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HISTORY OF COMPUTER

TIMELINE

ABACUS 3000BC

An ancient calculating device.

1st Man Made computing device

Still used in China, Russia and the fareast

MECHANICAL ADDING MACHINE 1642

PASCALINE-

It is a desktop adding machine.
This was developed by
Blaise Pascal.

PUNCHED CARDS-DATA STORAGE 1800S

A card punched with holes in certain places that a computer can read data coded from the combinations of holes.

First used by Joseph Jacquard to automate his weaving factory.

BABBAGE-ANALYTICAL ENGINE 1830

Invented by Charles Babbage, who is also known as "The Father of Computers".

Designed to store 1000-50 digit

numbers for calculations and

HOLLERITH TABLULATING MACHINE 1890S

This was invented by Herman ●
Hollerith to tabulate 1890 US
census (Poll) data.
Electrically powered and
used punch cards.

MARK I-GENERAL PURPOSE COMPUTER 1944

Invented in 1944 by
 Dr. Howard Aiken.

 The idea is based on programmable,
 general purpose computer.

ENIAC ELECTRONIC COMPUTER 1946

In 1946, John Mauchly and J.
Presper Eckert introduced the
ENIAC as an electronic computing
machine.

UNIVAC US CENSUS DEPARTMENT 1951

It was developed and this is the first commercial computer which got larger amount of public attention.

HISTORY OF COMPUTER

TIMELINE



EDVAC was one of the earliest electronic computers. It was built by Moore School of Electrical Engineering, Pennsylvania.

Along with ORDVAC, it was a successor to the ENIAC. Unlike ENIAC, it was binary rather than decimal, and was designed to be a stored-program computer.

IBM-701 1953

Electronic Data Processing
Machine, known as the Defense
Calculator while in development,
was IBM's first commercial
scientific computer and its first
series production mainframe
computer

APPLE II FIRST PERSONAL COMPUTER 1977

The Apple II is an 8-bit home computer and one of the world's first highly successful mass-produced microcomputer products.

PORTABLE COMPUTERS 1987

Hewlett-Packard released the Vectra Portable CS laptop in 1987. It was one of the first laptops to feature a 3 ½" floppy disk drive capable of using 1.44 MB diskettes.

SUPER COMPUTERS (PRESENT)

A supercomputer is a computer with a high level of performance as compared to a general-purpose computer.

MODERN DESKTOP/POWERFUL GAMING MACHINES (PRESENT)

Used by almost everyone in today's generation.

It's main purpose is for work, media consumption, entertainment and many more.

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