



TechRate
AUDIT COMPANY

LoveDoge

Smart Contract Security Audit

Disclaimer

This is a limited report on our findings based on our analysis, in accordance with good industry practice as at the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in the framework and algorithms based on smart contracts, the details of which are set out in this report. In order to get a full view of our analysis, it is crucial for you to read the full report. While we have done our best in conducting our analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report and cannot claim against us on the basis of what it says or doesn't say, or how we produced it, and it is important for you to conduct your own independent investigations before making any decisions. We go into more detail on this in the below disclaimer below – please make sure to read it in full.

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The analysis of the security is purely based on the smart contracts alone. No applications or operations were reviewed for security. No product code has been reviewed.

Background

TechRate was commissioned by LoveDoge to perform an audit of smart contracts:

<https://bscscan.com/address/0x7144e379c827fa71a7ecaa01d00607cbb7eb1b7a#code>

The purpose of the audit was to achieve the following:

- Ensure that the smart contract functions as intended.
- Identify potential security issues with the smart contract.

The information in this report should be used to understand the risk exposure of the smart contract, and as a guide to improve the security posture of the smart contract by remediating the issues that were identified.

Issues Checking Status

Issue description		Checking status
1.	Compiler errors.	Passed
2.	Race conditions and Reentrancy. Cross-function race conditions.	Passed
3.	Possible delays in data delivery.	Passed
4.	Oracle calls.	Passed
5.	Front running.	Passed
6.	Timestamp dependence.	Passed
7.	Integer Overflow and Underflow.	Passed
8.	DoS with Revert.	Passed
9.	DoS with block gas limit.	Passed
10.	Methods execution permissions.	High issues
11.	Economy model of the contract.	High issues
12.	The impact of the exchange rate on the logic.	Passed
13.	Private user data leaks.	Passed
14.	Malicious Event log.	Passed
15.	Scoping and Declarations.	Passed
16.	Uninitialized storage pointers.	Passed
17.	Arithmetic accuracy.	Passed
18.	Design Logic.	Passed
19.	Cross-function race conditions.	Passed
20.	Safe Open Zeppelin contracts implementation and usage.	Passed
21.	Fallback function security.	Passed

Security Issues

✓ High Severity Issues

1. Wrong burning

Issue:

- The function `_userTransfer()` do not transfer burn amount anywhere or decrease `totalSupply`, it just increases `totalBurn` value and takes burn amount from transferring amount. So the burn value is unaccountable.

Recommendation:

Attach burn amount anywhere to reach the right sum of the balances.

LoveDoge replied:

I know that I chose the wrong burning address, but the black hole address is similar in principle, but it will not be displayed in the block explorer ranking, so please indicate it in the audit report

Its2%burningistransferredtotheblackholeaddress:

0x00

2. Unattached bonus rewards

Issue:

- Owner can call `sumTheBounsPool()` function, that distributes half of the token balance in `dayPoolBouns` storage. Until users gain their rewards, this balance stay unaccounted.

Recommendation:

Count user bonuses directly from contract address balance to avoid unattached tokens.

LoveDoge replied:

The principle is as follows: Since half of the coins in the independent bonus pool need to be distributed to the holders on the same day, the unclaimed ones will return to the bonus pool. We did reserve half of the bonus pool token sending authority.

3. Abuse of authority

Issue:

- Owner can call `sumBounsPiece()` function with very big amount and record it to `dayPoolBounsPiece` storage. And function `_sumCanGetToken()` will always revert because of too high value subtracting from `dayPoolBouns[yesToday]`. So that nobody could get their bonuses.

Recommendation:

Recheck necessity of `sumBounsPiece`.

LoveDoge replied:

Yes, we can set the number of rewards for the day, but because we were afraid of data confusion at the time, it was very convenient for us to manually repair the reward data. The code is written by ourselves.

✓ **Medium Severity Issues**

No medium severity issues found.

✓ **Low Severity Issues**

No low severity issues found.

Owner privileges (In the period when the owner is not renounced)

- Owner can set admin address.
- Owner can manually set dayPoolBounsPiece amount.
- Owner can change bonus time.
- Owner can lock and unlock. By the way, using these functions the owner could retake privileges even after the ownership was renounced.

Conclusion

Smart contracts contain high severity issues! Liquidity pair contract's security is not checked due to out of scope.

Liquidity locking details provided by the team:

<https://app.unicrypt.network/amm/pancake-v2/pair/0x26cd891db38c6c89681240693c3b2f466b81a19f>

TechRate note:

Please check the disclaimer above and note, the audit makes no statements or warranties on business model, investment attractiveness or code sustainability. The report is provided for the only contract mentioned in the report and does not include any other potential contracts deployed by Owner.