

```

In [13]: ▶ import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
from sklearn import decomposition
from wordcloud import WordCloud, STOPWORDS
from sklearn.metrics import davies_bouldin_score
from sklearn import metrics
from scipy.spatial.distance import cdist
from sklearn.cluster import DBSCAN
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

df = pd.read_csv('C:/Users/KARTDH/Desktop/DAW/Cluster POC/FailedSearch.csv')

df.describe()

```

Out[13]:

	ClickDepth	Pagenumber	PageClick	Final_Success	Query_Cnt	ResultClick_Cn
count	56977.000000	56977.000000	56977.000000	56977.0	56977.000000	56977.000000
mean	5.218176	1.676712	16.776436	0.0	1.340085	6.284729
std	4.196961	2.010455	32.323095	0.0	1.516311	4.181829
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.0	0.000000	1.000000
25%	2.000000	1.000000	2.000000	0.0	0.000000	4.000000
50%	4.000000	1.000000	6.000000	0.0	1.000000	5.000000
75%	8.000000	2.000000	22.000000	0.0	2.000000	7.000000
max	23.000000	72.000000	1077.000000	0.0	28.000000	98.000000

In [14]: `df.head(10)`

Out[14]:

	Region	Org	Profession	Query_Text	ClickDepth	Pagenumber	PageClick	Final_Su
0	Asia	Experiences - Devices	Engineering	Azureslam	2	1	2	
1	Asia	Experiences - Devices	Engineering	AzureSlam kusto	9	1	9	
2	Asia	Experiences - Devices	Engineering	AzureSlam kusto access	0	1	0	
3	Asia	Experiences - Devices	Engineering	banned api	2	2	22	
4	Asia	Experiences - Devices	Engineering	benefit azure subscription	1	1	1	
5	Asia	Experiences - Devices	Engineering	benevity	1	1	1	
6	Asia	Experiences - Devices	Engineering	best practices online service	1	1	1	
7	Asia	Experiences - Devices	Engineering	beyond compare	1	1	1	
8	Asia	Experiences - Devices	Engineering	beyond compare key	2	1	2	
9	Asia	Experiences - Devices	Engineering	BigFunnel Session	2	1	2	

```
In [ ]: # This is for replacing the outlier with their Median values
#numeric_df=df1[['Final_Success', 'PageClick', 'NPaginations', 'Query_Cnt', 'ResultClick_Cnt', 'Navigation_Cnt']]

Cdmedian = int(df['PageClick'].median())
qcmedian = int(df['Query_Cnt'].median())
rcmedian = int(df['ResultClick_Cnt'].median())
ncmedian = int(df['Navigation_Cnt'].median())
df['PageClick'] = np.where(df['PageClick'] > 8, Cdmedian, df['PageClick'])
df['Query_Cnt'] = np.where(df['Query_Cnt'] > 2, qcmedian, df['Query_Cnt'])
df['ResultClick_Cnt'] = np.where(df['ResultClick_Cnt'] > 4, rcmedian, df['ResultClick_Cnt'])
df['Navigation_Cnt'] = np.where(df['Navigation_Cnt'] > 1, ncmedian, df['Navigation_Cnt'])
```

```
In [47]: #Loading only 30000 records for training
df1=df[0:30000]
df1=df1.drop(["ClickDepth", "Pagenumber", "Final_Success"],axis = 1)
```

```
In [49]: df1.describe()
```

Out[49]:

	PageClick	Query_Cnt	ResultClick_Cnt	Navigation_Cnt
count	30000.000000	30000.000000	30000.000000	30000.000000
mean	4.345633	0.861833	4.443533	0.030767
std	2.409598	0.697204	1.012544	0.172688
min	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000
25%	2.000000	0.000000	4.000000	0.000000
50%	6.000000	1.000000	5.000000	0.000000
75%	6.000000	1.000000	5.000000	0.000000
max	8.000000	2.000000	5.000000	1.000000

One Hot Encoding

```
In [50]: # generate binary values for categorical fields using get_dummies
dum_df = pd.get_dummies(df1,columns=["Region","Org","Profession"] )
dum_df.info()
#dum_df
dum_df.head(5)
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

```
RangeIndex: 30000 entries, 0 to 29999
```

```
Data columns (total 44 columns):
```

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Query_Text	30000 non-null	object
1	PageClick	30000 non-null	int64
2	Query_Cnt	30000 non-null	int64
3	ResultClick_Cnt	30000 non-null	int64
4	Navigation_Cnt	30000 non-null	int64
5	Region_Americas	30000 non-null	uint8
6	Region_Asia	30000 non-null	uint8
7	Region_EMEA	30000 non-null	uint8
8	Region_Puget Sound	30000 non-null	uint8
9	Org_AI _ Research Group	30000 non-null	uint8
10	Org_Business Development Group	30000 non-null	uint8
11	Org_Cloud - AI	30000 non-null	uint8
12	Org_Core Services Engineering _ Ops	30000 non-null	uint8
13	Org_Corp Other	30000 non-null	uint8
14	Org_Corporate_ External _ Legal Affairs	30000 non-null	uint8
15	Org_Experiences - Devices	30000 non-null	uint8
16	Org_Finance Group	30000 non-null	uint8
17	Org_Gaming	30000 non-null	uint8
18	Org_Global Sales and Marketing Ops	30000 non-null	uint8
19	Org_HR Group	30000 non-null	uint8
20	Org_Marketing and Consumer Business	30000 non-null	uint8
21	Org_Worldwide Commercial Business	30000 non-null	uint8
22	Profession_Business Development - Strategy	30000 non-null	uint8
23	Profession_Business Programs - Operations	30000 non-null	uint8
24	Profession_Customer Success	30000 non-null	uint8
25	Profession_Data Center	30000 non-null	uint8
26	Profession_Engineering	30000 non-null	uint8
27	Profession_Evangelism	30000 non-null	uint8
28	Profession_Field Business Leadership	30000 non-null	uint8
29	Profession_Finance	30000 non-null	uint8
30	Profession_Hardware Engineering	30000 non-null	uint8
31	Profession_Hardware Manufacturing Engineering	30000 non-null	uint8
32	Profession_Human Resources	30000 non-null	uint8
33	Profession_IT Operations	30000 non-null	uint8
34	Profession_Inside Sales and Solutions	30000 non-null	uint8
35	Profession_Legal - Corporate Affairs	30000 non-null	uint8
36	Profession_Marketing	30000 non-null	uint8
37	Profession_Research	30000 non-null	uint8
38	Profession_Retail	30000 non-null	uint8
39	Profession_Sales	30000 non-null	uint8
40	Profession_Services	30000 non-null	uint8
41	Profession_Supply Chain - Operations Management	30000 non-null	uint8
42	Profession_Technical Sales	30000 non-null	uint8
43	Profession_Unassigned	30000 non-null	uint8

dtypes: int64(4), object(1), uint8(39)
memory usage: 2.3+ MB

Out[50]:

	Query_Text	PageClick	Query_Cnt	ResultClick_Cnt	Navigation_Cnt	Region_Americas	R
0	Azureslam	2	2	5	0	0	
1	AzureSlam kusto	6	1	5	0	0	
2	AzureSlam kusto access	0	1	5	0	0	
3	banned api	6	0	5	0	0	
4	benefit azure subscription	1	1	4	0	0	

5 rows × 44 columns

```
In [51]: ▶ dum_df.shape
```

```
Out[51]: (30000, 44)
```

Word2Vec

```
In [52]: ▶ def extract(lst):  
    res=[]  
    for i in lst :  
        s=i.split(' , '  
        res.append(s)  
    return (res)
```

```
In [53]: ▶ #Building Word2Vec Model Using Query Text  
import gensim  
from gensim.models import Word2Vec  
from nltk.corpus import stopwords  
  
sentences =extract(df1['Query_Text'].str.lower())  
#print(type(sentences))  
#print(sentences)  
  
w2v_model = Word2Vec(sentences, window=2 ,min_count=1,sg=0)
```

```
In [54]: ▶ print(len(sentences))  
sentences[0:10]
```

```
30000
```

```
Out[54]: [['azureslam'],  
['azureslam kusto'],  
['azureslam kusto access'],  
['banned api'],  
['benefit azure subscription'],  
['benevity'],  
['best practices online service'],  
['beyond compare'],  
['beyond compare key'],  
['bigfunnel session']]
```

In [55]: `#calculate average word2vec for each words in QueryText.`

```
sentvectors = [];
for sent in sentences:
    sent_vec = np.zeros(100)
    cnt_words = 0;
    for word in sent:
        try:
            vec = w2v_model.wv[word]
            sent_vec += vec
            cnt_words += 1
        except:
            pass
    sent_vec /= cnt_words
    sentvectors.append(sent_vec)
```

In [56]: `#combining the AvgWord2Vec for each QueryText with df1 where it has other fea`
`new_df = pd.concat([dum_df,pd.DataFrame(sentvectors)],axis=1)`

In [57]: `#Dropping the Query Text Filed as we got Avgword2Vec for each Query Text`
`new_df=new_df.drop(["Query_Text"],axis = 1)`

In [58]: `new_df.shape`

Out[58]: (30000, 143)

PCA

In [59]: `#Column Standarization for PCA and T-SNE`
`from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler`
`standardized_data = StandardScaler().fit_transform(new_df)`
`print(standardized_data.shape)`

(30000, 143)

In [60]: `print(standardized_data)`

```
[[-0.97347028  1.63250112  0.54958189 ...  0.34005771  1.32923632
 -0.47671902]
 [ 0.68658505  0.19817593  0.54958189 ... -0.14871362  1.06625183
 -1.10781865]
 [-1.80349794  0.19817593  0.54958189 ... -0.74471756 -1.22103301
  0.88949001]
 ...
 [-1.38848411  0.19817593 -0.43804581 ...  1.14642494 -1.58055764
 -0.22797785]
 [ 0.68658505 -1.23614926  0.54958189 ...  1.09292517  0.41292533
  0.37134233]
 [-1.38848411  0.19817593  0.54958189 ...  1.67360322 -0.92690247
 -0.20144233]]
```

```
In [61]: ▶ # initializing the pca
from sklearn import decomposition
pca = decomposition.PCA()

# configuring the parameteres
# the number of components = 2
pca.n_components = 2
pca_data = pca.fit_transform(standardized_data)

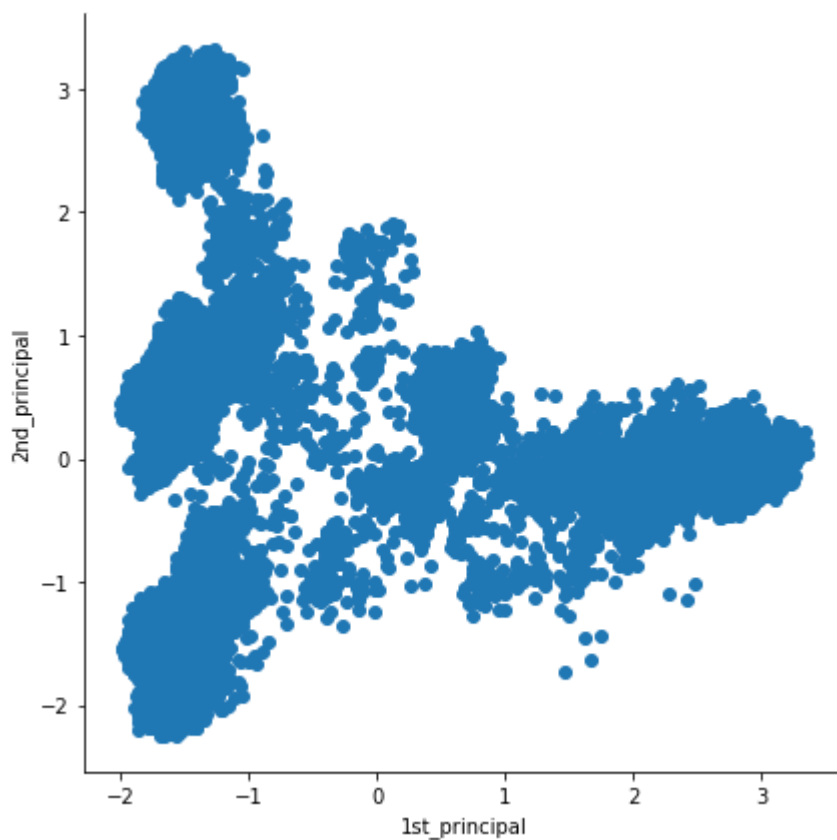
# pca_reduced will contain the 2-d projects of simple data
print("shape of pca_reduced.shape = ", pca_data.shape)
```

shape of pca_reduced.shape = (30000, 2)

```
In [62]: ▶ #attaching the label for each 2-d data point
#pca_data = np.vstack((pca_data.T)).T

# creating a new data fram which help us in plotting the result data
pca_df = pd.DataFrame(data=pca_data, columns=("1st_principal", "2nd_principal"))
sns.FacetGrid(pca_df, size=6).map(plt.scatter, '1st_principal', '2nd_principal')
plt.show()
```

C:\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\axisgrid.py:243: UserWarning: The `size` parameter has been renamed to `height`; please update your code.
warnings.warn(msg, UserWarning)



In [63]: `pca_df.head(5)`

Out[63]:

	1st_principal	2nd_principal
0	0.583424	0.496217
1	0.453279	0.423880
2	0.627452	0.524307
3	0.498005	0.676544
4	0.613907	0.563310

t-SNE using Scikit-Learn

```
In [64]: from sklearn.manifold import TSNE  
data_1000 = standardized_data[0:30000,:]
```

In [65]:  # TSNE

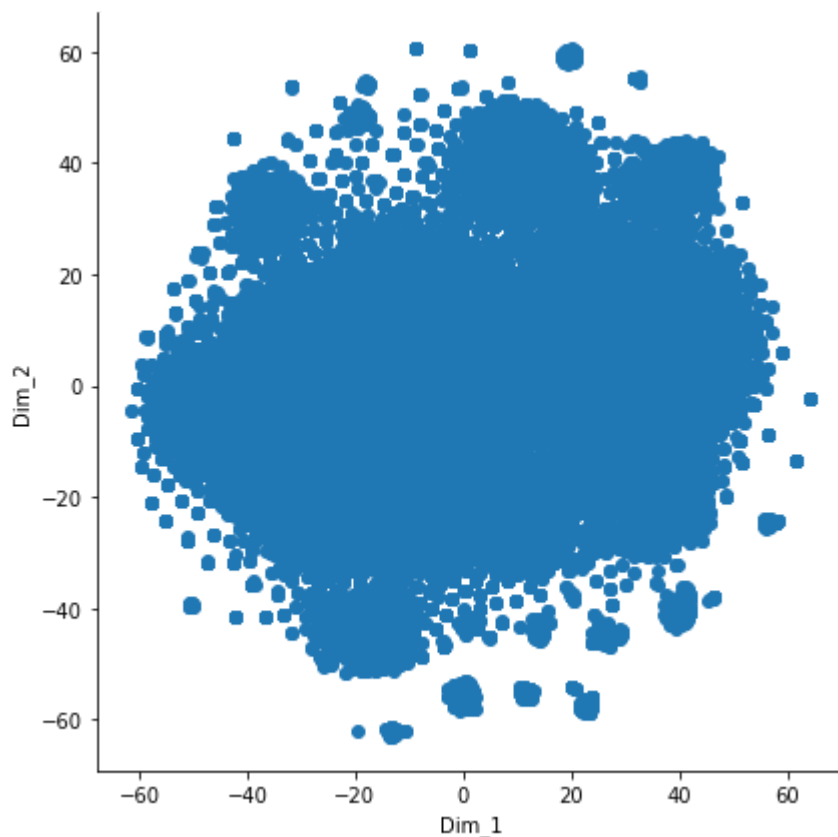
```
model = TSNE(n_components=2, random_state=0)
# configuring the parameteres
# the number of components = 2
# default perplexity = 30
# default learning rate = 200
# default Maximum number of iterations for the optimization = 1000

tsne_data = model.fit_transform(data_1000)

# creating a new data frame which help us in plotting the result data
tsne_data = np.vstack((tsne_data.T)).T
tsne_df = pd.DataFrame(data=tsne_data, columns=("Dim_1", "Dim_2"))

# Ploting the result of tsne
sns.FacetGrid(tsne_df, size=6).map(plt.scatter, 'Dim_1', 'Dim_2').add_legend(
plt.show())
```

C:\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\axisgrid.py:243: UserWarning: The `size` parameter has been renamed to `height`; please update your code.
warnings.warn(msg, UserWarning)

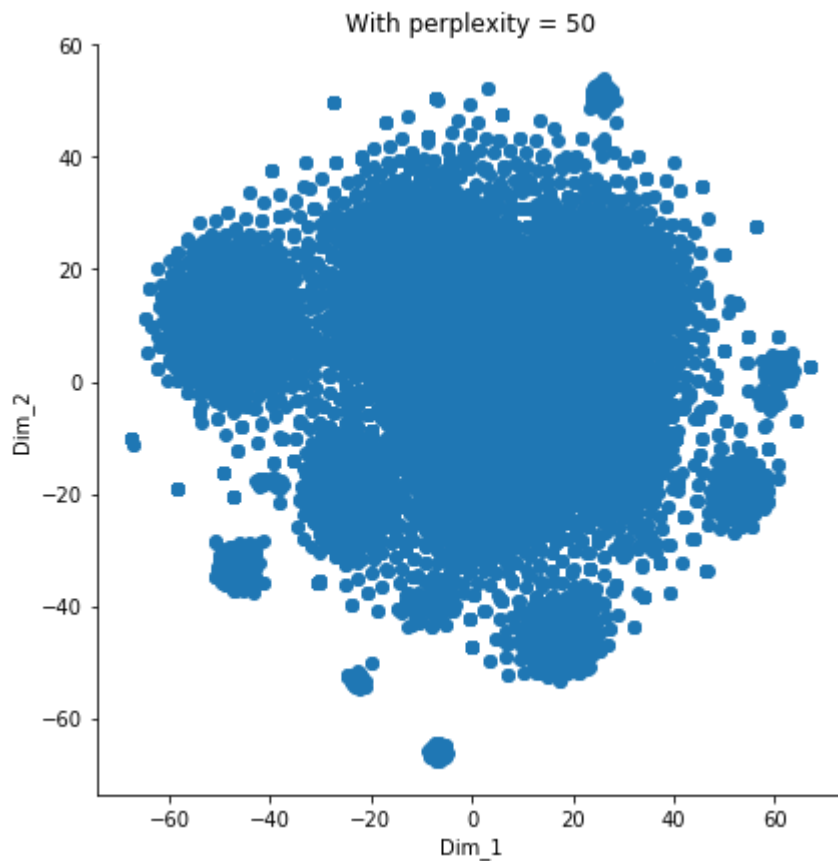


```
In [34]: ▶ model = TSNE(n_components=2, random_state=0, perplexity=50)
tsne_data = model.fit_transform(data_1000)

# creating a new data fram which help us in plotting the result data
tsne_data = np.vstack((tsne_data.T)).T
tsne_df = pd.DataFrame(data=tsne_data, columns=("Dim_1", "Dim_2"))

# Ploting the result of tsne
sns.FacetGrid(tsne_df, size=6).map(plt.scatter, 'Dim_1', 'Dim_2').add_legend(
plt.title('With perplexity = 50')
plt.show()
```

C:\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\axisgrid.py:243: UserWarning: The `size` parameter has been renamed to `height`; please update your code.
warnings.warn(msg, UserWarning)



```
In [35]: ▶ model = TSNE(n_components=2, random_state=0, perplexity=80, n_iter=5000)
tsne_data = model.fit_transform(data_1000)

# creating a new data fram which help us in plotting the result data
tsne_data = np.vstack((tsne_data.T)).T
tsne_df = pd.DataFrame(data=tsne_data, columns=("Dim_1", "Dim_2"))

# Ploting the result of tsne
sns.FacetGrid(tsne_df, size=6).map(plt.scatter, 'Dim_1', 'Dim_2').add_legend(
plt.title('With perplexity = 50, n_iter=5000')
plt.show()
```

```
-----
NameError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-35-b795e40bc274> in <module>
      7
      8 # Ploting the result of tsne
----> 9 sn.FacetGrid(tsne_df, size=6).map(plt.scatter, 'Dim_1', 'Dim_2').ad
d_legend()
     10 plt.title('With perplexity = 50, n_iter=5000')
     11 plt.show()
```

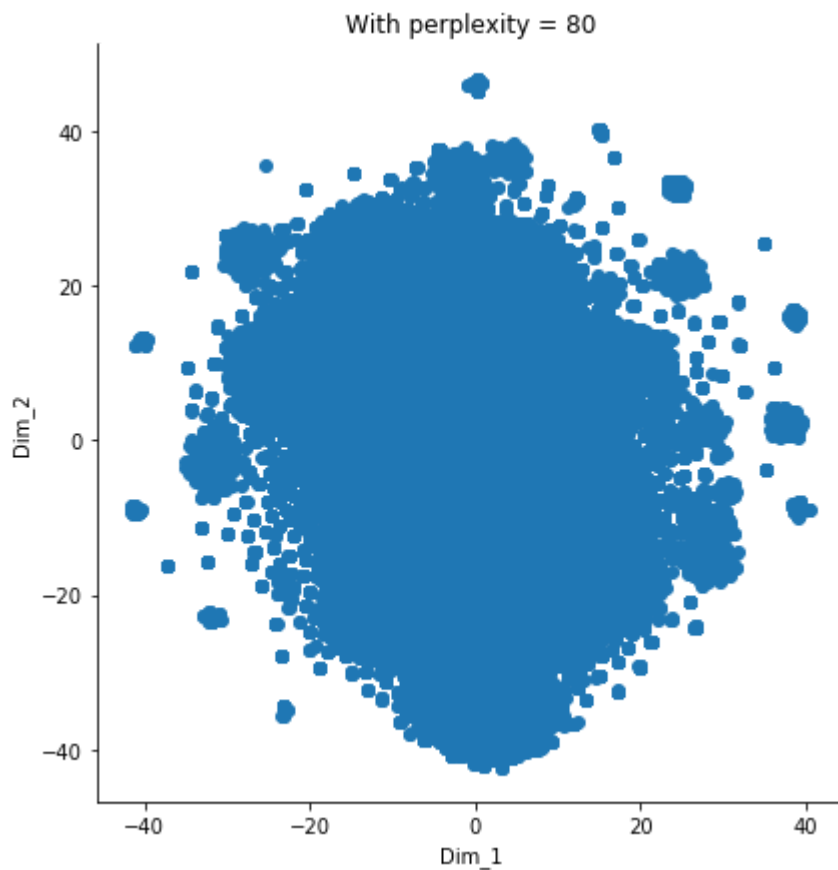
NameError: name 'sn' is not defined

```
In [152]: model = TSNE(n_components=2, random_state=0, perplexity=80)
tsne_data = model.fit_transform(data_1000)

# creating a new data frame which help us in plotting the result data
tsne_data = np.vstack((tsne_data.T)).T
tsne_df = pd.DataFrame(data=tsne_data, columns=("Dim_1", "Dim_2"))

# Plotting the result of tsne
sns.FacetGrid(tsne_df, size=6).map(plt.scatter, 'Dim_1', 'Dim_2').add_legend(
plt.title('With perplexity = 80')
plt.show()
```

C:\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\axisgrid.py:243: UserWarning: The `size` parameter has been renamed to `height`; please update your code.
warnings.warn(msg, UserWarning)

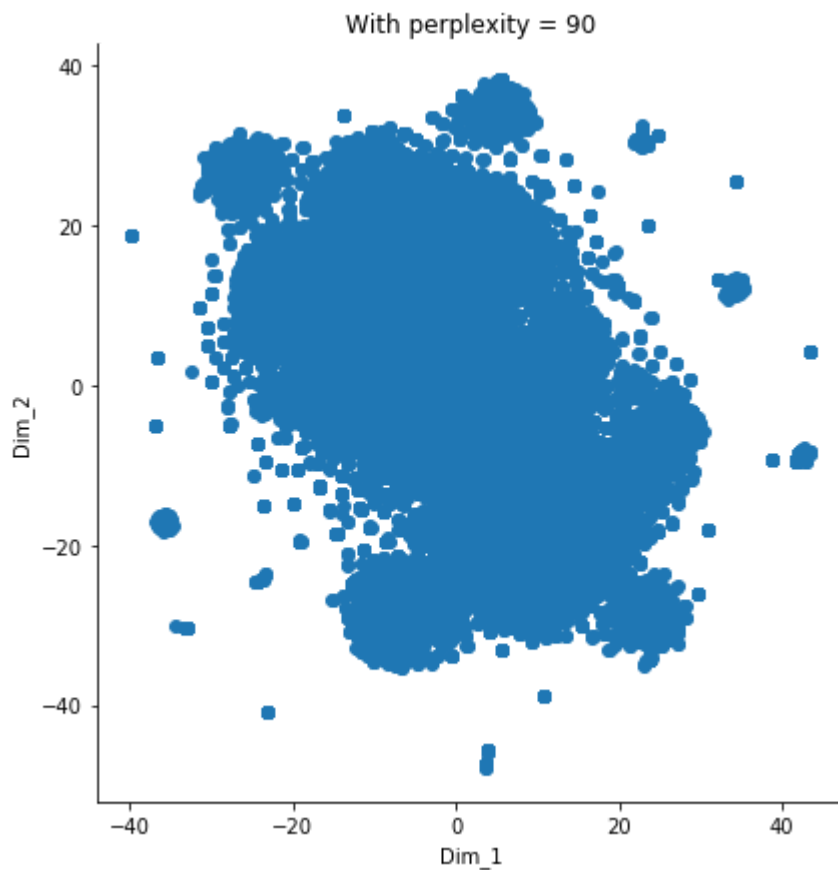


```
In [66]: ▶ model = TSNE(n_components=2, random_state=0, perplexity=100)
tsne_data = model.fit_transform(data_1000)

# creating a new data fram which help us in plotting the result data
tsne_data = np.vstack((tsne_data.T)).T
tsne_df = pd.DataFrame(data=tsne_data, columns=("Dim_1", "Dim_2"))

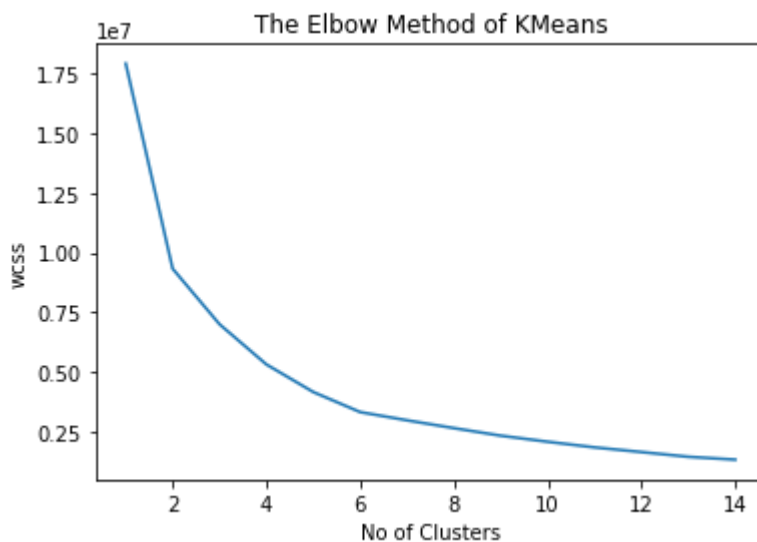
# Ploting the result of tsne
sns.FacetGrid(tsne_df, size=6).map(plt.scatter, 'Dim_1', 'Dim_2').add_legend(
plt.title('With perplexity = 90')
plt.show()
```

C:\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\axisgrid.py:243: UserWarning: The `size` parameter has been renamed to `height`; please update your code.
warnings.warn(msg, UserWarning)



KMeans

```
In [67]: ➤ wcss=[]
for i in range(1,15):
    kmeans = KMeans(i, init='k-means++',random_state = 0);
    kmeans.fit(tsne_data);
    wcss.append(kmeans.inertia_)
plt.plot(range(1,15),wcss)
plt.title('The Elbow Method of KMeans')
plt.xlabel('No of Clusters')
plt.ylabel('wcss')
plt.show()
```



```
In [69]: ➤ #Kmeans Model Build
n_clusters=6
kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters, init='k-means++',max_iter=100,n_init=1);
labels=kmeans.fit_predict(tsne_data)
print(labels)

[4 4 4 ... 4 4 4]
```

```
In [70]: ➤ df1['Label']=labels
```

```
In [71]: ➤ df1['Label'].value_counts()
#df1[df1['Label']==2]
```

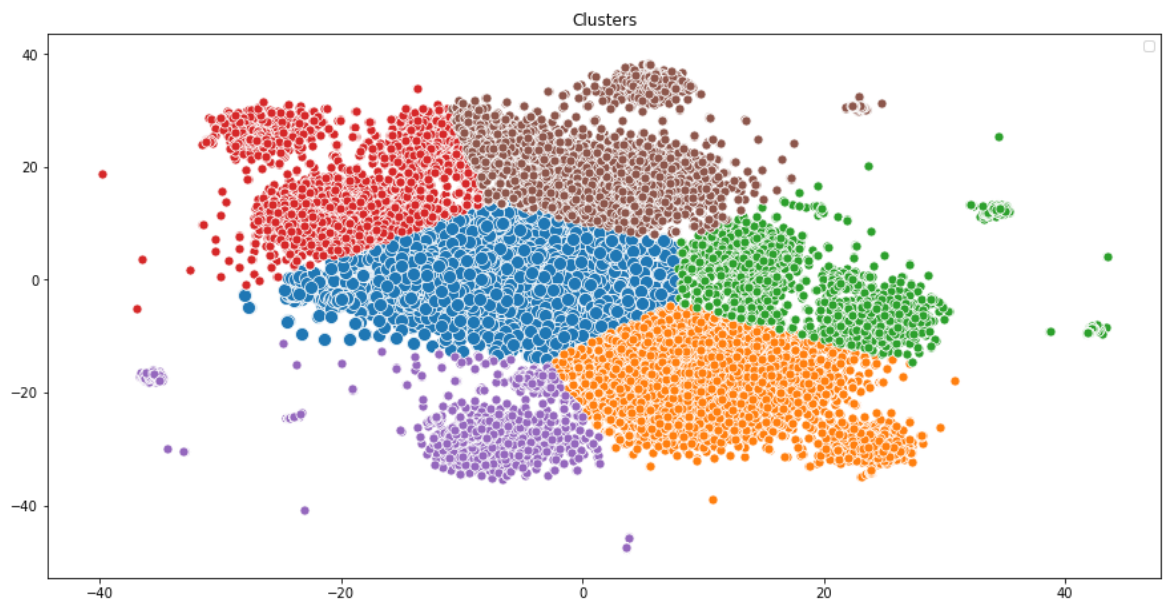
```
Out[71]: 1    7115
0    6343
5    5164
3    4732
2    3679
4    2967
Name: Label, dtype: int64
```

```
In [72]: ▶ #Dunn Index  
print(davies_bouldin_score(tsne_data, labels))
```

0.8161243402684583

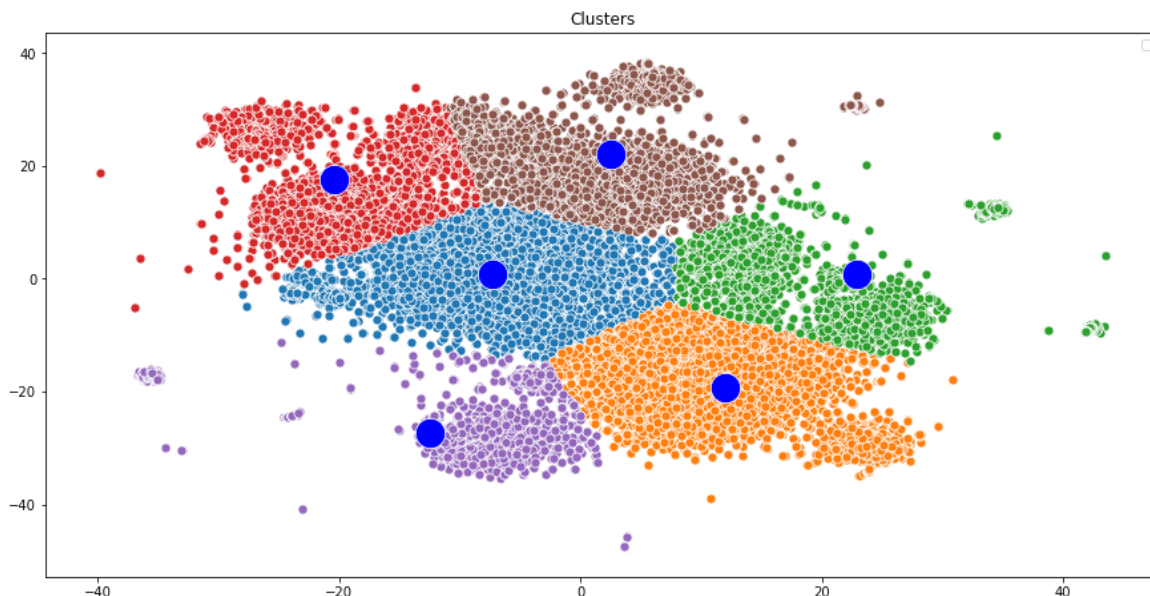
```
In [73]: ▶ plt.figure(figsize=(15,7.5))  
sns.scatterplot(tsne_data[labels == 0, 0], tsne_data[labels == 0, 1],s=100)  
sns.scatterplot(tsne_data[labels == 1, 0], tsne_data[labels == 1, 1],s=50)  
sns.scatterplot(tsne_data[labels == 2, 0], tsne_data[labels == 2, 1],s=50)  
sns.scatterplot(tsne_data[labels == 3, 0], tsne_data[labels == 3, 1],s=50)  
sns.scatterplot(tsne_data[labels == 4, 0], tsne_data[labels == 4, 1],s=50)  
sns.scatterplot(tsne_data[labels == 5, 0], tsne_data[labels == 5, 1],s=50)  
  
plt.title('Clusters')  
plt.legend()  
plt.show()
```

No handles with labels found to put in legend.




```
In [74]: ▶ plt.figure(figsize=(15,7.5))
sns.scatterplot(tsne_data[labels == 0, 0], tsne_data[labels == 0, 1],s=50)
sns.scatterplot(tsne_data[labels == 1, 0], tsne_data[labels == 1, 1],s=50)
sns.scatterplot(tsne_data[labels == 2, 0], tsne_data[labels == 2, 1],s=50)
sns.scatterplot(tsne_data[labels == 3, 0], tsne_data[labels == 3, 1],s=50)
sns.scatterplot(tsne_data[labels == 4, 0], tsne_data[labels == 4, 1],s=50)
sns.scatterplot(tsne_data[labels == 5, 0], tsne_data[labels == 5, 1],s=50)
sns.scatterplot(kmeans.cluster_centers[:, 0], kmeans.cluster_centers[:, 1],
plt.title('Clusters')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

No handles with labels found to put in legend.



```
In [75]: ▶ # Chekcing the Cluster Centers
centers = kmeans.cluster_centers_
centers
```

```
Out[75]: array([[ -7.3164907,   0.8667649],
 [ 11.985182 , -19.31039 ],
 [ 22.928114 ,   0.8713355],
 [-20.437199 ,  17.587053 ],
 [-12.436749 , -27.249508 ],
 [  2.521269 ,  22.0606  ]], dtype=float32)
```

```
In [77]: ▶ # Final output
df1.to_csv('C:/Users/KARTDH/Desktop/DAW/Cluster POC/FailedSearchClusterMLOutp
#df1.describe()
```

```
In [78]: ▶ labels = kmeans.labels_  
centroids = kmeans.cluster_centers_  
  
for i in range(8):  
    # select only data observations with cluster label == i  
    ds = tsne_data[np.where(labels==i)]  
    # plot the data observations  
    plt.plot(ds[:,0],ds[:,1], 'o')  
    # plot the centroids  
    lines = plt.plot(centroids[i,0],centroids[i,1], 'kx')  
    # make the centroid x's bigger  
    plt.setp(lines,ms=15.0)  
    plt.setp(lines,mew=2.0)  
    plt.show()  
  
result = zip(tsne_data , kmeans.labels_)  
  
sortedR = sorted(result, key=lambda x: x[1])  
sortedR
```

