# **Final Project: Abstract** Superscalar Fixed-Length Vector Processor

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## 1 Proposal

### 1.1 Project Objective

The goal of this project is to comprehensively understand vector processors and they achieve efficiency through handling data-parallel workloads. Vector processors are a very important paradigm in regards to SIMD (Single Instruction Multiple Data) methodologies since they achieve parallelism by having parallel data operations. In this implementation, the the vector processor will be superscalar with out of order execution, in-order commit. In this implementation, the vector processor will support fixed-length vector sizes of 32-bit.

### 1.2 Methodology

#### 1.2.1 Simulator Features

A superscalar vector processor will require several components such as:

- Multiple Functional Units for each lane on vector instructions
- Register Renaming Using RAT and RRAT
- Vector Instruction Queue: Instruction queue to hold vector instructions
- Pipeline Stages: Fetch, Decode, Issue, Dispatch, Execture, Writeback

#### 1.2.2 Input and Output

#### Input

- Trace file based on vector instructions
- Number of execution lanes to functional units

#### Output

- Number of vector instructions executed per cycle (IPC)
- Average IPC
- Maximum IPC

#### 1.3 Evaluation Plan

The project will evaluate the efficiency of the implemented superscalar fixed-length pipeline. By gathering information about the IPC, we can analyze how the number of lanes affect the IPC of a fixed-length system.

# 2 Project Members

- Dylan-Matthew Garza: Responsible for writing the simulator and researching the related topics.
- Elijah Sargeant:
  Arbitrating the progress of the project as a whole and ensure correct implementation.

## 3 References

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