range

# **Pathophysiology**

Results from eyeball that is too short, causing image to focus beyond retina

#### **Clinical Manifestations**

Because of accommodative ability, child can usually see objects at all ranges

Most children are normally hyperopic until about 7 years old

#### **Treatment**

When required, corrected with convex lenses that focus rays on retina

May be corrected with laser surgery

# **Astigmatism**

Unequal curvatures in refractive apparatus

## **Pathophysiology**

Results from unequal curvatures in cornea or lens that cause light rays to bend in different directions

### **Clinical Manifestations**

Depend on severity of refractive error in each eye

Possible clinical manifestations of myopia

### **Treatment**

Corrected with special lenses that compensate for refractive errors

May be corrected with laser surgery