

# STUDENT REPORT

38

823

SOAD

30A0 3BR

# DETAILS

**D SUHASINI** 

**Roll Number** 

3BR23CS040

# **EXPERIMENT**

Title

CANDIES

**Description** 

Let's consider a scenario where there are K candies to be distributed among N children, each uniquely numbered from 1 to N. The distribution commences with Child A, followed by a sequential allocation to the subsequent children in the order: A, A+1, A+2,..., N. The query at hand is to identify which child will be the last recipient of a candy.

In more explicit terms, after Child x (where  $1 \le x \le N$ ) receives a candy, the subsequent candy is granted to Child x+1. Upon Child N receiving a candy, the distribution cycle restarts. and Child 1 becomes the next recipient.

The primary objective is to ascertain the identity of the child who will receive the last candy in this cyclic distribution.

**Note:** Each child receives only 1 candy.

### **Input Format:**

The first line of input contains 3 space seperated integers N, K and A.

#### **Output Format:**

Print the friend who will be the final recipient of the candy.

#### **Constraints:**

1<=N<=K<=10^8

Sample Input:

521

Sample Output:

2

```
Source Code:
 def last_candy_recipient(N, K, A):
    last_child = (A - 1 + K - 1) \% N + 1
     return last_child
# Example usage:
N, K, A = map(int, input().strip().split())
print(last_candy_recipient(N, K, A))
```

**RESULT** 

3P. 60AO

38250

ABR23

50,30