Preliminaries

```
In[1]:= mix1 := NormalDistribution[0, 1]
      mix2 := NormalDistribution[u, 1]
      mixture := q * PDF[mix2, x] + (1 - q) * PDF[mix1, x]
      norm := PDF[NormalDistribution[q*u, 1], x]
      mixturetra := mixture /. x \rightarrow q * u + x
      stdnorm:= PDF[NormalDistribution[0, 1], x]
      logtermtra := Log[stdnorm / mixturetra]
      mixturetra is the denominator in f_x(u):
 In[8]:= mixturetra
Out[8]= \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{2} (q u + x)^{2}} (1 - q)}{\sqrt{2 \pi}} + \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{2} (-u + q u + x)^{2}} q}{\sqrt{2 \pi}}
```

logtermtra is $f_x(u)$ from the paper:

In[9]:= Simplify[logtermtra]

$$\text{Out}[9] = \ \text{Log} \left[\frac{ \text{e}^{-\frac{x}{2}} }{ - \, \text{e}^{-\frac{1}{2} \, \, (q \, u + x)^{\, 2}} \, \, \left(- \, 1 \, + \, q \, \right) \, \, + \, \text{e}^{-\frac{1}{2} \, \, \left(\, \left(- \, 1 \, + \, q \, \right) \, \, u \, + \, x \, \right)^{\, 2}} \, \, q} \, \right]$$

The Taylor Approximation of $f_x(u)$

Lemma A.2, the Taylor approximation of $f_x(u)$ at 0:

In[10]:= Simplify[Series[logtermtra, {u, 0, 4}]]

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Out[10]=} \ \, \dfrac{1}{2} \, \times \, \left(\, -\, 1\, +\, q\, \right) \, \, q \, \, \left(\, -\, 1\, +\, x^{\, 2}\, \right) \, \, u^{\, 2} \, -\, \dfrac{1}{6} \, \times \, \left(\, \left(\, -\, 1\, +\, q\, \right) \, \, q \, \, \left(\, -\, 1\, +\, 2\, \, q\, \right) \, \, x \, \, \left(\, -\, 3\, +\, x^{\, 2}\, \right) \, \right) \, \, u^{\, 3} \, +\, \dfrac{1}{24} \, \, q \\ & \left(\, -\, 3\, +\, 6\, \, x^{\, 2}\, -\, x^{\, 4}\, -\, 12\, \, q^{\, 2} \, \, \left(\, 2\, -\, 4\, \, x^{\, 2}\, +\, x^{\, 4}\, \right) \, +\, 6\, \, q^{\, 3} \, \, \left(\, 2\, -\, 4\, \, x^{\, 2}\, +\, x^{\, 4}\, \right) \, +\, q \, \, \left(\, 15\, -\, 30\, \, x^{\, 2}\, +\, 7\, \, x^{\, 4}\, \right) \, \right) \, \, u^{\, 4} \, +\, 0\, [\, u\,]^{\, 5} \, \, \, u^{\, 2} \, +\, 2\, u^{\, 2} \, \, u^{\, 2} \, +\, 2\, u^{\, 2} \, \, u^{\, 2} \, +\, 2\, u^{\, 2} \, \, u^{\, 2} \, \, u^{\, 2} \, +\, 2\, u^{\, 2} \, u^{\, 2} \, \, u^{\, 2} \, \, u^{\, 2} \, u$$

Lemma A.3:

Integrate[Series[logtermtra, {u, 0, 4}] * stdnorm, {x, -Infinity, Infinity}]

Out[11]=
$$\frac{1}{4} (-1+q)^2 q^2 u^4$$

Derivatives of $f_x(u)$ without setting u = 0:

$$\text{Out[12]:= Simplify[D[logtermtra, \{u, 1\}]]} \\ \text{Out[12]=} \ \frac{\left(-1+q\right) \ q \left(-\operatorname{e}^{\frac{1}{2} \ (q \ u+x)^2} \ (\left(-1+q\right) \ u+x\right) \ + \operatorname{e}^{\frac{1}{2} \ (\left(-1+q\right) \ u+x\right)^2} \ (q \ u+x)\right)}{\operatorname{e}^{\frac{1}{2} \ (\left(-1+q\right) \ u+x\right)^2} \ \left(-1+q\right) \ - \operatorname{e}^{\frac{1}{2} \ (q \ u+x)^2} \ q}$$

In[13]:= Simplify[D[logtermtra, {u, 2}]]

In[14]:= Simplify[D[logtermtra, {u, 3}]]

In[15]:= Simplify[D[logtermtra, {u, 4}]]

$$\frac{1}{4 \left(e^{-\frac{1}{2} \cdot (qu+x)^2} \cdot (-1+q) - e^{-\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((-1+q) \cdot u+x)^2} \cdot q\right)^4} } \\ \left(24 \cdot (-1+q)^4 \cdot q^4 \cdot \left(e^{-\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((-1+q) \cdot u+x)^2} \cdot (-1+q) \cdot u+x\right) - e^{-\frac{1}{2} \cdot (qu+x)^2} \cdot (qu+x)\right)^4 - \\ 16 \cdot (-1+q)^2 \cdot q^2 \cdot \left(e^{-\frac{1}{2} \cdot (qu+x)^2} \cdot (-1+q) - e^{-\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((-1+q) \cdot u+x)^2} \cdot q\right)^2 \\ \left(-e^{-\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((-1+q) \cdot u+x)^2} \cdot (-1+q) \cdot u+x\right) + e^{-\frac{1}{2} \cdot (qu+x)^2} \cdot (qu+x)\right) \\ \left(-3 \cdot e^{-\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((-1+q) \cdot u+x)^2} \cdot (-1+q)^2 \cdot (-1+q) \cdot u+x\right) + e^{-\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((-1+q) \cdot u+x)^2} \cdot (-1+q)^2 \cdot ((-1+q) \cdot u+x)^3 + 3 \cdot e^{-\frac{1}{2} \cdot (qu+x)^2} \cdot q^2 \cdot (qu+x) - e^{-\frac{1}{2} \cdot (qu+x)^2} \cdot q^2 \cdot (qu+x)^3 - 4 \times (1-q) \cdot q \right) \\ \left(-e^{-\frac{1}{2} \cdot (qu+x)^2} \cdot (-1+q) + e^{-\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((-1+q) \cdot u+x)^2} \cdot q\right)^3 \cdot \left(-3 \cdot e^{-\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((-1+q) \cdot u+x)^2} \cdot (-1+q)^3 + 3 \cdot e^{-\frac{1}{2} \cdot (qu+x)^2} \cdot q^3 + 6 \cdot e^{-\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((-1+q) \cdot u+x)^2} \cdot (-1+q)^3 \cdot ((-1+q) \cdot u+x)^2 - e^{-\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((-1+q) \cdot u+x)^2} \cdot (-1+q)^3 \cdot ((-1+q) \cdot u+x)^4 - 6 \cdot e^{-\frac{1}{2} \cdot (qu+x)^2} \cdot q^3 \cdot (qu+x)^2 + e^{-\frac{1}{2} \cdot (qu+x)^2} \cdot q^3 \cdot (qu+x)^4 \right) + 12 \cdot e^{-\frac{1}{2} \cdot (qu+x)^2} \cdot (-1+q) \cdot \times \left(-1+q\right)^2 \cdot q^2 + 2 \cdot \times (-1+q) \cdot u+x^2 - e^{\frac{1}{2} \cdot (qu+x)^2} \cdot q\right)^2 \\ \left(e^{\frac{1}{2} \cdot (qu+x)^2} \cdot (-1+q) \cdot \times \left(-1+(-1+q)^2 \cdot u^2 + 2 \cdot (-1+q) \cdot u+x^2 \right) - e^{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((-1+q) \cdot u+x)^2 + (-1+q)^2 \cdot u^2 + 2 \cdot (-1+q) \cdot u+x^2} \cdot (-1+q) \cdot e^{\frac{1}{2} \cdot (qu+x)^2} \cdot q\right) \\ \left(e^{\frac{1}{2} \cdot (qu+x)^2} \cdot (-1+q) \cdot u+x - e^{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((-1+q) \cdot u+x)^2} \cdot (-1+q) \cdot u+x^2 \right) + e^{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((-1+q) \cdot u+x)^2} \cdot q \cdot (-1+q) \cdot u+x - e^{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((-1+q) \cdot u+x)^2} \cdot q \cdot u+x^2 \right) + e^{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((-1+q) \cdot u+x)^2} \cdot q \cdot (-1+q) \cdot u+x - e^{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((-1+q) \cdot u+x)^2} \cdot q \cdot u+x + e^{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((-1+q) \cdot u+x)^2} \cdot q \cdot u+x + e^{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((-1+q) \cdot u+x)^2} \cdot q \cdot u+x + e^{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((-1+q) \cdot u+x)^2} \cdot q \cdot u+x + e^{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((-1+q) \cdot u+x)^2} \cdot q \cdot u+x + e^{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((-1+q) \cdot u+x)^2} \cdot q \cdot u+x + e^{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((-1+q) \cdot u+x)^2} \cdot q \cdot u+x + e^{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((-1+q) \cdot u+x)^2} \cdot q \cdot u+x + e^{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((-1+q) \cdot u+x)^2} \cdot q \cdot u+x + e^{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((-1+q) \cdot u+x)^2} \cdot q \cdot u+x + e^{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((-1+q) \cdot$$