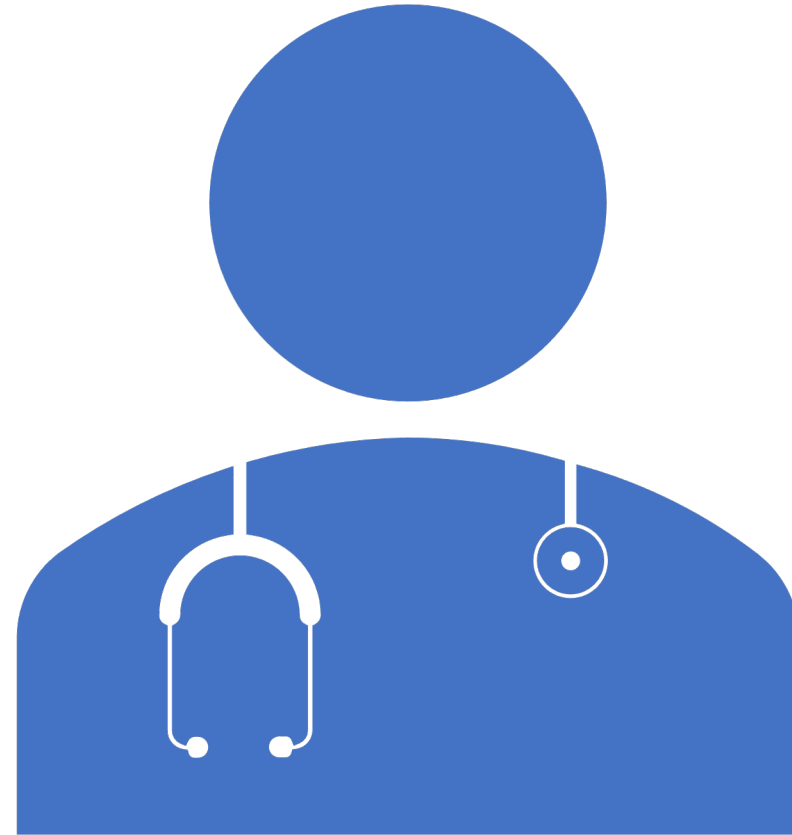


Stroke Prediction ML Model

David Patton

Business Case

- A healthcare company wants to be able to predict a stroke episode based on a variety of features.





Data Info.

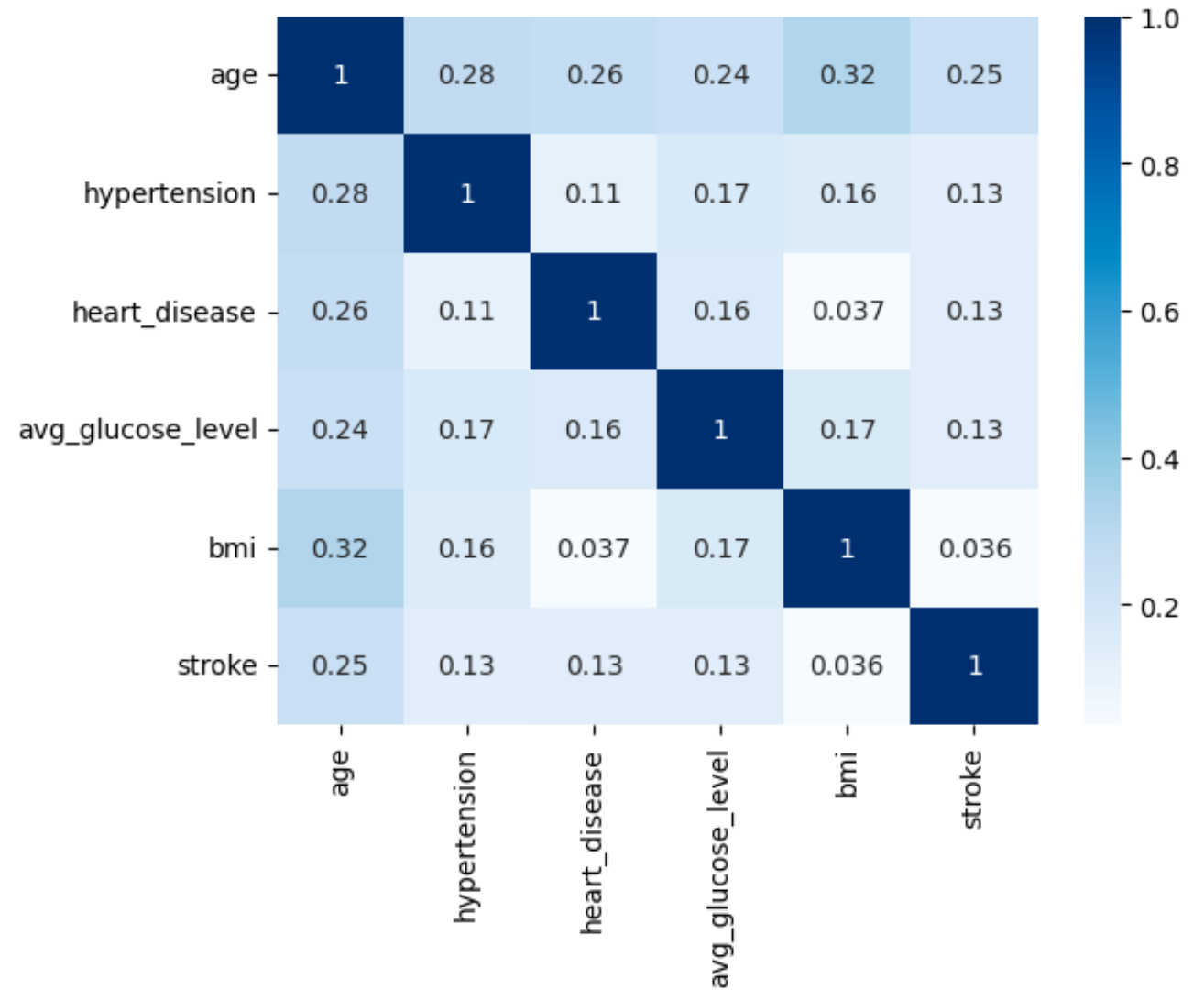
The dataset uses personal information and medical history about the patients.

Features: gender, age, hypertension, heart disease, marital status, work type, residence type, average glucose level, bmi, and amoking status.

Data Visualizations - Heat Map

- The age feature has some descent correlations, especially with bmi and hypertension. The rest of the coorelations are unfavorable

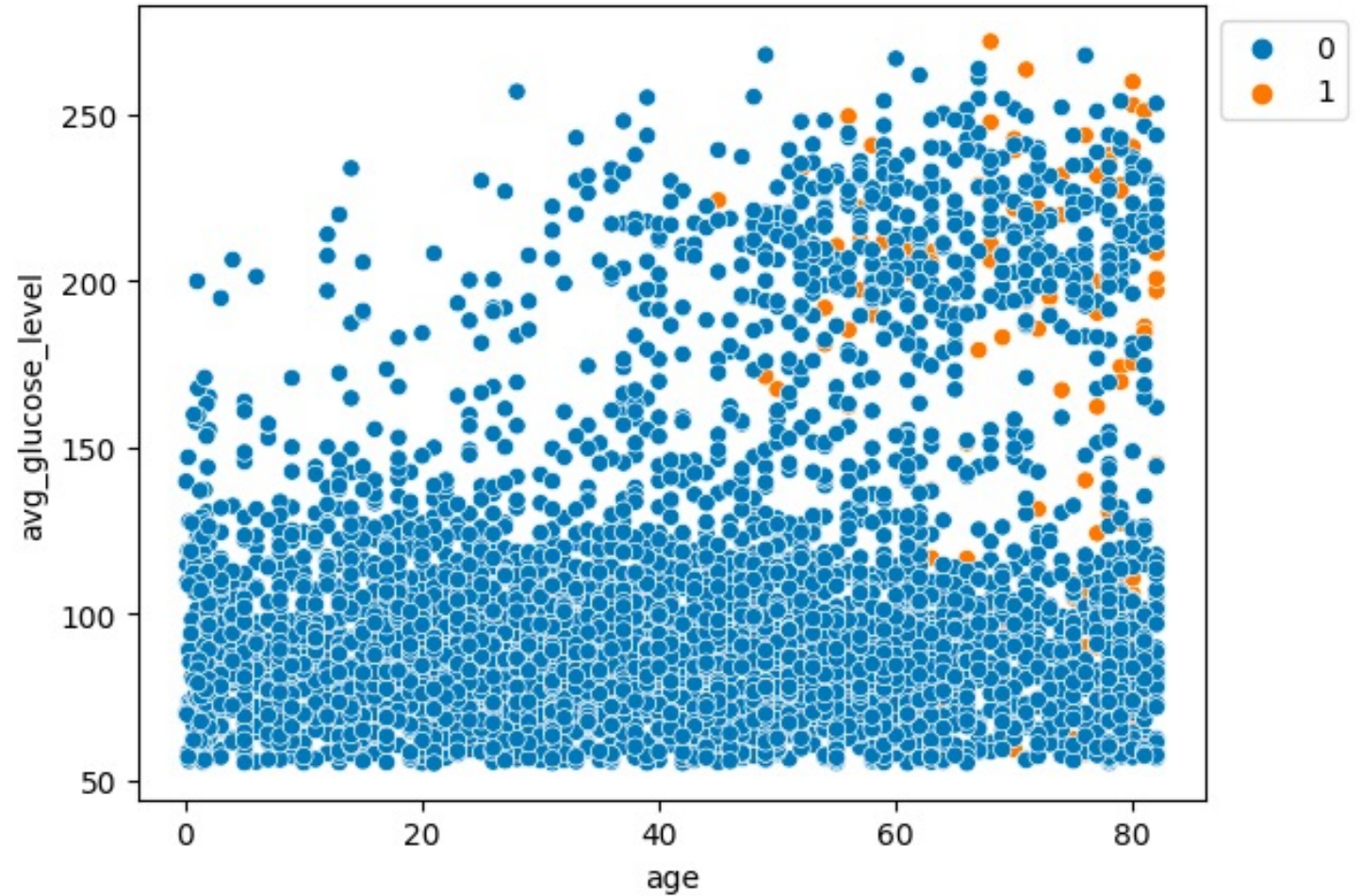
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Data Visualizations – Scatter Plot

- Looking at the scatterplot above I can conclude that patients 40 years old and up are at higher risk of stroke. However, there is no real correlation between glucose level and age.

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XG Boost Model (SMOTE) - Performance

- The XG Boost model was the best performer out of the models tested. I used the SMOTE technique to help correct some of the bias in the data. The f1-score for the test is 11% for stroke prediction and 96% for a non stroke prediction. Out of the models tested this is the only model I would recommend.

====Train Set Metrics====

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	1.00	1.00	1.00	3628
1	0.98	0.93	0.95	187
accuracy			1.00	3815
macro avg	0.99	0.96	0.98	3815
weighted avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	3815

====Test Set Metrics====

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.95	0.97	0.96	1210
1	0.14	0.10	0.11	62
accuracy			0.93	1272
macro avg	0.55	0.53	0.54	1272
weighted avg	0.91	0.93	0.92	1272