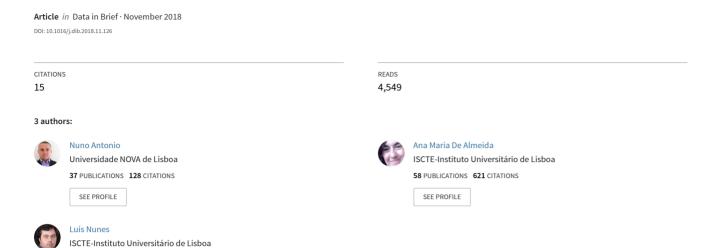
## Hotel booking demand datasets



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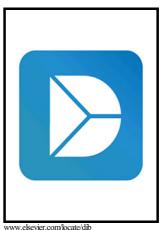
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Hotel booking demand datasets

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### Data article

Title: Hotel booking demand datasets

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#### **Abstract**

This data article describes two datasets with hotel demand data. One of the hotels (H1) is a resort hotel and the other is a city hotel (H2). Both datasets share the same structure, with 31 variables describing the 40060 observations of H1 and 79330 observations of H2. Each observation represents a hotel booking. Both datasets comprehend bookings due to arrive between the 1<sup>st</sup> of July of 2015 and the 31<sup>st</sup> of August 2017, including bookings that effectively arrived and bookings that were canceled. Since this is hotel real data, all data elements pertaining hotel or costumer identification were deleted. Due to the scarcity of real business data for scientific and educational purposes, these datasets can have an important role for research and education in revenue management, machine learning, or data mining, as well as in other fields.

### **Specifications Table**

| Subject area               | Hospitality Management  |
|----------------------------|---|
| More specific subject area | Revenue Management  |
| Type of data               | Text files and R objects  |
| How data was acquired      | Extraction from hotels' Property Management System (PMS) SQL                |
|                            | databases   |
| Data format                | Mixed (raw and preprocessed)  |
| Experimental factors       | Some of the variables were engineered from other variables from different   |
|                            | database tables. The data point time for each observation was defined as    |
|                            | the day prior to each booking's arrival                                     |
| Experimental features      | Data was extracted via TSQL queries executed directly in the hotels' PMS    |
|                            | databases and R was employed to perform data analysis                       |
| Data source location       | Both hotels are located in Portugal: H1 at the resort region of Algarve and |
|                            | H2 at the city of Lisbon  |
| Data accessibility         | Data is supplied with the paper   |

### Value of the data

- Descriptive analytics can be employed to further understand patterns, trends, and anomalies in data:
- Used to perform research in different problems like: bookings cancellation prediction, customer segmentation, customer satiation, seasonality, among others;
- Researchers can use the datasets to benchmark bookings' prediction cancellation models against results already known (e.g. [1]);
- Machine learning researchers can use the datasets for benchmarking the performance of different algorithms for solving the same type of problem (classification, segmentation, or other);
- Educators can use the datasets for machine learning classification or segmentation problems;
- Educators can use the datasets to obtain either statistics or data mining training.

#### **Data**

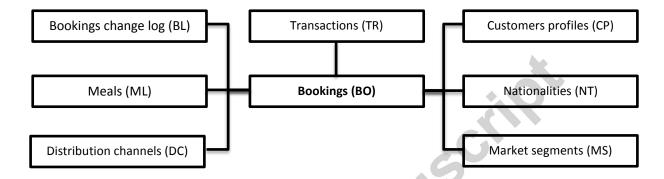
In tourism and travel related industries, most of the research on Revenue Management demand forecasting and prediction problems employ data from the aviation industry, in the format known as the Passenger Name Record (PNR). This is a format developed by the aviation industry [2]. However, the remaining tourism and travel industries like hospitality, cruising, theme parks, etc., have different requirements and particularities that cannot be fully explored without industry's specific data. Hence, two hotel datasets with demand data are shared to help in overcoming this limitation.

The datasets now made available were collected aiming at the development of prediction models to classify a hotel booking's likelihood to be canceled. Nevertheless, due to the characteristics of the variables included in these datasets, their use goes beyond this cancellation prediction problem.

One of the most important properties in data for prediction models is not to promote leakage of future information [3]. In order to prevent this from happening, the timestamp of the target variable must occur after the input variables' timestamp. Thus, instead of directly extracting variables from the bookings database table, when available, the variables' values were extracted from the bookings change log, with a timestamp relative to the day prior to arrival date (for all the bookings created before their arrival date).

Not all variables in these datasets come from the bookings or change log database tables. Some come from other tables, and some are engineered from different variables from different tables. A diagram presenting the PMS database tables from where variables were extracted is presented in . A detailed description of each variable is offered in the following section.

Figure 1. Diagram of PMS database tables where variables where extracted from



### **Experimental Design, Materials and Methods**

Data was obtained directly from the hotels' PMS databases' servers by executing a TSQL query on SQL Server Studio Manager, the integrated environment tool for managing Microsoft SQL databases [4]. This query first collected the value or ID (in the case of foreign keys) of each variable in the BO table. The BL table was then checked for any alteration with respect to the day prior to the arrival. If an alteration was found, the value used was the one present in the BL table. For all the variables holding values in related tables (like meals, distribution channels, nationalities or market segments), their related values were retrieved. A detailed description of the extracted variables, their origin, and the engineering procedures employed in its creation is shown in *Table 1*.

Table 1. Variables description

| Variable              | Туре        | Description                   | Source/Engineering          |
|-----------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| ADR                   | Numeric     | Average Daily Rate as         | BO, BL and TR / Calculated  |
|                       |             | defined by [5]                | by dividing the sum of all  |
|                       |             |                               | lodging transactions by the |
|                       |             |                               | total number of staying     |
|                       |             |                               | nights                      |
| Adults                | Integer     | Number of adults              | BO and BL                   |
| Agent                 | Categorical | ID of the travel agency that  | BO and BL                   |
|                       |             | made the booking <sup>1</sup> |                             |
| ArrivalDateDayOfMonth | Integer     | Day of the month of the       | BO and BL                   |
|                       |             | arrival date                  |                             |
| ArrivalDateMonth      | Categorical | Month of arrival date with    | BO and BL                   |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> ID is presented instead of designation for anonymity reasons.

| Variable              | Туре        | Description  | Source/Engineering                       |
|-----------------------|-------------|--|--|
|                       |             | 12 categories: "January" to                          |  |
|                       |             | "December"   |  |
| ArrivalDateWeekNumber | Integer     | Week number of the arrival                           | BO and BL                                |
|                       |             | date   |  |
| ArrivalDateYear       | Integer     | Year of arrival date                                 | BO and BL                                |
| AssignedRoomType      | Categorical | Code for the type of room                            | BO and BL                                |
|                       |             | assigned to the booking.                             |  |
|                       |             | Sometimes the assigned                               |  |
|                       |             | room type differs from the reserved room type due to |  |
|                       |             | hotel operation reasons                              |  |
|                       |             | (e.g. overbooking) or by                             | A  |
|                       |             | customer request. Code is                            |  |
|                       |             | presented instead of                                 | *. (O)                                   |
|                       |             | designation for anonymity                            |  |
|                       |             | reasons  |  |
| Babies                | Integer     | Number of babies                                     | BO and BL                                |
| BookingChanges        | Integer     | Number of  | BO and BL/Calculated by                  |
|                       |             | changes/amendments                                   | adding the number of                     |
|                       |             | made to the booking from                             | unique iterations that                   |
|                       |             | the moment the booking                               | change some of the                       |
|                       |             | was entered on the PMS                               | booking attributes,                      |
|                       |             | until the moment of check-                           | namely: persons, arrival                 |
|                       |             | in or cancellation                                   | date, nights, reserved                   |
| Children              | Integer     | Number of children                                   | room type or meal  BO and BL/Sum of both |
| Cimaren               | integer     | Number of children                                   | payable and non-payable                  |
|                       | *           |  | children                                 |
| Company               | Categorical | ID of the company/entity                             | BO and BL.                               |
|                       |             | that made the booking or                             |  |
|                       |             | responsible for paying the                           |  |
|                       |             | booking. ID is presented                             |  |
| . (5)                 |             | instead of designation for                           |  |
|                       |             | anonymity reasons                                    |  |
| Country               | Categorical | Country of origin.                                   | BO, BL and NT                            |
| <b>V</b>              |             | Categories are represented                           |  |
|                       |             | in the ISO 3155-3:2013                               |  |
| CustomanaTima         | Cohomonical | format [6]   | DO and DI                                |
| CustomerType          | Categorical | Type of booking, assuming                            | BO and BL                                |
|                       |             | one of four categories:<br>Contract - when the       |  |
|                       |             | booking has an allotment                             |  |
|                       |             | or other type of contract                            |  |
|                       |             | associated to it;                                    |  |
|                       |             | Group – when the booking                             |  |
|                       |             | Group Wrich the booking                              |  |

| Variable            | Туре        | Description                  | Source/Engineering           |
|---------------------|-------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
|                     |             | Transient – when the         |                              |
|                     |             | booking is not part of a     |                              |
|                     |             | group or contract, and is    |                              |
|                     |             | not associated to other      |                              |
|                     |             | transient booking;           |                              |
|                     |             | Transient-party – when the   |                              |
|                     |             | booking is transient, but is |                              |
|                     |             | associated to at least other |                              |
|                     |             | transient booking            |                              |
| DaysInWaitingList   | Integer     | Number of days the           | BO/Calculated by             |
|                     |             | booking was in the waiting   | subtracting the date the     |
|                     |             | list before it was confirmed | booking was confirmed to     |
|                     |             | to the customer              | the customer from the        |
|                     |             |                              | date the booking entered     |
|                     |             |                              | on the PMS                   |
| DepositType         | Categorical | Indication on if the         | BO and TR/Value              |
| ,                   |             | customer made a deposit      | calculated based on the      |
|                     |             | to guarantee the booking.    | payments identified for      |
|                     |             | This variable can assume     | the booking in the           |
|                     |             | three categories:            | transaction (TR) table       |
|                     |             | No Deposit – no deposit      | before the booking's         |
|                     |             | was made;                    | arrival or cancellation      |
|                     |             | Non Refund – a deposit was   | date.                        |
|                     |             | made in the value of the     | In case no payments were     |
|                     |             | total stay cost;             | found the value is "No       |
|                     |             | Refundable – a deposit was   | Deposit".                    |
|                     |             | made with a value under      | If the payment was equal     |
|                     | 40          | the total cost of stay.      | or exceeded the total cost   |
|                     |             | the total cost of stay.      | of stay, the value is set as |
|                     |             |                              | "Non Refund".                |
|                     |             |                              | Otherwise the value is set   |
|                     |             |                              | as "Refundable"              |
| DistributionChannel | Categorical | Booking distribution         | BO, BL and DC                |
|                     | 20.000.1001 | channel. The term "TA"       |                              |
|                     |             | means "Travel Agents" and    |                              |
|                     |             | "TO" means "Tour             |                              |
| *                   |             | Operators"                   |                              |
| IsCanceled          | Categorical | Value indicating if the      | ВО                           |
|                     | 20108011001 | booking was canceled (1) or  |                              |
|                     |             | not (0)                      |                              |
| IsRepeatedGuest     | Categorical | Value indicating if the      | BO, BL and C/ Variable       |
|                     | SateBorical | booking name was from a      | created by verifying if a    |
|                     |             | repeated guest (1) or not    | profile was associated with  |
|                     |             | (0)                          | the booking customer. If     |
|                     |             | (~)                          | so, and if the customer      |
|                     |             |                              | profile creation date was    |
|                     |             |                              | profile creation date was    |

| Variable                    | Туре        | Description   | Source/Engineering   |
|-----------------------------|-------------|---|--|
|                             |             |   | prior to the creation date<br>for the booking on the<br>PMS database it was<br>assumed the booking was<br>from a repeated guest  |
| LeadTime                    | Integer     | Number of days that elapsed between the entering date of the booking into the PMS and the arrival date  | BO and BL/ Subtraction of<br>the entering date from the<br>arrival date  |
| MarketSegment               | Categorical | Market segment designation. In categories, the term "TA" means "Travel Agents" and "TO" means "Tour Operators"  | BO, BL and MS  |
| Meal                        | Categorical | Type of meal booked. Categories are presented in standard hospitality meal packages: Undefined/SC – no meal package; BB – Bed & Breakfast; HB – Half board (breakfast and one other meal – usually dinner); FB – Full board (breakfast, lunch and dinner) | BO, BL and ML  |
| PreviousBookingsNotCanceled | Integer     | Number of previous<br>bookings not cancelled by<br>the customer prior to the<br>current booking   | BO and BL / In case there was no customer profile associated with the booking, the value is set to 0. Otherwise, the value is the number of bookings with the same customer profile created before the current booking and not canceled. |
| PreviousCancellations       | Integer     | Number of previous<br>bookings that were<br>cancelled by the customer<br>prior to the current<br>booking  | BO and BL/ In case there was no customer profile associated with the booking, the value is set to 0. Otherwise, the value is the number of bookings with the same customer profile created before the current booking and                |

| Variable                   | Туре        | Description                                 | Source/Engineering                              |
|----------------------------|-------------|---|---|
|                            |             |   | canceled.                                       |
| RequiredCardParkingSpaces  | Integer     | Number of car parking                       | BO and BL                                       |
|                            |             | spaces required by the                      |   |
| 2                          | <u> </u>    | customer                                    |   |
| ReservationStatus          | Categorical | Reservation last status,                    | ВО  |
|                            |             | assuming one of three                       |   |
|                            |             | categories:                                 |   |
|                            |             | Canceled – booking was                      |   |
|                            |             | canceled by the customer;                   |   |
|                            |             | Check-Out – customer has                    |   |
|                            |             | checked in but already                      |   |
|                            |             | departed;                                   |   |
|                            |             | No-Show – customer did                      |   |
|                            |             | not check-in and did inform                 |   |
|                            | D. L.       | the hotel of the reason why                 | 70  |
| ReservationStatusDate      | Date        | Date at which the last                      | ВО  |
|                            |             | status was set. This variable               |   |
|                            |             | can be used in conjunction                  |   |
|                            |             | with the ReservationStatus                  |   |
|                            |             | to understand when was                      |   |
|                            |             | the booking canceled or                     |   |
|                            |             | when did the customer                       |   |
| December 4December 7       | Catananiani | checked-out of the hotel                    | DO - 1 - 1 DI                                   |
| ReservedRoomType           | Categorical | Code of room type                           | BO and BL                                       |
|                            |             | reserved. Code is presented                 |   |
|                            |             | instead of designation for                  |   |
| Ctown la Mandra and Minhto | lake a su   | anonymity reasons                           | DO and DI / Calarilated by                      |
| StaysInWeekendNights       | Integer     | Number of weekend nights                    | BO and BL/ Calculated by                        |
|                            |             | (Saturday or Sunday) the                    | counting the number of                          |
|                            |             | guest stayed or booked to                   | weekend nights from the                         |
| Ctausin Mank Nights        | Intogor     | stay at the hotel                           | total number of nights  BO and BL/Calculated by |
| StaysInWeekNights          | Integer     | Number of week nights                       | ,   |
| ~ U                        |             | (Monday to Friday) the                      | counting the number of                          |
|                            |             | guest stayed or booked to stay at the hotel | week nights from the total                      |
| TotalOfCnocialPoswests     | Intogor     | ,   | number of nights                                |
| TotalOfSpecialRequests     | Integer     | Number of special requests                  | BO and BL/Sum of all                            |
|                            |             | made by the customer (e.g.                  | special requests                                |
|                            |             | twin bed or high floor)                     |   |

The PMS assured no missing data exists in its database tables. However, in some categorical variables like Agent or Company, "NULL" is presented as one of the categories. This should not be considered a missing value, but rather as "not applicable". For example, if a booking "Agent" is defined as "NULL" it means that the booking did not came from a travel agent.

Summary statistics for both hotels datasets are presented in *Table 2* to *Table 7*. These statistics were obtained using the 'skimr' R package [7].

Table 2. H1 dataset summary statistics - Date variables

| Variable              | Min        | Max        | Median     | Unique |
|-----------------------|------------|------------|------------|--------|
| ReservationStatusDate | 2014-11-18 | 2017-09-14 | 2016-07-31 | 913    |

Table 3. H1 dataset summary statistics - Categorical variables

| Variable            | Unique | Top counts   |
|---------------------|--------|--|
| Agent               | 186    | 240: 13 095, NULL: 8 209, 250: 2 869, 241: 1 721     |
| ArrivalDateMonth    | 12     | Aug: 4 894, Jul: 4 573, Apr: 3 609, May: 3 559       |
| AssignedRoomType    | 11     | A: 17 046, D: 10 339, E: 5 638, C: 2 214             |
| Company             | 236    | NULL: 36 952, 223: 784, 281: 138, 154: 133           |
| Country             | 125    | PRT: 17 630, GBR: 6 814, ESP: 3 957, IRL: 2 166      |
| CustomerType        | 4      | Tra.: 30 209, TraParty: 7 791, Con.: 1 776, Gro.:284 |
| DepositType         | 3      | No Dep.: 38 199, Non-Refund.: 1 719, Ref.: 142       |
| DistributionChannel | 4      | TA/TO: 28 295, Dir.: 7 865, Cor.: 3 269, Und.: 1     |
| IsCanceled          | 2      | 0: 28 938, 1: 11 122                                 |
| IsRepeatedGuest     | 2      | 0: 38 282, 1: 1 778                                  |
| MarketSegment       | 6      | Onl.: 17 729, Off.: 7472, Dir.: 6 513, Gro.: 5 836   |
| Meal                | 5      | BB: 30 005, HB: 8 046, Und.: 1 169, FB: 754          |
| ReservationStatus   | 3      | C.Out: 28 938, Can.: 10 831, No-Show: 291            |
| ReservedRoomType    | 10     | A: 23 399, D: 7 433, E: 4 892, G: 1610               |

Table 4. H1 dataset summary statistics - Integer and numeric variables

| Variable                    | Mean    | SD    | P0    | P25  | Median | P75  | P100 |
|-----------------------------|---------|-------|-------|------|--------|------|------|
| ADR                         | 94.95   | 61.44 | -6.38 | 50   | 75     | 125  | 508  |
| Adults                      | 1.87    | 0.7   | 0     | 2    | 2      | 2    | 55   |
| ArrivalDateOfMonth          | 15.82   | 8.88  | 1     | 8    | 16     | 24   | 31   |
| ArrivalDateWeekNumber       | 27.14   | 14.01 | 1     | 16   | 28     | 38   | 53   |
| ArrivalDateYear             | 2016.12 | 0.72  | 2015  | 2016 | 2016   | 2017 | 2017 |
| Babies                      | 0.014   | 0.12  | 0     | 0    | 0      | 0    | 2    |
| BookingChanges              | 0.29    | 0.73  | 0     | 0    | 0      | 0    | 17   |
| Children                    | 0.13    | 0.45  | 0     | 0    | 0      | 0    | 10   |
| DaysInWaitingList           | 0.53    | 7.43  | 0     | 0    | 0      | 0    | 185  |
| LeadTime                    | 92.68   | 97.29 | 0     | 10   | 57     | 155  | 737  |
| PreviousBookingsNotCanceled | 0.15    | 1     | 0     | 0    | 0      | 0    | 30   |
| PreviousCancellations       | 0.1     | 1.34  | 0     | 0    | 0      | 0    | 26   |
| RequiredCarParkingSpaces    | 0.14    | 0.35  | 0     | 0    | 0      | 0    | 8    |
| StaysInWeekendNights        | 1.19    | 1.15  | 0     | 0    | 1      | 2    | 19   |
| StaysInWeekNights           | 3.13    | 2.46  | 0     | 1    | 3      | 5    | 50   |
| TotalOfSpecialRequests      | 0.62    | 0.81  | 0     | 0    | 0      | 1    | 5    |

Table 5. H2 dataset summary statistics - Date variables

| Variable | Min | Max | Median | Unique |
|----------|-----|-----|--------|--------|
|----------|-----|-----|--------|--------|

Table 6. H2 dataset summary statistics - Categorical variables

| Variable            | Unique | Top counts  |
|---------------------|--------|---|
| Agent               | 224    | 9: 31 955, NULL: 8 131, 1: 7 137, 14: 3 640           |
| ArrivalDateMonth    | 12     | Aug: 8 983, May: 8 232, Jul: 8 088, Jun: 7 894        |
| AssignedRoomType    | 9      | A: 57 007, D: 14 983, E: 2 168, F: 2 018              |
| Company             | 208    | NULL: 75 641, 40: 924, 67: 267, 45: 250               |
| Country             | 166    | PRT: 30 960, FRA: 8 804, DEU: 6 084, GBR: 5315        |
| CustomerType        | 4      | Tra.:59 404, TraP.: 17 333, Con.: 2 300, Gro.:293     |
| DepositType         | 3      | No Dep.: 66 442, Non-Refund.: 12 868, Ref.: 20        |
| DistributionChannel | 5      | TA/TO: 68 945, Dir.: 6 780, Cor.: 3 408, GDS: 193     |
| IsCanceled          | 2      | 0: 46 228, 1: 33 102                                  |
| IsRepeatedGuest     | 2      | 0: 77 298, 1: 2 032                                   |
| MarketSegment       | 8      | Onl.: 38 748, Off.: 16 747, Gro.: 13 975, Dir.: 6 093 |
| Meal                | 4      | BB: 62 305, SC: 10 564, HB: 6 417, FB: 44             |
| ReservationStatus   | 3      | C.Out: 46 228, Can.: 32 186, No-Show: 916             |
| ReservedRoomType    | 8      | A: 62 595, D: 11768, F: 1 791, E: 1 553               |

Table 7. H2 dataset summary statistics - Integer and numeric variables

| Variable                    | Mean    | SD     | P0   | P25  | Median | P75  | P100 |
|-----------------------------|---------|--------|------|------|--------|------|------|
| ADR                         | 105.3   | 43.6   | 0    | 79.2 | 99.9   | 126  | 5400 |
| Adults                      | 1.85    | 0.51   | 0    | 2    | 2      | 2    | 4    |
| ArrivalDateOfMonth          | 15.79   | 8.73   | 1    | 8    | 16     | 23   | 31   |
| ArrivalDateWeekNumber       | 27.18   | 13.4   | 1    | 17   | 27     | 38   | 53   |
| ArrivalDateYear             | 2016.17 | 0.7    | 2015 | 2016 | 2016   | 2017 | 2017 |
| Babies                      | 0.0049  | 0.084  | 0    | 0    | 0      | 0    | 10   |
| BookingChanges              | 0.19    | 0.61   | 0    | 0    | 0      | 0    | 21   |
| Children                    | 0.091   | 0.37   | 0    | 0    | 0      | 0    | 3    |
| DaysInWaitingList           | 3.23    | 20.87  | 0    | 0    | 0      | 0    | 391  |
| LeadTime                    | 109.74  | 110.95 | 0    | 23   | 74     | 163  | 629  |
| PreviousBookingsNotCanceled | 0.13    | 1.69   | 0    | 0    | 0      | 0    | 72   |
| PreviousCancellations       | 0.08    | 0.42   | 0    | 0    | 0      | 0    | 32   |
| RequiredCarParkingSpaces    | 0.024   | 0.15   | 0    | 0    | 0      | 0    | 3    |
| StaysInWeekendNights        | 0.8     | 0.89   | 0    | 0    | 1      | 2    | 16   |
| StaysInWeekNights           | 2.18    | 1.46   | 0    | 1    | 2      | 3    | 41   |
| TotalOfSpecialRequests      | 0.55    | 0.78   | 0    | 0    | 0      | 1    | 5    |

A word of caution is due for those not so familiar with hotel operations. In hotel industry it is quite common for customers to change their booking's attributes, like the number of persons, staying duration, or room type preferences, either at the time of their check-in or during their stay. It is also common for hotels not to know the correct nationality of the customer until the moment of check-in. Therefore, even though the capture of data took considered a timespan prior to arrival date, it is understandable that the distribution of some variables differ between non canceled and canceled

bookings. Consequently, the use of these datasets may require this difference in distribution to be taken into account. This difference can be seen in the table plots of *Figure 2* and *Figure 3*. Table plots are a powerful visualization method and were produced with the tabplot R package [8] that allow for the exploration and analysis of large multivariate datasets. In table plots each column represents a variable and each row a bin with a pre-defined number of observations. In these two figures, each bin contains 100 observations. The bars in each variable show the mean value for numeric variables or the frequency of each level for categorical variables. Analyzing these figures it is possible to verify that, for both of the hotels, the distribution of variables like *Adults*, *Children*, *StaysInWeekendNights*, *StaysInWeekNights*, *Meal*, *Country* and *AssignedRoomType* is clearly different between non-canceled and canceled bookings.

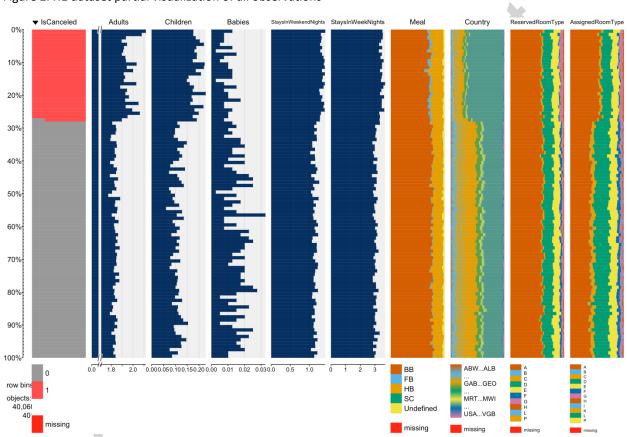


Figure 2. H1 dataset partial visualization of all observations

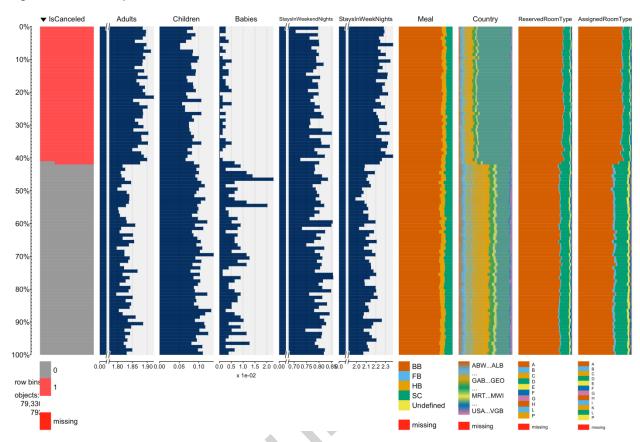


Figure 3. H2 dataset partial visualization of all observations

### Acknowledgements

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