Zeta and Related Functions

T. M. Apostol

May 2, 2016

Part I

Riemann Zeta Function

1 Definition and Expansions

1.1 Definition

$$\zeta(s) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^s} \tag{1}$$

1.2 Other Infinite Series

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{1 - 2^{-s}} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^s}$$
 (2)

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{1 - 2^{1 - s}} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n - 1}}{n^s}$$
(3)

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{s-1} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n!} \gamma_n (s-1)^n \tag{4}$$

$$\zeta'(s) = -\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} (\ln n) n^{-s} \tag{5}$$

$$\zeta^{(k)} @s = (-1)^k \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} (\ln n)^k n^{-s}$$
(6)

1.3 Representations by the Euler–Maclaurin Formula

$$\zeta(s) = \sum_{k=1}^{N} \frac{1}{k^s} + \frac{N^{1-s}}{s-1} - s \int_{N}^{\infty} \frac{x - \lfloor x \rfloor}{x^{s+1}} \, dx \tag{7}$$

$$\zeta(s) = \sum_{k=1}^{N} \frac{1}{k^s} + \frac{N^{1-s}}{s-1} - \frac{1}{2}N^{-s} + \sum_{k=1}^{n} \binom{s+2k-2}{2k-1} \frac{B_{2k}}{2k} N^{1-s-2k} - \binom{s+2n}{2n+1} \int_{N}^{\infty} \frac{\widetilde{B}_{2n+1}(x)}{x^{s+2n+1}} dx$$
 (8)

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{s-1} + \frac{1}{2} + \sum_{k=1}^{n} {s+2k-2 \choose 2k-1} \frac{B_{2k}}{2k} - {s+2n \choose 2n+1} \int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{\widetilde{B}_{2n+1}(x)}{x^{s+2n+1}} dx$$
 (9)

1.4 Infinite Products

$$\zeta(s) = \prod_{p} (1 - p^{-s})^{-1} \tag{10}$$

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{(2\pi)^s e^{-s - (\gamma s/2)}}{2(s-1)\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}s+1)} \prod_{\rho} \left(1 - \frac{s}{\rho}\right) e^{s/\rho} \tag{11}$$

2 Reflection Formulas

$$\zeta(1-s) = 2(2\pi)^{-s} \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\pi s\right) \Gamma(s) \zeta(s) \tag{12}$$

$$\zeta(s) = 2(2\pi)^{s-1} \sin(\frac{1}{2}\pi s) \Gamma(1-s) \zeta(1-s)$$
(13)

$$\xi(s) = \xi(1-s) \tag{14}$$

$$\xi(s) = \frac{1}{2}s(s-1)\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}s)\pi^{-s/2}\zeta(s)$$
(15)

$$(-1)^{k} \zeta^{(k)} @1 - s = \frac{2}{(2\pi)^{s}} \sum_{m=0}^{k} \sum_{r=0}^{m} {k \choose m} {m \choose r} \left(\Re(c^{k-m}) \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\pi s\right) + \Im(c^{k-m}) \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\pi s\right)\right) \Gamma^{(r)} @s \zeta^{(m-r)} @s$$
 (16)

3 Integral Representations

3.1 In Terms of Elementary Functions

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(s)} \int_0^\infty \frac{x^{s-1}}{e^x - 1} dx \tag{17}$$

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(s+1)} \int_0^\infty \frac{e^x x^s}{(e^x - 1)^2} \, dx \tag{18}$$

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{(1 - 2^{1-s})\Gamma(s)} \int_0^\infty \frac{x^{s-1}}{e^x + 1} dx \tag{19}$$

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{(1 - 2^{1-s})\Gamma(s+1)} \int_0^\infty \frac{e^x x^s}{(e^x + 1)^2} dx \tag{20}$$

$$\zeta(s) = -s \int_0^\infty \frac{x - \lfloor x \rfloor - \frac{1}{2}}{x^{s+1}} dx \tag{21}$$

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{s-1} + \frac{1}{\Gamma(s)} \int_0^\infty \left(\frac{1}{e^x - 1} - \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{2} \right) \frac{x^{s-1}}{e^x} dx \tag{22}$$

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{s-1} + \sum_{m=1}^{n} \frac{B_{2m}}{(2m)!} \frac{\Gamma(s+2m-1)}{\Gamma(s)} + \frac{1}{\Gamma(s)} \int_{0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{e^{x}-1} - \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{2} - \sum_{m=1}^{n} \frac{B_{2m}}{(2m)!} x^{2m-1} \right) \frac{x^{s-1}}{e^{x}} dx \quad (23)$$

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{2(1 - 2^{-s})\Gamma(s)} \int_0^\infty \frac{x^{s-1}}{\sinh x} dx$$
 (24)

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{2^{s-1}}{\Gamma(s+1)} \int_0^\infty \frac{x^s}{(\sinh x)^2} dx \tag{25}$$

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{2^{s-1}}{1 - 2^{1-s}} \int_0^\infty \frac{\cos(s \arctan x)}{(1 + x^2)^{s/2} \cosh(\frac{1}{2}\pi x)} dx \tag{26}$$

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{s-1} + 2\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin(s \arctan x)}{(1+x^2)^{s/2}(e^{2\pi x} - 1)} dx$$
 (27)

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{2^{s-1}}{s-1} - 2^s \int_0^\infty \frac{\sin(s \arctan x)}{(1+x^2)^{s/2} (e^{\pi x} + 1)} dx$$
 (28)

3.2 In Terms of Other Functions

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{\pi^{s/2}}{s(s-1)\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}s)} + \frac{\pi^{s/2}}{\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}s)} \int_{1}^{\infty} \left(x^{s/2} + x^{(1-s)/2}\right) \frac{\omega(x)}{x} dx \tag{29}$$

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{s-1} + \frac{\sin(\pi s)}{\pi} \int_0^\infty (\ln(1+x) - \psi(1+x)) x^{-s} dx \tag{30}$$

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{s-1} + \frac{\sin(\pi s)}{\pi(s-1)} \int_0^\infty \left(\frac{1}{1+x} - \psi'(1+x)\right) x^{1-s} dx \tag{31}$$

$$\zeta(1+s) = \frac{\sin(\pi s)}{\pi} \int_0^\infty (\gamma + \psi(1+x)) \, x^{-s-1} \, dx \tag{32}$$

$$\zeta(1+s) = \frac{\sin(\pi s)}{\pi s} \int_0^\infty \psi'(1+x) x^{-s} dx \tag{33}$$

$$\zeta(m+s) = (-1)^{m-1} \frac{\Gamma(s)\sin(\pi s)}{\pi \Gamma(m+s)} \int_0^\infty \psi^{(m)} \, @1 + xx^{-s} \, dx \tag{34}$$

3.3 Contour Integrals

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{\Gamma(1-s)}{2\pi i} \int_{-\infty}^{(0+)} \frac{z^{s-1}}{e^{-z} - 1} dz \tag{35}$$

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{\Gamma(1-s)}{2\pi i (1-2^{1-s})} \int_{-\infty}^{(0+)} \frac{z^{s-1}}{e^{-z}+1} dz$$
(36)

4 Integer Arguments

4.1 Function Values

$$\zeta(0) = -\frac{1}{2} \tag{37}$$

$$\zeta(2) = \frac{\pi^2}{6} \tag{38}$$

$$\zeta(4) = \frac{\pi^4}{90} \tag{39}$$

$$\zeta(6) = \frac{\pi^6}{945} \tag{40}$$

$$\zeta(2n) = \frac{(2\pi)^{2n}}{2(2n)!} |B_{2n}| \tag{41}$$

$$\zeta(-n) = -\frac{B_{n+1}}{n+1} \tag{42}$$

$$\zeta(-2n) = 0 \tag{43}$$

$$\zeta(k+1) = \frac{1}{k!} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \dots \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n_1 \dots n_k (n_1 + \dots + n_k)}$$
(44)

$$\zeta(2k+1) = \frac{(-1)^{k+1}(2\pi)^{2k+1}}{2(2k+1)!} \int_0^1 B_{2k+1}(t) \cot(\pi t) dt$$
(45)

$$\zeta(2) = \int_0^1 \int_0^1 \frac{1}{1 - xy} \, dx \, dy \tag{46}$$

$$\zeta(2) = 3\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^2 \binom{2k}{k}} \tag{47}$$

$$\zeta(3) = \frac{5}{2} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{k-1}}{k^3 \binom{2k}{k}} \tag{48}$$

$$\zeta(4) = \frac{36}{17} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^4 \binom{2k}{k}} \tag{49}$$

4.2 Derivative Values

$$\zeta'(0) = -\frac{1}{2}\ln(2\pi) \tag{50}$$

$$\zeta''(0) = -\frac{1}{2}(\ln(2\pi))^2 + \frac{1}{2}\gamma^2 - \frac{1}{24}\pi^2 + \gamma_1$$
(51)

$$(-1)^{k} \zeta^{(k)} @ -2n = \frac{2(-1)^{n}}{(2\pi)^{2n+1}} \sum_{m=0}^{k} \sum_{r=0}^{m} \binom{k}{m} \binom{m}{r} \Im(c^{k-m}) \Gamma^{(r)} @ 2n + 1 \zeta^{(m-r)} @ 2n + 1$$

$$(52)$$

$$(-1)^{k} \zeta^{(k)} @ 1 - 2n = \frac{2(-1)^{n}}{(2\pi)^{2n}} \sum_{m=0}^{k} \sum_{r=0}^{m} {k \choose m} {m \choose r} \Re(c^{k-m}) \Gamma^{(r)} @ 2n \zeta^{(m-r)} @ 2n$$

$$(53)$$

$$\zeta'(2n) = \frac{(-1)^{n+1}(2\pi)^{2n}}{2(2n)!} \left(2n\zeta'(1-2n) - (\psi(2n) - \ln(2\pi))B_{2n}\right)$$
(54)

4.3 Recursion Formulas

$$\left(n + \frac{1}{2}\right)\zeta(2n) = \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} \zeta(2k)\zeta(2n - 2k) \tag{55}$$

$$\left(n + \frac{3}{4}\right)\zeta(4n+2) = \sum_{k=1}^{n} \zeta(2k)\zeta(4n+2-2k)$$
(56)

$$\left(n + \frac{1}{4}\right)\zeta(4n) + \frac{1}{2}(\zeta(2n))^2 = \sum_{k=1}^{n} \zeta(2k)\zeta(4n - 2k)$$
(57)

$$\left(m+n+\frac{3}{2}\right)\zeta(2m+2n+2) = \left(\sum_{k=1}^{m} + \sum_{k=1}^{n}\right)\zeta(2k)\zeta(2m+2n+2-2k) \tag{58}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(2^{2n}-1)\zeta(2n) = \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} (2^{2n-2k}-1)\zeta(2n-2k)\zeta(2k)$$
(59)

5 Sums

$$\sum_{k=2}^{\infty} (\zeta(k) - 1) = 1 \tag{60}$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\Gamma(s+k)}{(k+1)!} \left(\zeta(s+k) - 1 \right) = \Gamma(s-1)$$
 (61)

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\Gamma(s+k)\,\zeta(s+k)}{k!\,\Gamma(s)2^{s+k}} = (1-2^{-s})\,\zeta(s) \tag{62}$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{k} (\zeta(nk) - 1) = \ln \left(\prod_{j=0}^{n-1} \Gamma \left(2 - e^{(2j+1)\pi i/n} \right) \right)$$
 (63)

$$\sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \zeta(k)z^k = -\gamma z - z\,\psi(1-z) \tag{64}$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \zeta(2k)z^{2k} = -\frac{1}{2}\pi z \cot(\pi z)$$
 (65)

$$\sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \frac{\zeta(k)}{k} z^k = -\gamma z + \ln \Gamma(1-z)$$
(66)

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\zeta(2k)}{k} z^{2k} = \ln\left(\frac{\pi z}{\sin(\pi z)}\right) \tag{67}$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\zeta(2k)}{(2k+1)2^{2k}} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \ln 2$$
 (68)

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\zeta(2k)}{(2k+1)(2k+2)2^{2k}} = \frac{1}{4} - \frac{7}{4\pi^2} \zeta(3)$$
 (69)

6 Asymptotic Approximations

$$\zeta(\sigma + it) = \sum_{1 \le n \le x} \frac{1}{n^s} + \chi(s) \sum_{1 \le n \le y} \frac{1}{n^{1-s}} + O(x^{-\sigma}) + O(y^{\sigma - 1}t^{\frac{1}{2} - \sigma})$$
(70)

$$\zeta\left(\frac{1}{2} + it\right) = \sum_{n=1}^{m} \frac{1}{n^{\frac{1}{2} + it}} + \chi\left(\frac{1}{2} + it\right) \sum_{n=1}^{m} \frac{1}{n^{\frac{1}{2} - it}} + O\left(t^{-1/4}\right)$$
(71)

7 Zeros

7.1 Distribution

$$Z(t) = \exp(i\vartheta(t))\,\zeta\left(\frac{1}{2} + it\right) \tag{72}$$

7.2 Riemann-Siegel Formula

$$Z(t) = 2\sum_{n=1}^{m} \frac{\cos(\vartheta(t) - t \ln n)}{n^{1/2}} + R(t)$$
(73)

Part II

Related Functions

8 Hurwitz Zeta Function

8.1 Definition

$$\zeta(s,a) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(n+a)^s}$$

$$\tag{74}$$

$$\zeta(s,1) = \zeta(s) \tag{75}$$

$$\zeta(s, a) = \zeta(s, a+1) + a^{-s} \tag{76}$$

$$\zeta(s,a) = \zeta(s,a+m) + \sum_{n=0}^{m-1} \frac{1}{(n+a)^s}$$
(77)

8.2 Representations by the Euler–Maclaurin Formula

$$\zeta(s,a) = \sum_{n=0}^{N} \frac{1}{(n+a)^s} + \frac{(N+a)^{1-s}}{s-1} - s \int_{N}^{\infty} \frac{x - \lfloor x \rfloor}{(x+a)^{s+1}} dx$$
 (78)

$$\zeta(s,a) = \frac{1}{a^s} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{a}{s-1} \right) - s(s+1) \int_0^\infty \frac{\widetilde{B}_2(x)}{(x+a)^{s+2}} dx \tag{79}$$

$$\zeta(s,a) = \frac{1}{a^s} + \frac{1}{(1+a)^s} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1+a}{s-1} \right) + \sum_{k=1}^n \binom{s+2k-2}{2k-1} \frac{B_{2k}}{2k} \frac{1}{(1+a)^{s+2k-1}} - \binom{s+2n}{2n+1} \int_1^\infty \frac{\widetilde{B}_{2n+1}(x)}{(x+a)^{s+2n+1}} dx \quad (80)$$

8.3 Series Representations

$$\zeta(s, \frac{1}{2}a) = \zeta(s, \frac{1}{2}a + \frac{1}{2}) + 2^s \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(n+a)^s}$$
(81)

$$\zeta(1-s,a) = \frac{2\Gamma(s)}{(2\pi)^s} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^s} \cos(\frac{1}{2}\pi s - 2n\pi a)$$
(82)

$$\zeta(s,a) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\Gamma(n+s)}{n! \, \Gamma(s)} \, \zeta(n+s) (1-a)^n \tag{83}$$

8.4 Special Values

$$\zeta\left(s, \frac{1}{2}\right) = \left(2^s - 1\right)\zeta(s) \tag{84}$$

$$\zeta(n+1,a) = \frac{(-1)^{n+1} \psi^{(n)} @a}{n!}$$
(85)

$$\zeta(0,a) = \frac{1}{2} - a \tag{86}$$

$$\zeta(-n,a) = -\frac{B_{n+1}(a)}{n+1} \tag{87}$$

$$\zeta(s, ka) = k^{-s} \sum_{n=0}^{k-1} \zeta(s, a + \frac{n}{k})$$
 (88)

$$\zeta\left(1-s, \frac{h}{k}\right) = \frac{2\Gamma(s)}{(2\pi k)^s} \sum_{r=1}^k \cos\left(\frac{\pi s}{2} - \frac{2\pi rh}{k}\right) \zeta\left(s, \frac{r}{k}\right) \tag{89}$$

8.5 Derivatives

a-Derivative

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial a}\zeta(s,a) = -s\zeta(s+1,a) \tag{90}$$

s-Derivatives

$$\zeta'(0,a) = \ln \Gamma(a) - \frac{1}{2} \ln(2\pi)$$
 (91)

$$\zeta'(s,a) = -\frac{\ln a}{a^s} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{a}{s-1} \right) - \frac{a^{1-s}}{(s-1)^2} + s(s+1) \int_0^\infty \frac{\widetilde{B}_2(x) \ln(x+a)}{(x+a)^{s+2}} dx - (2s+1) \int_0^\infty \frac{\widetilde{B}_2(x)}{(x+a)^{s+2}} dx$$
(92)

$$(-1)^{k} \zeta^{(k)} @sa = \frac{(\ln a)^{k}}{a^{s}} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{a}{s-1}\right) + k! a^{1-s} \sum_{r=0}^{k-1} \frac{(\ln a)^{r}}{r! (s-1)^{k-r+1}} - s(s+1) \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\widetilde{B}_{2}(x)(\ln(x+a))^{k}}{(x+a)^{s+2}} dx + k(2s+1) \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\widetilde{B}_{2}(x)(\ln(x+a))^{k-1}}{(x+a)^{s+2}} dx - k(k-1) \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\widetilde{B}_{2}(x)(\ln(x+a))^{k-2}}{(x+a)^{s+2}} dx$$

$$(93)$$

$$\zeta'\left(1-2n,\frac{h}{k}\right) = \frac{\left(\psi(2n) - \ln(2\pi k)\right)B_{2n}(h/k)}{2n} - \frac{\left(\psi(2n) - \ln(2\pi)\right)B_{2n}}{2nk^{2n}} + \frac{\left(-1\right)^{n+1}\pi}{(2\pi k)^{2n}} \sum_{r=1}^{k-1} \sin\left(\frac{2\pi rh}{k}\right)\psi^{(2n-1)} @\frac{r}{k} + \frac{\left(-1\right)^{n+1}2 \cdot (2n-1)!}{(2\pi k)^{2n}} \sum_{r=1}^{k-1} \cos\left(\frac{2\pi rh}{k}\right)\zeta'\left(2n,\frac{r}{k}\right) + \frac{\zeta'(1-2n)}{k^{2n}} \tag{94}$$

$$\zeta'\left(1-2n,\frac{1}{2}\right) = -\frac{B_{2n}\ln 2}{n\cdot 4^n} - \frac{\left(2^{2n-1}-1\right)\zeta'(1-2n)}{2^{2n-1}} \tag{95}$$

$$\zeta'\left(1-2n,\frac{1}{3}\right) = -\frac{\pi(9^n-1)B_{2n}}{8n\sqrt{3}(3^{2n-1}-1)} - \frac{B_{2n}\ln 3}{4n\cdot 3^{2n-1}} - \frac{(-1)^n\psi^{(2n-1)}@\frac{1}{3}}{2\sqrt{3}(6\pi)^{2n-1}} - \frac{\left(3^{2n-1}-1\right)\zeta'(1-2n)}{2\cdot 3^{2n-1}}$$
(96)

$$\sum_{r=1}^{k-1} \zeta'(s, \frac{r}{k}) = (k^s - 1)\zeta'(s) + k^s \zeta(s) \ln k \tag{97}$$

8.6 Integral Representations

$$\zeta(s,a) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(s)} \int_0^\infty \frac{x^{s-1} e^{-ax}}{1 - e^{-x}} dx$$
 (98)

$$\zeta(s,a) = -s \int_{-a}^{\infty} \frac{x - \lfloor x \rfloor - \frac{1}{2}}{(x+a)^{s+1}} dx \tag{99}$$

$$\zeta(s,a) = \frac{1}{2}a^{-s} + \frac{a^{1-s}}{s-1} + \frac{1}{\Gamma(s)} \int_0^\infty \left(\frac{1}{e^x - 1} - \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{2}\right) \frac{x^{s-1}}{e^{ax}} dx \tag{100}$$

$$\zeta(s,a) = \frac{1}{2}a^{-s} + \frac{a^{1-s}}{s-1} + \sum_{k=1}^{n} \frac{\Gamma(s+2k-1)}{\Gamma(s)} \frac{B_{2k}}{(2k)!} a^{-2k-s+1} + \frac{1}{\Gamma(s)} \int_{0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{e^{x}-1} - \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{2} - \sum_{k=1}^{n} \frac{B_{2k}}{(2k)!} x^{2k-1} \right) x^{s-1} e^{-ax} dx$$

$$\tag{101}$$

$$\zeta(s,a) = \frac{1}{2}a^{-s} + \frac{a^{1-s}}{s-1} + 2\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin(s\arctan(x/a))}{(a^2 + x^2)^{s/2}(e^{2\pi x} - 1)} dx$$
(102)

$$\zeta(s,a) = \frac{\Gamma(1-s)}{2\pi i} \int_{-\infty}^{(0+)} \frac{e^{az}z^{s-1}}{1-e^z} dz$$
 (103)

8.7 Further Integral Representations

$$\frac{1}{\Gamma(s)} \int_0^\infty \frac{x^{s-1} e^{-ax}}{2 \cosh x} dx = 4^{-s} \left(\zeta\left(s, \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}a\right) - \zeta\left(s, \frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4}a\right) \right) \tag{104}$$

$$\int_{0}^{a} x^{n} \psi(x) dx = (-1)^{n-1} \zeta'(-n) + (-1)^{n} H_{n} \frac{B_{n+1}}{n+1} - \sum_{k=0}^{n} (-1)^{k} \binom{n}{k} h(k) \frac{B_{k+1}(a)}{k+1} a^{n-k} + \sum_{k=0}^{n} (-1)^{k} \binom{n}{k} \zeta'(-k, a) a^{n-k}$$
(105)

$$n\int_0^a \zeta'(1-n,x) dx = \zeta'(-n,a) - \zeta'(-n) + \frac{B_{n+1} - B_{n+1}(a)}{n(n+1)}$$
(106)

8.8 Further Series Representations

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(n+a)^s} = \frac{1}{\Gamma(s)} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x^{s-1}e^{-ax}}{1+e^{-x}} dx = 2^{-s} \left(\zeta\left(s, \frac{1}{2}a\right) - \zeta\left(s, \frac{1}{2}(1+a)\right) \right)$$
(107)

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\chi(n)}{n^s} = k^{-s} \sum_{r=1}^k \chi(r) \zeta\left(s, \frac{r}{k}\right)$$
(108)

8.9 Sums

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{k} \zeta(nk, a) = -n \ln \Gamma(a) + \ln \left(\prod_{j=0}^{n-1} \Gamma(a - e^{(2j+1)\pi i/n}) \right)$$
(109)

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} {n+k \choose k} \zeta(n+k+1,a) z^k = \frac{(-1)^n}{n!} \left(\psi^{(n)} @a - \psi^{(n)} @a - z \right)$$
 (110)

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{k}{2^k} \zeta(k+1, \frac{3}{4}) = 8G \tag{111}$$

8.10 a-Asymptotic Behavior

$$\zeta(s, a+1) = \zeta(s) - s\zeta(s+1)a + O(a^2)$$
 (112)

$$\zeta(s, \alpha + i\beta) \to 0$$
 (113)

$$\zeta(s,a) - \frac{a^{1-s}}{s-1} - \frac{1}{2}a^{-s} \sim \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{B_{2k}}{(2k)!} \frac{\Gamma(s+2k-1)}{\Gamma(s)} a^{1-s-2k}$$
(114)

$$\zeta'(-1,a) - \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{4}a^2 - \left(\frac{1}{12} - \frac{1}{2}a + \frac{1}{2}a^2\right) \ln a \sim -\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{B_{2k+2}}{(2k+2)(2k+1)2k} a^{-2k}$$
(115)

$$\zeta'(-2,a) - \frac{1}{12}a + \frac{1}{9}a^3 - \left(\frac{1}{6}a - \frac{1}{2}a^2 + \frac{1}{3}a^3\right)\ln a \sim \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{2B_{2k+2}}{(2k+2)(2k+1)2k(2k-1)}a^{-(2k-1)}$$
(116)

9 Polylogarithms

9.1 Dilogarithms

$$\operatorname{Li}_{2}(z) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{z^{n}}{n^{2}} \tag{117}$$

$$\operatorname{Li}_{2}(z) = -\int_{0}^{z} t^{-1} \ln(1-t) dt \tag{118}$$

$$\operatorname{Li}_{2}(z) + \operatorname{Li}_{2}\left(\frac{z}{z-1}\right) = -\frac{1}{2}(\ln(1-z))^{2}$$
 (119)

$$\operatorname{Li}_{2}(z) + \operatorname{Li}_{2}\left(\frac{1}{z}\right) = -\frac{1}{6}\pi^{2} - \frac{1}{2}(\ln(-z))^{2}$$
 (120)

$$\operatorname{Li}_{2}(z^{m}) = m \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \operatorname{Li}_{2}\left(ze^{2\pi i k/m}\right)$$
(121)

$$\operatorname{Li}_{2}(x) + \operatorname{Li}_{2}(1-x) = \frac{1}{6}\pi^{2} - (\ln x)\ln(1-x)$$
(122)

$$\operatorname{Li}_{2}(e^{i\theta}) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos(n\theta)}{n^{2}} + i \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin(n\theta)}{n^{2}}$$
(123)

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos(n\theta)}{n^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{6} - \frac{\pi\theta}{2} + \frac{\theta^2}{4}$$
 (124)

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin(n\theta)}{n^2} = -\int_0^{\theta} \ln(2\sin(\frac{1}{2}x)) dx$$
 (125)

9.2 Polylogarithms

$$\operatorname{Li}_{s}(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^{n}}{n^{s}} \tag{126}$$

Integral Representation

$$\operatorname{Li}_{s}(z) = \frac{z}{\Gamma(s)} \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{x^{s-1}}{e^{x} - z} dx \tag{127}$$

$$Li_{s}(z) = \Gamma(1-s) \left(\ln \frac{1}{z} \right)^{s-1} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \zeta(s-n) \frac{(\ln z)^{n}}{n!}$$
 (128)

$$\operatorname{Li}_{s}(e^{2\pi i a}) + e^{\pi i s} \operatorname{Li}_{s}(e^{-2\pi i a}) = \frac{(2\pi)^{s} e^{\pi i s/2}}{\Gamma(s)} \zeta(1-s,a)$$
 (129)

9.3 Fermi-Dirac and Bose-Einstein Integrals

$$F_s(x) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(s+1)} \int_0^\infty \frac{t^s}{e^{t-x} + 1} dt$$
 (130)

$$G_s(x) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(s+1)} \int_0^\infty \frac{t^s}{e^{t-x} - 1} dt$$
 (131)

$$F_s(x) = -\operatorname{Li}_{s+1}(-e^x) \tag{132}$$

$$G_s(x) = \operatorname{Li}_{s+1}(e^x) \tag{133}$$

10 Periodic Zeta Function

$$F(x,s) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{e^{2\pi i n x}}{n^s}$$
(134)

$$F(x,s) = \frac{\Gamma(1-s)}{(2\pi)^{1-s}} \left(e^{\pi i(1-s)/2} \zeta(1-s,x) + e^{\pi i(s-1)/2} \zeta(1-s,1-x) \right)$$
(135)

$$\zeta(1-s,x) = \frac{\Gamma(s)}{(2\pi)^s} \left(e^{-\pi i s/2} F(x,s) + e^{\pi i s/2} F(-x,s) \right)$$
(136)

11 Lerch's Transcendent

11.1 Definition

$$\Phi(z, s, a) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^n}{(a+n)^s}$$
 (137)

$$\zeta(s,a) = \Phi(1,s,a) \tag{138}$$

$$\operatorname{Li}_{s}(z) = z \,\Phi(z, s, 1) \tag{139}$$

11.2 Properties

$$\Phi(z, s, a) = z^m \, \Phi(z, s, a + m) + \sum_{n=0}^{m-1} \frac{z^n}{(a+n)^s}$$
(140)

$$\Phi(z, s, a) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(s)} \int_0^\infty \frac{x^{s-1} e^{-ax}}{1 - z e^{-x}} dx$$
(141)

$$\Phi(z,s,a) = \frac{1}{2}a^{-s} + \int_0^\infty \frac{z^x}{(a+x)^s} dx - 2\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin(x\ln z - s\arctan(x/a))}{(a^2 + x^2)^{s/2}(e^{2\pi x} - 1)} dx$$
 (142)

12 Dirichlet L-functions

12.1 Definitions and Basic Properties

$$L(s,\chi) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\chi(n)}{n^s}$$
 (143)

$$L(s,\chi) = \prod_{p} \left(1 - \frac{\chi(p)}{p^s}\right)^{-1} \tag{144}$$

$$L(s,\chi) = k^{-s} \sum_{r=1}^{k-1} \chi(r) \zeta\left(s, \frac{r}{k}\right)$$
(145)

$$L(s,\chi) = L(s,\chi_0) \prod_{p|k} \left(1 - \frac{\chi_0(p)}{p^s} \right)$$
 (146)

$$L(1-s,\chi) = \frac{k^{s-1}\Gamma(s)}{(2\pi)^s} \left(e^{-\pi i s/2} + \chi(-1)e^{\pi i s/2} \right) G(\chi) L(s,\overline{\chi})$$
(147)

12.2 Zeros

$$L(-2n,\chi) = 0$$
 if $\chi(-1) = 1$ (148)

$$L(-2n-1,\chi) = 0$$
 if $\chi(-1) = -1$ (149)

$$L(1,\chi) \neq 0 \quad \text{if} \quad \chi \neq -1$$
 (150)

$$L(0,\chi) = \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{k} \sum_{r=1}^{k} r \chi(r), & \chi \neq \chi_1, \\ 0, & \chi = \chi_1. \end{cases}$$
 (151)

Part III

Applications

13 Mathematical Applications

13.1 Distribution of Primes

$$\psi(x) = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sum_{p^m < x} \ln p \tag{152}$$

$$\psi(x) = x - \frac{\zeta'(0)}{\zeta(0)} - \sum_{\rho} \frac{x^{\rho}}{\rho} + o(1)$$
 (153)

$$\psi(x) = x + o(x) \tag{154}$$

$$\psi(x) = x + O\left(x^{\frac{1}{2} + \epsilon}\right) \tag{155}$$

13.2 Euler Sums

$$H(s) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{H_n}{n^s} \tag{156}$$

$$H(s) = -\zeta'(s) + \gamma \zeta(s) + \frac{1}{2}\zeta(s+1) + \sum_{r=1}^{k} \zeta(1-2r)\zeta(s+2r) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^s} \int_{n}^{\infty} \frac{\widetilde{B}_{2k+1}(x)}{x^{2k+2}} dx$$
 (157)

$$H(s) = \frac{1}{2}\zeta(s+1) + \frac{\zeta(s)}{s-1} - \sum_{r=1}^{k} {s+2r-2 \choose 2r-1} \zeta(1-2r)\zeta(s+2r) - {s+2k \choose 2k+1} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \int_{n}^{\infty} \frac{\widetilde{B}_{2k+1}(x)}{x^{s+2k+1}} dx$$
 (158)

$$H(2) = 2\zeta(3) \tag{159}$$

$$H(3) = \frac{5}{4}\zeta(4) \tag{160}$$

$$H(a) = \frac{a+2}{2}\zeta(a+1) - \frac{1}{2}\sum_{r=1}^{a-2}\zeta(r+1)\zeta(a-r)$$
(161)

$$H(-2a) = \frac{1}{2}\zeta(1-2a) = -\frac{B_{2a}}{4a} \tag{162}$$

$$H(s,z) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^s} \sum_{m=1}^{n} \frac{1}{m^z}$$
 (163)

$$H(s,z) + H(z,s) = \zeta(s)\,\zeta(z) + \zeta(s+z) \tag{164}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{H_n}{n}\right)^2 = \frac{17}{4}\zeta(4) \tag{165}$$

$$\sum_{r=1}^{\infty} \sum_{k=1}^{r} \frac{1}{rk(r+k)} = \frac{5}{4} \zeta(3)$$
 (166)

$$\sum_{r=1}^{\infty} \sum_{k=1}^{r} \frac{1}{r^2(r+k)} = \frac{3}{4} \zeta(3)$$
 (167)

Part IV

BOF

Part V

Gamma function: Properties

14 Definitions

14.1 Gamma and Psi Functions

$$\Gamma(z) = \int_0^\infty e^{-t} t^{z-1} dt \tag{168}$$

15 Gamma function: Functional Relations

15.1 Gamma function: Recurrence

$$\Gamma(z+1) = z \Gamma(z) \tag{169}$$

15.2 Gamma function: Reflection

$$\Gamma(z)\Gamma(1-z) = \pi/\sin(\pi z) \tag{170}$$

Part VI

 \mathbf{EOF}