

COMPETITIVE  
CODING HAS  
NEVER BEEN  
SO EPIC



CODE  
CODE

AI LEAGUE

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Beginners Guide

# What we're going to learn!



How to read hints



Basic syntax



Objects, methods and arguments



How to participate in the AI League



Practice Time!!



# Game Strategy

What Strategy shall we use today?



Modify starter code.



Focus on your hero and what it can do

For example:



What minions do you want to spawn?



Where should your hero move?



What spells do you want to cast?



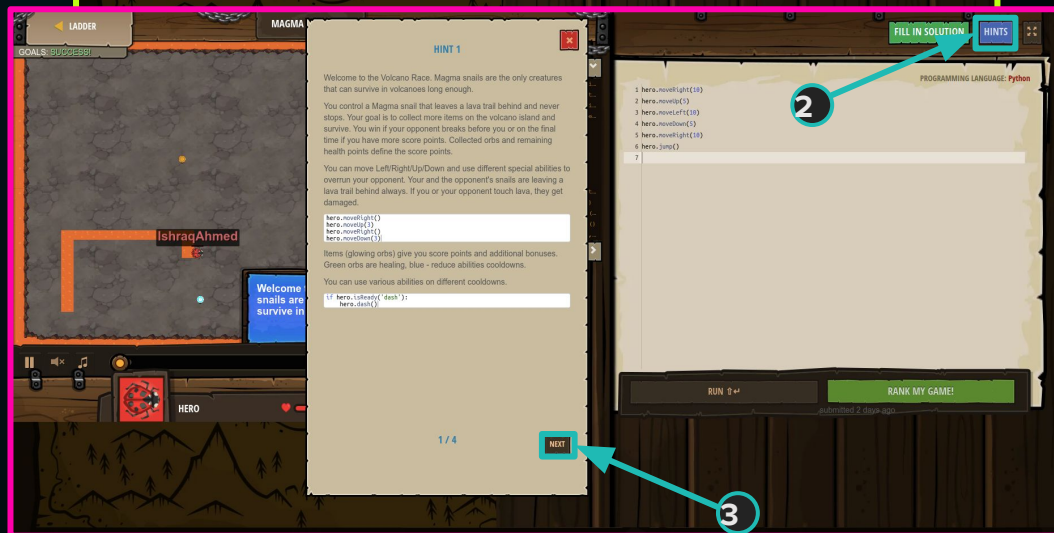
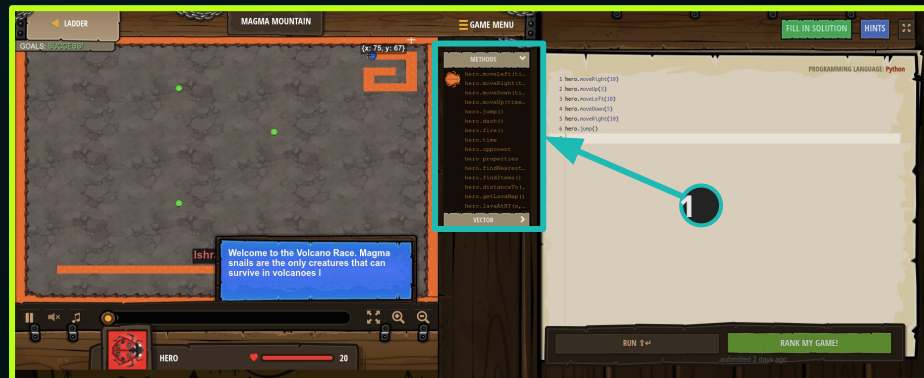
Is there anything you can build?



## Hints

**Hints in AI League tell you about all the small details you'll need to control your hero and win!!**

1. You can see the **Methods** that you can use in your code in the middle part of your screen.
2. Make sure you read the **Hints** carefully.
3. Click on next to go to the **Next** hint.



# Why should I use hints?



**Hints** give you a kick start in the game.



**Hints** help you know what code you can type and what abilities you can use.



**Hints** help you advance over other players.

# What coding concepts can we use?



**Basic Syntax**



**Objects, Methods and  
Arguments**





# Basic Syntax





# Concept Video: Basic Syntax





# Understanding Syntax

## Python Syntax:

```
# Comments will include  
# instructions and hints!
```

object

function

```
hero.moveRight()
```

method

argument

## JavaScript Syntax:

```
// Comments will include  
// instructions and hints!
```

object

function

```
hero.moveRight();
```

Don't forget the  
semicolon!

method

argument



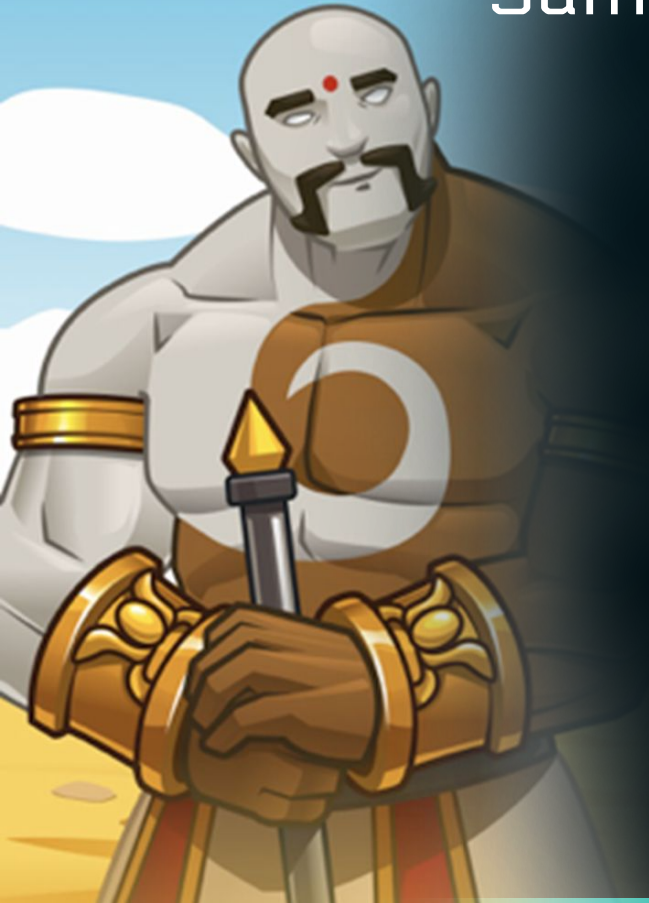
Follow along with what the computer is reading in this code statement:

**object:** The character selected as `hero`...

**method:** will `move` in the `Right` direction...

**argument:** for a distance of `()` number of steps, with a default of **one** step.

# Summary of Key Terms <sup>[1/2]</sup>



**Algorithms** are a sequence of instructions to solve a problem or complete a task or steps (sequences) you take to reach your goal.

**Programs** are written in **code** so computers can understand them.

**Syntax** describes the rules of a computer language that govern how statements are written (e.g., structure, capitalization, and punctuation).

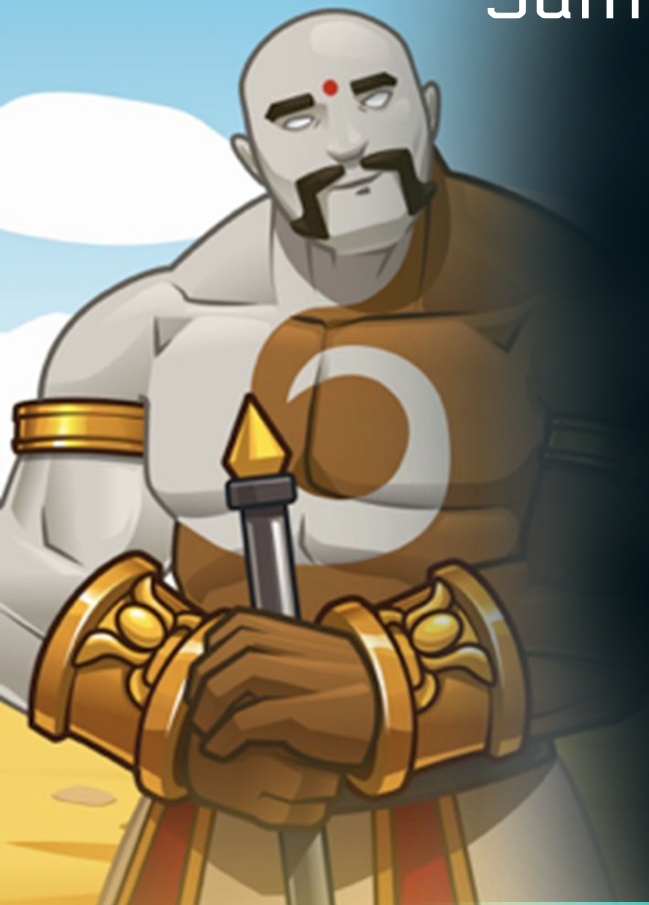
**Planning** and **debugging** your code are important steps in problem-solving that expert programmers use every day.

**Comments** begin with a special character, which tells the computer to skip the rest of this line and go to the next one.

# Comment in Python

// Comment in JavaScript

# Summary of Key Terms [2/2]



The code **statements** you will use to maneuver your hero have an **object** and **function**:

Example:

**object** **function**

hero.javaAtXY(23, 55)

**method** **arguments**

- **Object:** Represents a character or asset that can perform an action.
- **Method:** Part of a predefined **function** that represents an action performed by an **object**.
- **Argument:** Part of a predefined function that represents extra information passed into the **method** to specify how the action is performed.



# Data and Arguments



# Different Kinds of Data

Not all information is expressed the same way. Computers handle specific types of information in different ways. Some information can represent a **quantity** and some can represent **text**..

## NUMBERS

Which of your examples could be expressed as a number?



```
hero.doHomework( )  
hero.doHomework( )
```

## STRINGS

Which of your examples could be expressed as a word or a string of text?



```
hero.doHomework( )  
hero.doHomework( )
```



# Summary of Key Terms

- **Argument:** Part of a predefined function that represents extra information passed into the **method** that specifies how the action is performed.

Example:

object  
hero.javaAtXY(23, 55)  
method arguments



# Summary of Key Terms

- **Integers:** Data that represents a whole number with no decimal point or fraction.

Example:

object  
`hero.javaAtXY(23, 55)`  
method      integer  
arguments

# Summary of Key Terms

- **Strings:** A sequence of unicode data that represents text, like a name or a sentence. Strings must be enclosed inside quotation marks, where case, spelling, and symbols must be matched exactly.

Example:

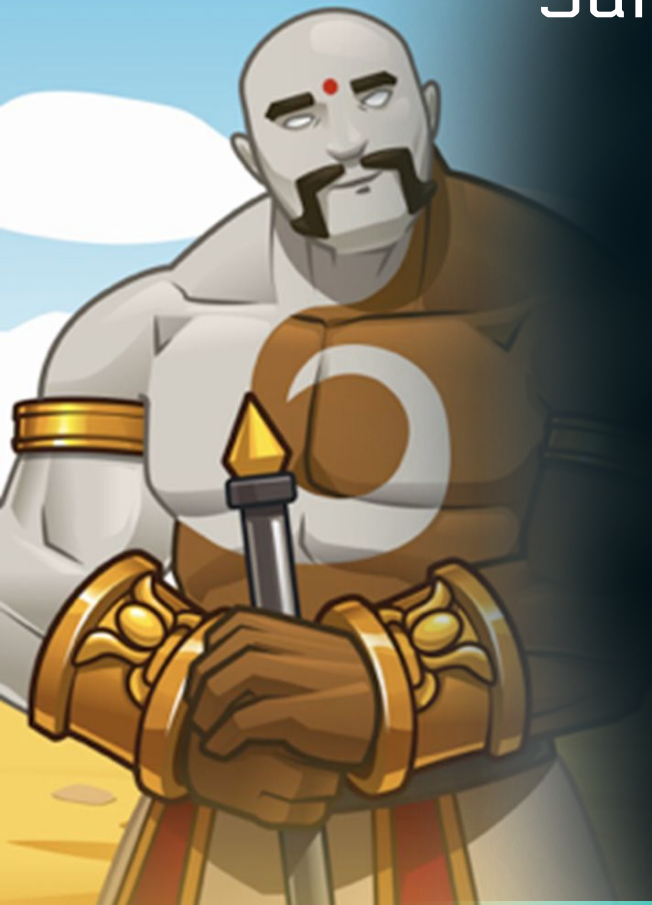
object

hero.isReady("jump")

method

string  
arguments

# Summary of Key Terms



- **Properties:** Data about or belonging to an object (i.e., hero, ogre, armor, gem, etc.)

Example:

object  
hero.**speed**  
property

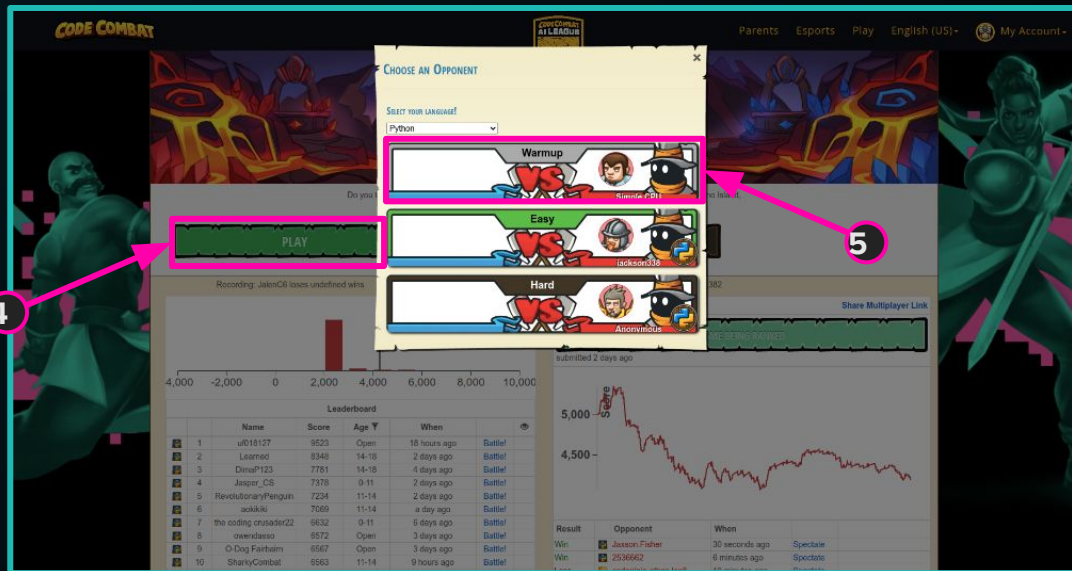


# Practice Time!



# Getting Started

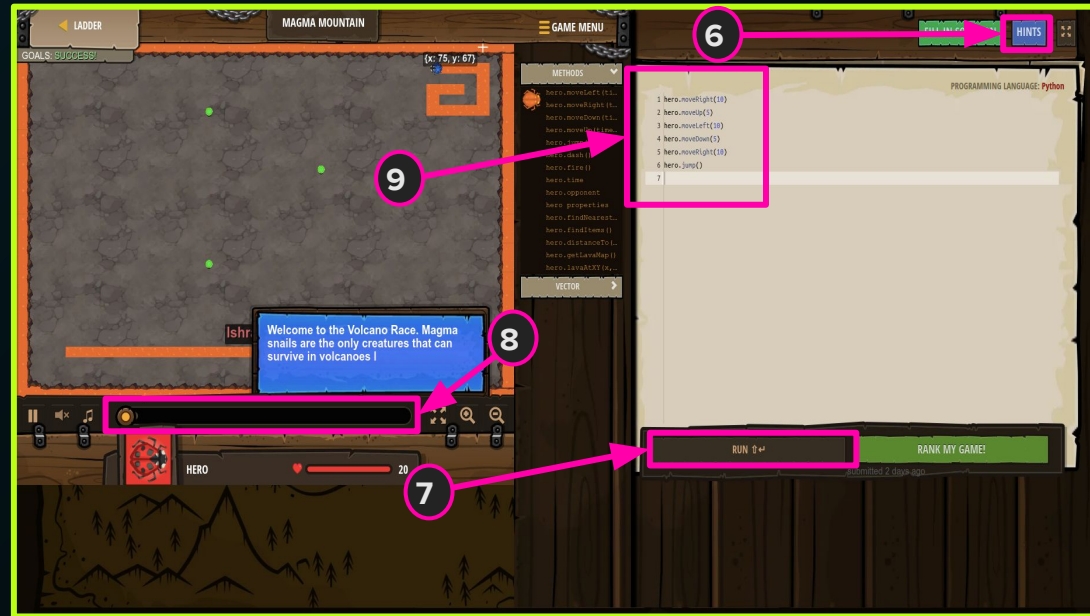
1. Log in to your [CodeCombat](#) account
2. Go to <https://codecombat.com/league>
3. Click Play on the current Arena
4. Click the green Play button
5. Play against the simple CPU





# Submitting your code!!


6. Carefully read the hints.
7. Run the starter code.
8. **Observe:** you can rewind the scrubber and notice what went right or wrong.
9. **Iterate:** modify the code to win against the CPU.






# Submitting your code!!

10. Once you win against the CPU, click **“Rank My Game”** to submit the latest version of your code to the ladder and can view their results on the ladder page against the code of others.



The screenshot shows the Code Combat game interface. The main game area displays a character named 'HERO' with a health bar at 20. A text box says 'Welcome to the Volcano Race. Magma snails are the only creatures that can survive in volcanoes!'. The 'GAME MENU' is open, showing a list of methods. A red circle with the number '10' and an arrow points to the 'RANK MY GAME!' button in the bottom right corner.

| Leaderboard   |       |        |               |             |                        |
|---|-------|--------|---------------|-------------|------------------------|
|   | Score | Name   | When          |             |                        |
|  | 1     | 11,008 | Tilen Juričan | 17 days ago | <a href="#">Fight!</a> |



# Any Question ?



# Quote of the day!

“

Don't practice until you get it right.  
Practice until you can't get it wrong.

”