

Laplace

$$L: V \rightarrow W$$
$$L(\alpha \triangle f + \beta \triangle g)$$

Linear transformation

Laplace

sin & cos from exp

Laplace

$$F(s) = \mathcal{L}\{f(t)\}$$

Math. notation

$f(t)$	$F(s)$
e^{at}	$\frac{1}{s-a}$
$\cos t$	$\frac{s}{s^2+1}$
$f'(t)$	$sF(s) - f(0)$
\vdots	



$(\cdot) = \text{scale}$

$$f'' + 4 \cdot f' + f = 6 \cdot \cos, \quad f(0) = 0, \quad f'(0) = 0$$

$$L f' s = -f(0) + s \cdot L f s \quad \rightarrow \quad L f s = 6 \cdot \frac{s}{(s^2+1) \cdot (s^2+4s+1)}$$

$$L (f'' + 4 \cdot f' + f) s = L (6 \cdot \cos) s$$

$$L f'' s + 4 \cdot L f' s + L f s = 6 \cdot L \cos s$$

$$s^2 \cdot L f s + 4 \cdot s \cdot L f s + L f s = 6 \cdot \frac{s}{s^2+1}$$
$$(s^2+4s+1) \cdot L f s = -11-$$

$$f'' + 4 \cdot f' + f = 6 \cdot \cos, \quad f(0) = 0, \quad f'(0) = 0$$

$$L f' s = -f(0) + s \cdot L f s$$

$$L f s = 6 \cdot \frac{s}{(s^2+1) \cdot (s^2+4s+1)} = \frac{3}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{s^2+1} - \frac{1}{s^2+4s+1} \right)$$

$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{4s}$
 $(s-s_1) \cdot (s-s_2)$

$$\frac{1}{p \cdot q} = \frac{A}{p} + \frac{B}{q}$$

$$L \sin s$$

$$s_1 = -2 + \sqrt{3}, \quad s_2 = -2 - \sqrt{3}$$

$$f'' + 4 \cdot f' + f = 6 \cdot \cos, \quad f(0) = 0, \quad f'(0) = 0$$

$$L f' s = -f(0) + s \cdot L f s$$

$$\frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{s^2 + 4s + 1} = \frac{A}{s - s_1} + \frac{B}{s - s_2} \quad s_1 = -2 + \sqrt{3}, \quad s_2 = -2 - \sqrt{3}$$

$$3 = 2 \cdot A \cdot (s - s_2) + 2 \cdot B \cdot (s - s_1)$$

$$s = s_1: \quad 3 = 2 \cdot A \cdot (s_1 - s_2) = 2 \cdot A \cdot 2 \cdot \sqrt{3} \Rightarrow A = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$$

$$s = s_2: \quad 3 = 2 \cdot B \cdot (s_2 - s_1) = 2 \cdot B \cdot (-2\sqrt{3}) \Rightarrow B = -A$$

$$L f s = \frac{3}{2} \cdot L \sin s - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{s - s_1} - \frac{1}{s - s_2} \right)$$

$$f'' + 4 \cdot f' + f = 6 \cdot \cos, \quad f(0) = 0, \quad f'(0) = 0$$

$$L f' s = -f(0) + s \cdot L f s$$

$$s_1 = -2 + \sqrt{3}, \quad s_2 = -2 - \sqrt{3}$$

$$\approx -0,3$$

$$\approx -3,7$$

$$L f s = \frac{3}{2} \cdot L \sin s - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{s-s_1} - \frac{1}{s-s_2} \right)$$

$$f(t) = \frac{3}{2} \cdot \sin t - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \cdot \left(\exp(s_1 \cdot t) - \exp(s_2 \cdot t) \right)$$

$$f'(t) = \frac{3}{2} \cdot \cos t - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \cdot \left(s_1 \cdot \exp(s_1 \cdot t) - s_2 \cdot \exp(s_2 \cdot t) \right)$$

$$f''(t) = -\frac{3}{2} \sin t - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \cdot \left(s_1^2 \cdot \exp(s_1 \cdot t) - s_2^2 \cdot \exp(s_2 \cdot t) \right)$$

$$f'' + 4 \cdot f' + f = 6 \cdot \cos t, \quad f(0) = 0, \quad f'(0) = 0$$

$$f(t) = \frac{3}{2} \cdot \sin t - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \cdot (\exp(s_1 \cdot t) - \exp(s_2 \cdot t))$$

$$f'(t) = \frac{3}{2} \cdot \cos t - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \cdot (s_1 \cdot \exp(s_1 \cdot t) - s_2 \cdot \exp(s_2 \cdot t))$$

$$f''(t) = -\frac{3}{2} \cdot \sin t - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \cdot (s_1^2 \cdot \exp(s_1 \cdot t) - s_2^2 \cdot \exp(s_2 \cdot t))$$

$$s_1 = -2 + \sqrt{3}, \quad s_2 = -2 - \sqrt{3}$$

$$\text{dot } (1) \quad (1, 4, 1) = 4 \cdot \frac{3}{2} \cdot \cos t = 6 \cdot \cos t = \text{RHS}$$

$$\text{dot } (1, 4, 1) = (1 + 4 \cdot s_1 + s_1^2) \cdot \exp(s_1 \cdot t) = 0$$

$$\text{dot } (1, 4, 1) = (1 + 4 \cdot s_2 + s_2^2) \cdot \exp(s_2 \cdot t) = 0$$

} OK!

$$f'' + 4 \cdot f' + f = 6 \cdot \cos, \quad f(0) = 0, \quad f'(0) = 0$$

$$L f' s = -f(0) + s \cdot L f s \quad s_1 = -2 + \sqrt{3}, \quad s_2 = -2 - \sqrt{3}$$

$$L f s = \frac{3}{2} \cdot L \sin s - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{s-s_1} - \frac{1}{s-s_2} \right)$$

$$f(t) = \frac{3}{2} \cdot \sin t - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \cdot (\exp(s_1 \cdot t) - \exp(s_2 \cdot t))$$

$$f'(t) = \frac{3}{2} \cdot \cos t - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \cdot (s_1 \cdot \exp(s_1 \cdot t) - s_2 \cdot \exp(s_2 \cdot t))$$

$$f''(t) = -\frac{3}{2} \cdot \sin t - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \cdot (s_1^2 \cdot \exp(s_1 \cdot t) - s_2^2 \cdot \exp(s_2 \cdot t))$$

$$f(0) = 0 - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \cdot (1 - 1) = 0$$

$$f'(0) = \frac{3}{2} \cdot 1 - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \cdot (s_1 \cdot 1 - s_2 \cdot 1) = \frac{3}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \cdot 2 \cdot \sqrt{3} = \frac{3}{2} - \frac{3}{2} = 0 \quad \} \text{OK}$$

