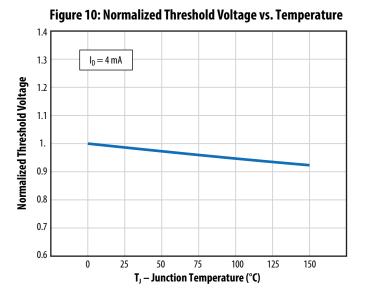
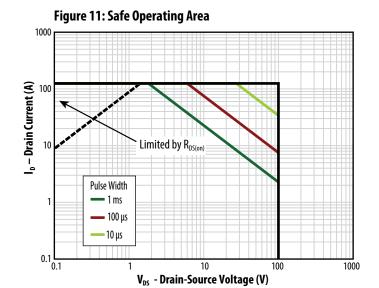


Figure 9: Normalized On-State Resistance vs. Temperature



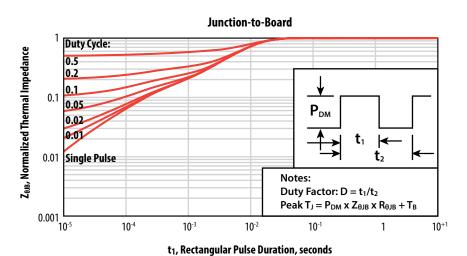
Note: Negative gate drive voltage increases the reverse drain-source voltage. EPC recommends 0 V for OFF.

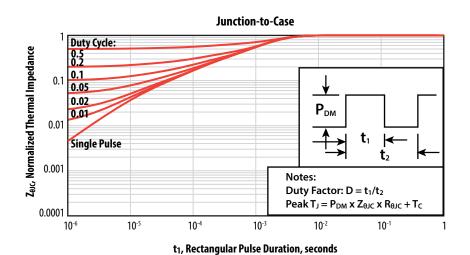




 $T_J = Max Rated$, $T_C = +25$ °C, Single Pulse

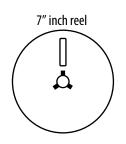
Figure 12: Transient Thermal Response Curves

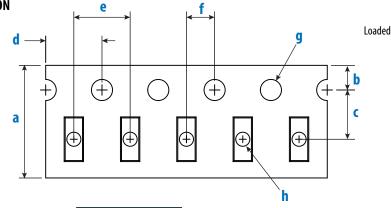






4 mm pitch, 8 mm wide tape on 7" reel





d Tape Feed Direction [\Rightarrow
◆ ✓ ZZZZ	Die orientation dot Gate solder bar is under this corner
Die is placed into p	ocket

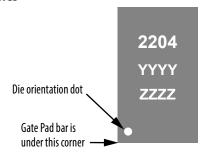
Die is placed into pocket solder bar side down (face side down)

Dime	ension (r	nm)
Target	MIN	MAX
8.00	7.90	8.30
1.75	1.65	1.85
3.50	3.45	3.55
4.00	3.90	4.10
4.00	3.90	4.10
2.00	1.95	2.05
1.50	1.50	1.60
0.50	0.45	0.55
	8.00 1.75 3.50 4.00 4.00 2.00 1.50	8.00 7.90 1.75 1.65 3.50 3.45 4.00 3.90 4.00 3.90 2.00 1.95 1.50 1.50

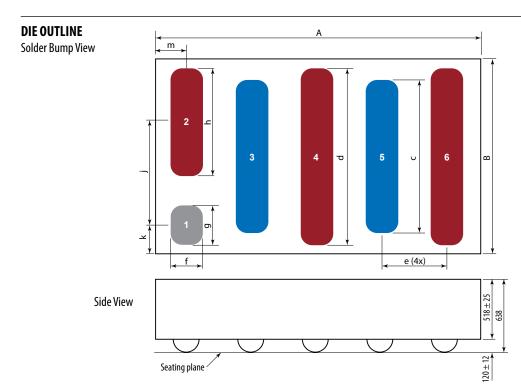
Note 1: MSL 1 (moisture sensitivity level 1) classified according to IPC/ JEDEC industry standard.

Note 2: Pocket position is relative to the sprocket hole measured as true position of the pocket, not the pocket hole.

DIE MARKINGS



Dont		Laser Markings	
Part Number	Part # Marking Line 1	Lot_Date Code Marking Line 2	Lot_Date Code Marking Line 3
EPC2204	2204	YYYY	7777



	Micrometers		
DIM	MIN	Nominal	MAX
Α	2470	2500	2530
В	1470	1500	1530
c	1155	1175	1195
d	1330	1350	1370
e		500	
f	230	250	270
g	280	300	320
h	805	825	845
j		787.5	
k		225	
m		250	

Pad 1 is Gate;

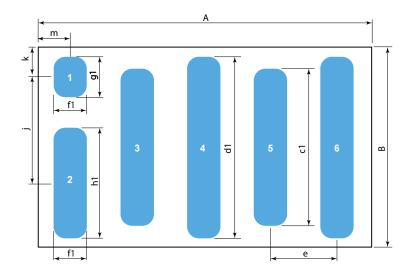
Pads 2,4,6 are Source;

Pads 3, 5 are Drain

Note: Dimensions **d** and **c** are centered

RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

(units in μ m)



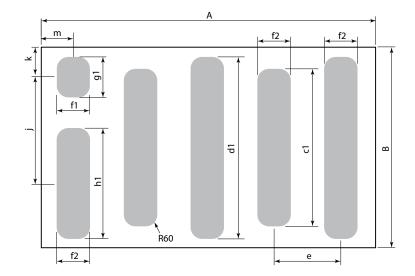
Land pattern is solder mask defined

DIM	Nominal
A	2500
В	1500
c1	1155
d1	1330
e	500
f1	230
g1	280
h1	805
j	787.5
k	225
m	250

Pad 1 is Gate; Pads 2,4,6 are Source; Pads 3,5 are Drain

RECOMMENDED STENCIL DRAWING

(units in µm)



DIM	Nominal
A	2500
В	1500
c 1	1155
d1	1330
e	500
f1	230
f2	210
g1	280
h1	805
j	787.5
k	225
m	250

Recommended stencil should be 4 mil (100 μm) thick, must be laser cut, openings per drawing.

The corner has a radius of R60.

Intended for use with SAC305 Type 4 solder, reference 88.5% metals content.

Split stencil design can be provided upon request, but EPC has tested this stencil design and not found any scooping issues.

Additional assembly resources available at https://epc-co.com/epc/DesignSupport/AssemblyBasics.aspx

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EPC Patent Listing: epc-co.com/epc/AboutEPC/Patents.aspx

Information subject to change without notice.
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