Git & GitHub

Including project management

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"FINAL".doc







FINAL.doc!

FINAL_rev.2.doc







FINAL_rev.6.COMMENTS.doc

FINAL_rev.8.comments5.







FINAL_rev.18.comments7. corrections9.MORE.30.doc

FINAL_rev.22.comments49. corrections.10.#@\$%WHYDID ICOMETOGRADSCHOOL????.doc

Learning objectives

What are versions?

Basic Git and GitHub terminologies

Have a GitHub user account

Markdown styling of the text

Git commands: add, commit, diff, branch, checkout, merge, log

Introduction

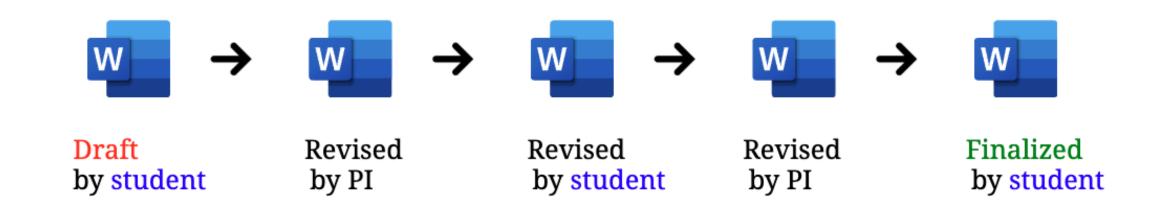
Name

Designation

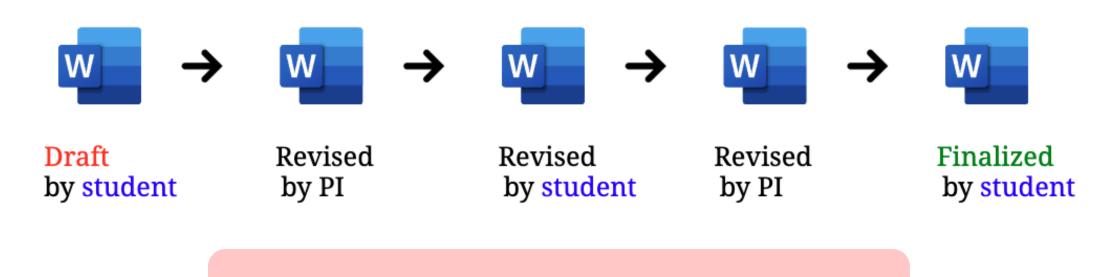
Research group & Institution

Experience with Git and/ or GitHub

A general example of manuscript revision

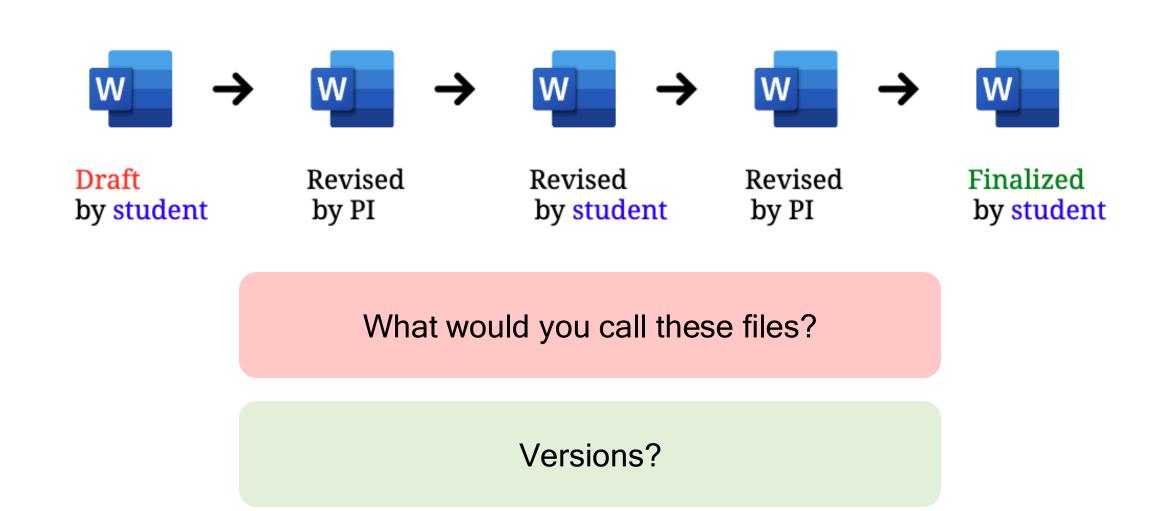


A general example of manuscript revision



What would you call these files?

A general example of manuscript revision



How would you store different versions?

- manuscript_FA.docx
- manuscript_FA_LA.docx
- manuscript_FA_LA_FA.docx
- manuscript_FA_LA_FA_LA.docx
- manuscript_final.docx

How would you store different versions?

- manuscript_FA.docx
- manuscript_FA_LA.docx
- manuscript_FA_LA_FA.docx
- manuscript_FA_LA_FA_LA.docx
- manuscript_final.docx

- manuscript_20221001.docx
- manuscript_20221224.docx
- manuscript_20230107.docx
- manuscript_20230201.docx
- manuscript_final.docx

How would you store different versions?

- manuscript_FA.docx
- manuscript_FA_LA.docx
- manuscript_FA_LA_FA.docx
- manuscript_FA_LA_FA_LA.docx
- manuscript_final.docx

- manuscript_20221001.docx
- manuscript_20221224.docx
- manuscript_20230107.docx
- manuscript_20230201.docx
- manuscript_final.docx

Does anyone store files differently?

Version control

•	le

- manuscript.docx

"commit message"

"first draft"

"revision 1"

"revision 2"

"updated figures"

"removed table"

"line numbering"

"bioRxiv submission"

"published"

version/commit ID

ac3eveta

a23eveta

cc3eveta

dc3edeta

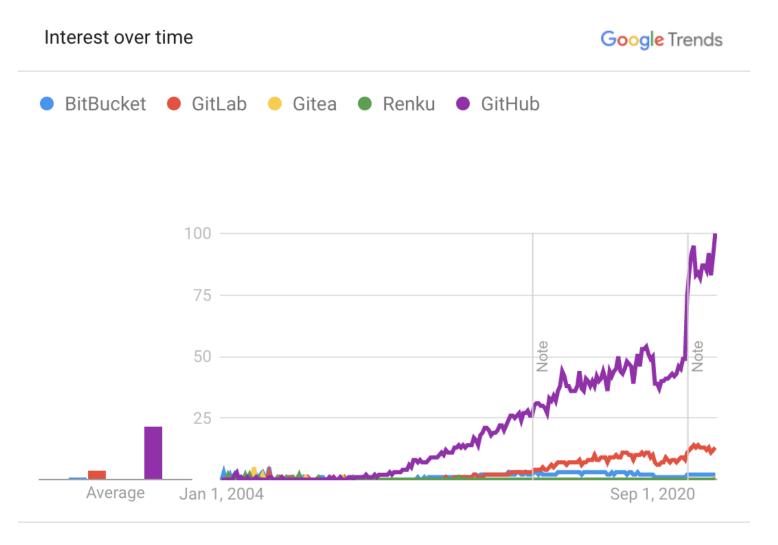
zc9aveta

tc5eveta

yc8evata

zz33eeta

How to host these versions?



Worldwide. 1/1/04 - 2/9/23. Web Search.

Terminologies

Organization shared account

Username your identity

Repository folder

Issues track bugs, request features, discuss

Branch separate line of development

Fork server-side copy of Repository

Pull request proposal to merge changes

- 1. Create a username on https://github.com
- 2. Check if you belong to any organization
- 3. Create a new public Repository with your username
- 4. Go to your home page: https://github.com/username
- 5. Take a screenshot

```
# This is heading 1
## This is heading 2
`code`
R code
```

. . .

```
**Bold** ___Bold___
```

Italics _Italics_

~Strikeout~

> quote

This is a list

- Item 1
- Item 2
- Item 3

This is a numbered list

- 1. Item 1
- 2. Item 2
- 3. Item 3

```
This is a task list
```

- [] Item 1
- [] Item 2
- -[] Item 3

[this is a link](https://github.com)

Making a table

- 1. Create a file: README.md in your username Repository
- 2. Write your introduction into sections: Background, Research project, Affiliation, Education
- 3. In the Education section, make a table of your studies with university and year
- 4. Save your README.md file with a proper commit message
- 5. Go to your home page: https://github.com/username
- 6. Compare it with previously taken screenshot

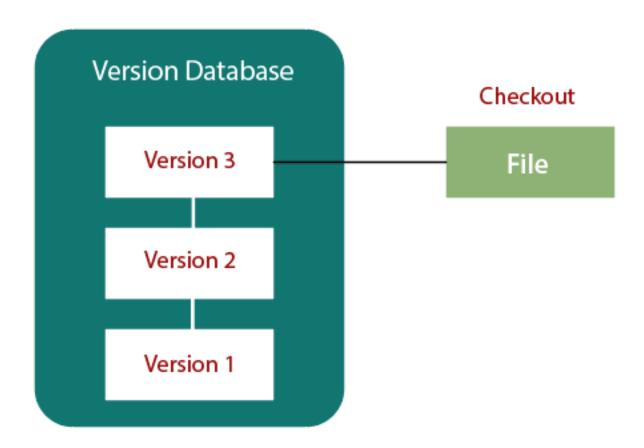
- Create an issue in your repository: https://github.com/username/repository/issues/new
- 2. Give it a title: updating README file
- 3. Write a description: what else you would like to update in the README file
- 4. Assign it to yourself, add relevant labels and type

- 1. Go to https://github.com/DQBM-SIB/intro git github
- 2. Fork this repository under your username
- 3. Create a branch with your first name
- 4. In your named branch, edit README file of this repo and add your GitHub username
- 5. Create a pull request for original repository DQBM-SIB/intro_git_github in main branch with appropriate message
- After pull requests are merged, check different commit messages

- 1. Go to https://github.com/DQBM-SIB/intro git github
- 2. Click on Projects
- 3. Execute three projects in groups

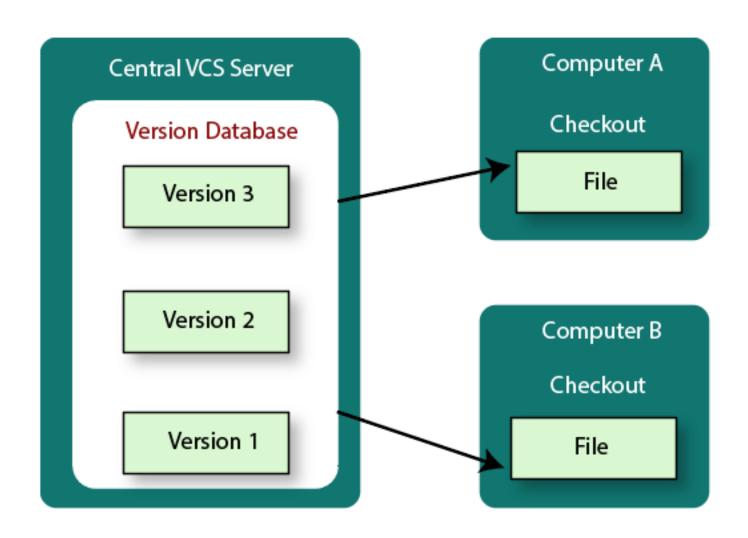
Overview of Version Control System

Local Computer



Local

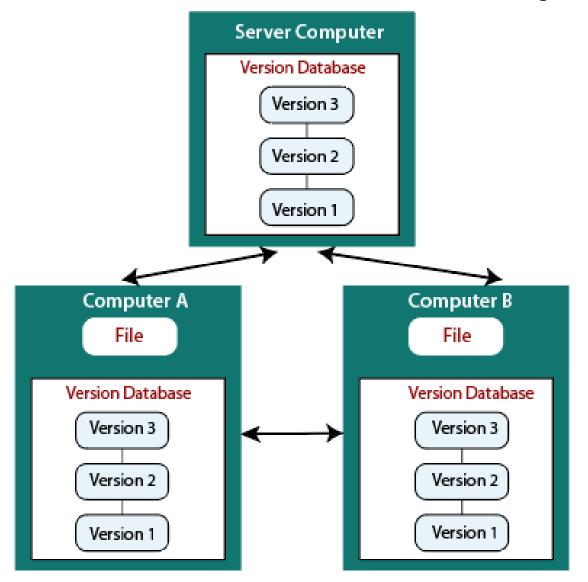
Overview of Version Control System



Central

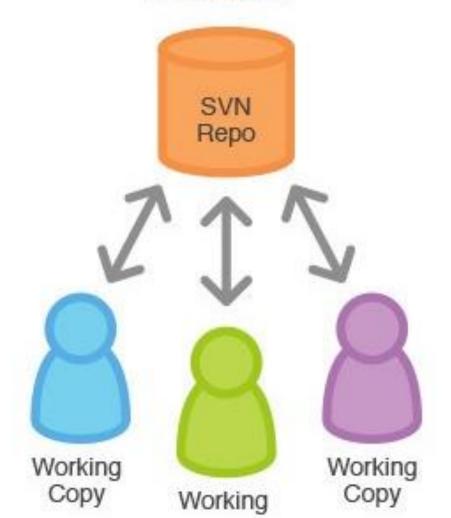
Overview of Version Control System

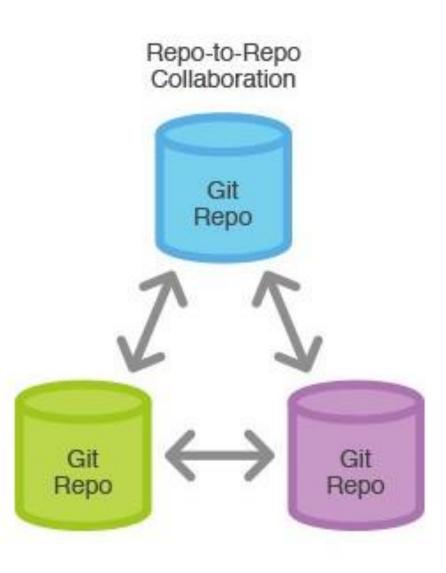
Distributed



The two main VCS

Central-Repo-to-Working-Copy Collaboration





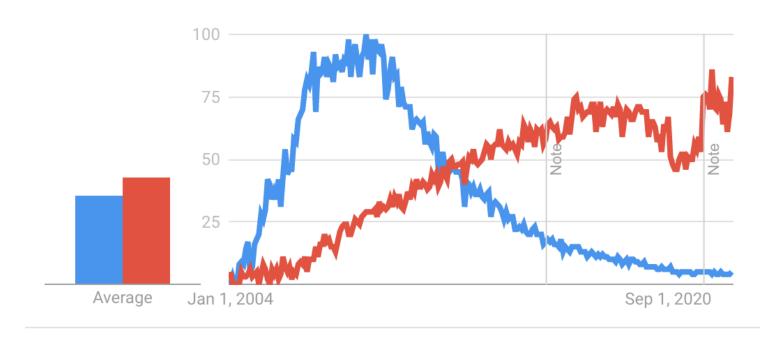
Git is more trending than svn

svn git

svn: 2000

git: 2005





Worldwide. 1/1/04 - 2/9/23. Web Search.

Quiz 1-3

Getting started with git

Is git installed in your system?

```
$ git config --global user.name "Your Name"
$ git config --global user.email "Your email
address"
```

git commands

add	citool	diff-tree	index-pack	multi-pack-index	repack	status
am	clean	fast-export	init	mv	replace	stripspace
annex	clone	fast-import	instaweb	name-rev	request-pull	submodule
annex-shell	column	fat	interpret-trailers	notes	rerere	svn
annotate	commit	fetch	lfs	p4	reset	switch
apply	commit-graph	fetch-pack	log	pack-objects	restore	symbolic-ref
archimport	commit-tree	filter-branch	Is-files	pack-redundant	revert	tag
archive	config	fmt-merge-msg	Is-remote	pack-refs	rev-list	unpack-file
bisect	count-objects	for-each-ref	ls-tree	patch-id	rev-parse	unpack-objects
blame	credential	format-patch	mailinfo	prune	rm	update-index
branch	credential-cache	fsck	mailsplit	prune-packed	send-email	update-ref
bundle	credential-store	gc	media	pull	send-pack	update-server-info
cat-file	cvsexportcommit	get-tar-commit-id	merge	push	sh-i18n	var
check-attr	cvsimport	gitk	merge-base	quiltimport	shortlog	verify-commit
check-ignore	cvsserver	gitweb	merge-file	range-diff	show	verify-pack
check-mailmap	daemon	grep	merge-index	read-tree	show-branch	verify-tag
checkout	describe	gui	merge-one-file	rebase	show-index	whatchanged
checkout-index	diff	hash-object	mergetool	reflog	show-ref	worktree
check-ref-format	diff-files	help	merge-tree	remote	sh-setup	write-tree
cherry	diff-index	http-backend	mktag	remote-gcrypt	sparse-checkout	
cherry-pick	difftool	imap-send	mktree	remote-tor-annex	stash	

git commands

add	citool	diff-tree	index-pack	multi-pack-index	repack	status
am	clean	fast-export	init	mv	replace	stripspace
annex	clone	fast-import	instaweb	name-rev	request-pull	submodule
annex-shell	column	fat	interpret-trailers	notes	rerere	svn
annotate	commit	fetch	lfs	p4	reset	switch
apply	commit-graph	fetch-pack	log	pack-objects	restore	symbolic-ref
archimport	commit-tree	filter-branch	Is-files	pack-redundant	revert	tag
archive	config	fmt-merge-msg	ls-remote	pack-refs	rev-list	unpack-file
bisect	count-objects	for-each-ref	ls-tree	patch-id	rev-parse	unpack-objects
blame	credential	format-patch	mailinfo	prune	rm	update-index
branch	credential-cache	fsck	mailsplit	prune-packed	send-email	update-ref
bundle	credential-store	gc	media	pull	send-pack	update-server-info
cat-file	cvsexportcommit	get-tar-commit-id	merge	push	sh-i18n	var
check-attr	cvsimport	gitk	merge-base	quiltimport	shortlog	verify-commit
check-ignore	cvsserver	gitweb	merge-file	range-diff	show	verify-pack
check-mailmap	daemon	grep	merge-index	read-tree	show-branch	verify-tag
checkout	describe	gui	merge-one-file	rebase	show-index	whatchanged
checkout-index	diff	hash-object	mergetool	reflog	show-ref	worktree
check-ref-format	diff-files	help	merge-tree	remote	sh-setup	write-tree
cherry	diff-index	http-backend	mktag	remote-gcrypt	sparse-checkout	
cherry-pick	difftool	imap-send	mktree	remote-tor-annex	stash	

Creating a Repository

Make a directory

```
$ cd ~/Downloads
$ mkdir planets
$ cd planets
```

Creating a Repository

Initialize git

```
$ git init
```

Creating a Repository

View git repository

```
$ 1s -a
```

Tracking changes in a git repository

Make a file with planet names

\$ nano planets.txt

Tracking changes in a git repository

Add planet names

Mercury

Venus

Earth

Mars

Jupiter

Saturn

Uranus

Neptune

Close the file

```
ctrl + x --> press Y --> press Enter
```

Check status of the repository

```
$ git status
```

Add changes to git

```
$ git add --all
```

Check status of the repository again

```
$ git status
```

Commit changes to git

```
$ git commit -m "added planets list"
```

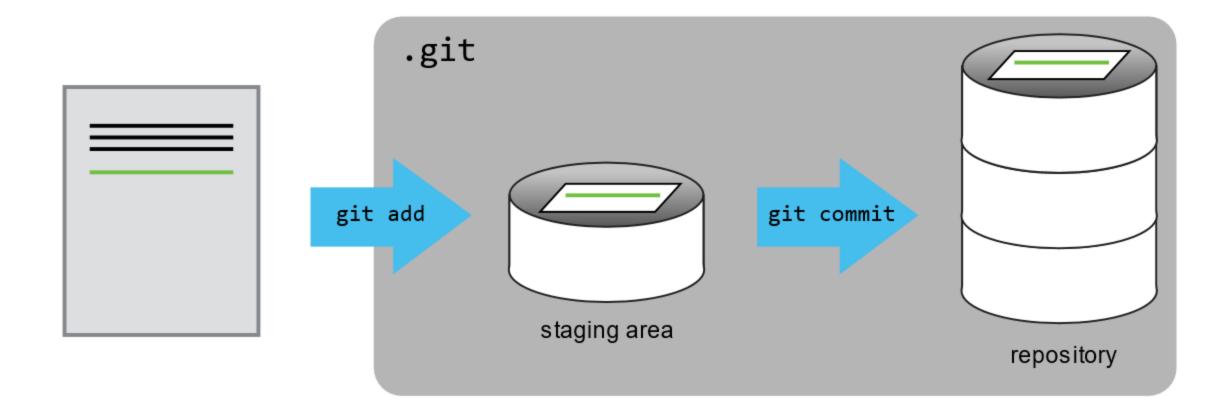
Check status of the repository again

```
$ git status
```

Check log of your activity

```
$ git log
```

Recap

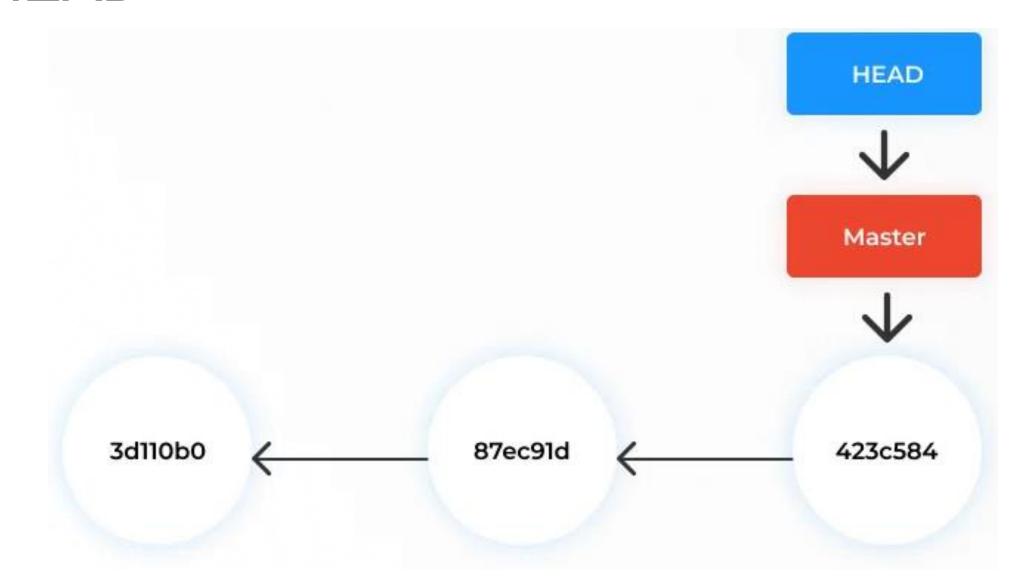


Exercise 6

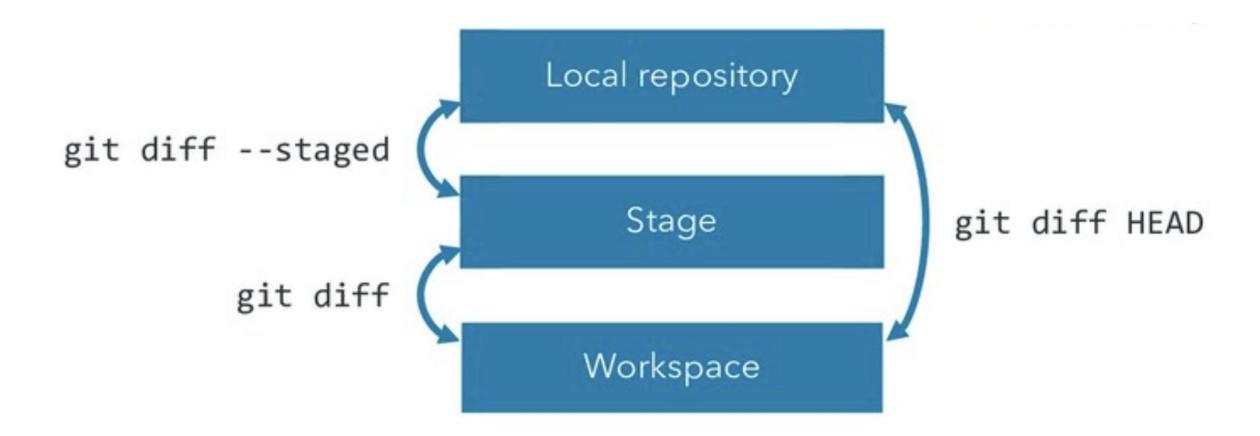
- 1. Make a directory, naming it as your GitHub user name 1 (ex.: dktanwar1)
- 2. Initiate this directory as a git repository
- 3. Make a file: README.md
- 4. Write a brief introduction about yourself
- 5. Add the file to git
- 6. commit the changes with a meaningful message
- 7. Make a new file: education.md
- 8. List your education history
- 9. Add the file to git and commit the changes with a meaningful message
- 10. Copy content of education.md at the end of README.md
- 11. Add the changes to git and commit the changes with a message
- Delete the file education.md
- 13. Add the changes to git and commit the changes with a message
- 14. Check the log of your git activity

Quiz 4-9

HEAD



git diff

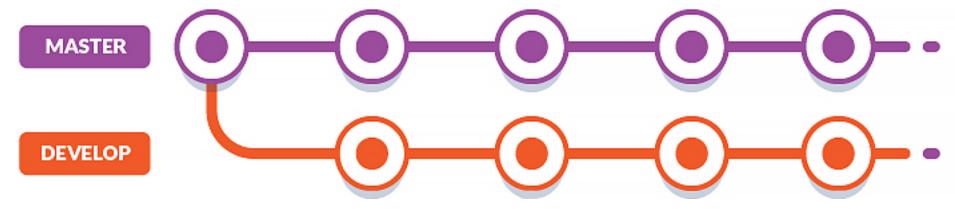


git diff

Diffing is a function that takes two input data sets and outputs the changes between them

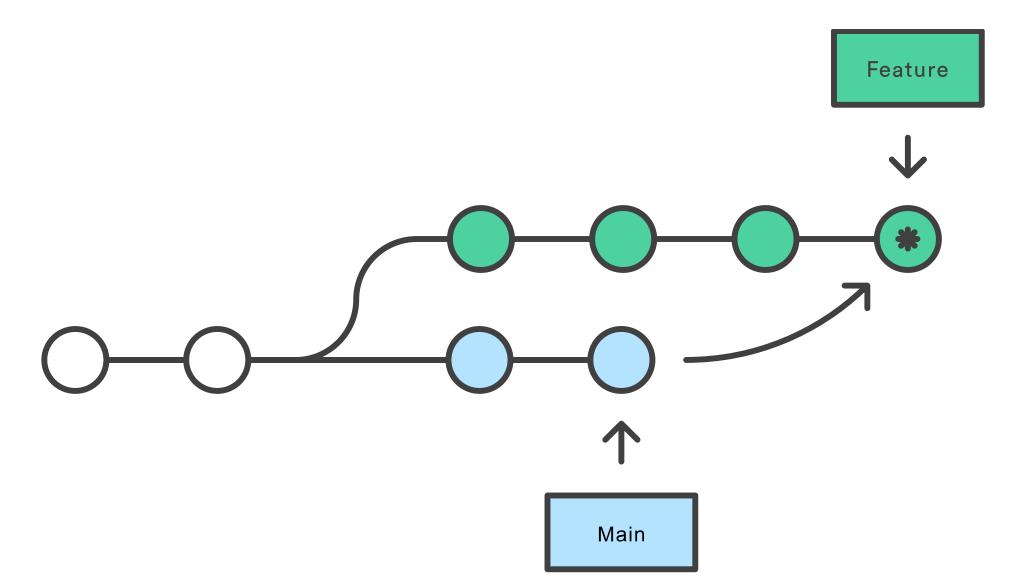
- 1. Open README.md file and add your hobbies
- 2. Run git diff
- 3. Run git diff -- staged
- 4. Run git diff on 2 different commits

git branch and git checkout

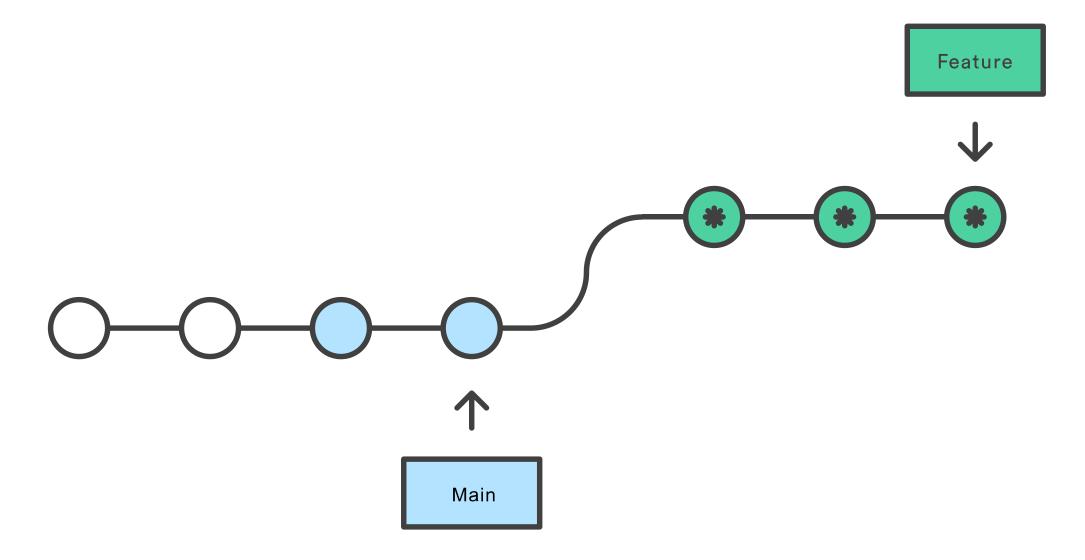


- 1. Run git branch to check on which branch you are in.
- 2. Make a new branch called dev
- 3. Go to the dev branch

git checkout and git merge



git checkout and git merge



git checkout and git merge

- 1. Make a new file hobbies.md, add it, and commit it
- 2. Go to the main branch
- 3. Check for the file hobbies.md
- 4. Merge dev with main

Exploring git history

How do you check history of your commits?

\$ git log

\$ git log --oneline

Go to the content of specific commit.

\$ git checkout a499ea4

Ignore files in git

- 1. Make a folder called test
- 2. In the test folder, creates files: test1.txt, test2.txt, test3.txt
- 3. Check status
- 4. Make a file, <u>gitignore</u> and write test/
- 5. Check status

git reset

- 1. Make a file called animal.md (touch animal.md)
- 2. Check status
- 3. Add file (git add animal.md)
- 4. Remove file from adding (git reset animal.md)
- 5. Add file again, and then commit it
- 6. Remove file from commit (git reset --soft HEAD~1)
- 7. Repeat step 5
- 8. Remove file completely (git reset --hard HEAD~1)

Quiz 10-16

Exercise 7

- 1. Go to the directory of your GitHub user name1 (ex.: dktanwar1)
- 2. Open README.md file and add links to your professional profiles (LinkedIn?)
- 3. Use diff command to compare current state of repo with HEAD
- 4. Add the file to git and compare changes of local repo (git database) with staged changes
- 5. Commit the change.
- 6. Compare the first commit of your git repo with the last commit
- 7. Make a new branch and give it your first name
- 8. Check how many branches you have and then go to your name branch
- 9. Make a new file: test.md and write your favorite color in it
- 10. Add and commit the changes with a message
- 11. Go back to main branch and check if test.md file is there. If not, merge the your name branch with main branch
- 12. Make a new file: test2.md and ignore this file from git

Thank you!