

- the gastrointestinal tract in health and disease. *Inflammopharmacology*. 2014;22(3):135–154.
- Vollrath ME, Tonstad S, Rothbart MK, et al. Infant temperament is associated with potentially obesogenic diet at 18 months. *Int J Obes*. 2011;6(2–2):e408–e414.
- Wagner CL, Greer FR, American Academy of Pediatrics, Section on Breastfeeding, et al. Prevention of rickets and vitamin D deficiency in infants, children, and adolescents. *Pediatrics*. 2008;122(5):1142–1152.
- Wasser H, Bentley M, Borja J, et al. Infants perceived as “fussy” are more likely to receive complementary foods before 4 months. *Pediatrics*. 2011;127(2):229–237.
- Zeanah CH, Gleason MM. Attachment disorders in early childhood—clinical presentation, causes, correlates, and treatment. *J Child Psychol Psychiatry*. 2015;56(3):207–222.

*See also *The CDC Guide to Strategies to Support Breastfeeding Mothers and Babies*, which includes information for breastfeeding in the workplace. This guide was updated in 2013 and can be downloaded at <http://www.cdc.gov/breastfeeding/pdf/BF-Guide-508.PDF>.

*Car seat information is available from the American Academy of Pediatrics at <https://healthychildren.org/English/safety-prevention/on-the-go/Pages/Car-Safety-Seats-Information-for-Families.aspx>; and from the Insurance Institute for Highway Safety, 1005 N. Glebe Road, Suite 800, Arlington, VA 22201; 703-247-1500; <http://www.iihs.org>. The National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, <http://www.nhtsa.gov>, also provides child passenger safety and air bag safety information for parents.