costs and provide adequate mother–newborn care with minimal complications (see Community Focus boxes).

Community Focus

Early Newborn Discharge Checklist

Feeding: Adequate latch-on and suckling demonstrated for breastfeeding newborn; successfully feeding 1.5 to 2 oz of formula every 3 to 4 hours with minimum spitting up and no vomiting

Elimination: Voiding every 4 to 6 hours or more often; one stool passed in first 24 to 28 hours

Circumcision: Evidence of voiding; nonbleeding circumcision (does not require pressure); no excess edema at site

Color: Pink centrally and buccal mucosa moist; no evidence of jaundice in first 24 hours

Cord: No signs or symptoms of infection; if used, drying agent applied per institution protocol (see Care of the Umbilicus)

Newborn screening: Completed phenylketonuria (PKU) and other screenings per state law

Vital signs: Stable heart rate, respiratory rate, and temperature for at least 12 hours before discharge; no apnea

Activity: Wakeful periods before feedings; moves all extremities

Home visit or primary practitioner visit: Follow-up appointment within 48 hours after discharge

Community Focus

Newborn Home Care after Early Discharge*

Wet diapers: Minimum of 1 for each day of life (day 2 = 2 wets; day