1 CoPylot

1.1 Grammar

The grammar of the language to be analyzed appears in Figure 2.

We assume throughout the rest of this document that a fixed program \hat{S} is under analysis. (TODO: describe here the idea of a bijection between labels and statements in this fixed program. – ZP)

1.2 Control Flow

The grammar of control flow graphs appears in Figure 3. (Discuss construction of initial graph. -ZP)

We write $\hat{o} \stackrel{?}{\blacktriangleleft} \hat{o}'$ to denote $(\hat{o} \blacktriangleleft \hat{o}' \in \hat{G} \text{ when } \hat{G} \text{ is understood from context.}$ Likewise, we write $\hat{o} \stackrel{?}{\ll} \hat{o}'$ to denote $(\hat{o} \ll \hat{o}' \in \hat{G} \text{ when } \hat{G} \text{ is understood from context.}$

We define a relation \longrightarrow 1 to perform control flow graph closure.

Definition 1.5. Let $\hat{G} \longrightarrow^1 \hat{G}'$ be the least relation satisfying the rules appearing in Figure 4. Throughout these rules, the predicates $\stackrel{?}{\ll}$ and $\stackrel{?}{\blacktriangleleft}$ refer to graph \hat{G} .

1.3 Value Lookup

The value lookup function uses the additional grammar in Figure 5.

Definition 1.6. Given a control-flow graph \hat{G} , let $\hat{G}(\hat{o}_0, \hat{K})$ be the function returning the least set \hat{V} which satisfies the following conditions:

1. Value Manipulation

(a) RESULT
If
$$\hat{K} = [\hat{v}]$$
, then $\hat{v} \in \hat{V}$.

2. Variable Lookup

(a) Value Discovery

If
$$\hat{o}_1 \overset{?}{\ll} \hat{o}_0$$
, $\hat{o}_1 = \hat{\ell}_1 : \hat{\ell}_2 : \hat{x} = \hat{v}$, and $\hat{K} = [\hat{x}] \mid\mid \hat{K}'$, then $\hat{G}(\hat{o}_1, [\hat{v}] \mid\mid \hat{K}') \subseteq \hat{V}$.

(b) VALUE SKIP

If
$$\hat{o}_1 \overset{?}{\ll} \hat{o}_0$$
, $\hat{o}_1 = \hat{\ell}_1 : \hat{\ell}_2 : \hat{x}' = \hat{v}$, $\hat{K} = [\hat{x}] || \hat{K}'$, and $\hat{x} \neq \hat{x}'$, then $\hat{G}(\hat{o}_1, \hat{K}) \subseteq \hat{V}$.

(c) Value Aliasing If
$$\hat{o}_1 \stackrel{?}{\ll} \hat{o}_0$$
, $\hat{o}_1 = \hat{\ell}_1 : \hat{\ell}_2 : \hat{x} = \hat{x}'$, and $\hat{K} = [\hat{x}] \mid\mid \hat{K}'$, then $\hat{G}(\hat{o}_1, [\hat{x}'] \mid\mid \hat{K}) \subseteq \hat{V}$

Definition 1.1.

$$BIND(H, m_0, x, m) = H' \text{ such that } B = H[m_0], B' = B[x \mapsto m], H' = H[m_0 \mapsto B']$$

Definition 1.2.

$$BIND(H, m_0, x_1, m_1, \dots, x_n, m_n) = BIND(\dots((BIND(H, m_0, x_1, m_1)), m_0, x_2, m_2), \dots), m_0, x_n, m_n)$$

Definition 1.3.

LOOKUP
$$(m_0, P, H, x_2) =$$

Definition 1.4.

$$\text{CATCH}(\langle \ell, S \rangle)$$
 =

LITERAL ASSIGNMENT
$$S(\ell) = \ell : \ell' : x = v \qquad B_{\text{obj}} = \{ \star x_{\text{value}} \mapsto m \} \qquad H' = H[m \mapsto v, m' \mapsto B_{\text{obj}}]$$

$$m, m' \notin H \qquad \text{Bind}(H', m_0, x, m') = H'' \qquad \ell \stackrel{s}{\blacktriangleleft} \ell'$$

$$[\langle \ell, S \rangle] \mid \mid T, H, P, m_0 \longrightarrow^1 [\langle \ell', S \rangle] \mid \mid T, H'', P, m_0$$
NAME ASSIGNMENT
$$S(\ell) = \ell : \ell' : x_1 = v_2$$

$$m = \text{Lookup}(m_0, P, H, x_2) \qquad \text{Bind}(H, m_0, x_1, m) = H' \qquad \ell \stackrel{s}{\blacktriangleleft} \ell'$$

$$[\langle \ell, S \rangle] \mid \mid T, H, P, m_0 \longrightarrow^1 [\langle \ell', S \rangle] \mid \mid T, H', P, m_0$$
LIST ASSIGNMENT
$$S(\ell) = \ell : \ell' : x = [x_1, \dots, x_n] \qquad \forall i \in \{1, \dots, n\}, m_i = \text{Lookup}(m_0, P, H, x_i)$$

$$v = [m_1, \dots, m_n] \qquad B_{\text{obj}} = \{ \star x_{\text{value}} \mapsto m \} \qquad H' = H[m \mapsto v, m' \mapsto B_{\text{obj}}]$$

$$m, m' \notin H \qquad \text{Bind}(H', m_0, x, m') = H'' \qquad \ell \stackrel{s}{\blacktriangleleft} \ell'$$

$$\langle \ell, S \rangle] \mid \mid T, H, P, m_0 \longrightarrow^1 [\langle \ell', S \rangle] \mid \mid T, H'', P, m_0$$

Figure 1: Operational Semantics

TUPLE ASSIGNMENT
$$S(\ell) = \ell : \ell' : x = (x_1, \dots, x_n) \quad \forall i \in \{1, \dots, n\}, m_i = \operatorname{Lookup}(m_0, P, H, x_i) \\ v = (m_1, \dots, m_n) \quad B_{\text{obj}} = \{\star x_{\text{value}} \mapsto m\} \quad H' = H[m \mapsto v, m' \mapsto B_{\text{obj}}] \\ \hline m, m' \notin H \quad \operatorname{Bind}(H', m_0, x, m') = H'' \quad \ell \blacktriangleleft \ell'' \\ \hline \langle \ell, S \rangle] \mid\mid T, H, P, m_0 \longrightarrow^1 [\langle \ell', S \rangle] \mid\mid T, H'', P, m_0 \\ \hline \text{FUNCTION ASSIGNMENT} \\ S(\ell) = \ell : \ell' : x_1 = \operatorname{def}(x_2, \dots, x_n) = \{S\} \quad v = \langle m_0, \operatorname{def}(x_2, \dots, x_n) \to S \rangle \\ B_{\text{obj}} = \{\star x_{\text{value}} \mapsto m\} \quad H' = H[m \mapsto v, m' \mapsto B_{\text{obj}}] \\ \hline m, m' \notin H \quad \operatorname{Bind}(H', m_0, x_1, m') = H'' \quad \ell \blacktriangleleft \ell' \\ \hline [\langle \ell, S \rangle] \mid\mid T, H, P, m_0 \longrightarrow^1 [\langle \ell', S \rangle] \mid\mid T, H'', P, m_0 \\ \hline \text{FUNCTION CALL ASSIGNMENT} \\ S(\ell) = \ell : \ell' : x_1 = x_2(x_3, \dots, x_n) \\ m = \operatorname{Lookup}(m_0, P, H, x_2) \quad H[m] = \langle m'_0, \operatorname{def}(x'_3, \dots, x'_n) \mapsto S' \rangle \\ m''_0 \notin H \quad H' = H[m''_0 \mapsto \{\}\} \quad \forall i, 3 \leq i \leq n, m'_i = \operatorname{Lookup}(m_0, P, H, x_i) \\ \hline B_{\text{IND}}(H', m''_0, x'_1, m'_1, \dots, x'_n, m'_n) = H'' \\ P' = P \cup \{m''_0 \mapsto m'_0\} \quad S' = [\ell' : \ell'' : d, \dots] \\ \hline [\langle \ell, S \rangle] \mid\mid T, H, P, m_0 \longrightarrow^1 [\langle \ell'', S' \rangle, \langle l, S \rangle] \mid\mid T, H'', P', m''_0 \\ \hline \text{ATTRIBUTE ASSIGNMENT} \\ S(\ell) = \ell : \ell' : x_1 = x_2.x_3 \\ m = \operatorname{Lookup}(m_0, P, H, x_2) \quad H[m] = B \quad B[x_3] = m' \quad B_{\text{obj}} = \operatorname{GetObj}(m') \\ m'' \notin H \quad H' = H[m'' \mapsto B_{\text{obj}}] \quad \operatorname{BinD}(H', m_0, x_1, m'') = H'' \quad \ell \blacktriangleleft \ell' \blacktriangleleft \ell'$$

Figure 1: Operational Semantics (cont.)

Figure 1: Operational Semantics (cont.)

$$T = [\langle \text{End}, S \rangle, \langle \ell, S' \rangle] || T' \qquad m'_0 = P[m_0] \qquad \ell \stackrel{S'}{\blacktriangleleft} \ell'$$

$$[\langle \text{End}, S \rangle, \langle \ell, S' \rangle] || T, H, P, m_0 \longrightarrow^1 [\langle \ell', S' \rangle] || T', H, P, m'_0$$

$$End of Program$$

$$T = [(End, t)]$$

$$T, H, P, m_0 \longrightarrow^1 [], H, P, m_0$$

Figure 1: Operational Semantics (cont.)

$$\hat{S} ::= [\hat{s}, \ldots] \qquad abstract \ programs$$

$$\hat{s} ::= \hat{\ell} : \hat{\ell} : \hat{d} \qquad abstract \ statements$$

$$\hat{d} ::= \hat{x} = \hat{v} \mid \hat{x} = \hat{x} \qquad abstract \ directives$$

$$\hat{v} ::= \inf^+ \mid \inf^- \mid \inf^0 \quad abstract \ values$$

$$\hat{x} \qquad abstract \ variables$$

$$\hat{\ell} \qquad abstract \ labels$$

Figure 2: Normalized Python Language Grammar

$$\begin{array}{lll} \hat{G} & ::= & \{\hat{g}, \ldots\} & control \ flow \ graphs \\ \hat{g} & ::= & \hat{o} \blacktriangleleft \hat{o} \mid \hat{o} \ll \hat{o} & control \ flow \ graph \ edge \\ \hat{o} & ::= & \operatorname{START} \mid \operatorname{END} \mid \hat{s} & control \ flow \ graph \ nodes \end{array}$$

Figure 3: Control Flow Graph Grammar

Figure 4: Control Flow Graph Closure

$$\hat{K} ::= [\hat{k}, \ldots]$$
 lookup stacks $\hat{k} ::= \hat{x} \mid \hat{v} \mid \text{Capture}(\mathbb{N}) \mid \text{Jump}(\hat{o})$ lookup stack elements

Figure 5: Value Lookup Grammar