TRANSLATION #4: Ulysses
Due Date: Wednesday, October 30

Translate the passage, and answer the questions that follow. You can print out a copy of this sheet and complete #1, 2, and 3 directly on it. Then you can type out or handwrite your translation and the answers to #4-10. **PLEASE MULTI-SPACE YOUR TRANSLATION.** *All vocabulary and bolded constructions can be found either on the second page below or in the [master vocabulary list](#).*

Concepts to review: gerunds and gerundives, infinitives, expressions of place and time

Agamemnōn et Menelāus, Atreī fīliī, ad Troiam oppugnandam coniurātōs

ducēs dūcēbant. in insulam Ithacam ad Ulixem, Lāertis fīlium, vēnērunt.

Sed ōrāculum dīxit: "**sī Ulixēs** ad Troiam **ībit**, sociōs perdet et ā domō

vīgintī annōs erit." Itaque **cum** ad eum ōrātōrēs vēnērunt, insāniae

simulandae causā pīleum sumpsit, et equum cum bove iunxit ad arātrum.

Palamēdēs eum vidēre potuit, et dīxit: "Ulixēs simulandō fallere **mē** nōn

potest." illō tempōre Ulixēs **fidem** eī **dedit**, sed nōn laetus fuit.

1. Draw a box around each **infinitive**.
2. Draw a circle around each **gerund**.
3. Underline each **gerundive**.
4. What **tense** is **ducēbant** (line 2)?
5. What **case** and **use** is **Troiam** (line 3)?
6. What **tense** is **perdet** (line 3)?
7. What **case** and **use** is **annōs** (line 4)?
8. What is an alternative form of **vēnērunt**?
9. What **case** and **use** is **simulandō** (line 6)?

10. What **case** and **use** is **eī** (line 7)?

Vocabulary and Notes (in order of appearance)

Agamemnōn, Agamemnōnis, m. - Agamemnon (proper name)
Menelāus, Menelāī, m. - Menelaus (proper name)
Atreus, Atreī, m. - Atreus (proper name)
Troia, Troiae, f. - Troy (name of a city)
oppugnō, oppugnāre, oppugnāvī, oppugnātus - to besiege, attack
coniurātus, -a, -um - allied
insula, -ae, f. - island
Ithaca, -ae, f. - Ithaca (name of the island)
Ulixēs, Ulixis, m. - Ulysses (proper name)
Lāertēs, Lāertis, m. - Laertes (proper name)
ōrāculum, -ī, n. - oracle
sī Ulixēs … ībit = "if Ulysses goes…" (don't forget to translate **ad Troiam**
        with this!)
socius, sociī, m. - ally
perdō, perdere, perdidī, perdītus - to lose
domus, domī, f. - home
vīgintī (indeclinable) - 20
cum = "when" (only here -- what does *cum* mean as a preposition?)
ōrātor, ōrātōris, m. - speech-maker, orator
insānia, -ae, f. - madness
simulō, simulāre, simulāvī, simulātus - to feign, pretend
pīleus, pīleī, m. - cap, hat
sumō, sumere, sumpsī, sumptus - to put on, take up
equus, equī, m. - horse
bōs, bovis, m. - bull
iungō, iungere, iunxī, iunctus - to join
arātrum, arātrī, n. - plow
Palamēdēs, Palamēdis, m. - Palamedes (proper name)

fallō, fallere, fefellī, falsus - to trick, deceive, cheat

mē = "me" (treat as an accusative direct object)

fidem … dedit = "gave a pledge" (don't forget to translate **eī** with this!)