## 992. Subarrays with K Different Integers

Hard ♥ Topics ♠ Companies ♀ Hint

Given an integer array nums and an integer k, return the number of **good subarrays** of nums.

A **good array** is an array where the number of different integers in that array is exactly  $\overline{k}$ .

• For example, [1,2,3,1,2] has 3 different integers: 1, 2, and 3.

A **subarray** is a **contiguous** part of an array.

```
Example 1:
```

```
Input: nums = [1,2,1,2,3], k = 2
Output: 7
Explanation: Subarrays formed with exactly 2 different integers: [1,2], [2,1], [1,2], [2,3],
[1,2,1], [2,1,2], [1,2,1,2]
```

Solve

## Example 2:

```
Input: nums = [1,2,1,3,4], k = 3
Output: 3
Explanation: Subarrays formed with exactly 3 different integers: [1,2,1,3], [2,1,3], [1,3,4].
```

```
Sol
        class Solution {
           public int subarraysWithKDistinct(int[] nums, int k) {
                 if (k == 0) return 0;
                return cntOfNum(nums,k)-cntOfNum(nums,k-1);
           public static int cntOfNum(int[] nums , int k){
                if (k < 0) return 0;
                int l=0 , r=0 , n=nums.length , cnt=0 ;
                Map<Integer, Integer> map=new HashMap<>();
                while(r<n){</pre>
                    map.put(nums[r] , map.getOrDefault(nums[r],0)+1);
                    while(map.size()>k){
                        map.put(nums[1],map.get(nums[1])-1);
                        if(map.get(nums[1])==0 ) map.remove(nums[1]);
                        1++;
                   cnt+=(r-l+1);
                   r++;
                return cnt;
           }
```