# Cheatography

# GoLang fmt Printing Cheat Sheet

#### String and slice of bytes

%s the uninterpreted bytes of the string or slice %q a double-quoted string safely escaped with Go syntax %х base 16, lower-case, two characters per byte %X base 16, upper-case, two characters per byte

#### General

%v The value in a default format. When printing structs, the plus flag (%+v) adds field names. %#v

a Go-syntax representation of the value

%T a Go-syntax representation of the type of the value

a literal percent sign; consumes no value %%

#### The default format for %v bool: %t int, int8 etc.: %d uint, uint8 etc.: %d, %x if printed with %#v float32, complex64, etc: %g string: chan: %р pointer: %р

### Other flags

- always print a sign for numeric values; guarantee ASCII-only output for %q (%+q).
- pad with spaces on the right rather than the left (left-justify the field).
- alternate format: add leading 0 for octal (%#o), 0x for hex (%#x); 0X for hex (%#X); suppress 0x for %p (%#p); for %q, print a raw (backquoted) string if strconv.CanBackquote returns
- leave a space for elided sign in numbers (% d); put spaces between bytes printing strings or slices in hex (% x, % X). (space)
- 0 pad with leading zeros rather than spaces; for numbers, this moves the padding after the sign.

#### Boolean

%t the word true or false

#### Intege

%b	base 2
%c	the character represented by the corresponding Unicode code point
%d	base 10
%0	base 8
%q	a single-quoted character literal safely escaped with Go syntax
%x	base 16, with lower-case letters for a-f
%X	base 16, with upper-case letters for A-F

Unicode format: U+1234: same as "U+%04X"

Floating-point and complex constituents		
%b	decimalless scientific notation with exponent a power of two, in the manner of strconv.FormatFloat with the 'b' format, e.g123456p-78	
%e	scientific notation, e.g1.234456e+78	
%E	scientific notation, e.g1.234456E+78	
%f	decimal point but no exponent, e.g. 123.456	
%F	synonym for %f	
%g	%e for large exponents, %f otherwise	
%G	%E for large exponents, %F otherwise	

## Floating-point Precision

%f	default width, default precision
%9f	width 9, default precision
%.2f	default width, precision 2
%9.2f	width 9, precision 2
%9.f	width 9, precision 0

### Pointer

base 16 notation, with leading 0x %р