

TANZANIA WATER WELL STATUS AND DISTRIBUTION: A PREDICTIVE ANALYSIS

Overview







• Population: 62 million

 Geography: Diverse, including Serengeti, Ngorongoro Crater, Zanzibar

Water Access

- Rural Dependence: Groundwater sources (wells, boreholes, springs)
- Challenges: Uneven distribution, seasonal variations

Research Focus

 Objective: Predict water well functionality using machine learning



Business and Data Understanding



Business Understanding

Objective: Ensure reliable water supply in Tanzania

Goal: Predict water well functionality to prioritize maintenance

Impact: Improve water access for rural communities, optimize resource allocation



Data Understanding



Source: Driven Data competition "Pump it Up: Data Mining the Water Table"

Key Datasets:

X_train.csv: Features for training (e.g., pump type, installation date)

y_train.csv: Well statuses (functional, non-functional, needs repair)

Test set: Features for prediction

Data Highlights



Some example of Features:

Type of pump

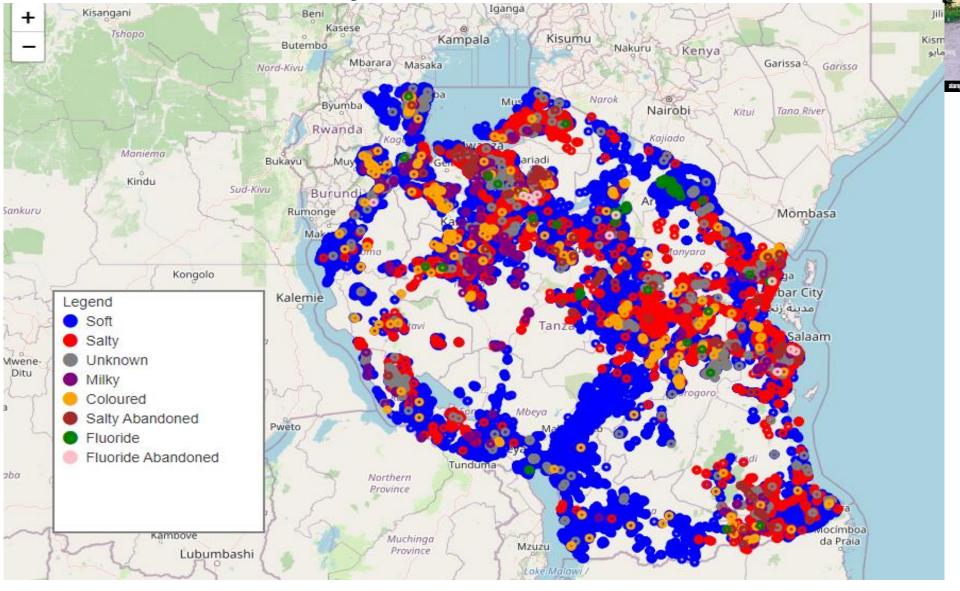
Installation date

Installer

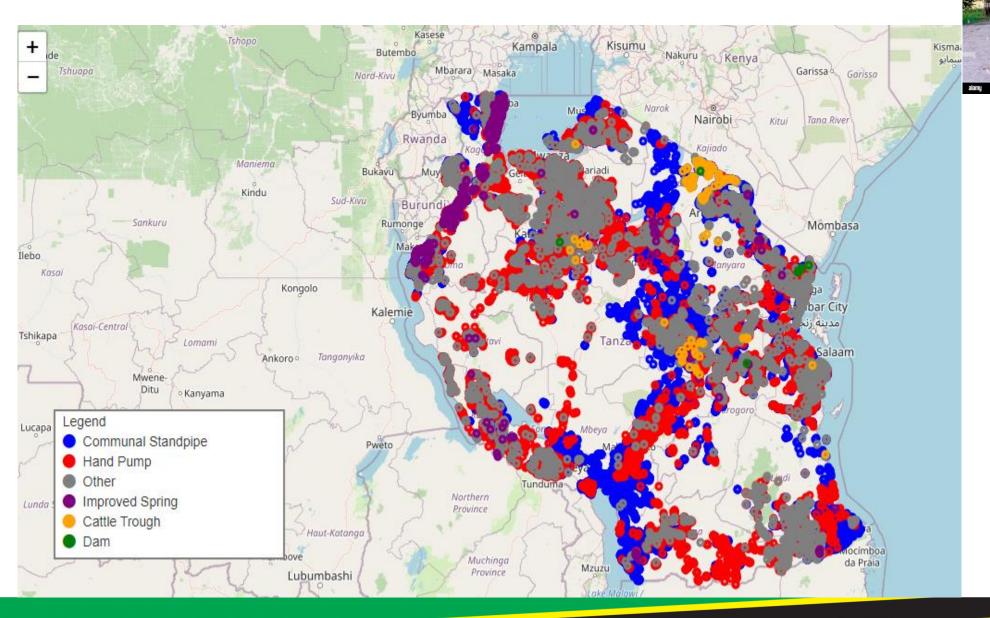
Region

Labels: Well status (functional, non-functional, needs repair)

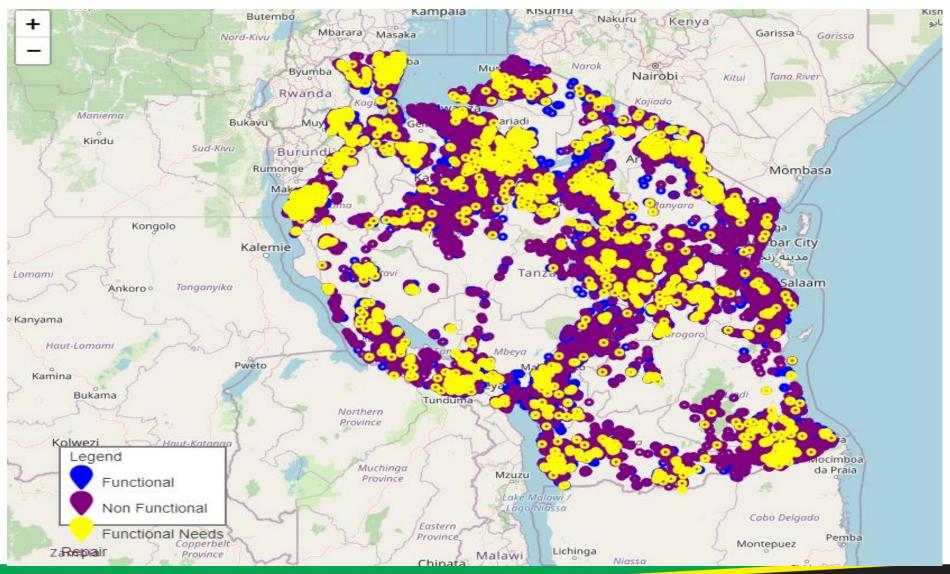
Water Quality Distribution in Tanzania



Water Point Distribution in Tanzania



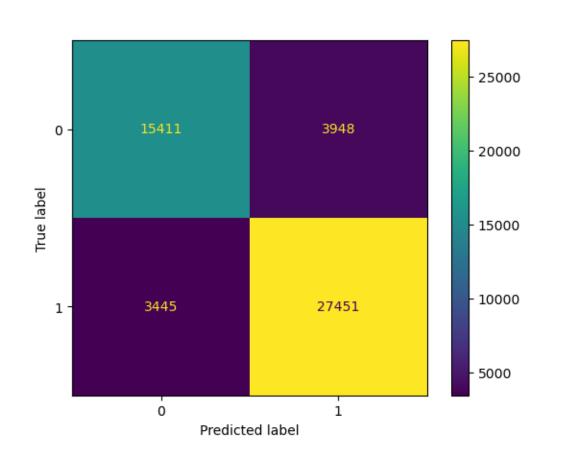
Water Source Status











- Mean cross-validation score:
 0.85
- F1 Score (Cross-Validation): 0.85
- Recall (Cross-Validation): 0.852
- Precision (Cross-Validation): 0.8523





Use Random Forest Model: Predict well pump conditions

Accuracy: At least 85% success rate

Northern Regions: Focus on Bukoba and Arusha

• Issue: High density of pumps needing repairs

Central and Southern Regions: Focus on Dodoma and Mtwara

• **Issue:** High density of non-functional pumps



Next Steps

Monitor Performance

Ensure model maintains at least 85% accuracy

Improve Data Collection:

Enhance data accuracy for better predictions

Ongoing Evaluation

Track Progress:
Regularly assess the impact of interventions and adjust based on new data and findings



Thank You