# FlashPro Express Tutorial: Installing and Running

Created by: David Rubio G.

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Blog: <a href="https://soceame.wordpress.com/">https://soceame.wordpress.com/</a>

GitHub: <a href="https://github.com/DRubioG">https://github.com/DRubioG</a>

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In this mini-tutorial I'm going to explain how to install and run FlashPro Express.

First of all, **FlashPro Express** is the software provided by Microchip to program their FPGAs/SoCs without the need to use Libero (which internally has an option to program the FPGAs).

**Note**: do not confuse FlashPro, which is the official Microchip debugging cable, with FlashPro Express, which is the software that allows you to program FPGAs/SoCs. Some boards do not need a FlashPro cable to program FPGAs with FlashPro Express, because it is already integrated.

# **Installation**

The installation of FlashPro Express is supposed to come installed with the Full version of the Libero installer, so it is possible that you already have it installed. In case you do not have it installed, either because you have not installed Libero, you do not want to install Libero (because you are in a production environment) or it has not been installed with Libero, I will now explain how to do it.

First, we go to the FlashPro page and go to the Download Software section, and click on the link to install the *stand-alone* option.

# **FlashPro**

The FlashPro programming tool provides JTAG programming for the IGLOO® 2, SmartFusion® 2, RTG4™, IGLOO, ProASIC® 3 (including RT ProASIC 3), SmartFusion, Fusion, ProASIC Plus® and legacy and discontinued Flash FPGA families.

FlashPro is available as a stand-alone version and is also integrated with Libero® SoC Design Suite version 11.9 or earlier releases.

Install FlashPro Express standalone tool, if you are using Libero® SoC Design Suite version 12.0 or later.

### **Hardware Programmers**

The below hardware programmers are used to program the FPGA families listed in overview section, through FlashPro programming tool.

# FlashPro5 Programmer

It is a programmer supporting all FPGAs in the PolarFire, RT PolarFire, PolarFire SoC, SmartFusion2, IGLOO2, RTG4, SmartFusion, Fusion, IGLOO, ProASIC3 and RT ProASIC3 series. FlashPro 5 offers high performance through the use of USB 2.0 that supports Serial Peripheral Interconnect (SPI) slave and JTAG interfaces.

The minimum version requirements to run FlashPro6, on Windows and Linux, are Libero SoC, FlashPro, FlashPro Express and SmartDebug version 11.4 or later.

Learn More

### FlashPro4 Programmer

It is a programmer supporting all FPGAs in the PolarFire, SmartFusion2, IGLOO2, RTG4, IGLOO, ProASIC3, (including RT ProASIC3), SmartFusion and Fusion families. FlashPro4 offers high performance using USB 2.0.

The minimum version requirements to run FlashPro4, on Windows, are Libero IDE & FlashPro v8.6 or later, all versions of Libero SoC, FlashPro Express v 12.2 or later and SmartDebug v11.0 or later.

Learn More

# FlashPro Lite Programmer

FlashPro Lite is used exclusively with the ProASICPLUS family. FlashPro Lite provides all required programming voltages. The programming connection to the target board is a 26-pin SAMTEC micro header on the target board. A replaceable programming cable is connected to the FlashPro Lite. FlashPro Lite is conveniently powered by the target board.

FlashPro Lite supports in all the versions of Libero IDE releases on Windows platform.

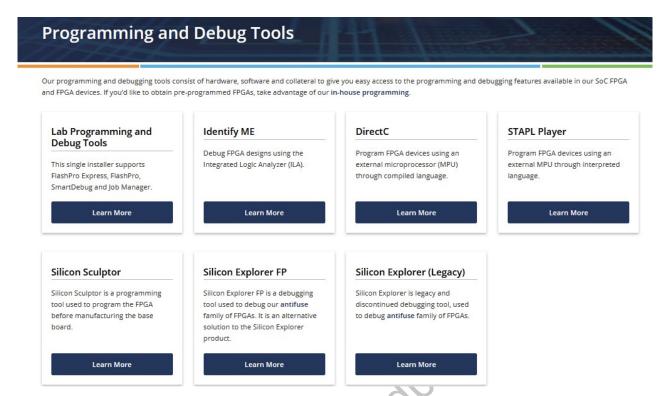
Learn more

# **Download Software**

FlashPro is installed as part of Libero SoC Design Suite version 11.9 or earlier releases.

A stand-alone FlashPro tool is used for lab programming on machines that do not require a full version of Libero SoC Design Suite. It is available as part of our Programming and Debug Tools version 11.9 or earlier.

This takes us to the next tab, so now we click on the Lab Programming and Debug Tools option.



Now we are on the page where FlashPro Express is installed. It lets us choose the operating system on which we are going to install it.

When we click on it, the installer is automatically downloaded, without the need to have a Microchip account or an associated computer.

# Lab Programming and Debug Tools

Our lab programming and debug tools provide you with a complete set of tools to debug Microchip FPGAs in a lab or production environment. These tools program and debug PolarFire SoC, PolarFire FPGA, RTG4<sup>III</sup>, SmartFusion 2, IGLOO 5, IGL

- FlashPro Express: Updated version of JTAG and In-System Programming (ISP) for Flash FPGAs on Windows and Linux®
- . SmartDebug: A stand-alone program to debug FPGA resources on the fly without reprogramming or recompiling the designs
- Job Manager: Provides support for program jobs for regular and secured production programming flow

Program and debug a stand-alone system within the lab environment for design, verification and validation of the design under test to quickly find and fix bugs. In addition, these tools can be utilized in conjunction with the Secure Production Programming Solution (SPPS) to program the FPGA devices. This is easily completed using the Thales FIPS 140-2 Level 3-certified Hardware Security Modules (HSMs), custom firmware and the state-of-the-art security protocols built into every PolarFire SoC, PolarFire, SmartFusion 2 SoC and IGLOO 2 FDCA

## **Hardware Programmers**

FlashPro6

Use the following hardware to program Flash FPGAs.









Latest Software

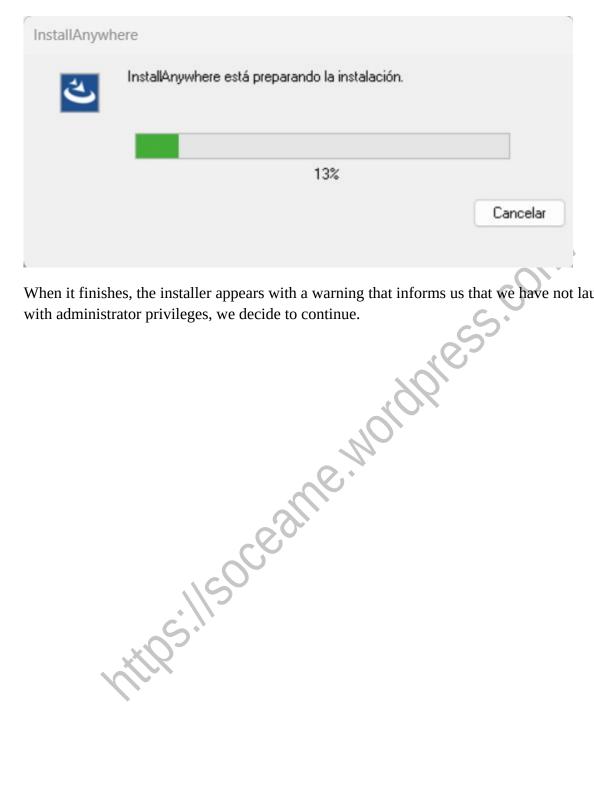
Software Download Archive

### Programming and Debug v2024.2 (10/14/2024)

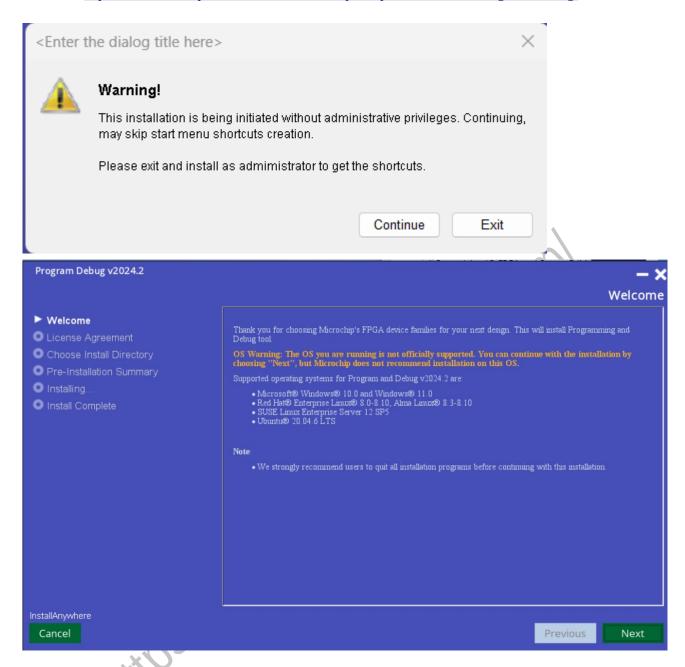
• Programming and Debug Tools v2024.2 Release Notes

Operating System	Download Software	Checksum
Windows®	Programming and Debug v2024.2	md5sum: 7189a92a3b114b217d3b2cc85e4c7522 sha268sum: 888d cae92b24f2bd95051daa5b7e104835b382a4071adbda66d834c4c1297378
Lin ux®	Programming and Debug v2024.2	md5s um: 3da 336700 28e0ab3 a32cda 0fa5a6 b437 sha2 56s um: aa4d 79f85aa eabf18 cefd6ab a3958d cff122 07bd70d 5e3f17 ee5582d 4310da cd

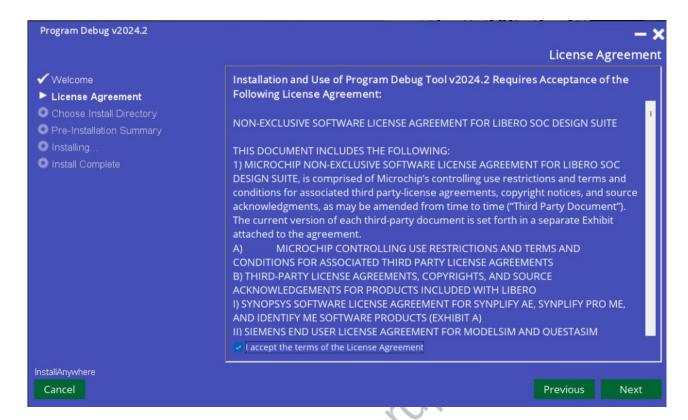
When we launch the installer, a download tab opens.



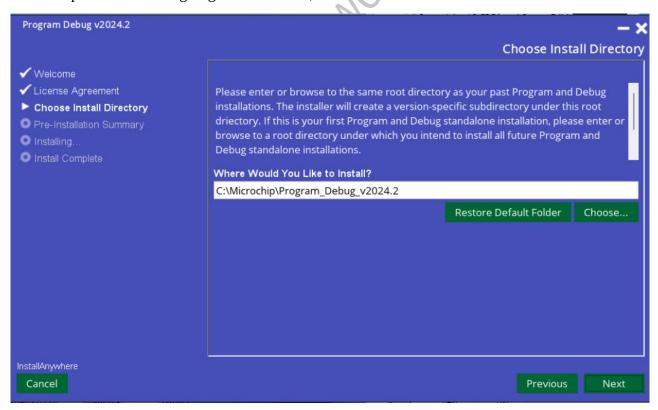
When it finishes, the installer appears with a warning that informs us that we have not launched it with administrator privileges, we decide to continue.



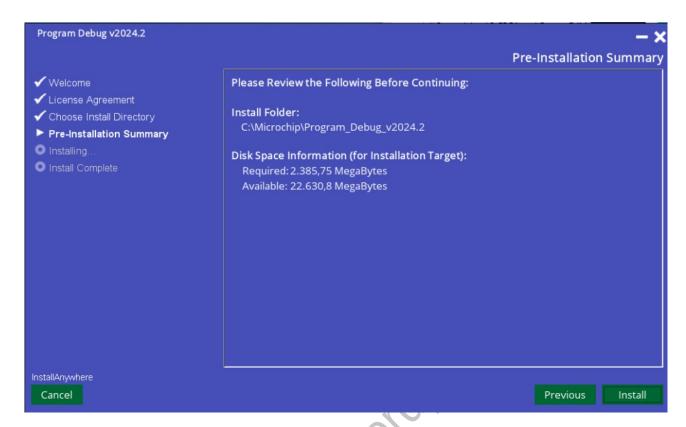
The next tab is the license, accept and Next.



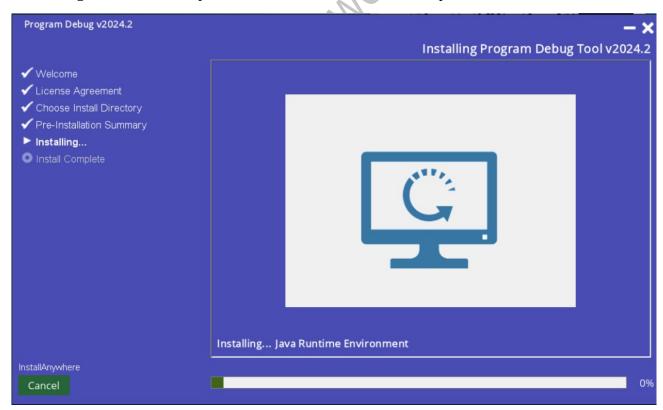
Then the place where it is going to be installed, Next.



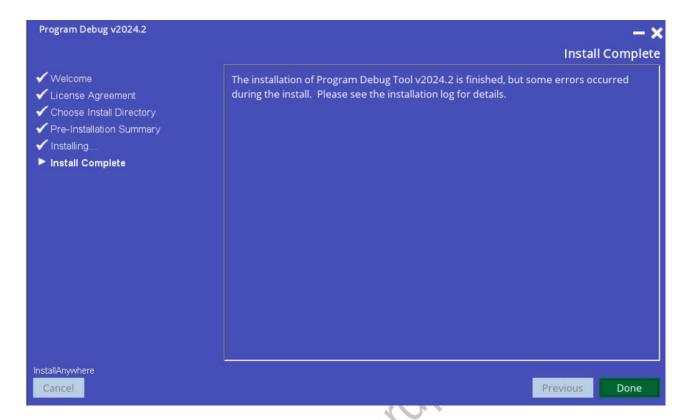
Then the information on how much it is going to occupy, Install.



Then it begins to install, it is possible that it asks for administrator permissions.



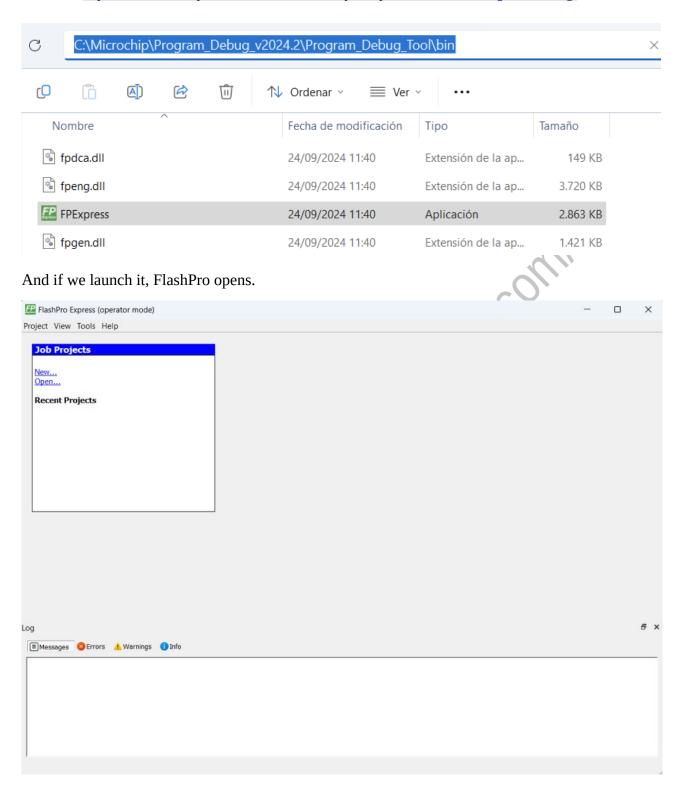
Once finished, we click Done.



Now to search for it in the system it is called FPExpress (it is not called "FlashPro").



In case it does not appear it is in the bin folder within the installation path, in my case *C*: \Microchip\Program\_Debug\_v2024.2\Program\_Debug\_Tool\bin.



# **Running FlashPro Express**

There are two options to use FlashPro Express: you can send us a **FlashPro Express project from Libero** (which is not really a project, but the information to create one), or you can send us **just the bitstream**. Microchip bitstreams have several formats, the most commonly used are *.ppd* and *.stp*.

All the export options are in *Libero's Handoff Design for Production*.

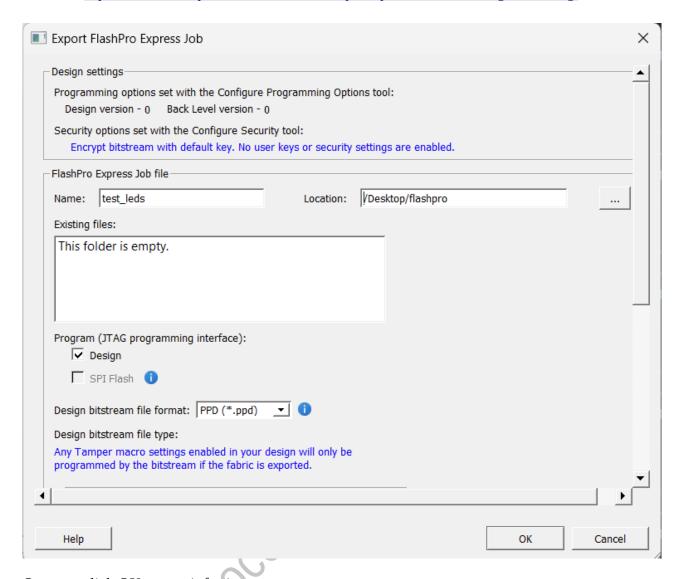


# FlashPro Express Project

This way of working is the most recommended for production systems, because one project is created per bitstream. This option is not recommended for development because it generates a project for each bitstream.

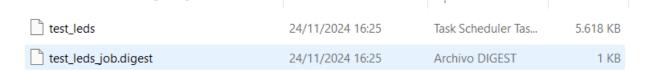
To export a FlashPro Express project, you have to select the *Export FlashPro Express Job* option from Libero.

When you click on the option, a tab will appear asking you what you are going to call the project that is being exported and where you are going to save it. In addition, it will ask you what type of bitstream you are going to export.

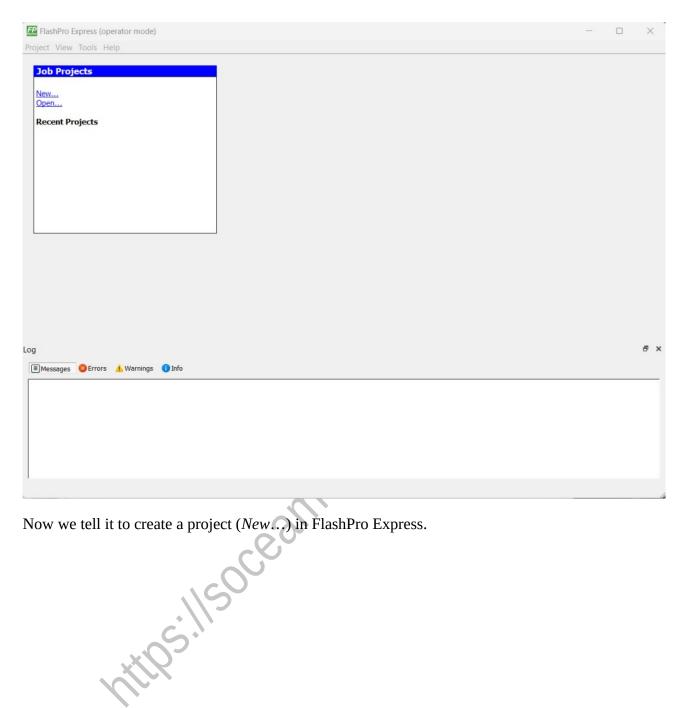


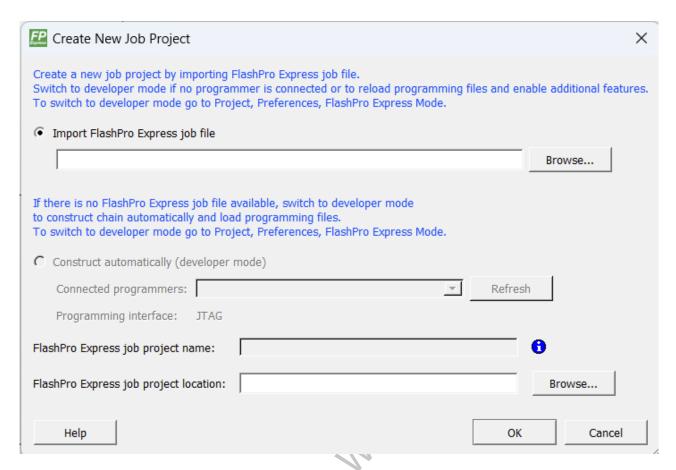
Once we click OK, we wait for it to export.

Once exported, it generates these two files.

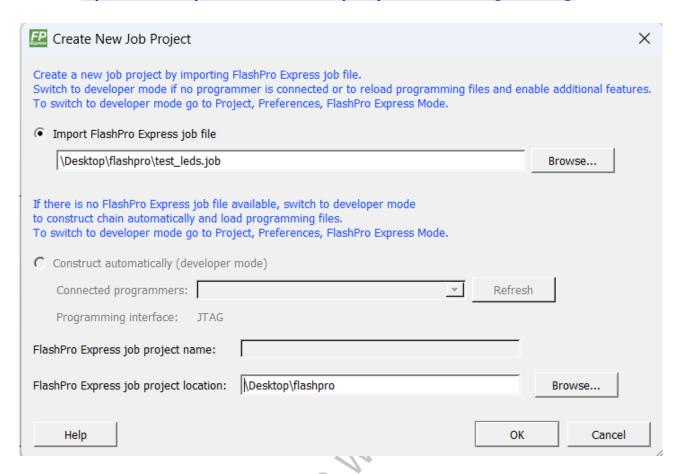


The next step is to open FlashPro Express.

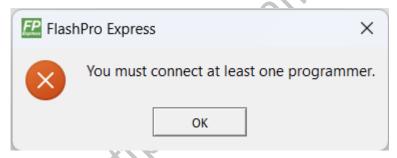




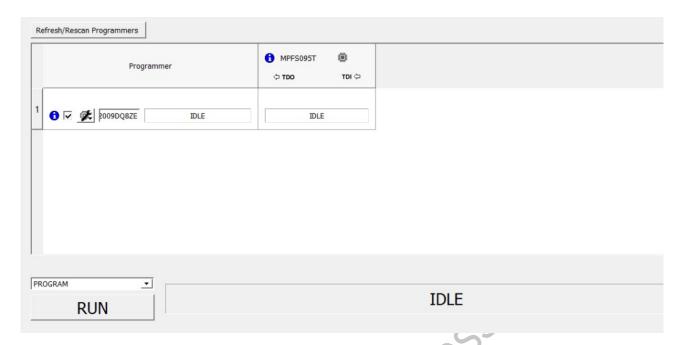
Now it will ask us to give it the project that we have exported from Libero, and also where it will create the FlashPro Express project.



To launch FlashPro Express, it will ask us to connect the debugger cable or the board that has the debugger inside.



If we connect the debugger and open the project that has been created, FlashPro Express opens. Then, the serial number of the debugger appears.



And in the tab below, the type of debugger that we are using appears.

```
Rescanning for Programmers...

Programmer 'E2009DQ8ZE' : JTAG TCK / SPI SCK frequency = 1 MHz

programmer 'E2009DQ8ZE' : FlashPro5

Rescanning for Programmers DONE.

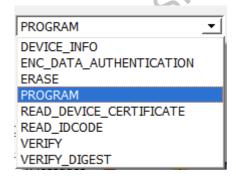
Rescanning for Programmers...

Programmer 'E2009DQ8ZE' : JTAG TCK / SPI SCK frequency = 1 MHz

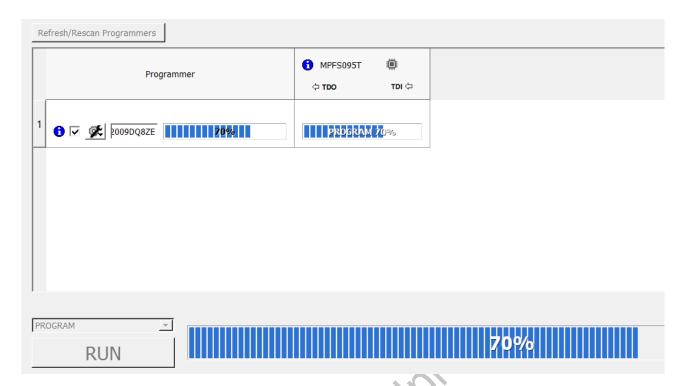
programmer 'E2009DQ8ZE' : FlashPro5

Rescanning for Programmers DONE.
```

Also, there is a tab that gives us the different options that can be executed in FlashPro Express (Libero also allows us to use these same options). The ERASE and PROGRAM options are those that act directly on the operation of the FPGA, the rest are for obtaining information from the FPGA.



The option that interests us is the PROGRAM option, to program the FPGA (or the SoC, because the SoC can also be recorded, but the binary of the embedded SW part has to be within a bitstream, I will talk about this in another post). When you click on it, the recording operation begins.



And when it finishes, it tells us if it has been recorded correctly, and with this the FPGA/SoC is programmed.

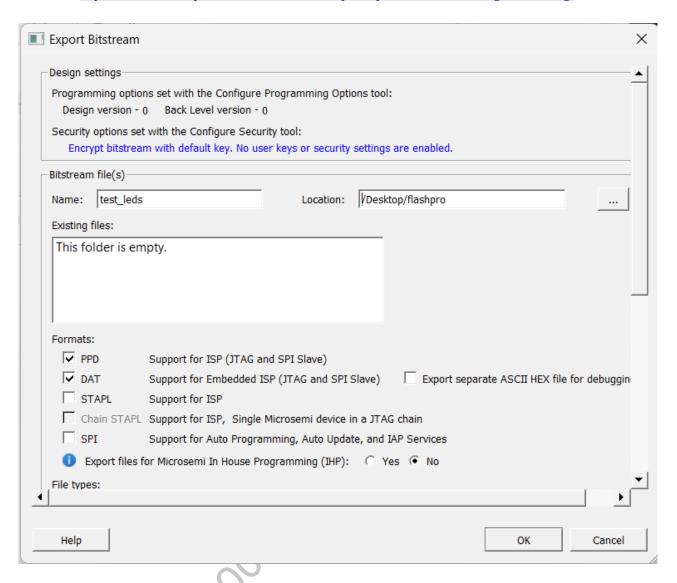


And with this the FPGA is programmed with a FlashPro Express Job.

# Single bitstream

Now we go to the case in which you are given a loose bitstream. This option is the most recommended if you want to reprogram the FPGA continuously, because with a single project of this type you can record as many times as you want.

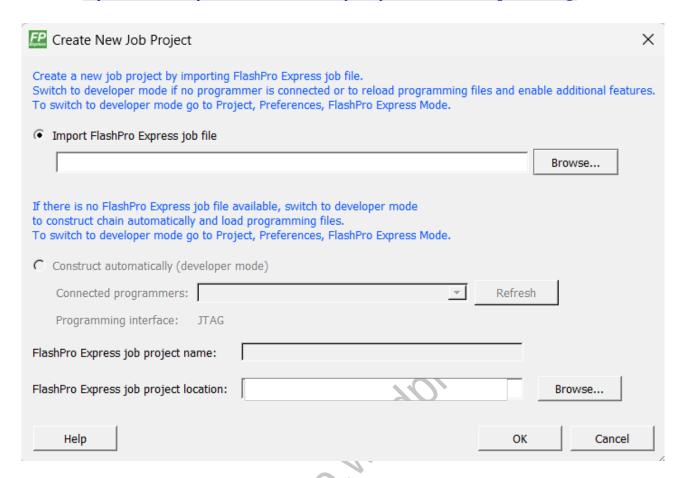
To do this, the first thing is to export the bitstream from Libero, in the *Export Bitstream* option. You only need to choose a bitstream format.



When exporting it, it generates two files per type of bitstream.

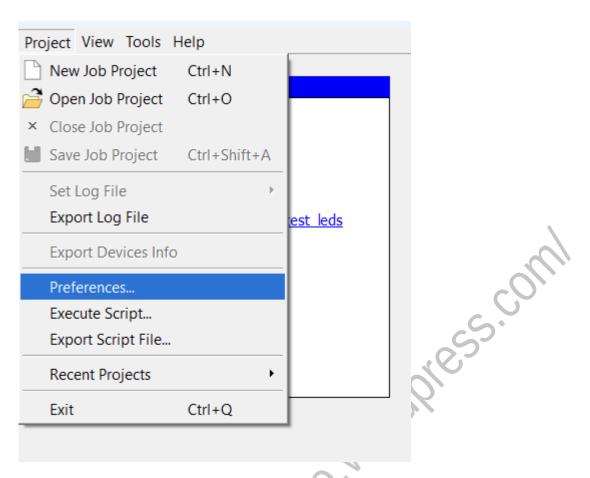
- test\_leds.dat
- test\_leds.ppd
- test\_leds\_dat.digest
- test\_leds\_ppd.digest

Now we go to *FlashPro Express*, and we see that the *Construct automatically* option is disabled. Well, what we have to do is enable it.

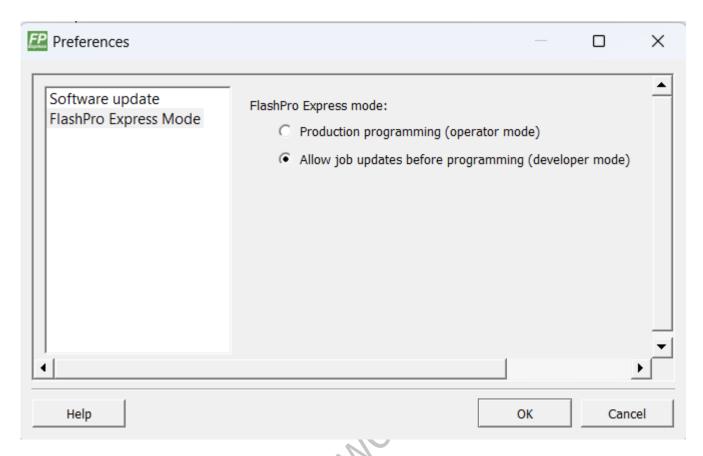


To activate it, we have to go to the *Project* tab and to *Preferences*.

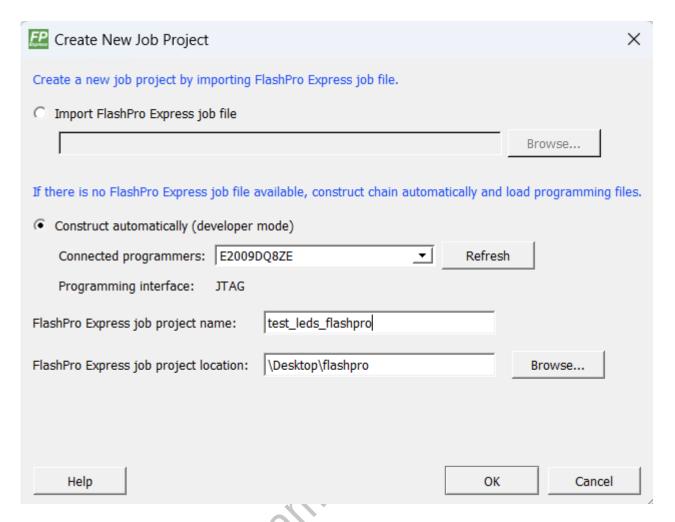
CHILDS: 1180CEST



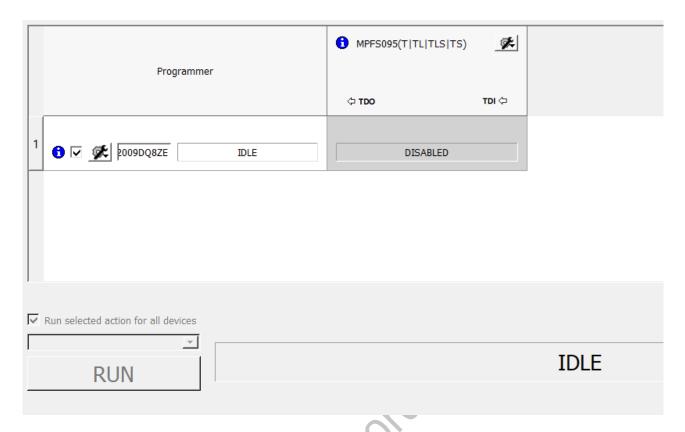
Now a tab opens, in the FlashPro Express Mode option we have to check the Allow job updates before programming (developer mode) option.



Once checked we can create a project in developer mode, we just have to pass the name of the FlashPro Express project and the location of the project.

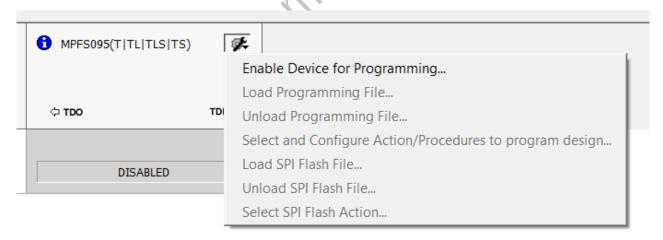


Now FlashPro Express opens but there is no bitstream selected to record. The type of device is recognized by the debugger.



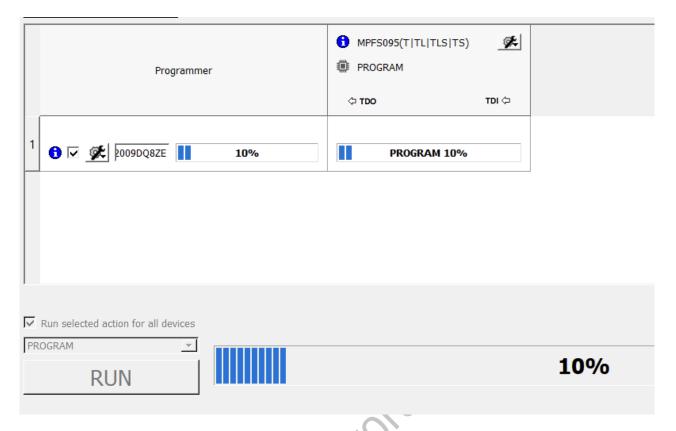
To indicate the bitstream to be recorded there are two options.

• **In the name gear.** First we mark the option *Enable Device for Programming*, and it will ask us to tell it which bitstream we want to record.

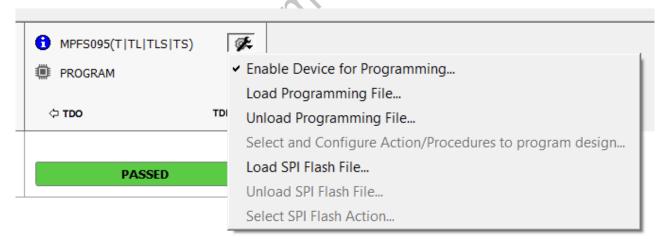


Once we tell it which bitstream we are going to record, it then tells us if we want the bitstream we are going to use to be recorded in the FlashPro Express project folder. This is a good way to keep version control, because with this way of programming we can change the bitstream as many times as we want to record it, while with the *FlashPro Express Job* we cannot change the bitstream every time we want to record it, but we will have to create a FlashPro Express project for each recording.

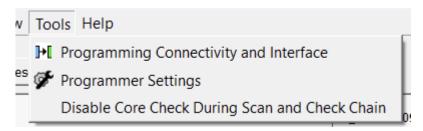
Now we can record the FPGA.



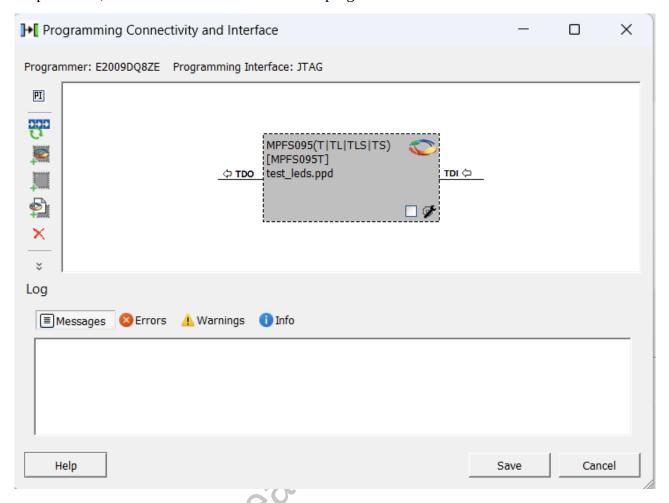
If we want to change the bitstream, all we have to do is go back to the gear and click on *Load Programming File*, and it will ask us for the new bitstream, and tell us if we want to copy it to the project folder.



• **In Tools**. The *Programming Connectivity* and Interface option opens a tab.



It opens a tab, which is the one that allows us to program chained devices.



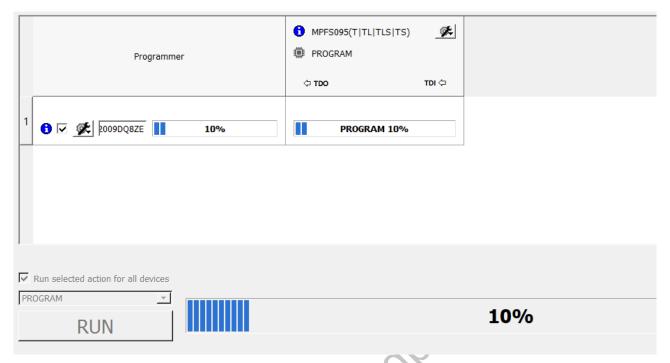
If we right-click on it, it allows us to enable the device to record or load a bitstream.



In order to record, the *Enable Device for Programming* option must be checked, either by this method or by the gear. It can also be enabled in the box that has the block.

And to choose the bitstream, just check the *Load Programming File...* option and select it.

When everything is done, the FPGA can be programmed.



# Final note

FlashPro Express can also be run by **TCL** commands through the terminal, which can be more useful for production, and it is programmed faster by commands, it just inv