

- c. "Triple X females have premature menarche and delayed menopause."
 - d. "Turner syndrome girls have a prepubertal growth spurt and then mostly stop growing."
2. When parents consider genetic testing, especially after having a child born with an anomaly, which information could the nurse use to further instruct the family? Select all that apply.
- a. Genetic screening can provide early recognition of a disease, before signs and symptoms occur, for which effective intervention and therapy exists.
 - b. Screening can occur at different times in a person's life: preconceptional, newborn screening, or maternal screening after delivery, depending on the circumstances.
 - c. Genetic testing can help identify carriers of a genetic disease for the purpose of maximizing parenthood planning options.
 - d. A thorough history by the nurse will include the parents' siblings, the parents, and the grandparents.
 - e. Recognizing a genetic disorder can further facilitate a genetic evaluation by collecting pregnancy, labor and delivery, perinatal, medical, and developmental histories.
3. A mother brings her 3-year-old daughter to the well-child clinic and expresses concern that the child's behavior is worrisome and possibly requires therapy or medication at minimum. The mother further explains that the child constantly responds to the mother's simple requests with a "no" answer even though the activity has been a favorite in the recent past. Furthermore, the child has had an increase in the number of temper tantrums at bedtime and refuses to go to bed. The mother is afraid her daughter will hurt herself during a temper tantrum because she holds her breath until the mother picks her up and gives in to her request. The nurse's best response to the mother is that:
- a. The child probably would benefit from some counseling with a trained therapist.
 - b. The mother and father should evaluate their childrearing practices.
 - c. The child's behavior is normal for a toddler and may represent