Visualizing the Titanic Disaster

Introduction:

This exercise is based on the titanic Disaster dataset avaiable at $\underline{\text{Kaggle}}.$

To know more about the variables check here

Step 1. Import the necessary libraries

```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

Step 2. Import the dataset from this <u>address</u>

 $\verb|wrl = "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/thieu1995/csv-files/main/data/pandas/titanic_train.csv"|$

Step 3. Assign it to a variable titanic

```
titanic = pd.read_csv(url)
```

titanic.head()

→		PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked	
	0	1	0	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22.0	1	0	A/5 21171	7.2500	NaN	S	ılı
	1	2	1	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th	female	38.0	1	0	PC 17599	71.2833	C85	С	
	2	3	1	3	Heikkinen, Miss. Laina	female	26.0	0	0	STON/O2. 3101282	7.9250	NaN	S	
	4				Futrelle Mrs Jacques Heath									
Next steps: Generate code with titanic View recommended plots New interactive sheet														

Step 4. Set PassengerId as the index

titanic = titanic.set index("PassengerId")

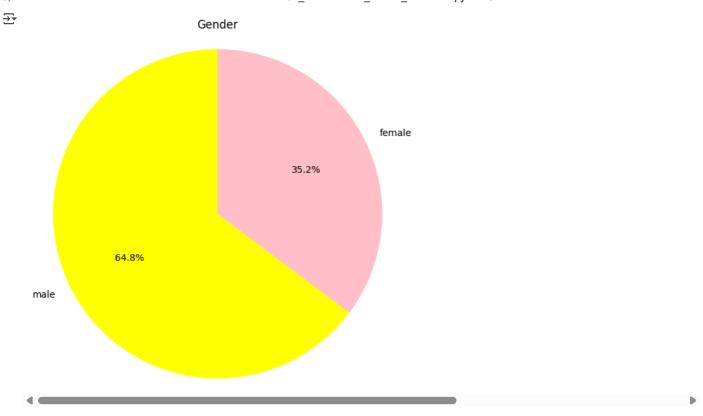
titanic.head()

_		Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked	
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	4			Futrelle Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lilv									
Nex	t steps: Gene	rate code wi	th titani	c View recommended plots	Nev	v intera	ctive sh	eet)					

Step 5. Create a pie chart presenting the male/female proportion

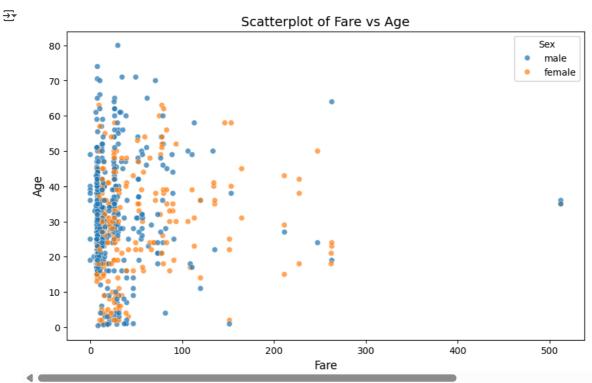
```
gender_count = titanic['Sex'].value_counts()

plt.figure(figsize=(7,7))
plt.pie(gender_count, labels=gender_count.index, autopct='%1.1f%%', startangle=90, colors=['yellow', 'pink'])
plt.title('Gender')
plt.axis('equal')
plt.show()
```



Step 6. Create a scatterplot with the Fare payed and the Age, differ the plot color by gender

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.scatterplot(data=titanic, x='Fare', y='Age', hue='Sex', alpha=0.7)
plt.title('Scatterplot of Fare vs Age', fontsize=14)
plt.xlabel('Fare', fontsize=12)
plt.ylabel('Age', fontsize=12)
plt.show()
```



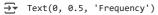
✓ Step 7. How many people survived?

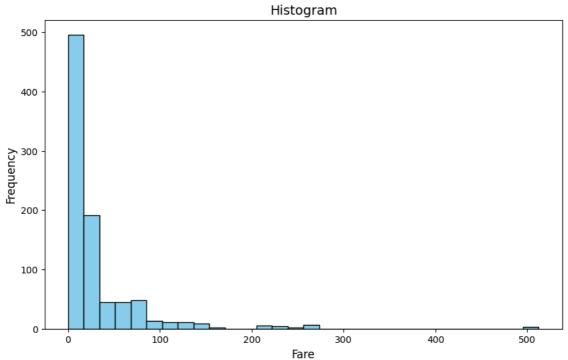
```
survived = titanic['Survived'].sum()
print(survived)
```

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Step 8. Create a histogram with the Fare payed

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.hist(titanic['Fare'], bins=30, edgecolor='black', color='skyblue')
plt.title('Histogram', fontsize=14)
plt.xlabel('Fare', fontsize=12)
plt.ylabel('Frequency', fontsize=12)
```





BONUS: Create your own question and answer it.

How can I find the average age of passengers who survived and those who didn't on the Titanic?

```
average_age_by_survival = titanic.groupby('Survived')['Age'].mean()
print(average_age_by_survival)

Survived
0     30.626179
1     28.343690
Name: Age, dtype: float64
```