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131 # importing Libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sbn

```

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132 file_path = './data/watu_sales_data.csv'
dataset = pd.read_csv(file_path)

```

```

133 # exploration
print(dataset)

```

	make	model	make_model	branch	date_of_sale	month \
0	Boxer	BM 150	Boxer BM 150	Nairobi	06/01/2021	January
1	TVS	HLX 100CC	TVS HLX 100CC	Bungoma	22/04/2021	April
2	TVS	HLX 100CC	TVS HLX 100CC	Bungoma	26/02/2021	February
3	TVS	HLX 150CC	TVS HLX 150CC	Nairobi	26/03/2021	March
4	TVS	HLX 150	TVS HLX 150	Mombasa	05/06/2021	June
...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1995	TVS	HLX 100CC	TVS HLX 100CC	Bungoma	19/05/2021	May
1996	TVS	STAR 100CC KS	TVS STAR 100CC KS	Bungoma	18/03/2021	March
1997	TVS	HLX 150CC	TVS HLX 150CC	Nairobi	19/05/2021	May
1998	TVS	HLX 150	TVS HLX 150	Nairobi	15/01/2021	January
1999	TVS	HLX 125CC	TVS HLX 125CC	Migori	26/05/2021	May

	is_late_to_pay	is_late_to_pay_word	payment_expected	payment_actual \
0	0	NO	95394	95394
1	0	NO	102784	102784
2	0	NO	82295	82295
3	0	NO	93586	93586
4	0	NO	135065	135065
...	...	...	...	...
1995	0	NO	109048	109048
1996	0	NO	93525	93525
1997	0	NO	126081	126081
1998	0	NO	105277	105277
1999	0	NO	120462	120462

	payment_ratio	payment_full	payment_full_word
0	100.0	0	NO
1	100.0	0	NO
2	100.0	0	NO
3	100.0	0	NO
4	100.0	0	NO
...	...	...	...
1995	100.0	0	NO
1996	100.0	0	NO
1997	100.0	0	NO
1998	100.0	0	NO
1999	100.0	0	NO

[2000 rows x 13 columns]

```

134 # Understanding the Dataset
make_proportion = dataset['make'].value_counts(normalize=True)*100

print(make_proportion)

```

```

"""
Result:
The Brand Popularity is as follows
TVS          52.25
Boxer        40.70

```

Sonlink 7.05

TVS is the most popular make to sale the sales team my like to work on a partnership with TVS to the data

"""

```
dataset['make'].value_counts(normalize=True).plot.bar(title='Frequency table of Product Sales  
# plt.hist(make_proportion)  
# plt.show()
```

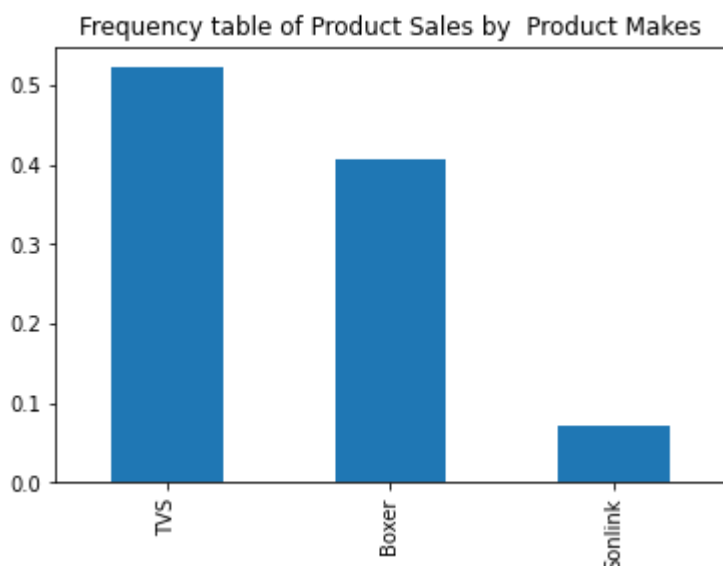
TVS 52.25

Boxer 40.70

Sonlink 7.05

Name: make, dtype: float64

134 <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'Frequency table of Product Sales by Product Makes'}>



135 model\_proportion = dataset['make\_model'].value\_counts(normalize=True)\*100  
print(model\_proportion)  
"""

Results:

The model popularity is as follows:

BM 150	19.20
BM 100	18.20
HLX 100CC KS	12.70
HLX 125CC Refresh	10.30
HLX 150CC (5 Gears)	10.25
HLX 100CC ES PLUS	7.20
HLX 150CC ES	5.60
HLX 150X	2.40
150-KD	2.05
STAR 100CC KS	2.00
BM X150	1.45
125-A2	1.30
HLX 150X (5 Gears)	1.30
125-A1	1.10
BM X125	1.05
KC 150CC	0.75
150-KB	0.50
BM 100 ES	0.45
CT 125	0.35
150-KA	0.35
150-M1	0.30
SL150-KDX	0.30
LX 100CC KS	0.25
SL100-B	0.20
King Duramax	0.15
SL200ZH-SCW	0.10
HLX 100CC ES	0.05

```

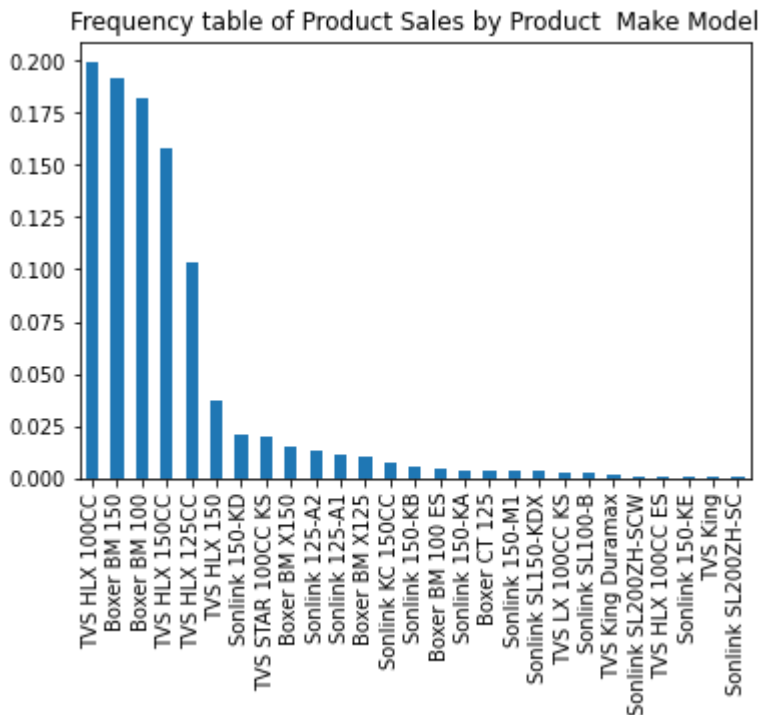
150-KE                                0.05
King                                  0.05
SL200ZH-SC                           0.05
"""

dataset['make_model'].value_counts(normalize=True).plot.bar(title="Frequency table of Product

TVS HLX 100CC                        19.90
Boxer BM 150                        19.20
Boxer BM 100                        18.20
TVS HLX 150CC                       15.85
TVS HLX 125CC                       10.30
TVS HLX 150                         3.70
Sonlink 150-KD                      2.05
TVS STAR 100CC KS                   2.00
Boxer BM X150                       1.45
Sonlink 125-A2                      1.30
Sonlink 125-A1                      1.10
Boxer BM X125                       1.05
Sonlink KC 150CC                    0.75
Sonlink 150-KB                      0.50
Boxer BM 100 ES                     0.45
Sonlink 150-KA                      0.35
Boxer CT 125                        0.35
Sonlink 150-M1                      0.30
Sonlink SL150-KDX                   0.30
TVS LX 100CC KS                     0.25
Sonlink SL100-B                     0.20
TVS King Duramax                    0.15
Sonlink SL200ZH-SCW                 0.10
TVS HLX 100CC ES                    0.05
Sonlink 150-KE                      0.05
TVS King                            0.05
Sonlink SL200ZH-SC                   0.05
Name: make_model, dtype: float64

```

135 <AxesSubplot:title={'center': 'Frequency table of Product Sales by Product Make Model'}>



136 branch\_proportion = dataset['branch'].value\_counts(normalize=True)\*100  
print(branch\_proportion)  
"""  
Bungoma is the most performing branch with 33.05% of all sale follow by  
Nairobi at 32.20%, Migori at 13.65%, Kisumu at 11.45%, and Mombasa at 9.65% in the order  
The sell team should investigate by two branches are making 65.25% of all the sale and what c

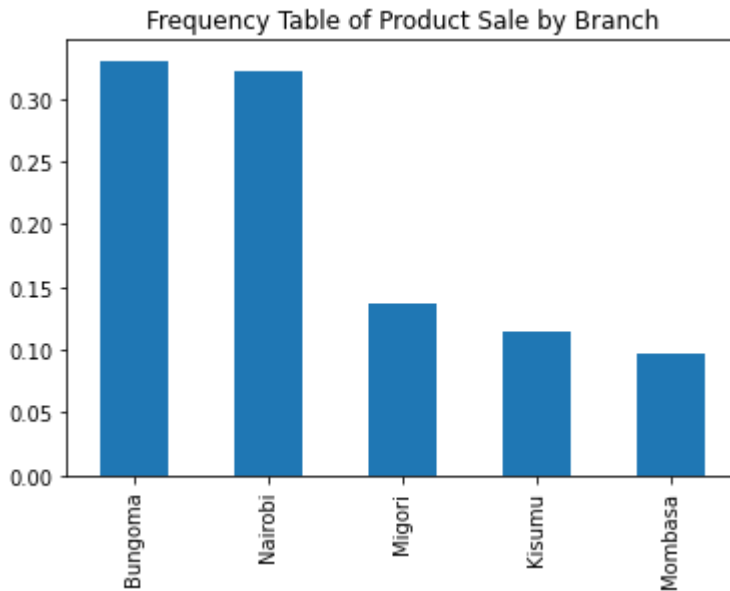
```

"""
dataset['branch'].value_counts(normalize=True).plot.bar(title='Frequency Table of Product Sal

Bungoma      33.05
Nairobi      32.20
Migori        13.65
Kisumu        11.45
Mombasa        9.65
Name: branch, dtype: float64

```

136 <AxesSubplot:title={ 'center': 'Frequency Table of Product Sale by Branch' }>



```

137 late_payment_proportion = dataset['is_late_to_pay'].value_counts(normalize=True)*100
print(late_payment_proportion)

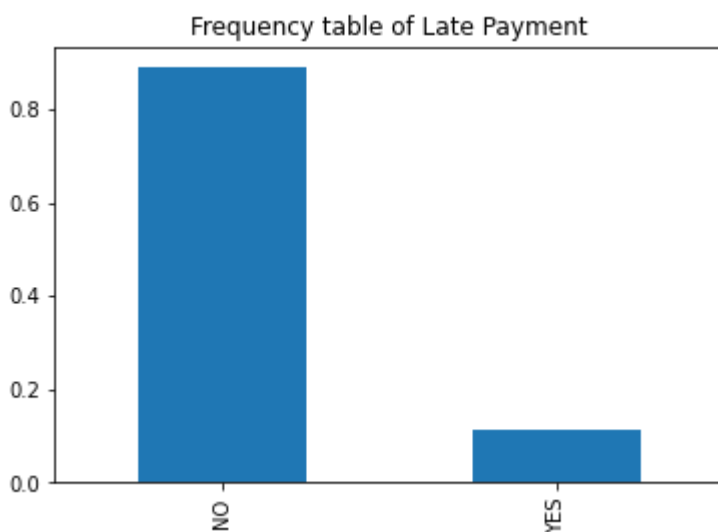
"""
11.1% of all loan applicant are late to make there repayments this ratio is bellow the kenya
to https://www.cgap.org/blog/its-time-slow-digital-credits-growth-east-africa
The credit department should make sure that this rate is reduced by offering financial advice
especially late borrowers
"""

dataset['is_late_to_pay_word'].value_counts(normalize=True).plot.bar(title="Frequency table o

0      88.9
1       11.1
Name: is_late_to_pay, dtype: float64

```

137 <AxesSubplot:title={ 'center': 'Frequency table of Late Payment' }>



```

138 full_payment_proportion = dataset['payment_full'].value_counts(normalize=True)*100
    print(full_payment_proportion)
    """
    The credit team should also not that 11.1% of all repayments made where partial payment
    """
    dataset['payment_full_word'].value_counts(normalize=True).plot.bar(title="Frequency table of

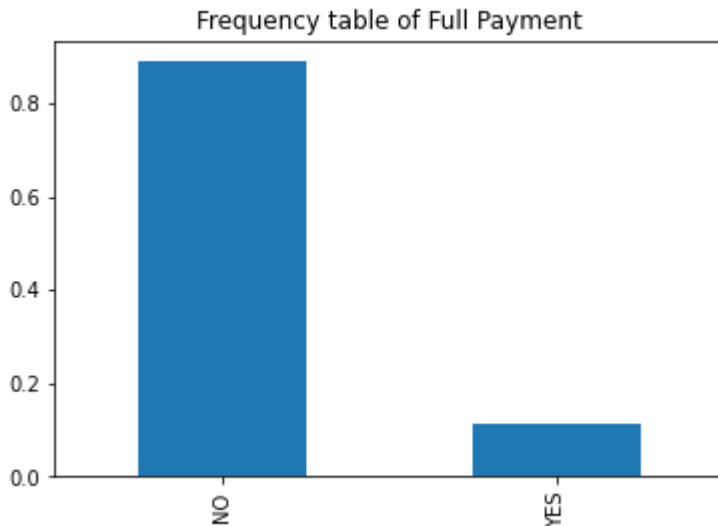
0      88.9
1       11.1
Name: payment_full, dtype: float64

```

```

138 <AxesSubplot:title={ 'center': 'Frequency table of Full Payment' }>

```



```

139 full_payment_proportion = dataset['month'].value_counts(normalize=True)*100
    print(full_payment_proportion)
    dataset['month'].value_counts(normalize=True).plot.bar(title="Frequency table of Sale by Mont

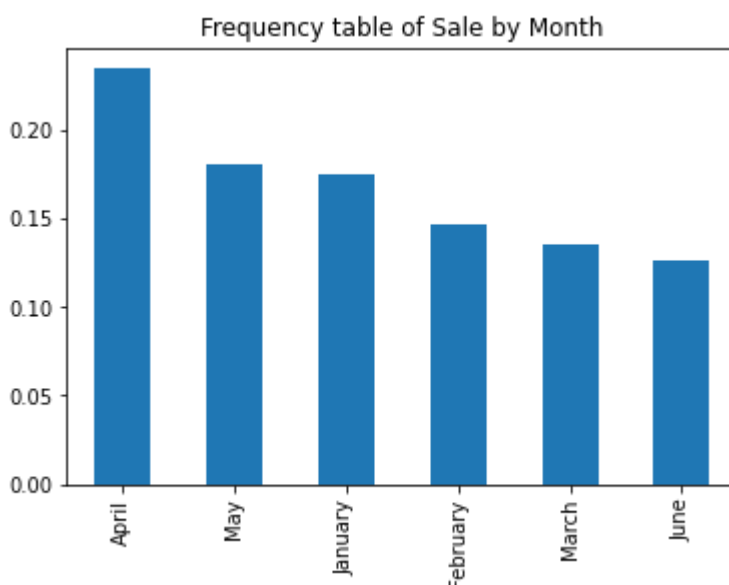
April      23.50
May        18.05
January    17.55
February   14.65
March      13.55
June       12.70
Name: month, dtype: float64

```

```

139 <AxesSubplot:title={ 'center': 'Frequency table of Sale by Month' }>

```



```

sbn.scatterplot(x=dataset['is_late_to_pay'],y=dataset['payment_full'], title='Relationship be

```

```

"""
The one to one relationship between late payment and partial. This is that all the individual
"""

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AttributeError                                Traceback (most recent call last)

/var/folders/2r/mm04xt95z9g0hpl52c0vyj80000gn/T/ipykernel_4025/2939396357.py in <module>
----> 1 sbn.scatterplot(x=dataset['is_late_to_pay'],y=dataset['payment_full'], title='Relation
      2
      3 """
      4 The one to one relationship between late payment and partial. This is that all the in
      5 """

~/Documents/watu_credit_data_interview/venv/lib/python3.8/site-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py
    44         )
    45         kwargs.update({k: arg for k, arg in zip(sig.parameters, args)})
--> 46         return f(**kwargs)
    47     return inner_f
    48

~/Documents/watu_credit_data_interview/venv/lib/python3.8/site-packages/seaborn/relational.py
    825     p._attach(ax)
    826
--> 827     p.plot(ax, kwargs)
    828
    829     return ax

~/Documents/watu_credit_data_interview/venv/lib/python3.8/site-packages/seaborn/relational.py
    606         )
    607         scout_x = scout_y = np.full(scout_size, np.nan)
--> 608         scout = ax.scatter(scout_x, scout_y, **kws)
    609         s = kws.pop("s", scout.get_sizes())
    610         c = kws.pop("c", scout.get_facecolors())

~/Documents/watu_credit_data_interview/venv/lib/python3.8/site-packages/matplotlib/__init__.py
   1359     def inner(ax, *args, data=None, **kwargs):
   1360         if data is None:
-> 1361             return func(ax, *map(sanitize_sequence, args), **kwargs)
   1362
   1363         bound = new_sig.bind(ax, *args, **kwargs)

~/Documents/watu_credit_data_interview/venv/lib/python3.8/site-packages/matplotlib/axes/_axes
   4595         )
   4596         collection.set_transform(mtransforms.IdentityTransform())
-> 4597         collection.update(kwargs)
   4598
   4599         if colors is None:

~/Documents/watu_credit_data_interview/venv/lib/python3.8/site-packages/matplotlib/artist.py
   1060         func = getattr(self, f"set_{k}", None)
   1061         if not callable(func):
-> 1062             raise AttributeError(f"{type(self).__name__!r} object "
   1063                                f"has no property {k!r}")
   1064         ret.append(func(v))

AttributeError: 'PathCollection' object has no property 'title'

```

