Homework 1

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Initial Experiment

We start with a genetic algorithm that solves the OneMax problem, with a population size of 100, randomly generated initial population, genome length of 200 binary bits, one-point crossover, crossover rate of 0.8, mutation rate of 0.005, and a fitness proportional selection, running up to 100 generations.
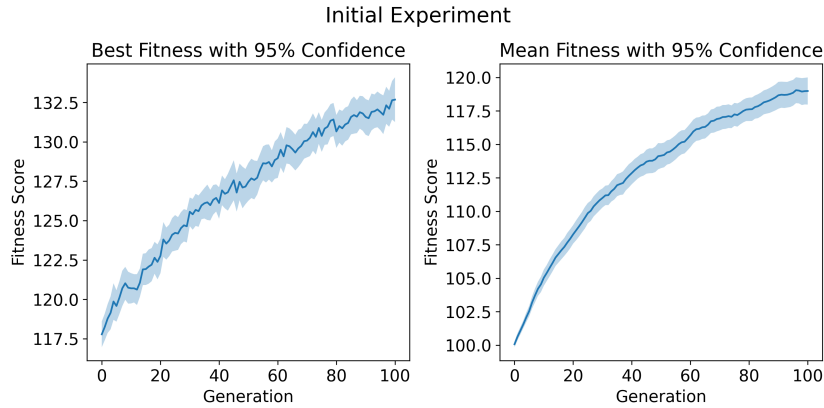

Figure 1: Best and mean fitness with their 95% confidence intervals at each generation, averaged over 50 runs.

The average best fitness at the end of each run was 132.68, with a standard deviation of 5.12 and confidence interval of $[131.26, 134.10]$. There were no runs where an optimum individual was found.

Comparison of Population Sizes

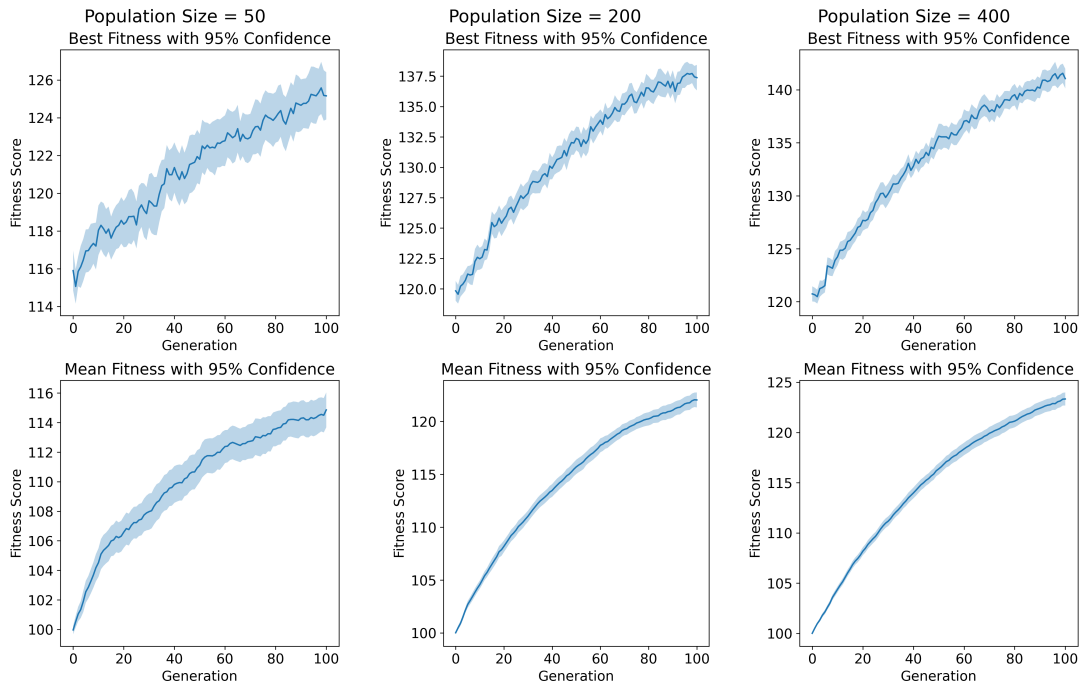We maintain the initial parameters, but test population sizes of 50, 200, and 400.

Figure 2: Comparison of best and mean fitness at each generation when testing different population sizes.

Population Size	Average Best Fitness	Standard Deviation	Confidence Interval	Generation of First Optimum
50	125.16	4.51	[123.91, 126.41]	N/A
100	132.68	5.12	[131.26, 134.10]	N/A
200	137.38	3.78	[136.33, 138.43]	N/A
400	141.06	3.33	[140.14, 141.98]	N/A

Table 1: Comparison of average best fitness over 50 runs with its standard deviation and 95% confidence interval between experiments with different population sizes. If an optimum indiviudal was found, the average generation of the first optimum individual found was reported. Otherwise, N/A was reported.

Evaluation: Both Figure 2 and Table 1 show that GA performance improves as population size increases.

Comparison of Mutation Rates

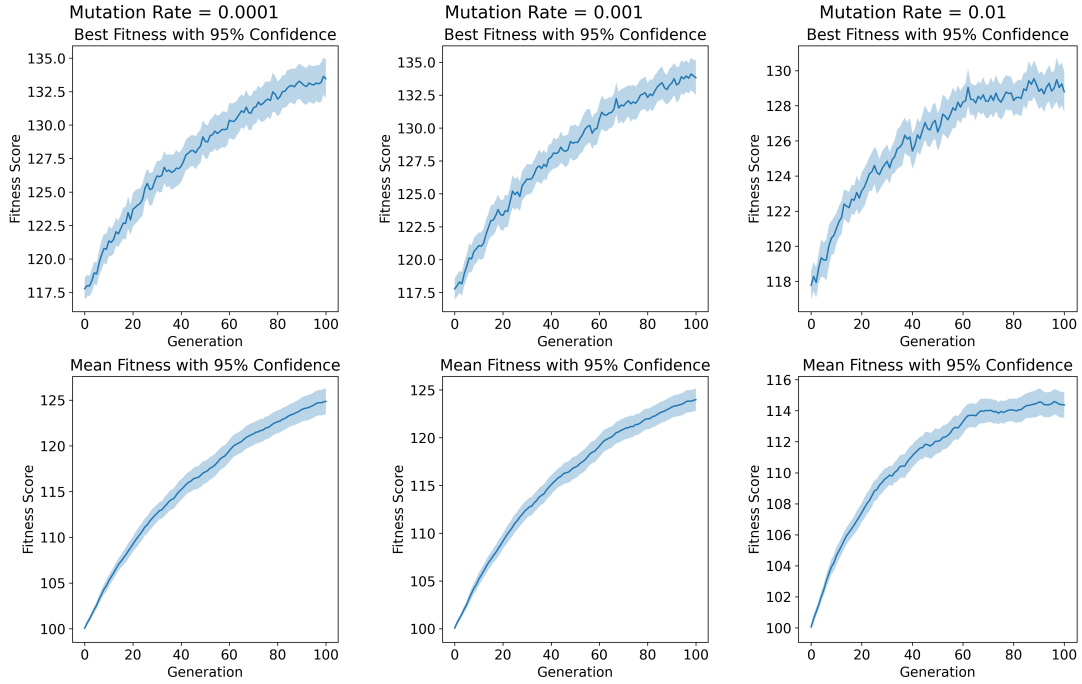We maintain the initial parameters, but test mutation rates of 0.0001, 0.001, and 0.01.

Figure 3: Comparison of best and mean fitness at each generation when testing different mutation rates.

Mutation Rate	Average Best Fitness	Standard Deviation	Confidence Interval	Generation of First Optimum
0.0001	133.46	4.51	[132.00, 134.92]	N/A
0.001	133.82	4.76	[132.50, 135.14]	N/A
0.005	132.68	5.12	[131.26, 134.10]	N/A
0.01	128.80	4.14	[127.65, 129.95]	N/A

Table 2: Comparison of average best fitness over 50 runs with its standard deviation and 95% confidence interval between experiments with different mutation rates. If an optimum indiviudal was found, the average generation of the first optimum individual found was reported. Otherwise, N/A was reported.

Evaluation: Both Figure 3 and Table 2 show that GA performance is highest around a mutation rate of 0.001.

Comparison of Crossover Rates

We maintain the initial parameters, but test crossover rates of 0.4, 0.6, and 1.0.
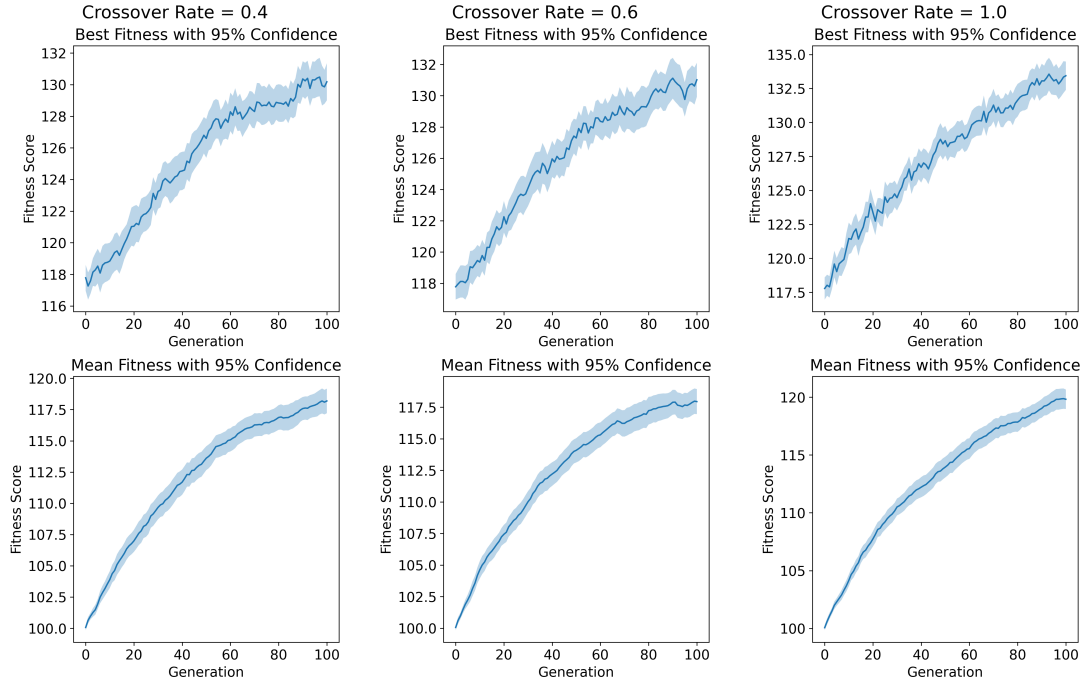
Figure 4: Comparison of best and mean fitness at each generation when testing different crossover rates.

Crossover Rate	Average Best Fitness	Standard Deviation	Confidence Interval	Generation of First Optimum
0.4	130.18	4.23	[129.01, 131.35]	N/A
0.6	131.02	3.92	[129.93, 132.11]	N/A
0.8	132.68	5.12	[131.26, 134.10]	N/A
1.0	133.44	3.76	[132.40, 134.48]	N/A

Table 3: Comparison of average best fitness over 50 runs with its standard deviation and 95% confidence interval between experiments with different crossover rates. If an optimum indiviudal was found, the average generation of the first optimum individual found was reported. Otherwise, N/A was reported.

Evaluation: Both Figure 4 and Table 3 show that GA performance improves as crossover rate increases.

Comparison of Selection Methods

We maintain the initial parameters, but test tournament selection, rank selection, and random selection.
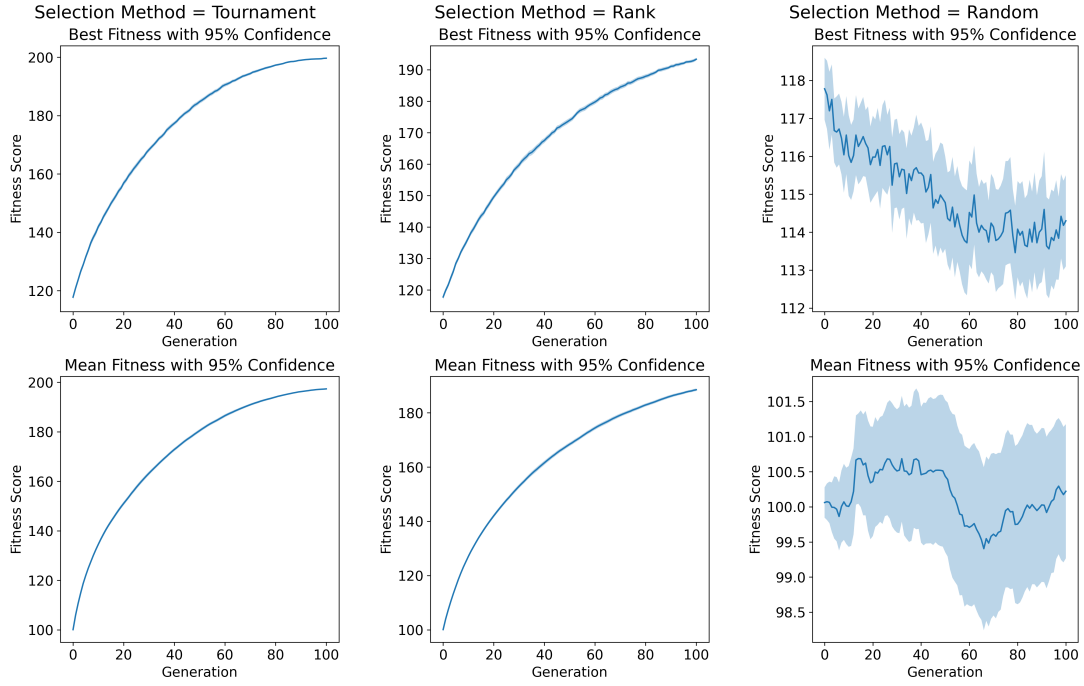
Figure 5: Comparison of best and mean fitness at each generation when testing different selection methods.

Selection Method	Average Best Fitness	Standard Deviation	Confidence Interval	Generation of First Optimum
Fitness Proportional	132.68	5.12	[131.26, 134.10]	N/A
Tournament (tournsize=3)	199.66	0.48	[199.53, 199.79]	90.47
Rank	193.34	1.60	[192.90, 193.78]	N/A
Random	114.3	4.33	[113.10, 115.50]	N/A

Table 4: Comparison of average best fitness over 50 runs with its standard deviation and 95% confidence interval between experiments with different selection methods, where tournsize is the number of individuals being considered in each tournament. If an optimum indiviudal was found, the average generation of the first optimum individual found was reported. Otherwise, N/A was reported.

Evaluation: Both Figure 5 and Table 4 show that GA performance is highest with tournament selection, followed by rank selection, fitness proportional selection, and random selection, in that order. Also, GA performance seems to be heavily dependent on the selection method.

Best Performance

The tournament selection with initial parameters already found an optimum individual, so the goal is to reach this optimum individual in an earlier generation.

When using the best individual best parameters found in the earlier comparisons, the lower mutation rate actually decreased the performance as there was less variation between individuals and the GA could not take the full advantage of tournament selection. The first generation with an optimum individual was earlier as crossover rate and population size increased. However, increasing population size also proportionally increased runtime. Also, as the crossover rate increased, the GA became more deterministic, resulting in most following experiments having a standard deviation of 0.

Population Size	Mutation Rate	Crossover Rate	Selection Method	Generation of First Optimum
100	0.005	0.8	Tournament (tournsize=3)	90.47
200	0.005	0.8	Tournament (tournsize=3)	73.90
200	0.005	1.0	Tournament (tournsize=3)	55.72
200	0.005	1.0	Tournament (tournsize=8)	44.42
200	0.005	1.0	Tournament (tournsize=100)	37.30
400	0.005	1.0	Tournament (tournsize=100)	29.50

Table 5: Generation of first optimum between runs with different parameters (population size, mutation rate, crossover rate, selection method), where tournsize is the number of individuals being considered in each tournament.
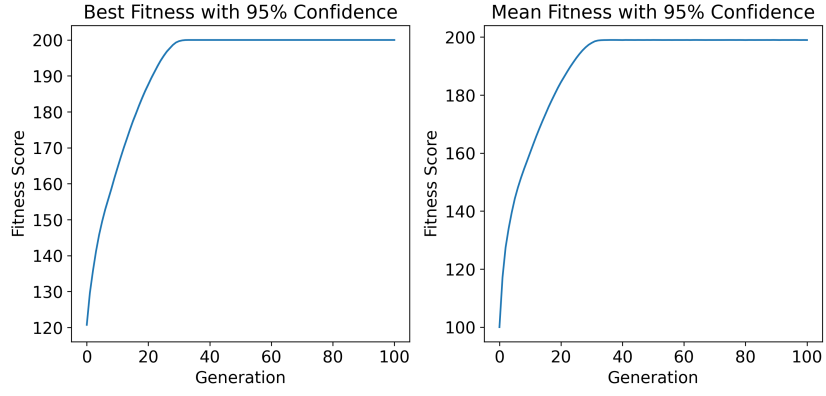
Figure 6: Best and mean fitness with their 95% confidence intervals at each generation, averaged over 50 runs, using the best found parameters (population size of 400, mutation rate of 0.005, crossover rate of 1.0, and tournament selection with a tournsize of 100).

Using a population size of 400, mutation rate of 0.005, crossover rate of 1.0, and tournament selection with a tournsize of 100, the average best fitness at the end of each run was 200.0, with a standard deviation of 0.0 and confidence interval of [200.0, 200.0]. The average first generation with an optimum individual was 37.30.