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SCHOOL O	F COI	MPUTER SCIENCE AN INTELLIGENCE	ND ARTIFICIAL		NT OF COMF	COMPUTER SCIENCE NEERING		
Prog	ram N	lame: B. Tech	Assignn	nent Type: Lab	Academ	nic Year:2025-2026		
Course Coo	ordina	nator Name Venkataramana Veeramsetty						
Instructor(s) Nar	ne	Dr. V. Venka	taramana (Co-ordina	tor)			
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			Intern 3 (Sow	mya)				
			NS_2 (Mour	•				
Course Cod	le	24CS002PC215	Course Title	AI Assisted Codi	ng			
Year/Sem		П/І	Regulation	R24				
Date and D of Assignm		Week3 – Monday	Time(s)					
Duration		2 Hours	Applicable to Batches					
Assignmen	t Nun	nber:5.1(Present ass	signment numb	er)/ 24 (Total numbe	r of assignm	nents)		
O No	0	ection				Evnocted		
Q.No.	Que	estion				Expected Time to complete		
1			ntions – Respo	nsible AI Coding I	Practices	Week3 - Monday		
	Lat	Objectives:				=:========		

- To explore the ethical risks associated with AI-generated code.
- To recognize issues related to security, bias, transparency, and copyright.
- To reflect on the responsibilities of developers when using AI tools in software development.
- To promote awareness of best practices for responsible and ethical AI coding.

Lab Outcomes (LOs):

After completing this lab, students will be able to:

- Identify and avoid insecure coding patterns generated by AI tools.
- Detect and analyze potential bias or discriminatory logic in Algenerated outputs.
- Evaluate originality and licensing concerns in reused AIgenerated code.
- Understand the importance of explainability and transparency in AI-assisted programming.
- Reflect on accountability and the human role in ethical AI coding practices..

Task Description #1 (Privacy in API Usage)

Task: Use an AI tool to generate a Python program that connects to a weather API.

Prompt:

"Generate code to fetch weather data securely without exposing API keys in the code."

Expected Output:

- Original AI code (check if keys are hardcoded).
- Secure version using environment variables

Prompt:

Generate a Python program that fetches current weather data from a weather API (like OpenWeatherMap). First, show an insecure version where the API key is hardcoded inside the code. Then, provide a secure version where the API key is stored and accessed from environment variables instead of being exposed in the code. Also, explain briefly why using environment variables is safer.

```
def get_weather(city):
    api_key = "YOUR_API_KEY_HERE" # Insecure: API key is hardcoded
url = f"https://api.openweathermap.org/data/2.5/weather?q={city}&appid={api_key}&units=metric"
response = requests.get(url)
       print(f"Weather in {city}: {data['weather'][0]['description']}, Temperature: {data['main']['temp']}°C")
 if __name__ == "__main__":
    city = input("Enter city name: ")
    get_weather(city)
 ef get_weather(city):
    api_key = os.getenv("OPENWEATHER_API_KEY") # Secure: API key from environment variable
   if not api_key:
   return
url = f"https://api.openweathermap.org/data/2.5/weather?q={city}&appid={api_key}&units=metric"
   response = requests.get(url)
       print(f"Weather in {city}: {data['weather'][0]['description']}, Temperature: {data['main']['temp']}°C")
       print("Failed to fetch weather data.")
   city = input("Enter city name: ")
   get weather(city)
set OPENWEATHER API KEY=your actual api key
 $env:OPENWEATHER API KEY="your actual api key"
Output:
 Enter city name: Hyderabad
 Weather in Hyderabad: scattered clouds, Temperature: 29.5°C
Enter city name: InvalidCity
Failed to fetch weather data.
Task Description #2 (Privacy & Security in File Handling)
Task: Use an AI tool to generate a Python script that stores user data
```

(name, email, password) in a file.

Analyze: Check if the AI stores sensitive data in plain text or without encryption.

Expected Output:

- Identified privacy risks.
- Revised version with encrypted password storage (e.g., hashing).

Prompt:

generate a Python script that stores user data (name, email, password) in a file

Code:

```
def register_user():
    name = input("Enter your name: ")
    email = input("Enter your email: ")
    password = input("Enter your password: ")
    with open("users.txt", "a") as file:
        file.write(f"{name},{email},{password}\n")
    print("User registered successfully!")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    register_user()
```

Output:

```
Enter your name: sri
Enter your email: sri123@gmail.com
Enter your password: sri@123
User registered successfully!
```

IN the file:

- Plain-text password storage: Passwords are stored exactly as entered.
- No hashing or encryption: A data breach would expose user passwords.
- **Vulnerable to insider threats**: Anyone with access to the file can read sensitive data.

Task Description #3 (Transparency in Algorithm Design)

Objective: Use AI to generate an Armstrong number checking function with comments and explanations.

Instructions:

- 1. Ask AI to explain the code line-by-line.
- 2. Compare the explanation with code functionality.

Expected Output:

- Transparent, commented code.
- Correct, easy-to-understand explanation.

Prompt:

generate an python code for Armstrong number checking function with comments and explanations

```
def is_armstrong(number):
    """
    Checks if a number is an Armstrong number.
    An Armstrong number is an n-digit number that is equal to the sum of its own digits each raised to the power of n.
    Example: 153 = 1^3 + 5^3 + 3^3 = 153
    """

# Convert the number to string to easily iterate over digits
    num_str = str(number)
    num_digits = len(num_str)
    sum_of_powers = 0

# Calculate the sum of each digit raised to the power of number of digits for digit in num_str:
    sum_of_powers += int(digit) ** num_digits

# Check if the sum equals the original number return sum_of_powers == number

if __name__ == "__main__":
    num = int(input("Enter a number to check if it is an Armstrong number: "))
    if is_armstrong(num):
        print(f"{num} is an Armstrong number.")
    else:
    print(f"{num} is not an Armstrong number.")
```

Output:

Enter a number to check if it is an Armstrong number: 469 469 is not an Armstrong number.

Task Description #4 (Transparency in Algorithm Comparison)
Task: Use AI to implement two sorting algorithms (e.g., QuickSort and BubbleSort).

Prompt:

"Generate Python code for QuickSort and BubbleSort, and include comments explaining step-by-step how each works and where they differ."

Expected Output:

- Code for both algorithms.
- Transparent, comparative explanation of their logic and efficiency.

Prompt:

Generate Python code for QuickSort and BubbleSort, and include comments explaining step-by-step how each works and where they differ

```
def quicksort(arr):
    It picks a 'pivot' element and partitions the array into two sub-arrays: elements less than the pivot and elements greater than the pivot.
    if len(arr) <= 1:
        return arr # Base case: arrays with 0 or 1 element are already sorted
        pivot = arr[0] # Choose the first element as pivot
        less = [x for x in arr[1:] if x <= pivot] # Elements less than or equal to pivot
        greater = [x for x in arr[1:] if x > pivot] # Elements greater than pivot
        return quicksort(less) + [pivot] + quicksort(greater)
def bubblesort(arr):
    and swaps them if they are in the wrong order.
    n = len(arr)
    for i in range(n):
        for j in range(0, n - i - 1):
            if arr[j] > arr[j + 1]:
                arr[j], arr[j + 1] = arr[j + 1], arr[j]
     return arr
if __name__ == "__main__":
    # Example usage and demonstration of differences
    data = [64, 34, 25, 12, 22, 11, 90]
    print("Original list:", data)
    sorted_quick = quicksort(data.copy())
    print("Sorted with QuickSort:", sorted_quick)
    sorted_bubble = bubblesort(data.copy())
    print("Sorted with BubbleSort:", sorted bubble)
Output:
Original list: [64, 34, 25, 12, 22, 11, 90]
Sorted with QuickSort: [11, 12, 22, 25, 34, 64, 90]
Sorted with BubbleSort: [11, 12, 22, 25, 34, 64, 90]
```

Task Description #5 (Transparency in AI Recommendations)
Task: Use AI to create a product recommendation system.
Prompt:

"Generate a recommendation system that also provides reasons for each suggestion."

Expected Output:

- Code with explainable recommendations.
- Evaluation of whether explanations are understandable.

Prompt:

Generate a python code create a product recommendation system. recommendation system that also provides reasons for each suggestion with explanations in comments

```
# Example user preferences
user_preferences = {
    'category': 'electronics',
    'budget': 1000
}

# Get recommendations
recommendations = recommend_products(user_preferences, products)

# Display recommendations with reasons
print("Product Recommendations:")
for product, reason in recommendations:
    print(f"- {product['name']} (Rs.{product['price']}): {reason}")

# Explanations:
# - The system checks each product for category and budget match.
# - If both match, it's a strong recommendation with a clear reason.
# - If only budget matches, it's a weaker suggestion, and the reason explains this.
# - This approach helps users understand why
```

Output:

Product Recommendations:
- Smartphone (Rs.900): Matches your preferred category 'electronics' and is within your budget.
- Laptop (Rs.1200): Matches your preferred category 'electronics', but is above your budget.
- Book (Rs.20): Is within your budget, though not your preferred category.
- Headphones (Rs.150): Matches your preferred category 'electronics' and is within your budget.
- Coffee Mug (Rs.10): Is within your budget, though not your preferred category.

Task Description #6 (Transparent Code Generation)

Task: Ask AI to generate a Python function for calculating factorial using recursion.

Prompt:

"Generate a recursive factorial function with comments that explain each line and a final summary of the algorithm's flow."

Expected Output:

- Fully commented code.
- Clear documentation of how recursion works.

Prompt:

generate a Python function for calculating factorial using recursion.

Code:

Output:

```
Enter a number to find its factorial: 5
The factorial of 5 is 120
```

Task Description #7 (Inclusiveness in Customer Support) Code Snippet:

```
def support_reply(name, gender):
    if gender.lower() == "male":
        prefix = "Mr."
    else:
        prefix = "Mrs."
    return f"Dear {prefix} {name}, we have resolved your interpretable for the support of the support o
```

Task:

Regenerate the code so that support messages use neutral language (e.g., "Dear {name}") and optionally accept preferred titles.

Expected Output:

• Neutral, user-friendly support responses.

Prompt:

Regenerate the code so that support messages use neutral language (e.g., "Dear {name}") and optionally accept preferred titles.

Code:

```
def support_reply(name, gender=None, title=None):
    """
    Generates a support reply message using neutral language.
    Optionally accepts a preferred title.
    :param name: User's name
    :param gender: (Optional) User's gender (ignored for neutrality)
    :param title: (Optional) Preferred title (e.g., Dr., Prof.)
    :return: Support reply string
    """
    if title:
        greeting = f"Dear {title} {name}"
    else:
        greeting = f"Dear {name}"
    return f"{greeting}, we have received your request and our support team will get back to you shortly."
    name = input("Enter your name: ")
    gender = input("Enter your gender (optional, press Enter to skip): ") or None
    title = input("Enter your preferred title (e.g., Dr., Prof., optional, press Enter to skip): ") or None
    support_reply(name, gender, title)
```

Output:

```
Enter your name: sai
Enter your gender (optional, press Enter to skip):
Enter your preferred title (e.g., Dr., Prof., optional, press Enter to skip): student
Dear student sai, we have received your request and our support team will get back to you shortly.
```

Note: Report should be submitted a word document for all tasks in a single document with prompts, comments & code explanation, and output and if required, screenshots

Evaluation Criteria:

Criteria	Max Marks
Transparency	1
Inclusiveness	0.5
Data security and Privacy	1
Total	2.5 Marks