

Algorithms and Data Structures

Python Packages for Data Science



Agenda

- What are Python packages
- Packages specifically for Data Science
 - Numpy
 - Pandas
 - Matplotlib
 - Seaborn



Matplotlib

- Matplotlib is a graph plotting library
- Specifically designed for data visualization
- Open, free, mostly in Python.



Import

- `import matplotlib`
- Or:
- `import matplotlib.pyplot as plt` (most often)



Simple Plot

- Create two lists of data:
 - x for values on x-axis (by default, `arange(size of y)`)
 - y for value on y-axis
- `plt.plot(x, y)` for a 2D trend of x and y, or data points as (x, y)
- Mark: ['o', '*', '.', ',', 'x', 'X', '+', 'P', 's', 'D', 'd', 'p', 'H', 'h', 'v', '^', '<', '>', '1', '2', '3', '4', '|', '_']
- Line: ['-', ':', '--', '-.']
- Color: ['r', 'g', 'b', 'c', 'm', 'y', 'k', 'w']
- Multiple lines



Plot Settings

- Labels:
 - `plt.xlabel('labelx')`
 - `plt.ylabel('labely')`
- Title:
 - `plt.title('Title')`
- Grid
 - `plt.grid()`, `plt.grid(axis = 'x')`, `plt.grid(axis = 'y')`
- Legend
 - `plt.legend()`



Subplots

- `plt.subplot(row, column, position)`
- Each subplot should have separate settings (labels, titles, legends)



Scatter plots

- `plt.scatter(x, y)`
- ColorMap (3rd dimension of data)
 - `plt.scatter(x, y, camp)`
 - There are many colormaps ready for use
- Dot size (3rd dimension of data)
 - `plt.scatter(x, y, size)`
 - You can setup the transparency using alpha
 - You can combine colormap and dot size for more information.



Other plots

- Bars
- Histograms
- Pie
 - Labels
 - Legends
 - Explode



Data Visualization

- We want to deliver information - efficiently and effectively.
- Data Visualization aims at information delivery
- A classic video to watch:
 - Data Visualization by Hans Rolling (<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RUwS1uAdUcI>)
- A good example to read:
 - Tracking Omicron and Other Coronavirus Variants: <https://www.nytimes.com/interactive/2021/health/coronavirus-variant-tracker.html>



Thank you!