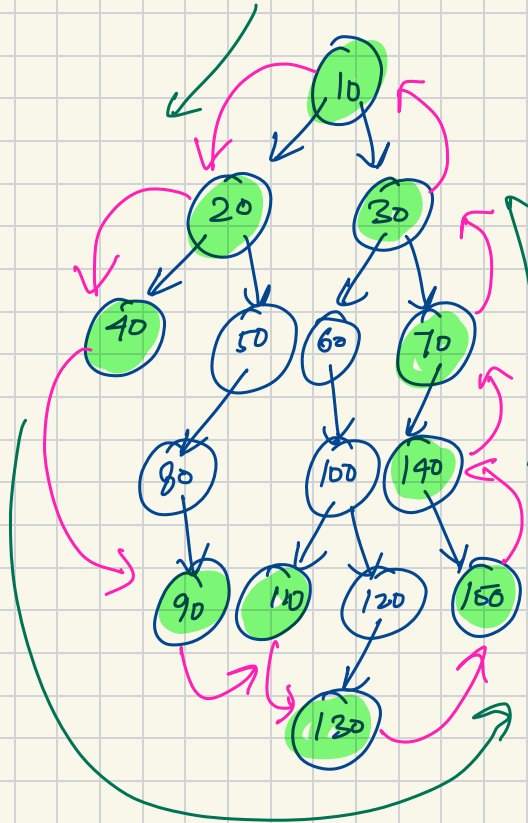




# Boundary Traversal.

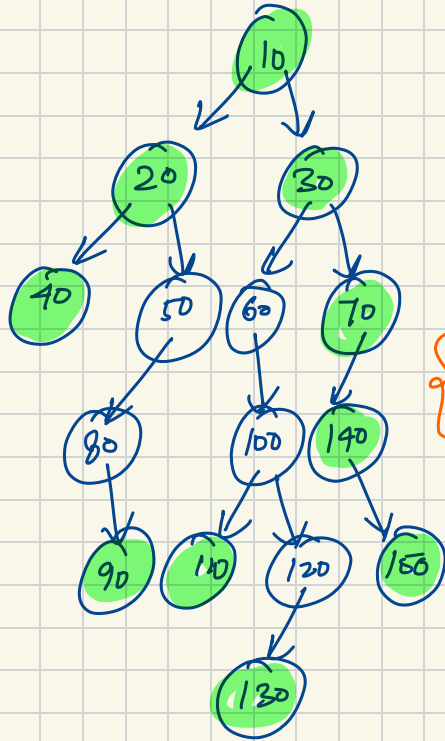


## Boundary of the Binary Tree

of 10, 20, 40, 90, 110, 130, 140, 140, 70, 30

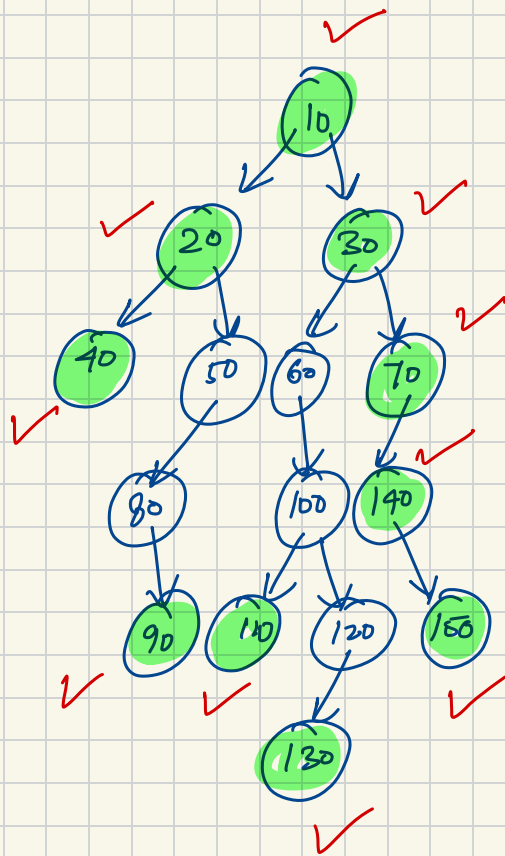
## Boundary Traversal:

→ Left Boundary + Leaf Nodes + Right Boundary



root + LB + LN + RB

{ make sure you ignore leaf nodes }



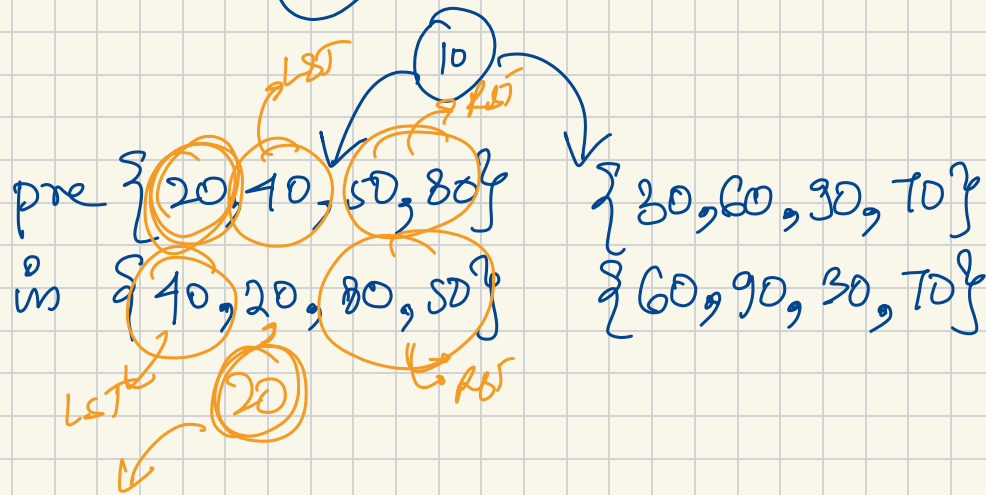
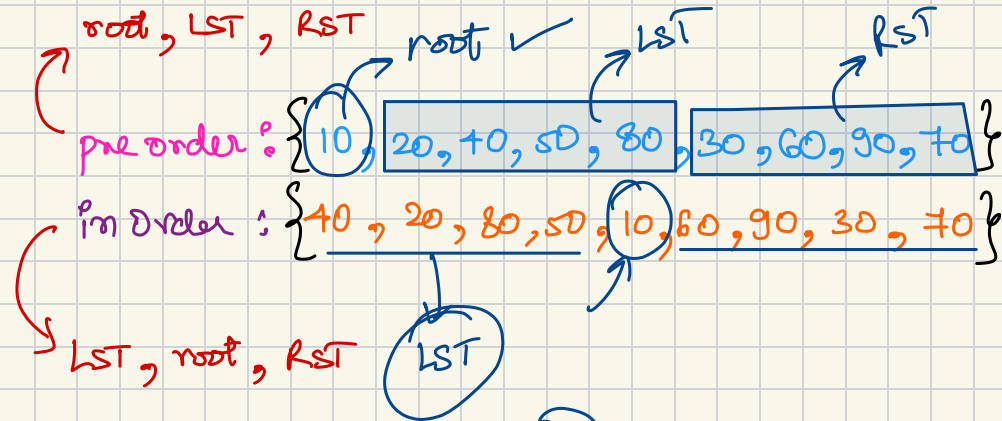
for LN:

{ if (node.left == null &&  
node.right == null)  
→ you are a leaf Node.

for LB:

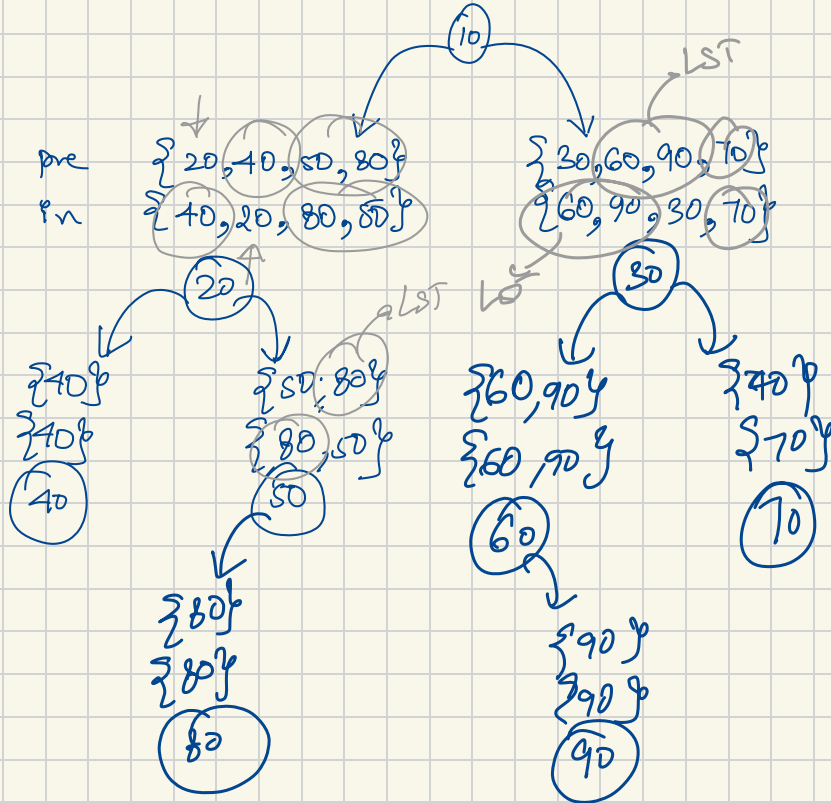
{ if (Node.left != null)  
go left  
else  
go right

Build a Binary Tree using, pre order and in order traversal.

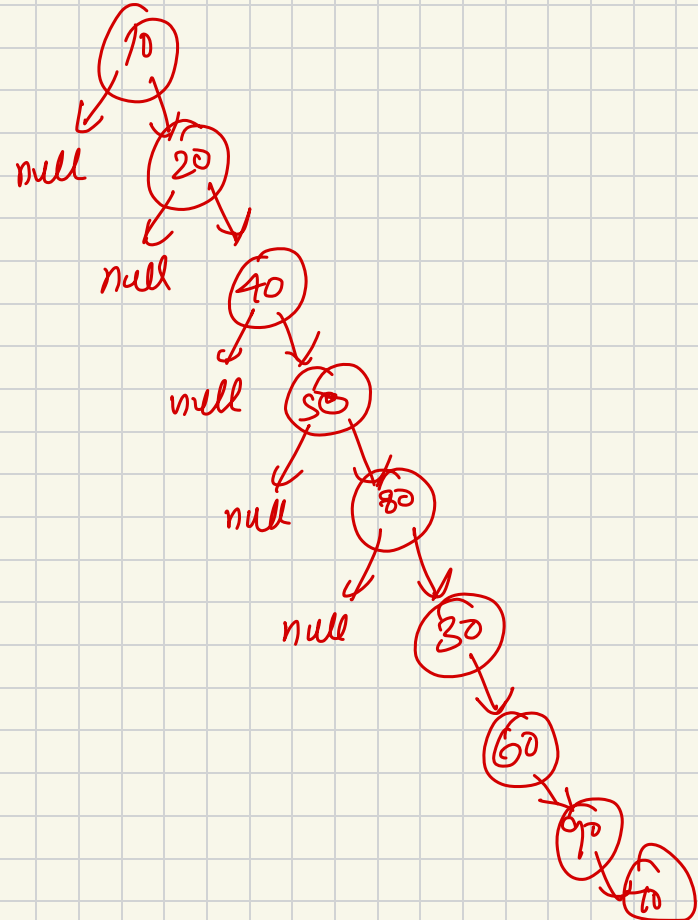
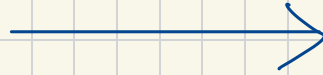
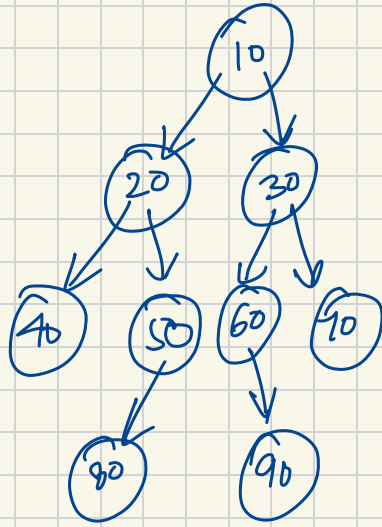


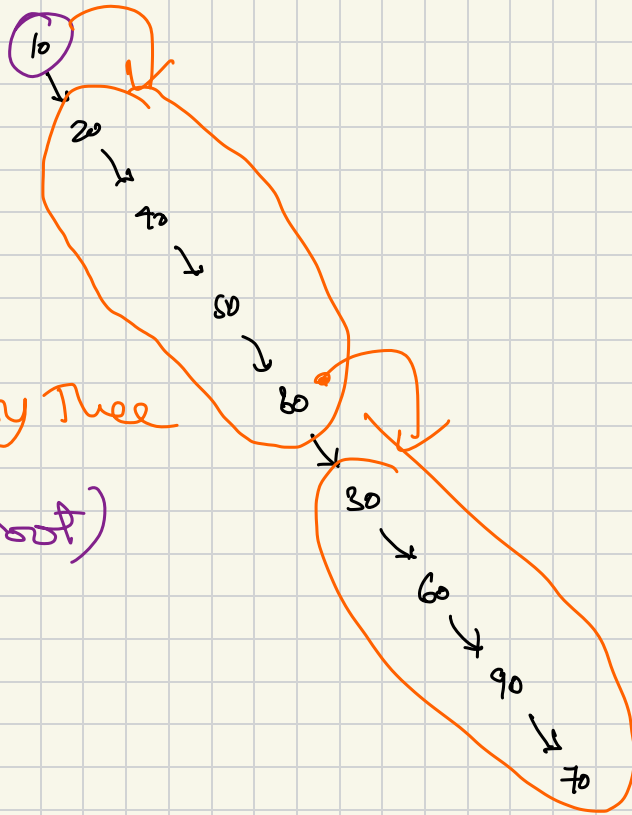
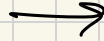
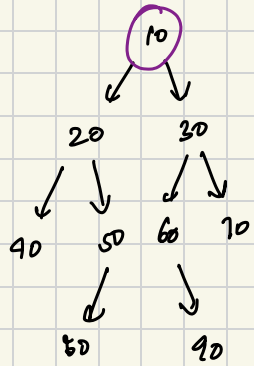
pre order: { 10, 20, 40, 50, 80, 30, 60, 90, 70 }  
 in order: { 40, 20, 80, 50, 10, 60, 90, 30, 70 }

LST → (above pre order)  
 ← LST (below in order)      ↑ (below in order)      → RST (below in order)



# Flatten a Binary Tree





with: Flatten's Binary Tree

void flattenBinaryTree(Node root)

}

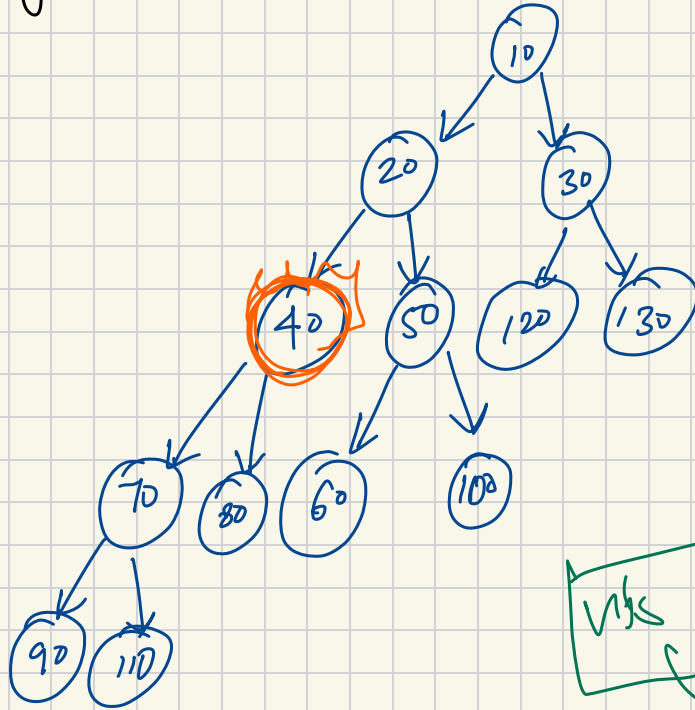
\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



# Burning of BT

→ minimum time to burn entire tree



$O(N)$

HashMap

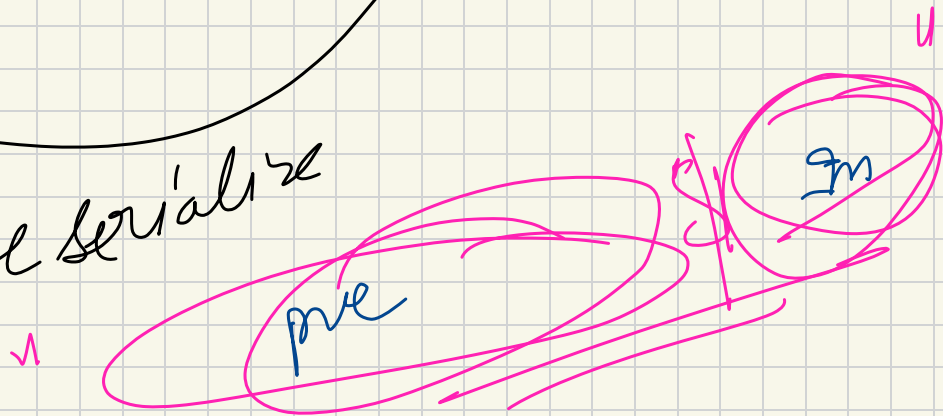
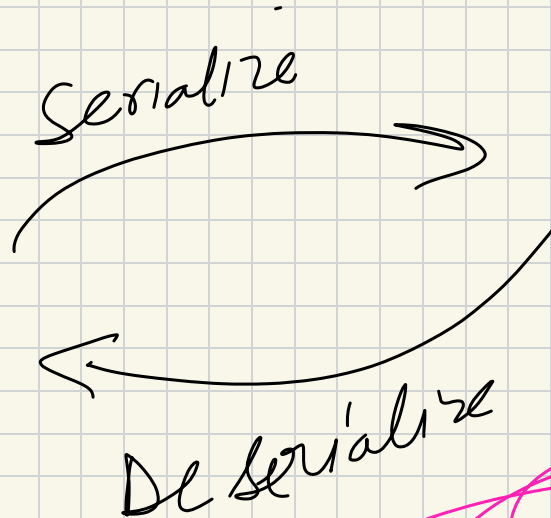
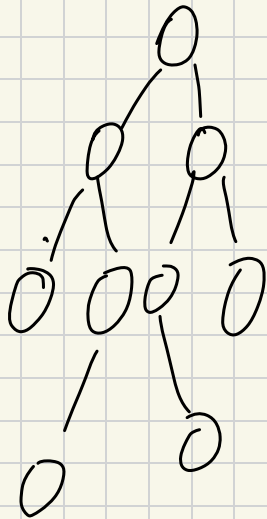
{child → parent}

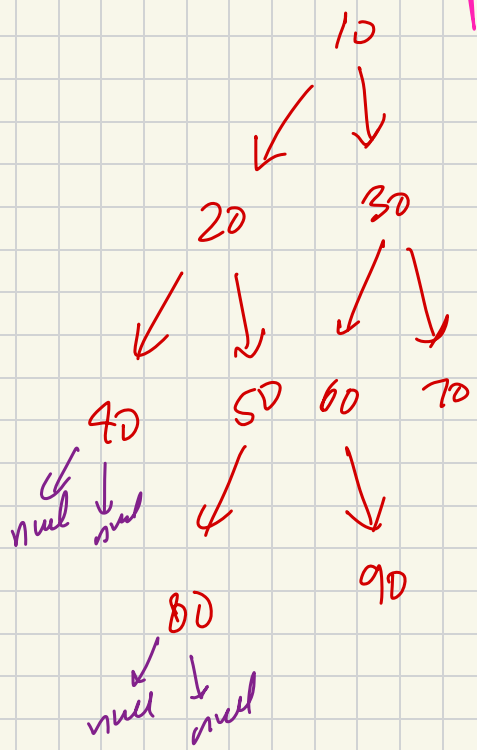
vis

set

}

# Serialize & De serialize a BT





pre  
 10, 20, 40, null, null, 50, 80, null, null, null, 30, 60, null, 70,  
 null, null, 70, null, null.

