

JSTAN Integration Guide

AASHTO Joint Subcommittee on Data Standardization

DOT Corridor Communicator Integration with JSTAN Standards

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What is JSTAN?





JSTAN (Joint Subcommittee on Data Standardization) is AASHTO's internal, cross-committee, multi-disciplines group formed to coordinate transportation data schema development, identify gaps, resolve conflicts, and avoid duplication of efforts across state DOTs.

Establishment

- **Founded:** February 2020
- **Established By:** AASHTO Strategic Management Committee
- **Current Chair:** Trisha Stefanski, Minnesota DOT (MnDOT)
- **Vice Chair:** Will Holmes, Kentucky Transportation Cabinet
- **Purpose:** Coordinate adoption of standardized data schemas across transportation agencies

Current Focus: Primarily IFC/BIM Standardization

JSTAN's **primary accomplishments and current focus** have been in the IFC/BIM domain:

-  **AASHTO Resolution AR-1-19 (2019):** Adopted IFC Schema as national standard for electronic engineering data
-  **buildingSMART Principal Membership (2023):** AASHTO joined buildingSMART International
-  **IDS for Bridges (2023):** Published Information Delivery Specification for highway bridge design-to-construction exchange
-  **Ongoing:** Continued IFC implementation guidance and BIM adoption support

The Interoperability Gap: Need for Broader Standards Support

While IFC/BIM standardization is essential, **achieving true multi-state interoperability requires coordinating ALL transportation data standards** across the complete asset lifecycle:

Missing Coverage:

- **Real-time Operations:** NTCIP, TMDD for traffic management; WZDx for work zone data
- **Connected Vehicles:** SAE J2735 (BSM, SPaT, MAP, TIM messages); IEEE 1609 family
- **Traffic Signal Systems:** CTI (Connected Traveler Intermodal) for cross-vendor interoperability

- **Linear Referencing:** FHWA ARNOLD/HPMS for milepost-based asset location
- **Planning & Survey:** LandXML, GeoJSON, Shapefile integration with IFC
- **Operations to Design Feedback:** Closing the loop from ITS operations back to design standards

DOT Corridor Communicator's Contribution: The **Digital Standards Crosswalk** demonstrates this comprehensive lifecycle approach, mapping standards across:

- Planning (HPMS, ARNOLD, LandXML) →
- Design (IFC, Civil 3D, OpenRoads) →
- Construction (WZDX, IFC) →
- Operations (NTCIP, SAE J2735, TMDD) →
- Maintenance (CMMS, IFC)

This crosswalk serves as a **model for what JSTAN could become:** a coordination body for ALL transportation data standards, not just BIM/IFC.

Organizational Structure & Role

JSTAN is **not a traditional standards technical development group**. Instead, JSTAN serves as a **recommendations and coordination body** that:

- **Makes standards recommendations** to AASHTO for official adoption
- **Works across all AASHTO committees** to coordinate standardization efforts
- **Seeks official endorsement** from AASHTO and other governing bodies
- **Bridges technical implementation** with organizational adoption processes
- **Champions practical adoption** by state DOTs to ensure standards serve agencies effectively

Key Challenges & Innovations

Current Challenge: Traditional AASHTO publishing cycles can't keep pace with rapidly changing technology, particularly in areas like:

- Connected and automated vehicles (V2X)
- Artificial intelligence integration
- Cloud-based data exchange
- Real-time systems integration

Proposed Solution: JSTAN is exploring an **official AASHTO GitHub repository** to:

- Maintain living standards that stay current with technology changes
- Enable version-controlled collaboration across agencies
- Provide AI integration guidance and recommendations
- Support rapid updates outside traditional publication cycles
- Allow states to contribute improvements and extensions

Effective Function in AASHTO Environment

For groups like JSTAN to function effectively within AASHTO:

1. **Clear coordination pathways** with all relevant technical committees
2. **Streamlined adoption processes** that balance rigor with agility
3. **Member engagement** from practitioners focused on technical adoption
4. **Practical implementation support** to help states deploy standards
5. **Regular communication** between standards development and operational needs

Official Resources

- **Website:** <https://transportation.org/data/jstan/>
 - **Data Portal:** <https://data.transportation.org/jstan/>
 - **Parent Committee:** AASHTO Committee on Data Management and Analytics
-

How Corridor Communicator Serves and Informs JSTAN

The DOT Corridor Communicator serves as both an **implementation platform** for JSTAN standards and a **feedback mechanism** to inform JSTAN's ongoing work. This bidirectional relationship creates a practical testing ground for standards while generating real-world insights.

As an Implementation Platform

1. Live Standards Testing Environment

- Deploys JSTAN standards (IFC, SAE J2735, WZDx, TMDD) in production across multiple states
- Validates multi-state interoperability in real corridor operations
- Tests standards compatibility with existing state DOT systems
- Demonstrates practical integration patterns for other states to follow

2. Reference Implementation

- Provides working code examples for JSTAN standards integration
- Documents common implementation challenges and solutions
- Serves as a template for other state DOT deployments
- Demonstrates how standards work together in a complete system

3. Multi-State Data Exchange Proof of Concept

- Shows how different states can share data using common standards
- Tests cross-border coordination scenarios (I-80, I-35 corridors)
- Validates that standards enable true interoperability, not just theoretical compatibility
- Identifies where standards need refinement for real-world use

As a Feedback Mechanism to JSTAN

1. Gap Identification

- **Real-time operational data reveals missing standards:** When the Corridor Communicator encounters data that doesn't fit existing schemas, it highlights gaps JSTAN should address
- **Cross-standard conflicts surface during integration:** Attempting to use multiple standards together reveals inconsistencies that JSTAN can resolve
- **State-specific variations become visible:** Shows where states interpret standards differently, indicating need for clarification

2. Practical Adoption Insights

- **Implementation difficulty metrics:** Tracks which standards are easy vs. hard for states to adopt
- **Resource requirements:** Documents staff time, training, and infrastructure needed
- **Vendor compatibility issues:** Identifies which vendor systems struggle with standard compliance
- **Cost-benefit analysis:** Shows which standards deliver the most value for state DOT operations

3. Use Case Validation

- **Confirms standards solve real problems:** Demonstrates whether JSTAN standards actually address the operational challenges they're designed for

- **Identifies overlooked scenarios:** Reveals edge cases and special situations JSTAN standards should cover
- **Multi-state coordination patterns:** Shows how states actually collaborate, informing future standards development

4. Data for JSTAN Decision-Making

The Corridor Communicator generates actionable data that JSTAN can use:

Data Type	How JSTAN Can Use It	Example
Standards Adoption Rates	Prioritize which standards to promote	"85% of states can integrate WZDx, only 30% use IFC for bridges"
Integration Time	Estimate deployment timelines	"Average state takes 3 months to implement SAE J2735 messaging"
Interoperability Metrics	Validate cross-vendor compatibility	"IFC models from Vendor A work seamlessly with Vendor B's software"
Error Patterns	Identify common implementation mistakes	"60% of states incorrectly encode TMDD coordinates in first deployment"
Feature Usage Analytics	Guide standards evolution	"States primarily use 40% of IFC bridge properties - simplify the rest"

5. Real-World Testing for Proposed Standards

Before JSTAN recommends a new standard to AASHTO:

- **Pilot in Corridor Communicator:** Deploy the proposed standard across 2-3 states
- **Measure impact:** Quantify improvements in data quality, interoperability, or operational efficiency
- **Collect state feedback:** Get practitioner input on usability and value
- **Refine before adoption:** Use insights to improve the standard before AASHTO endorsement
- **Demonstrate ROI:** Show AASHTO concrete benefits from actual deployments

Informing the AASHTO GitHub Proposal

The Corridor Communicator directly supports JSTAN's proposed AASHTO GitHub repository by:

1. Demonstrating Agile Standards Management

- Shows how standards need rapid iteration based on real-world feedback
- Documents version control requirements for transportation standards
- Illustrates how states can contribute improvements to living standards

2. Generating Use Cases for AI Integration

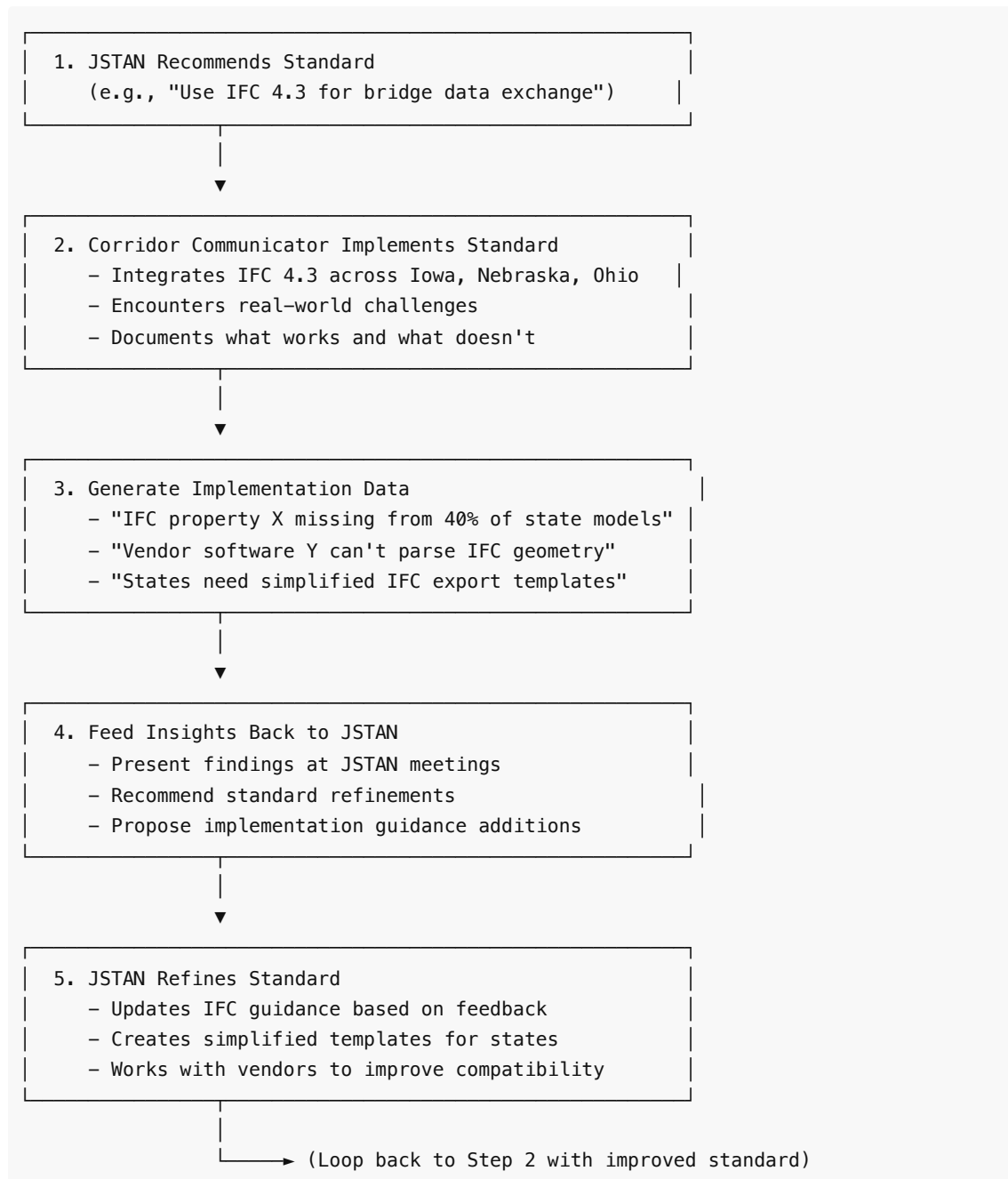
- Collects data on how AI could assist with:
 - Automated standards compliance checking
 - Intelligent data transformation between formats
 - Predictive gap analysis for future standards needs
- Provides training data for AI-powered standards tools

3. Model for State Collaboration

- Demonstrates how states can jointly develop and refine standards

- Shows value of continuous improvement vs. fixed publication cycles
- Illustrates how to balance innovation with standardization

Feedback Loop: Implementation → Insights → Refinement



Value Proposition for JSTAN Members

As a JSTAN member using the Corridor Communicator, you can:

- ✅ **See your standards work in action** - Watch how your recommendations perform in real deployments ✅
- Collect evidence for AASHTO** - Bring concrete data to support standards adoption ✅
- Identify issues early** - Find problems before standards are widely deployed ✅
- Test new ideas quickly** - Prototype proposed standards without requiring full state commitment ✅
- Build case studies** - Document successful

implementations for grant applications and peer states ✅ **Inform your JSTAN contributions** - Base recommendations on actual operational experience, not just theory

Making JSTAN More Effective

Tools like the Corridor Communicator help JSTAN function more effectively in the AASHTO environment by:

1. **Providing Evidence-Based Recommendations:** Replace "we think this standard would help" with "we deployed this standard across 5 states and measured 30% improvement"
2. **Accelerating Adoption Cycles:** Test → Refine → Deploy faster than traditional publication cycles allow
3. **Demonstrating Multi-Committee Coordination:** Show how JSTAN standards support goals of structures committees, ITS committees, and data committees simultaneously
4. **Building State Buy-In:** When states see standards working in production, they're more likely to support AASHTO adoption
5. **Creating Living Documentation:** Generate up-to-date implementation guides based on actual deployments, complementing formal AASHTO publications

JSTAN Mission & Scope

Mission Statement

Champion and coordinate efficient information flow throughout the lifecycle of all assets and related information that comprise transportation systems through open data standards, data governance, schema development, and collaborative public/private partnerships.

Core Objectives

1. **Coordinate Schema Development** - Ensure consistent data structures across transportation domains
2. **Identify Gaps** - Find missing standards and specifications
3. **Resolve Conflicts** - Address inconsistencies between competing standards
4. **Avoid Duplication** - Prevent redundant standardization efforts
5. **Promote Adoption** - Help agencies implement open data standards

Focus Areas

- **Asset Management** - Standardize infrastructure inventory data
- **Bridge & Structures** - IFC-based exchange specifications
- **ITS & Connected Vehicles** - Real-time data sharing protocols
- **Pavement Management** - Condition assessment data standards
- **Traffic Data** - Volume, speed, and incident reporting
- **Work Zone Data** - Construction and maintenance activities

Key Standards & Schemas

1. IFC Schema (Industry Foundation Classes)

AASHTO Resolution AR-1-19 (2019): Adopted IFC Schema as the national standard for exchange of electronic engineering data

What is IFC?

- Open, international standard for Building Information Modeling (BIM)
- Developed by buildingSMART International
- Enables interoperability between different software platforms
- Supports entire asset lifecycle (design → construction → operation → maintenance)

IFC Bridge Extension:

- Specific schema for bridge infrastructure
- Supports geometric, structural, and asset data
- Enables design-to-construction data exchange
- Version: IFC 4.3 (current), IFC 5.0 (in development)

Key Benefits:

- **Vendor-neutral** - Works across all major CAD/BIM platforms
- **Comprehensive** - Covers geometry, properties, relationships
- **Extensible** - Can be customized for specific needs
- **Long-term** - Ensures data longevity beyond software lifecycles

2. IDS (Information Delivery Specification)

AASHTO Publication IDM-1 (2023): Information Delivery Manual for Design to Construction Data Exchange for Highway Bridges, Version 1.0

What is IDS?

- Computer-interpretable (XML) standard
- Defines what information must be delivered in BIM exchanges
- Specifies requirements for objects, classifications, properties, values, and units
- Enables automated model checking and validation

IDS Facets (Requirements Categories):

1. **Entity (Classes)** - Required object types (e.g., IfcBridge, IfcBeam)
2. **Attributes** - Required properties (e.g., Name, Description)
3. **Classification** - Required classification systems (e.g., Unifomat, Omniclass)
4. **Properties** - Custom property requirements (e.g., DesignLoad, Material)
5. **Materials** - Material specifications
6. **PartOf** - Spatial/containment relationships

XML Example:

```
<ids xmlns="http://standards.buildingsmart.org/IDS">
  <specification name="Bridge Design Requirements">
    <applicability>
      <entity>
        <name>
          <simpleValue>IFCBRIDGE</simpleValue>
        </name>
      </entity>
    </applicability>
  </specification>
</ids>
```

```
<requirements>
  <property dataType="IFCLABEL" minOccurs="1">
    <propertySet>
      <simpleValue>Pset_BridgeCommon</simpleValue>
    </propertySet>
    <name>
      <simpleValue>DesignLife</simpleValue>
    </name>
  </property>
</requirements>
</specification>
</ids>
```

3. CTI Standards (Connected Transportation Interoperability)

Joint Development: AASHTO, ITE, NEMA, SAE International **Sponsor:** USDOT

CTI Standards Suite:

- **NTCIP 1218** - Roadside equipment configuration
- **SAE J2735** - Message set dictionary for connected vehicles
- **IEEE 1609 (WAVE)** - Wireless access in vehicular environments
- **ISO 19091** - Cooperative ITS - Spatiotemporal intersection data

Relevance to Connected Corridors:

- Standardizes V2X communication protocols
- Ensures interoperability between RSUs, OBUs, TMCs
- Defines data formats for SPaT, MAP, BSM messages
- Critical for multi-state corridor deployments

4. Open Data Standards

Focus: Making transportation data accessible and usable

Key Initiatives:

- **GTFS** (General Transit Feed Specification) - Transit data
- **MDS** (Mobility Data Specification) - Micromobility data
- **WZDx** (Work Zone Data Exchange) - Construction zone information
- **Curb Data Specification** - Curb management and regulations

Integration with DOT Corridor Communicator

Current Integration Points

1. ITS Equipment Inventory

JSTAN Alignment:

- Equipment data follows IFC-based asset classification
- Supports spatial relationships (corridor → segment → device)
- Uses standardized property sets for device attributes

DOT Corridor Communicator Implementation:


```
// ITS Equipment with JSTAN-compatible structure
{
  "equipment_id": "RSU-IA-I80-MM100",
  "equipment_type": "rsu", // Maps to IFC entity
  "properties": {
    "manufacturer": "Cohda Wireless",
    "model": "MK5",
    "firmware_version": "4.2.1",
    "installation_date": "2024-03-15",
    "design_life": 10, // IDS requirement
    "latitude": 41.5868,
    "longitude": -93.6250
  },
  "relationships": {
    "corridor": "I-80",
    "state": "IA",
    "milepost": 100.5
  },
  "classification": {
    "system": "ITS Device Taxonomy",
    "code": "Connected Vehicle Infrastructure"
  }
}
```

Benefits:

- Standard-compliant asset tracking
- Interoperable with other states' systems
- Supports BIM for Infrastructure workflows
- Enables data exchange with FHWA, USDOT

2. Bridge Infrastructure Data

JSTAN Alignment:

- Bridge inventory follows IFC Bridge schema
- Clearance data uses IDS-specified properties
- Supports design-to-construction data exchange

DOT Corridor Communicator Integration:

```
// Bridge data following IFC Bridge + IDS
{
  "bridge_id": "NBI-123456",
  "ifc_entity": "IfcBridge",
  "properties": {
    "name": "I-80 over Des Moines River",
    "description": "Steel girder bridge",
    "design_life": 75, // IDS required
    "vertical_clearance": 16.5, // feet
    "horizontal_clearance": 42.0,
    "design_load": "HL-93",
    "year_built": 2015
  }
}
```

```

},
"spatial_structure": {
  "corridor": "I-80",
  "milepost": 142.3,
  "latitude": 41.5868,
  "longitude": -93.6250
},
"psets": { // Property Sets per IDS
  "Pset_BridgeCommon": {
    "ConstructionMethod": "Steel Girder",
    "DesignLife": 75,
    "Status": "In Service"
  },
  "Pset_BridgeGeometry": {
    "VerticalClearance": 16.5,
    "HorizontalClearance": 42.0,
    "SpanLength": 180.0
  }
}
}
}

```

Use Cases:

- Over-height vehicle warnings (clearance data)
- Freight corridor planning (load capacity)
- Asset management integration
- Grant applications (infrastructure inventory)

3. Connected Vehicle Data Exchange

JSTAN Alignment:

- V2X messages follow SAE J2735 standard
- RSU data follows NTCIP protocols
- Multi-state coordination uses CTI standards

DOT Corridor Communicator Implementation:

```

// V2X Message (SPaT - Signal Phase and Timing)
{
  "message_type": "SAE_J2735_SPaT",
  "timestamp": "2025-12-27T10:30:00Z",
  "intersection_id": "IA-POLK-001",
  "states": [
    {
      "signal_group": 1,
      "phase": "green",
      "time_remaining": 15, // seconds
      "confidence": 95
    },
    {
      "signal_group": 2,
      "phase": "red",

```

```

        "time_remaining": 45,
        "confidence": 95
    }
],
"spatial_reference": {
    "latitude": 41.5868,
    "longitude": -93.6250,
    "elevation": 291.4
}
}

```

Benefits:

- Standard-compliant V2X deployment
- Interoperable with other states
- Supports federal CV Pilot programs
- Enables cross-border data sharing

4. Traffic Data Standards

JSTAN Alignment:

- Volume/speed data follows AASHTO Guidelines for Traffic Data Programs
- Incident data follows TMDD (Traffic Management Data Dictionary)
- Work zone data follows WZDx specification

DOT Corridor Communicator Implementation:

```

// Incident Report (TMDD-compliant)
{
    "incident_id": "IA-I80-2025-12-27-001",
    "event_type": "crash",
    "severity": "major",
    "location": {
        "corridor": "I-80",
        "direction": "eastbound",
        "milepost": 100.5,
        "latitude": 41.5868,
        "longitude": -93.6250
    },
    "impact": {
        "lanes_blocked": 2,
        "total_lanes": 3,
        "queue_length": 2.5, // miles
        "delay": 25 // minutes
    },
    "timestamp": {
        "detected": "2025-12-27T10:15:00Z",
        "verified": "2025-12-27T10:18:00Z",
        "cleared": null
    },
    "responders": ["Iowa State Patrol", "DOT FIRST Team"]
}

```

Implementation Guidelines

Phase 1: Data Inventory & Mapping

Objective: Understand current data structures and map to JSTAN standards

Steps:

1. Audit Existing Data

- Inventory all data sources (ITS, bridges, traffic, assets)
- Document current schemas and formats
- Identify proprietary/non-standard elements

2. Map to JSTAN Standards

- Match data fields to IFC properties
- Identify IDS requirements for each asset type
- Note gaps and required additions

3. Document Mappings

```
// Example: Current → JSTAN mapping
{
  "current": {
    "field": "rsu_manufacturer",
    "type": "string",
    "example": "Cohda Wireless"
  },
  "jstan": {
    "entity": "IfcController",
    "property_set": "Pset_ControllerTypeCommon",
    "property": "Manufacturer",
    "data_type": "IfcLabel"
  }
}
```

Phase 2: Schema Enhancement

Objective: Extend database to support JSTAN-compliant data

Database Changes:

```
-- Add IFC entity type to ITS equipment
ALTER TABLE its_equipment
  ADD COLUMN ifc_entity VARCHAR(100),
  ADD COLUMN ifc_global_id UUID DEFAULT gen_random_uuid();

-- Add property sets table for IDS compliance
CREATE TABLE equipment_property_sets (
  id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  equipment_id INTEGER REFERENCES its_equipment(id),
  property_set_name VARCHAR(100),
```

```

    property_name VARCHAR(100),
    property_value TEXT,
    data_type VARCHAR(50),
    unit VARCHAR(50),
    created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
);

-- Add classification table
CREATE TABLE equipment_classifications (
    id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
    equipment_id INTEGER REFERENCES its_equipment(id),
    classification_system VARCHAR(100),
    classification_code VARCHAR(50),
    classification_name VARCHAR(200)
);

-- Add spatial relationships
CREATE TABLE spatial_relationships (
    id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
    parent_id INTEGER,
    parent_type VARCHAR(50),
    child_id INTEGER,
    child_type VARCHAR(50),
    relationship_type VARCHAR(100), -- e.g., "IfcRelAggregates",
    "IfcRelContainedInSpatialStructure"
    created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
);

```

Phase 3: API Development

Objective: Create endpoints for JSTAN-compliant data exchange

New API Endpoints:

```

// IFC Export endpoint
app.get('/api/jstan/export/ifc', async (req, res) => {
    // Export ITS equipment as IFC file
    const { corridor, format } = req.query;

    // Generate IFC 4.3 XML or STEP file
    const ifcData = await generateIFCExport(corridor, format);

    res.setHeader('Content-Type', 'application/ifc');
    res.setHeader('Content-Disposition', `attachment;
filename="${corridor}_its_equipment.ifc`);
    res.send(ifcData);
});

// IDS Validation endpoint
app.post('/api/jstan/validate/ids', async (req, res) => {
    const { ifcData, idsSpecification } = req.body;

```

```

// Validate IFC data against IDS requirements
const validation = await validateAgainstIDS(ifcData, idsSpecification);

res.json({
  success: validation.passed,
  errors: validation.errors,
  warnings: validation.warnings,
  compliance_rate: validation.compliance_percentage
});
});

// CTI/V2X Data Exchange endpoint
app.post('/api/jstan/v2x/spat', async (req, res) => {
  const { intersection_id } = req.body;

  // Return SAE J2735 compliant SPaT message
  const spatMessage = await generateSPaTMessage(intersection_id);

  res.json({
    message_type: 'SAE_J2735_SPaT',
    version: '2016',
    data: spatMessage
  });
});

// TMDD Incident Feed
app.get('/api/jstan/incidents/tmdd', async (req, res) => {
  const { corridor, start_time, end_time } = req.query;

  // Return TMDD-compliant incident feed
  const incidents = await getIncidentsTMDD(corridor, start_time, end_time);

  res.setHeader('Content-Type', 'application/xml');
  res.send(generateTMDDXML(incidents));
});

```

Phase 4: Data Governance

Objective: Establish processes for maintaining JSTAN compliance

Best Practices:

1. Data Stewardship

- Assign data owners for each domain
- Define update procedures
- Establish quality control checks

2. Version Control

- Track schema versions
- Document changes
- Maintain backward compatibility

3. Validation Rules

- Automated IDS validation on data entry
- Regular compliance audits
- Error reporting and remediation

4. Documentation

- Maintain data dictionaries
- Document mappings to standards
- Provide user guides for data entry

Data Exchange Protocols

1. IFC File Exchange

Use Case: Share bridge/infrastructure designs with contractors

Process:

1. Export asset data as IFC 4.3 file
2. Include required property sets per IDS
3. Validate against IDS specification
4. Share via secure file transfer

Example IFC Structure:

```
IFC Export
├─ IfcProject (I-80 Connected Corridor)
│   └─ IfcSite (Iowa DOT District 1)
│       └─ IfcRoad (I-80 Mainline)
│           └─ IfcBridge (Bridge over Des Moines River)
│               ├── Properties (Pset_BridgeCommon)
│               ├── Geometry (IfcSweptSolid)
│               └─ IfcAlignment (Horizontal/Vertical)
│   └─ IfcController (RSU-IA-I80-MM100)
│       ├── Properties (Pset_ControllerTypeCommon)
│       └─ Location (IfcLocalPlacement)
└─ Classification (ITS Device Taxonomy)
```

2. V2X Message Exchange

Use Case: Real-time connected vehicle data sharing

Supported Messages (SAE J2735):

- **SPaT** - Signal Phase and Timing
- **MAP** - Intersection geometry
- **BSM** - Basic Safety Message
- **TIM** - Traveler Information Message
- **PSM** - Personal Safety Message

Integration:

```
// Subscribe to V2X message feed
const v2xClient = new V2XMessageClient({
  endpoint: 'wss://api.dot-corridor.gov/v2x/stream',
  protocols: ['SAE_J2735_2016'],
  authentication: apiKey
});

v2xClient.on('SPaT', (message) => {
  // Process signal phase and timing
  updateTrafficSignalStatus(message);
});

v2xClient.on('BSM', (message) => {
  // Process basic safety message from vehicles
  updateProbeData(message);
});
```

3. Work Zone Data Exchange (WZDx)

Use Case: Share construction/maintenance activity data

Standard: WZDx v4.2 specification **Format:** GeoJSON

Example:

```
{
  "type": "FeatureCollection",
  "features": [{
    "type": "Feature",
    "properties": {
      "road_event_id": "IA-I80-WZ-2025-001",
      "event_type": "work-zone",
      "road_name": "Interstate 80",
      "direction": "eastbound",
      "beginning_milepost": 100.0,
      "ending_milepost": 105.5,
      "start_date": "2025-06-01T06:00:00Z",
      "end_date": "2025-09-30T18:00:00Z",
      "lanes": [{
        "type": "shoulder",
        "status": "closed"
      }, {
        "type": "general",
        "status": "open",
        "restrictions": ["reduced-width"]
      }]
    },
    "geometry": {
      "type": "LineString",
      "coordinates": [
        [-93.625, 41.586],
```



```
        [-93.550, 41.590],
        [-93.475, 41.594]
    ]
}
}]
}
```

4. AASHTOWare OpenAPI Integration

Use Case: Integrate with state DOT enterprise systems

Capabilities:

- Asset management data sync
- Bridge inspection records
- Pavement condition data
- Maintenance work orders

Authentication:

```
const aashtowareClient = new AASHTOWareAPI({
  baseUrl: 'https://api.aashtoware.org/v1',
  apiKey: process.env.AASHTOWARE_API_KEY,
  agency: 'IOWA_DOT'
});

// Fetch bridge inspection data
const inspections = await aashtowareClient.bridges.inspections.list({
  corridor: 'I-80',
  inspection_date_from: '2024-01-01',
  inspection_date_to: '2024-12-31'
});

// Sync to DOT Corridor Communicator
await syncBridgeInspections(inspections);
```

Use Cases & Examples

Use Case 1: Multi-State V2X Corridor Deployment

Scenario: Iowa, Nebraska, and Illinois collaborate on I-80 connected corridor

JSTAN Standards Used:

- SAE J2735 for V2X messages
- NTCIP 1218 for RSU configuration
- IFC for infrastructure documentation
- CTI standards for interoperability

Implementation:

1. Common Data Model

```
// All three states use same RSU data structure
const rsuStandard = {
  ifc_entity: "IfcController",
  sae_j2735_version: "2016",
  ntcip_profile: "1218-v3",
  property_sets: [
    "Pset_ControllerTypeCommon",
    "Pset_V2XDeviceCommon"
  ]
};
```

2. Cross-State Data Sharing

- Iowa exports ITS inventory as IFC
- Nebraska imports and validates against IDS
- Illinois subscribes to real-time V2X feed
- All states use common classification system

3. Grant Application

- Combined IFC export shows complete corridor
- Demonstrates standards compliance
- Proves interoperability commitment
- Strengthens multi-state coordination score

Benefits:

- Seamless data exchange between states
- Consistent V2X message interpretation
- Reduced deployment costs (shared infrastructure)
- Stronger grant applications (multi-state collaboration)

Use Case 2: Bridge BIM for Asset Management

Scenario: Track bridge conditions and plan maintenance using BIM

JSTAN Standards Used:

- IFC Bridge schema
- IDS for design-to-construction exchange
- AASHTO Bridge Management standards

Implementation:

1. Initial Bridge Model (from design)

- Import bridge IFC model from design consultant
- Validate against AASHTO IDS specification
- Store in asset management database

2. Inspection Data Integration

```
// Add inspection findings as IFC properties
const inspectionUpdate = {
  ifc_global_id: "3ZqPH8qTj9QP00000L0001",
```

```

property_sets: {
  "Pset_BridgeCondition": {
    "InspectionDate": "2024-12-15",
    "DeckConditionRating": 7,
    "SuperstructureRating": 8,
    "SubstructureRating": 7,
    "RecommendedAction": "Routine Maintenance"
  }
}
};

```

3. Maintenance Planning

- Query bridges with condition rating < 6
- Generate work orders
- Track costs against asset lifecycle
- Update bridge model with completed work

4. Grant Applications

- Export degraded bridges as IFC dataset
- Demonstrate need for rehabilitation funding
- Show condition trends over time
- Prove good asset management practices

Benefits:

- Single source of truth for bridge data
- Standards-compliant documentation
- Improved grant competitiveness
- Better long-term asset planning

Use Case 3: Traffic Data Exchange with Regional Partners

Scenario: Share real-time traffic data with MPOs, universities, and private sector

JSTAN Standards Used:

- TMDD (Traffic Management Data Dictionary)
- AASHTO Traffic Data Guidelines
- Open data standards (JSON/XML APIs)

Implementation:

1. Standardized Data Feed

```

// TMDD-compliant incident feed
app.get('/api/jstan/traffic/incidents', async (req, res) => {
  const incidents = await getIncidents(req.query);

  const tmddFeed = incidents.map(inc => ({
    event_id: inc.id,
    event_type: mapToTMDDEventType(inc.type),
    location: {
      link_id: inc.corridor,

```

```

        direction: inc.direction,
        milepost: inc.milepost
    },
    severity: mapToTMDDSeverity(inc.severity),
    detected_time: inc.detected_at,
    verified_time: inc.verified_at,
    expected_clearance_time: inc.expected_clear
    }));

res.json({ incidents: tmddFeed, standard: "TMDD-v3.1" });
});

```

2. Data Sharing Agreements

- Define permitted uses
- Set update frequencies
- Establish SLAs (Service Level Agreements)
- Document API access procedures

3. Quality Assurance

- Automated validation against TMDD schema
- Data completeness checks
- Timeliness monitoring
- Error logging and alerts

Benefits:

- Consistent data interpretation
- Easier integration for partners
- Demonstrates open data commitment
- Supports regional planning efforts

Use Case 4: Grant Proposal Enhancement with JSTAN Compliance

Scenario: Strengthen SMART Grant application by demonstrating standards compliance

JSTAN Standards Demonstrated:

- IFC for BIM-based design documentation
- SAE J2735 for V2X interoperability
- CTI standards for multi-state coordination
- Open data commitments

Grant Application Sections:

Technical Approach:

"Our I-80 Connected Corridor deployment will utilize AASHTO JSTAN-endorsed standards throughout the project lifecycle:

- **Design Phase:** All infrastructure will be documented using IFC 4.3 schema per AASHTO Resolution AR-1-19, enabling seamless data exchange with contractors and neighboring states.
- **V2X Deployment:** RSUs will broadcast SAE J2735:2016 compliant messages (SPaT, MAP, BSM) ensuring interoperability with vehicles from all OEMs and compatibility with adjacent state

deployments.

- **Data Sharing:** We commit to publishing real-time traffic and V2X data using TMDD and CTI standards, supporting regional research and commercial applications.
- **Asset Management:** Bridge and roadway infrastructure will be maintained in IFC-compliant BIM models, validated against AASHTO IDS specifications, ensuring long-term data interoperability and preservation."

Project Benefits:

- Standards compliance demonstrates technical sophistication
- Multi-state interoperability proves regional coordination
- Open data commitments support broader impacts
- BIM/IFC adoption shows innovation and forward-thinking

Scoring Impact:

- **Technical Merit:** +10 points (standards-based approach)
- **Project Impact:** +5 points (regional interoperability)
- **Sustainability:** +5 points (long-term data preservation)

Resources & Documentation

Official JSTAN Resources

1. AASHTO JSTAN Portal

- URL: <https://transportation.org/data/jstan/>
- Contact: jstan@aaashto.org
- Access: Public (some resources member-only)

2. AASHTO Data Management Committee

- URL: <https://transportation.org/data/>
- Focus: Data governance, standards, analytics
- Meetings: Quarterly

3. AASHTO Store - Standards & Specifications

- URL: <https://store.transportation.org/>
- Purchase: IDS specifications, IDM documents, guidelines

IFC & BIM Resources

4. buildingSMART International

- URL: <https://www.buildingsmart.org/>
- IFC Documentation: <https://standards.buildingsmart.org/IFC>
- IDS Specification: <https://technical.buildingsmart.org/projects/information-delivery-specification-ids/>

5. BIM for Bridges (TPF-5(372))

- URL: <https://www.bimforbridgesus.com/>
- Resources: Sample IFC files, IDS templates, training materials

- Contact: BIM for Bridges technical team

6. FHWA Bridge BIM Initiative

- URL: <https://www.fhwa.dot.gov/bridge/bim/>
- Guides: Implementation guides, case studies
- Tools: IFC validators, conversion utilities

V2X & Connected Vehicles

7. SAE International - J2735 Standard

- URL: https://www.sae.org/standards/content/j2735_201603/
- Purchase: SAE J2735:2016 (Message Set Dictionary)
- Updates: Regular revisions (check for latest version)

8. USDOT ITS JPO - Connected Vehicle Standards

- URL: https://www.its.dot.gov/research_archives/connected_vehicle/connected_vehicle_standards.htm
- Resources: Standards fact sheets, implementation guides
- Tools: Message validators, test tools

9. CTI Standards Portal

- Partners: AASHTO, ITE, NEMA, SAE
- Focus: Traffic signal controllers, roadside equipment
- Access: Through professional society membership

Traffic & Asset Management

10. AASHTO Guidelines for Traffic Data Programs

- Store Link: <https://store.transportation.org/Item/PublicationDetail?ID=616>
- Content: Volume, classification, speed data standards

11. TAM Portal (Transportation Asset Management)

- URL: <https://www.tam-portal.com/>
- Resources: TAM guides, best practices, tools
- Focus: Asset inventory, condition assessment, investment strategies

12. AASHTOWare

- URL: <https://www.aashtoware.org/>
- Products: Bridge management, pavement management, project management
- API: <https://adifpromo.azurewebsites.net/>

Open Data Standards

13. Work Zone Data Exchange (WZDx)

- GitHub: <https://github.com/usdot-jpo-ode/wzdx>
- Specification: v4.2 (latest)
- Tools: Validators, sample feeds

14. General Transit Feed Specification (GTFS)

- Documentation: <https://gtfs.org/>

- Real-time: GTFS-RT for live updates
- Adoption: Used by all major transit agencies

15. Mobility Data Specification (MDS)

- GitHub: <https://github.com/openmobilityfoundation/mobility-data-specification>
- Focus: Micromobility (scooters, bikes)
- Version: 2.0 (current)

Training & Implementation Support

16. AASHTO Webinars

- Schedule: Quarterly JSTAN updates
- Topics: New standards, case studies, Q&A
- Registration: Through AASHTO member portal

17. buildingSMART Certification

- Programs: IFC Coordinator, IFC Manager
- Online: Self-paced courses
- Cost: \$500-1500 per certification

18. ITS Professional Capacity Building (PCB)

- URL: <https://www.pcb.its.dot.gov/>
- Courses: V2X deployment, standards implementation
- Cost: Free (FHWA-funded)

Quick Start Checklist

For DOT Corridor Communicator Administrators:

- ☐ Review current data structures against JSTAN standards
- ☐ Identify gaps in IFC/IDS compliance
- ☐ Plan database schema enhancements
- ☐ Develop IFC export functionality
- ☐ Implement IDS validation
- ☐ Create V2X message endpoints
- ☐ Establish data sharing agreements
- ☐ Document JSTAN compliance in grant applications
- ☐ Train staff on standards and tools
- ☐ Join AASHTO JSTAN mailing list

For Grant Writers:

- ☐ Reference JSTAN standards in technical approach
- ☐ Highlight IFC/BIM adoption plans
- ☐ Demonstrate V2X interoperability commitment
- ☐ Show multi-state data sharing capabilities
- ☐ Include standards compliance in sustainability plan
- ☐ Use JSTAN buzzwords (IFC, IDS, CTI, SAE J2735)

- ☐ Cite AASHTO resolutions (AR-1-19)
- ☐ Include standards training in project budget

For IT/Database Teams:

- ☐ Install IFC parsing libraries
 - ☐ Set up IDS validation engine
 - ☐ Create property sets tables
 - ☐ Implement classification system
 - ☐ Build IFC export pipeline
 - ☐ Develop V2X message formatters
 - ☐ Add TMDD incident feed
 - ☐ Create data quality dashboards
-

Contact & Support


JSTAN Committee:

- Email: jstan@aaasho.org
- Chair: Trisha Stafanski (Minnesota DOT / MnDOT)

AASHTO:

- Phone: (202) 624-5800
- Address: 555 12th Street NW, Suite 1000, Washington, DC 20004

DOT Corridor Communicator Support:

- For technical issues: Contact your system administrator
 - Documentation: Available in the app under " Docs"
 - For JSTAN-related questions: jstan@aaasho.org
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