- 2. Home and community environment
- 3. Occupation and education of family members
- 4. Cultural and religious traditions
- 5. Family function and relationships

Nutritional assessment: To elicit information on the adequacy of the child's nutritional intake and needs

- 1. Dietary intake
- 2. Clinical examination

Identifying Information

Much of the identifying information may already be available from other recorded sources. However, if the parent and child seem anxious, use this opportunity to ask about such information to help them feel more comfortable.

Informant

One of the important elements of identifying information is the **informant**, the person(s) who furnishes the information. Record (1) who the person is (child, parent, or other), (2) an impression of reliability and willingness to communicate, and (3) any special circumstances such as the use of an interpreter or conflicting answers by more than one person.

Chief Complaint

The **chief complaint** is the specific reason for the child's visit to the clinic, office, or hospital. It may be the theme, with the present illness viewed as the description of the problem. Elicit the chief complaint by asking open-ended, neutral questions (such as, "What seems to be the matter?" "How may I help you?" or "Why did you come here today?"). Avoid labeling-type questions (such as, "How