

3. When discharging the pediatric patient from the outpatient setting, the nurse knows which of the following responses indicate a need for more teaching? Select all that apply.
- a. "The physician said my son can have clear liquids when we return home, which would include Jell-O, pudding, and apple juice."
 - b. "The other nurse explained that I can use other things to help with the pain, such as distraction (reading a book, music, or a movie), after the pain medication is given."
 - c. "I can get my child's prescription tomorrow, so I can go to my regular pharmacy where they can explain the medication to me."
 - d. "I am waiting for my husband to come so he can drive us, and I can watch my son in the car on the way home."
 - e. "I understand that I will be contacted tomorrow for follow-up on my child but that I should not hesitate to call if I have any concerns before then."
4. You tell the parent of a 4-year-old patient being admitted that you need to ask some questions. She asks, "Why do you have to ask so many questions?" Which explanations should you offer? Select all that apply.
- a. "It is something we are required to do for every child who is hospitalized."
 - b. "By learning about your child's routines, we can try to minimize some of the changes he will be going through."
 - c. "Knowing more about your child can help predict how the hospital stay will go and will also help us choose a good roommate for him when more children arrive at the hospital."
 - d. "Gaining more information about your child, such as current medications she is taking, will help us provide the best care."
 - e. "This will give you an opportunity to ask questions as well."
5. While orienting a new nurse to the ICU, she asks, "How do these children sleep and not become frightened with all the lights and noises?" How should you respond? Select all that apply.
- a. "These children are sicker than those on the pediatric unit, so the noises and lights are necessary."