**Graphical Parameters**

adj

The value of adj determines the way in which text strings are justified in [text](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/text.html), [mtext](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/mtext.html) and [title](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/title.html). A value of 0 produces left-justified text, 0.5 (the default) centered text and 1 right-justified text. (Any value in *[0, 1]*is allowed, and on most devices values outside that interval will also work.)

Note that the adj *argument* of [text](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/text.html) also allows adj = c(x, y) for different adjustment in x- and y- directions. Note that whereas for text it refers to positioning of text about a point, for mtext and title it controls placement within the plot or device region.

ann

If set to FALSE, high-level plotting functions calling [plot.default](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/plot.default.html) do not annotate the plots they produce with axis titles and overall titles. The default is to do annotation.

ask

logical. If TRUE (and the **R** session is interactive) the user is asked for input, before a new figure is drawn. As this applies to the device, it also affects output by packages **grid** and [**lattice**](http://cran.r-project.org/package=lattice). It can be set even on non-screen devices but may have no effect there.

This not really a graphics parameter, and its use is deprecated in favour of [devAskNewPage](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/grDevices/html/devAskNewPage.html).

bg

The color to be used for the background of the device region. When called from par() it also sets new = FALSE. See section ‘Color Specification’ for suitable values. For many devices the initial value is set from the bg argument of the device, and for the rest it is normally "white".

Note that some graphics functions such as [plot.default](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/plot.default.html) and [points](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/points.html) have an *argument* of this name with a different meaning.

bty

A character string which determined the type of [box](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/box.html) which is drawn about plots. If bty is one of "o" (the default), "l", "7", "c", "u", or "]" the resulting box resembles the corresponding upper case letter. A value of "n" suppresses the box.

cex

A numerical value giving the amount by which plotting text and symbols should be magnified relative to the default. This starts as 1 when a device is opened, and is reset when the layout is changed, e.g. by settingmfrow.

Note that some graphics functions such as [plot.default](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/plot.default.html) have an *argument* of this name which *multiplies* this graphical parameter, and some functions such as [points](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/points.html) and [text](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/text.html) accept a vector of values which are recycled.

cex.axis

The magnification to be used for axis annotation relative to the current setting of cex.

cex.lab

The magnification to be used for x and y labels relative to the current setting of cex.

cex.main

The magnification to be used for main titles relative to the current setting of cex.

cex.sub

The magnification to be used for sub-titles relative to the current setting of cex.

cin

***R.O.***; character size (width, height) in inches. These are the same measurements as cra, expressed in different units.

col

A specification for the default plotting color. See section ‘Color Specification’.

Some functions such as [lines](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/lines.html) and [text](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/text.html) accept a vector of values which are recycled and may be interpreted slightly differently.

col.axis

The color to be used for axis annotation. Defaults to "black".

col.lab

The color to be used for x and y labels. Defaults to "black".

col.main

The color to be used for plot main titles. Defaults to "black".

col.sub

The color to be used for plot sub-titles. Defaults to "black".

cra

***R.O.***; size of default character (width, height) in ‘rasters’ (pixels). Some devices have no concept of pixels and so assume an arbitrary pixel size, usually 1/72 inch. These are the same measurements as cin, expressed in different units.

crt

A numerical value specifying (in degrees) how single characters should be rotated. It is unwise to expect values other than multiples of 90 to work. Compare with srt which does string rotation.

csi

***R.O.***; height of (default-sized) characters in inches. The same as par("cin")[2].

cxy

***R.O.***; size of default character (width, height) in user coordinate units. par("cxy") is par("cin")/par("pin") scaled to user coordinates. Note that c([strwidth](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/strwidth.html)(ch), [strheight](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/strwidth.html)(ch)) for a given stringch is usually much more precise.

din

***R.O.***; the device dimensions, (width, height), in inches. See also [dev.size](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/grDevices/html/dev.size.html), which is updated immediately when an on-screen device windows is re-sized.

err

(*Unimplemented*; **R** is silent when points outside the plot region are *not* plotted.) The degree of error reporting desired.

family

The name of a font family for drawing text. The maximum allowed length is 200 bytes. This name gets mapped by each graphics device to a device-specific font description. The default value is "" which means that the default device fonts will be used (and what those are should be listed on the help page for the device). Standard values are "serif", "sans" and "mono", and the [Hershey](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/grDevices/html/Hershey.html) font families are also available. (Different devices may define others, and some devices will ignore this setting completely.) This can be specified inline for [text](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/text.html).

fg

The color to be used for the foreground of plots. This is the default color used for things like axes and boxes around plots. When called from par() this also sets parameter col to the same value. See section ‘Color Specification’. A few devices have an argument to set the initial value, which is otherwise "black".

fig

A numerical vector of the form c(x1, x2, y1, y2) which gives the (NDC) coordinates of the figure region in the display region of the device. If you set this, unlike S, you start a new plot, so to add to an existing plot use new = TRUE as well.

fin

The figure region dimensions, (width, height), in inches. If you set this, unlike S, you start a new plot.

font

An integer which specifies which font to use for text. If possible, device drivers arrange so that 1 corresponds to plain text (the default), 2 to bold face, 3 to italic and 4 to bold italic. Also, font 5 is expected to be the symbol font, in Adobe symbol encoding. On some devices font families can be selected by family to choose different sets of 5 fonts.

font.axis

The font to be used for axis annotation.

font.lab

The font to be used for x and y labels.

font.main

The font to be used for plot main titles.

font.sub

The font to be used for plot sub-titles.

lab

A numerical vector of the form c(x, y, len) which modifies the default way that axes are annotated. The values of x and y give the (approximate) number of tickmarks on the x and y axes and len specifies the label length. The default is c(5, 5, 7). Note that this only affects the way the parameters xaxp and yaxp are set when the user coordinate system is set up, and is not consulted when axes are drawn. len *is unimplemented* in **R**.

las

numeric in {0,1,2,3}; the style of axis labels.

0:

always parallel to the axis [*default*],

1:

always horizontal,

2:

always perpendicular to the axis,

3:

always vertical.

Also supported by [mtext](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/mtext.html). Note that string/character rotation *via* argument srt to par does *not* affect the axis labels.

lend

The line end style. This can be specified as an integer or string:

0

and "round" mean rounded line caps [*default*];

1

and "butt" mean butt line caps;

2

and "square" mean square line caps.

lheight

The line height multiplier. The height of a line of text (used to vertically space multi-line text) is found by multiplying the character height both by the current character expansion and by the line height multiplier. Default value is 1. Used in [text](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/text.html) and [strheight](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/strwidth.html).

ljoin

The line join style. This can be specified as an integer or string:

0

and "round" mean rounded line joins [*default*];

1

and "mitre" mean mitred line joins;

2

and "bevel" mean bevelled line joins.

lmitre

The line mitre limit. This controls when mitred line joins are automatically converted into bevelled line joins. The value must be larger than 1 and the default is 10. Not all devices will honour this setting.

lty

The line type. Line types can either be specified as an integer (0=blank, 1=solid (default), 2=dashed, 3=dotted, 4=dotdash, 5=longdash, 6=twodash) or as one of the character strings "blank", "solid","dashed", "dotted", "dotdash", "longdash", or "twodash", where "blank" uses ‘invisible lines’ (i.e., does not draw them).

Alternatively, a string of up to 8 characters (from c(1:9, "A":"F")) may be given, giving the length of line segments which are alternatively drawn and skipped. See section ‘Line Type Specification’.

Functions such as [lines](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/lines.html) and [segments](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/segments.html) accept a vector of values which are recycled.

lwd

The line width, a *positive* number, defaulting to 1. The interpretation is device-specific, and some devices do not implement line widths less than one. (See the help on the device for details of the interpretation.)

Functions such as [lines](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/lines.html) and [segments](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/segments.html) accept a vector of values which are recycled.

mai

A numerical vector of the form c(bottom, left, top, right) which gives the margin size specified in inches.

mar

A numerical vector of the form c(bottom, left, top, right) which gives the number of lines of margin to be specified on the four sides of the plot. The default is c(5, 4, 4, 2) + 0.1.

mex

mex is a character size expansion factor which is used to describe coordinates in the margins of plots. Note that this does not change the font size, rather specifies the size of font (as a multiple of csi) used to convert between mar and mai, and between oma and omi.

This starts as 1 when the device is opened, and is reset when the layout is changed (alongside resetting cex).

mfcol, mfrow

A vector of the form c(nr, nc). Subsequent figures will be drawn in an nr-by-nc array on the device by *columns* (mfcol), or *rows* (mfrow), respectively.

In a layout with exactly two rows and columns the base value of "cex" is reduced by a factor of 0.83: if there are three or more of either rows or columns, the reduction factor is 0.66.

Setting a layout resets the base value of cex and that of mex to 1.

If either of these is queried it will give the current layout, so querying cannot tell you the order in which the array will be filled.

Consider the alternatives, [layout](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/layout.html) and [split.screen](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/screen.html).

mfg

A numerical vector of the form c(i, j) where i and j indicate which figure in an array of figures is to be drawn next (if setting) or is being drawn (if enquiring). The array must already have been set by mfcol ormfrow.

For compatibility with S, the form c(i, j, nr, nc) is also accepted, when nr and nc should be the current number of rows and number of columns. Mismatches will be ignored, with a warning.

mgp

The margin line (in mex units) for the axis title, axis labels and axis line. Note that mgp[1] affects [title](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/title.html) whereas mgp[2:3] affect [axis](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/axis.html). The default is c(3, 1, 0).

mkh

The height in inches of symbols to be drawn when the value of pch is an integer. *Completely ignored in****R***.

new

logical, defaulting to FALSE. If set to TRUE, the next high-level plotting command (actually [plot.new](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/frame.html)) should *not clean* the frame before drawing *as if it were on a****new****device*. It is an error (ignored with a warning) to try to use new = TRUE on a device that does not currently contain a high-level plot.

oma

A vector of the form c(bottom, left, top, right) giving the size of the outer margins in lines of text.

omd

A vector of the form c(x1, x2, y1, y2) giving the region *inside* outer margins in NDC (= normalized device coordinates), i.e., as a fraction (in *[0, 1]*) of the device region.

omi

A vector of the form c(bottom, left, top, right) giving the size of the outer margins in inches.

pch

Either an integer specifying a symbol or a single character to be used as the default in plotting points. See [points](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/points.html) for possible values and their interpretation. Note that only integers and single-character strings can be set as a graphics parameter (and not NA nor NULL).

Some functions such as [points](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/points.html) accept a vector of values which are recycled.

pin

The current plot dimensions, (width, height), in inches.

plt

A vector of the form c(x1, x2, y1, y2) giving the coordinates of the plot region as fractions of the current figure region.

ps

integer; the point size of text (but not symbols). Unlike the pointsize argument of most devices, this does not change the relationship between mar and mai (nor oma and omi).

What is meant by ‘point size’ is device-specific, but most devices mean a multiple of 1bp, that is 1/72 of an inch.

pty

A character specifying the type of plot region to be used; "s" generates a square plotting region and "m" generates the maximal plotting region.

smo

(*Unimplemented*) a value which indicates how smooth circles and circular arcs should be.

srt

The string rotation in degrees. See the comment about crt. Only supported by [text](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/text.html).

tck

The length of tick marks as a fraction of the smaller of the width or height of the plotting region. If tck >= 0.5 it is interpreted as a fraction of the relevant side, so if tck = 1 grid lines are drawn. The default setting (tck = NA) is to use tcl = -0.5.

tcl

The length of tick marks as a fraction of the height of a line of text. The default value is -0.5; setting tcl = NA sets tck = -0.01 which is S' default.

usr

A vector of the form c(x1, x2, y1, y2) giving the extremes of the user coordinates of the plotting region. When a logarithmic scale is in use (i.e., par("xlog") is true, see below), then the x-limits will be 10 ^ par("usr")[1:2]. Similarly for the y-axis.

xaxp

A vector of the form c(x1, x2, n) giving the coordinates of the extreme tick marks and the number of intervals between tick-marks when par("xlog") is false. Otherwise, when *log* coordinates are active, the three values have a different meaning: For a small range, n is *negative*, and the ticks are as in the linear case, otherwise, n is in 1:3, specifying a case number, and x1 and x2 are the lowest and highest power of 10 inside the user coordinates, 10 ^ par("usr")[1:2]. (The "usr" coordinates are log10-transformed here!)

n = 1

will produce tick marks at *10^j* for integer *j*,

n = 2

gives marks *k 10^j* with *k in {1,5}*,

n = 3

gives marks *k 10^j* with *k in {1,2,5}*.

See [axTicks](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/axTicks.html)() for a pure **R** implementation of this.

This parameter is reset when a user coordinate system is set up, for example by starting a new page or by calling [plot.window](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/plot.window.html) or setting par("usr"): n is taken from par("lab"). It affects the default behaviour of subsequent calls to [axis](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/axis.html) for sides 1 or 3.

It is only relevant to default numeric axis systems, and not for example to dates.

xaxs

The style of axis interval calculation to be used for the x-axis. Possible values are "r", "i", "e", "s", "d". The styles are generally controlled by the range of data or xlim, if given.  
Style "r" (regular) first extends the data range by 4 percent at each end and then finds an axis with pretty labels that fits within the extended range.  
Style "i" (internal) just finds an axis with pretty labels that fits within the original data range.  
Style "s" (standard) finds an axis with pretty labels within which the original data range fits.  
Style "e" (extended) is like style "s", except that it is also ensures that there is room for plotting symbols within the bounding box.  
Style "d" (direct) specifies that the current axis should be used on subsequent plots.  
(*Only "r" and "i" styles have been implemented in****R****.*)

xaxt

A character which specifies the x axis type. Specifying "n" suppresses plotting of the axis. The standard value is "s": for compatibility with S values "l" and "t" are accepted but are equivalent to "s": any value other than "n" implies plotting.

xlog

A logical value (see log in [plot.default](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/plot.default.html)). If TRUE, a logarithmic scale is in use (e.g., after plot(\*, log = "x")). For a new device, it defaults to FALSE, i.e., linear scale.

xpd

A logical value or NA. If FALSE, all plotting is clipped to the plot region, if TRUE, all plotting is clipped to the figure region, and if NA, all plotting is clipped to the device region. See also [clip](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/clip.html).

yaxp

A vector of the form c(y1, y2, n) giving the coordinates of the extreme tick marks and the number of intervals between tick-marks unless for log coordinates, see xaxp above.

yaxs

The style of axis interval calculation to be used for the y-axis. See xaxs above.

yaxt

A character which specifies the y axis type. Specifying "n" suppresses plotting.

ylbias

A positive real value used in the positioning of text in the margins by [axis](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/axis.html) and [mtext](http://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-patched/library/graphics/html/mtext.html). The default is in principle device-specific, but currently 0.2 for all of **R**'s own devices. Set this to 0.2 for compatibility with **R** < 2.14.0 on x11 and windows() devices.

ylog

A logical value; see xlog above.