## yava 程序设计实验-实验项目 1:编写类文件(粘贴代码及运行结果),

```
import
com.sun.jmx.snmp.SnmpUnknownAccContrModelException\\
import java.util.Scanner;
class Student {
     private String name;
     private int age;
     public String getName() {
          return name;
    }
     public void setName(String name) {
          this.name = name;
    }
     public int getAge() {
          return age;
    }
     public void setAge(int age) {
          if (age > 20 && age < 30)
              this.age = age;
    }
     public void study() {
          System.out.println(name + " " + age + " " +
"study");
}
class Teacher {
     private String name;
     private int age;
     public int getAge() {
          return age;
    }
```

```
public void setAge(int age) {
         if (age > 30 && age < 70) {
              this.age = age;
         }
    }
    public String getName() {
         return name;
    public void setName(String name) {
         this.name = name;
    public void teach() {
         System.out.println(name + " " + age + " " +
"teach");
    }
public class Test1 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
         Student s = new Student();
         Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
         System.out.println("输入姓名:");
         s.setName(scanner.next());
         System.out.println("输入年龄:");
         s.setAge(scanner.nextInt());
         s.study();
         Teacher t = new Teacher();
         System.out.println("输入姓名:");
         t.setName(scanner.next());
         System.out.println("输入年龄: ");
         t.setAge(scanner.nextInt());
         t.teach();
    }
```

```
输入姓名:
liu
输入年龄:
22
liu 22 study
输入姓名:
li
输入年龄:
34
li 34 teach
```

运行结果:

```
实验项目 2: 构造函数与 this 关键字用法(粘贴代码及运行结果),
class Triangle{
    int bottom;
    double high;
    Triangle(double high){
         this.high=high;
    }
    Triangle(int bottom){
         this.bottom=bottom;
    Triangle(double high,int bottom){
         this.bottom=bottom;
         this.high=high;
    }
    public double aera(){
         double s=bottom*high;
         return s;
    }
}
public class Test2 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
         Triangle t1=new Triangle(2.0);
         System.out.println(t1.aera());
         Triangle t2=new Triangle(5);
         System.out.println(t1.aera());
         Triangle t3=new Triangle(2.0,5);
         System.out.println(t3.aera());
    }
运行结果:
0.0
0.0
```

10.0

```
实验项目 3、static 关键字的用法(粘贴代码及运行结果),
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.Scanner;
class MyArray {
     public static int getMax(int[] a) {
         Arrays.sort(a);
         return a[a.length-1];
     public static void selectSort(int[] a) {
         for(int i=0;i<a.length-1;i++){</pre>
              int k=i;
              for(int j=k+1;j<a.length;j++){</pre>
                   if(a[j] < a[k]){
                        k=j;
                   }
              }
              if(i!=k){
                   int temp=a[i];
                   a[i]=a[k];
                   a[k]=temp;
              }
         }
      System.out.println(Arrays.toString(a));
    }
}
public class Test3 {
     public static void main(String[] args) {
         Scanner scanner=new Scanner(System.in);
         System.out.println("输入数组长度:");
         int a_len=scanner.nextInt();
         int[] a=new int[a_len];
         System.out.println("输入数组:");
         for(int i=0;i<a_len;i++){
              a[i]=scanner.nextInt();
         System.out.println(MyArray.getMax(a));
         MyArray.selectSort(a);
    }
输入数组长度:
输入数组:
0
23
1
-67
33
33
[-67, 0, 1, 23, 33]
```