

1 CoPylot

1.1 Grammar

The grammar of the language to be analyzed appears in Figure 2.

We assume throughout the rest of this document that a fixed program \hat{S} is under analysis. *(TODO: describe here the idea of a bijection between labels and statements in this fixed program. – ZP)*

1.2 Control Flow

The grammar of control flow graphs appears in Figure 3. *(Discuss construction of initial graph. – ZP)*

We write $\hat{o} \stackrel{?}{\blacktriangleleft} \hat{o}'$ to denote $(\hat{o} \blacktriangleleft \hat{o}' \in \hat{G}$ when \hat{G} is understood from context. Likewise, we write $\hat{o} \stackrel{?}{\ll} \hat{o}'$ to denote $(\hat{o} \ll \hat{o}' \in \hat{G}$ when \hat{G} is understood from context.

We define a relation \longrightarrow^1 to perform control flow graph closure.

Definition 1.1. Let $\hat{G} \longrightarrow^1 \hat{G}'$ be the least relation satisfying the rules appearing in Figure 4. Throughout these rules, the predicates $\stackrel{?}{\ll}$ and $\stackrel{?}{\blacktriangleleft}$ refer to graph \hat{G} .

1.3 Value Lookup

The value lookup function uses the additional grammar in Figure 5.

Definition 1.2. Given a control-flow graph \hat{G} , let $\hat{G}(\hat{o}_0, \hat{K})$ be the function returning the least set \hat{V} which satisfies the following conditions:

1. Value Manipulation

- (a) RESULT
If $\hat{K} = [\hat{v}]$, then $\hat{v} \in \hat{V}$.

2. Variable Lookup

- (a) VALUE DISCOVERY
If $\hat{o}_1 \stackrel{?}{\ll} \hat{o}_0$, $\hat{o}_1 = \hat{\ell}_1 : \hat{\ell}_2 : \hat{x} = \hat{v}$, and $\hat{K} = [\hat{x}] \parallel \hat{K}'$, then $\hat{G}(\hat{o}_1, [\hat{v}] \parallel \hat{K}') \subseteq \hat{V}$.

- (b) VALUE SKIP
If $\hat{o}_1 \stackrel{?}{\ll} \hat{o}_0$, $\hat{o}_1 = \hat{\ell}_1 : \hat{\ell}_2 : \hat{x}' = \hat{v}$, $\hat{K} = [\hat{x}] \parallel \hat{K}'$, and $\hat{x} \neq \hat{x}'$, then $\hat{G}(\hat{o}_1, \hat{K}) \subseteq \hat{V}$.

- (c) VALUE ALIASING
If $\hat{o}_1 \stackrel{?}{\ll} \hat{o}_0$, $\hat{o}_1 = \hat{\ell}_1 : \hat{\ell}_2 : \hat{x} = \hat{x}'$, and $\hat{K} = [\hat{x}] \parallel \hat{K}'$, then $\hat{G}(\hat{o}_1, [\hat{x}'] \parallel \hat{K}) \subseteq \hat{V}$.

ℓ	$::= \ell \mid \text{END}$	<i>labels</i>
T	$::= [t, \dots]$	<i>stack</i>
t	$::= \ell \times S$	<i>stack frame</i>
S	$::= [s, \dots]$	<i>programs</i>
d	$::= x = e \mid \text{def } x(x, \dots) = \{S\} \mid \text{return } x$	<i>directives</i>
B	$::= \{x \mapsto m, \dots\}$	<i>bindings</i>
H	$::= \{m \mapsto v, \dots\}$	<i>heap</i>
v	$::= \mathbb{Z} \mid \langle \eta, \text{fun}(x) \rightarrow S \rangle \mid [m, \dots] \mid (m, \dots)$	<i>values</i>
e	$::= \text{int}^+ \mid \text{int}^- \mid \text{int}^0 \mid x \mid x(x) \mid [x, \dots] \mid (x, \dots)$	<i>expressions</i>
η		<i>pointers to scopes</i>
E	$::= \eta \mapsto B$	<i>environments</i>
P	$::= \eta \mapsto \eta$	<i>parental maps</i>

LITERAL ASSIGNMENT

$$\frac{S(\ell) = \ell : \ell' : x = v \quad H' = H[m \mapsto v] \quad m \notin H \quad B = E(\eta) \quad B' = B[x \mapsto m] \quad E' = E[\eta \mapsto B'] \quad \ell \stackrel{s}{\blacktriangleleft} \ell''}{[\langle \ell, S \rangle] \parallel T, H, E, P, \eta \longrightarrow^1 [\langle \ell'', S \rangle] \parallel T, H', E', P, \eta}$$

NAME ASSIGNMENT

$$\frac{S(\ell) = \ell : \ell' : x_1 = v_2 \quad m = \text{LOOKUP}(\eta, P, E, x_2) \quad B = E(\eta) \quad B' = B[x_1 \mapsto m] \quad E' = E[\eta \mapsto B'] \quad \ell \stackrel{s}{\blacktriangleleft} \ell''}{[\langle \ell, S \rangle] \parallel T, H, E, P, \eta \longrightarrow^1 [\langle \ell'', S \rangle] \parallel T, H, E', P, \eta}$$

FUNCTION CALL ASSIGNMENT

$$\frac{S(\ell) = \ell : \ell' : x_1 = x_2(x_3) \quad m = \text{LOOKUP}(\eta, P, E, x_2) \quad H[m] = \langle \eta', \text{fun}(x_4) \mapsto S' \rangle \quad \eta'' \notin E \quad m' = \text{LOOKUP}(\eta, P, E, x_3) \quad B' = B[x_4 \mapsto m'] \quad E' = E[\eta'' \mapsto B'] \quad P' = P \cup \{\eta'' \mapsto \eta'\} \quad S' = [\ell'' : \ell''' : d] \parallel S''}{[\langle \ell, S \rangle] \parallel T, H, E, P, \eta \longrightarrow^1 [\langle \ell'', S' \rangle, \langle \ell, S \rangle] \parallel T, H', E', P', \eta''}$$

LIST ASSIGNMENT

$$\frac{S(\ell) = \ell : \text{olbl}' : x = [x_1, \dots, x_n] \quad \forall i \in \{1, \dots, n\}, m_i = \text{LOOKUP}(\eta, P, E, x_i) \quad v = [m_1, \dots, m_2] \quad H' = H[m' \mapsto v] \quad m' \notin H \quad B = E(\eta) \quad B' = B[x \mapsto m'] \quad E' = E[\eta \mapsto B'] \quad \ell \stackrel{s}{\blacktriangleleft} \ell''}{[\langle \ell, S \rangle] \parallel T, H, E, P, \eta \longrightarrow^1 [\langle \ell'', S \rangle] \parallel T, H', E', P, \eta}$$

TUPLE ASSIGNMENT

$$\frac{S(\ell) = \ell : \text{olbl}' : x = (x_1, \dots, x_n) \quad \forall i \in \{1, \dots, n\}, m_i = \text{LOOKUP}(\eta, P, E, x_i) \quad v = (m_1, \dots, m_2) \quad H' = H[m' \mapsto v] \quad m' \notin H \quad B = E(\eta) \quad B' = B[x \mapsto m'] \quad E' = E[\eta \mapsto B'] \quad \ell \stackrel{s}{\blacktriangleleft} \ell''}{[\langle \ell, S \rangle] \parallel T, H, E, P, \eta \longrightarrow^1 [\langle \ell'', S \rangle] \parallel T, H', E', P, \eta}$$

FUNCTION DEFINITION

$$\frac{S(\ell) = \ell : \ell' : \text{def } x_1(x_2) = \{S\} \quad v = \langle \eta, \text{fun}(x_2) \rightarrow S \rangle \quad H' = H[m \mapsto v] \quad m \notin H \quad B = E(\eta) \quad B' = B[x_1 \mapsto m] \quad E' = E[\eta \mapsto B'] \quad \ell \stackrel{s}{\blacktriangleleft} \ell''}{[\langle \ell, S \rangle] \parallel T, H, E, P, \eta \longrightarrow^1_2 [\langle \ell'', S \rangle] \parallel T, H', E', P, \eta}$$

Figure 1: Operation Semantics

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{PASS} \\
\frac{S(\ell) = \ell : \ell' : \text{pass} \quad \ell \xrightarrow{S} \ell''}{[\langle \ell, S \rangle] \parallel T, H, E, P, \eta \longrightarrow^1 [\langle \ell'', S \rangle] \parallel T, H, E, P, \eta} \\
\\
\text{RETURN} \\
\frac{S(\ell) = \ell : \ell' : \text{return} \quad T = [t, \langle \ell'', S' \rangle] \parallel T' \quad \eta' = P[\eta] \quad \ell'' \xrightarrow{S'} \ell'''}{[t, \langle \ell'', S' \rangle] \parallel T, H, E, P, \eta \longrightarrow^1 [\langle \ell'', S' \rangle] \parallel T', H, E, P, \eta'} \\
\\
S'(\ell'') = \ell'' : \ell''' : x_1 = x_2(x_3) \quad \eta' = P[\eta] \quad B = E(\eta') \quad B' = B[x_1 \mapsto m] \quad E' = E[\eta' \mapsto B'] \\
\\
\text{NAME STATEMENT} \\
\frac{S(\ell) = \ell : \ell' : e \quad \forall x \in e \exists B[x] \quad \ell \xrightarrow{S'} \ell''}{[\langle \ell, S \rangle] \parallel T, H, E, P, \eta \longrightarrow^1 [\langle \ell', S \rangle] \parallel T, H, E, P, \eta} \\
\\
\text{END OF FUNCTION} \\
\frac{T = [\langle \text{END}, S \rangle, \langle \ell, S' \rangle] \parallel T' \quad \eta' = P[\eta] \quad \ell \xrightarrow{S'} \ell'}{[\langle \text{END}, S \rangle, \langle \ell, S' \rangle] \parallel T, H, E, P, \eta \longrightarrow^1 [\langle \ell', S' \rangle] \parallel T', H, E, P, \eta'} \\
\\
\text{END OF PROGRAM} \\
\frac{T = [(\text{END}, t)]}{T, H, E, P, \eta \longrightarrow^1 [], H, E, P, \eta'}
\end{array}$$

Figure 1: Operation Semantics (cont.)

$$\begin{array}{ll}
\hat{S} & ::= [\hat{s}, \dots] \quad \text{abstract programs} \\
\hat{s} & ::= \hat{\ell} : \hat{\ell} : \hat{d} \quad \text{abstract statements} \\
\hat{d} & ::= \hat{x} = \hat{v} \mid \hat{x} = \hat{x} \quad \text{abstract directives} \\
\hat{v} & ::= \text{int}^+ \mid \text{int}^- \mid \text{int}^0 \quad \text{abstract values} \\
\hat{x} & \quad \text{abstract variables} \\
\hat{\ell} & \quad \text{abstract labels}
\end{array}$$

Figure 2: Normalized Python Language Grammar

$$\begin{array}{ll}
\hat{G} & ::= \{\hat{g}, \dots\} \quad \text{control flow graphs} \\
\hat{g} & ::= \hat{o} \blacktriangleleft \hat{o} \mid \hat{o} \ll \hat{o} \quad \text{control flow graph edge} \\
\hat{o} & ::= \text{START} \mid \text{END} \mid \hat{s} \quad \text{control flow graph nodes}
\end{array}$$

Figure 3: Control Flow Graph Grammar

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{LEXICAL START} \\
\frac{\text{START} \overset{?}{\blacktriangleleft} \hat{o}}{\hat{G} \longrightarrow^1 \hat{G} \cup \{\text{START} \ll \hat{o}\}} \\
\\
\text{LITERAL ASSIGNMENT} \\
\frac{\hat{o}_1 = (\hat{x} = \hat{v}) \quad \hat{o}_1 \overset{?}{\blacktriangleleft} \hat{o}_2}{\hat{G} \longrightarrow^1 \hat{G} \cup \{\hat{o}_1 \ll \hat{o}_2\}} \\
\\
\text{VARIABLE ACCESSIBLE} \\
\frac{\hat{o}_1 = (\hat{x} = \hat{x}') \quad \hat{o}_1 \overset{?}{\blacktriangleleft} \hat{o}_2 \quad \hat{v} \in \hat{G}(\hat{o}_1, [\hat{x}']) \quad \hat{v} \neq \text{UNDEFINED}}{\hat{G} \longrightarrow^1 \hat{G} \cup \{\hat{o}_1 \ll \hat{o}_2\}}
\end{array}$$

Figure 4: Control Flow Graph Closure

$$\begin{array}{ll}
\hat{K} ::= [\hat{k}, \dots] & \text{lookup stacks} \\
\hat{k} ::= \hat{x} \mid \hat{v} \mid \text{CAPTURE}(\mathbb{N}) \mid \text{JUMP}(\hat{o}) & \text{lookup stack elements}
\end{array}$$

Figure 5: Value Lookup Grammar