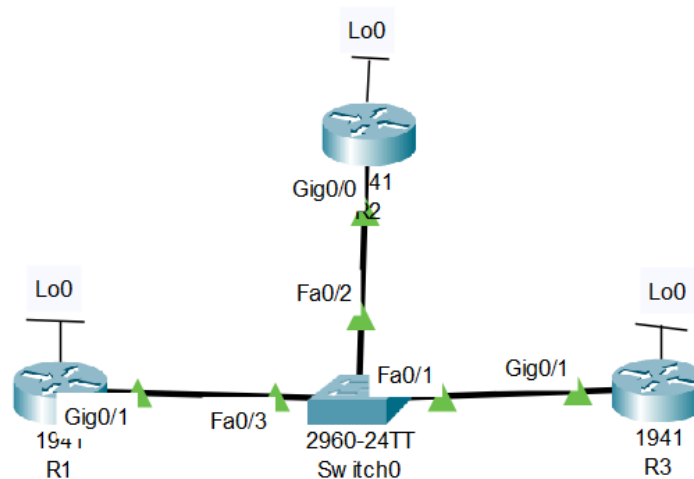


Zadanie 10.1.1.13

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Konfiguracja trasowania protokołem OSPFv2 w sieci ze współdzielonym dostępem.

Topologia



Konfiguracja interfejsów

```

Device Name: R1
Device Model: 1941
Hostname: R1

Port          Link  VLAN  IP Address      IPv6 Address      MAC Address
GigabitEthernet0/0  Down  --    <not set>       <not set>         00D0.9711.DC01
GigabitEthernet0/1  Up    --    192.168.1.1/24  <not set>         00D0.9711.DC02
Loopback0          Up    --    192.168.31.11/32 <not set>         000C.CF5C.9C89
Vlan1              Down  1     <not set>       <not set>         0001.64B2.8848

Physical Location: Intercity > Home City > Corporate Office > Main Wiring Closet > Rack > R1

```

```

Device Name: R2
Device Model: 1941
Hostname: R2

Port                Link    VLAN    IP Address          IPv6 Address          MAC Address
GigabitEthernet0/0  Up      --      192.168.1.2/24      <not set>             0003.E4C0.0101
GigabitEthernet0/1  Down    --      <not set>           <not set>             0003.E4C0.0102
Loopback0           Up      --      192.168.31.22/32    <not set>             00D0.97A7.97A6
Vlan1               Down    1       <not set>           <not set>             0050.0FD5.06C3

Physical Location: Intercity > Home City > Corporate Office > Main Wiring Closet > Rack > R2

```

```

hpaletst report: Internal > Home City > Colaborate Office > Main Mining Street > Kach > K3
-----
ATWT      DOMU      T      <noe ref>      <noe ref>      0000:ACTV:B108
roobpsefo  nb      --      T05:T08:T'33\35  <noe ref>      0000:BY4J:TC08
Cf0aprtEefwewef0\T  nb      --      T05:T08:T'3\34  <noe ref>      0000:0JTE:0e03
Cf0aprtEefwewef0\O  DOMU      --      <noe ref>      <noe ref>      0000:0JTE:0e07
bolc      GTUX      LGUW      Ib Yqqlress  Ib4e Yqqlress  KVC Yqqlress
-----
Hostname: K3
Device Model: T04T
Device Name: K3

```

Konfiguracja protokołu trasowania

```
R1>show ip protocols
```

```
Routing Protocol is "ospf 1"
```

```
Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set
```

```
Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set
```

```
Router ID 192.168.31.11
```

```
Number of areas in this router is 1. 1 normal 0 stub 0 nssa
```

```
Maximum path: 4
```

```
Routing for Networks:
```

```
192.168.1.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
```

```
Routing Information Sources:
```

Gateway	Distance	Last Update
---------	----------	-------------

192.168.31.11	110	00:04:23
---------------	-----	----------

192.168.31.22	110	00:04:23
---------------	-----	----------

192.168.31.33	110	00:04:23
---------------	-----	----------

```
Distance: (default is 110)
```

```
R1>show ip ospf
```

```
Routing Process "ospf 1" with ID 192.168.31.11
```

```
Supports only single TOS(TOS0) routes
```

```
Supports opaque LSA
```

```
SPF schedule delay 5 secs, Hold time between two SPFs 10 secs
```

```
Minimum LSA interval 5 secs. Minimum LSA arrival 1 secs
```

```
Number of external LSA 0. Checksum Sum 0x000000
```

```
Number of opaque AS LSA 0. Checksum Sum 0x000000
```

```
Number of DCbitless external and opaque AS LSA 0
```

```
Number of DoNotAge external and opaque AS LSA 0
```

```
Number of areas in this router is 1. 1 normal 0 stub 0 nssa
```

```
External flood list length 0
```

```
Area BACKBONE(0)
```

```
Number of interfaces in this area is 1
```

```
Area has no authentication
```

```
SPF algorithm executed 2 times
```

```
Area ranges are
```

```
Number of LSA 4. Checksum Sum 0x01bd7b
```

```
Number of opaque link LSA 0. Checksum Sum 0x000000
```

```
Number of DCbitless LSA 0
```

```
Number of indication LSA 0
```

```
Number of DoNotAge LSA 0
```

```
Flood list length 0
```

```
R1>show ip ospf neighbor
```

Neighbor ID	Pri	State	Dead Time	Address	Interface
192.168.31.22	0	FULL/DROTHER	00:00:37	192.168.1.2	GigabitEthernet0/1
192.168.31.33	100	FULL/BDR	00:00:37	192.168.1.3	GigabitEthernet0/1

R2>show ip protocols

Routing Protocol is "ospf 1"

Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set

Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set

Router ID 192.168.31.22

Number of areas in this router is 1. 1 normal 0 stub 0 nssa

Maximum path: 4

Routing for Networks:

192.168.1.0 0.0.0.255 area 0

Routing Information Sources:

Gateway	Distance	Last Update
---------	----------	-------------

192.168.31.11	110	00:07:26
---------------	-----	----------

192.168.31.22	110	00:07:26
---------------	-----	----------

192.168.31.33	110	00:07:26
---------------	-----	----------

Distance: (default is 110)

R2>show ip ospf

Routing Process "ospf 1" with ID 192.168.31.22

Supports only single TOS(TOS0) routes

Supports opaque LSA

SPF schedule delay 5 secs, Hold time between two SPFs 10 secs

Minimum LSA interval 5 secs. Minimum LSA arrival 1 secs

Number of external LSA 0. Checksum Sum 0x000000

Number of opaque AS LSA 0. Checksum Sum 0x000000

Number of DCbitless external and opaque AS LSA 0

Number of DoNotAge external and opaque AS LSA 0

Number of areas in this router is 1. 1 normal 0 stub 0 nssa

External flood list length 0

Area BACKBONE(0)

Number of interfaces in this area is 1

Area has no authentication

SPF algorithm executed 2 times

Area ranges are

Number of LSA 4. Checksum Sum 0x01bd7b

Number of opaque link LSA 0. Checksum Sum 0x000000

Number of DCbitless LSA 0

Number of indication LSA 0

Number of DoNotAge LSA 0

Flood list length 0

R2>show ip ospf neighbor

Neighbor ID	Pri	State	Dead Time	Address	Interface
192.168.31.33	100	FULL/BDR	00:00:37	192.168.1.3	GigabitEthernet0/0
192.168.31.11	255	FULL/DR	00:00:37	192.168.1.1	GigabitEthernet0/0

```
R3>show ip protocols
```

```
Routing Protocol is "ospf 1"
```

```
Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set
```

```
Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set
```

```
Router ID 192.168.31.33
```

```
Number of areas in this router is 1. 1 normal 0 stub 0 nssa
```

```
Maximum path: 4
```

```
Routing for Networks:
```

```
192.168.1.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
```

```
Routing Information Sources:
```

```
Gateway Distance Last Update
```

```
192.168.31.11 110 00:08:31
```

```
192.168.31.22 110 00:08:31
```

```
192.168.31.33 110 00:08:31
```

```
Distance: (default is 110)
```

```
R3>show ip ospf
```

```
Routing Process "ospf 1" with ID 192.168.31.33
```

```
Supports only single TOS(TOS0) routes
```

```
Supports opaque LSA
```

```
SPF schedule delay 5 secs, Hold time between two SPFs 10 secs
```

```
Minimum LSA interval 5 secs. Minimum LSA arrival 1 secs
```

```
Number of external LSA 0. Checksum Sum 0x000000
```

```
Number of opaque AS LSA 0. Checksum Sum 0x000000
```

```
Number of DCbitless external and opaque AS LSA 0
```

```
Number of DoNotAge external and opaque AS LSA 0
```

```
Number of areas in this router is 1. 1 normal 0 stub 0 nssa
```

```
External flood list length 0
```

```
Area BACKBONE(0)
```

```
Number of interfaces in this area is 1
```

```
Area has no authentication
```

```
SPF algorithm executed 3 times
```

```
Area ranges are
```

```
Number of LSA 4. Checksum Sum 0x01bd7b
```

```
Number of opaque link LSA 0. Checksum Sum 0x000000
```

```
Number of DCbitless LSA 0
```

```
Number of indication LSA 0
```

```
Number of DoNotAge LSA 0
```

```
Flood list length 0
```

```
R3>show ip ospf neighbor
```

Neighbor ID	Pri	State	Dead Time	Address	Interface
192.168.31.11	255	FULL/DR	00:00:32	192.168.1.1	GigabitEthernet0/1
192.168.31.22	0	FULL/DROTHER	00:00:32	192.168.1.2	GigabitEthernet0/1

Test połączenie routerów

```
R1>ping 192.168.31.22
```

```
Type escape sequence to abort.
```

```
Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 192.168.31.22, timeout is 2 seconds:
```

```
.!!!!
```

```
Success rate is 80 percent (4/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 0/2/11 ms
```

```
R1>ping 192.168.31.33
```

```
Type escape sequence to abort.
```

```
Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 192.168.31.33, timeout is 2 seconds:
```

```
!!!!!
```

```
Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 0/0/0 ms
```

Napotkane problemy

Zadanie nie wymagało samodzielnego rozwiązywania problemów.

Wnioski

Celem zadania było stworzenie prostej sieci ze współdzielonymi interfejsami sieciowymi z automatycznym trasowaniem poprzez protokół OSPFv2. W protokole możemy ustawić które routery powinny być najważniejsze pod względem przechowywania informacji o sieci. Priorytet ustawiany jest według kolejności wdrażania do strefy lub poprzez polecenie:

```
interface [nazwa int]

ip ospf priority [priorytet]
```

W takiej konfiguracji routery same ustalą kto ma najwyższe priorytety w sieci oraz nadadzą im odpowiednią klasyfikację DR, BDR, a reszcie - BDO. W przypadku ćwiczenia krok ten zmienił zupełnie strukturę sieci; R1 stał się głównym routerem, R3 zapasowym, a R2 innym. Oryginalny priorytet z wdrażania to: R3 - > R2 -> R1.