Government College of Engineering, Amravati

(An Autonomous Institute of Government of Maharashtra)

Fourth Semester B. Tech.

(Electronics and Telecommunication)

Marks: 15

Sub Code: ETU 402 (Analog Circuit)

Time: I hour

Solve Amy 3

Q.1 Derive the relationship between sweep speed error, transmission error, displacement error for any exponential sweep circuit, using proper circuit diagram. (05)

Q.2 Draw a UJT sweep circuit having the following parameters, V_{BB} =20V, V_{DD} =50V, R=5k Ω , R_{BJ} = R_{BZ} =0 Ω , C=0.01 μ F, also calculate (a) Amplitude of sweep signal.(b)Slope and displacement error (c) Duration of sweep (d) Recovery time.

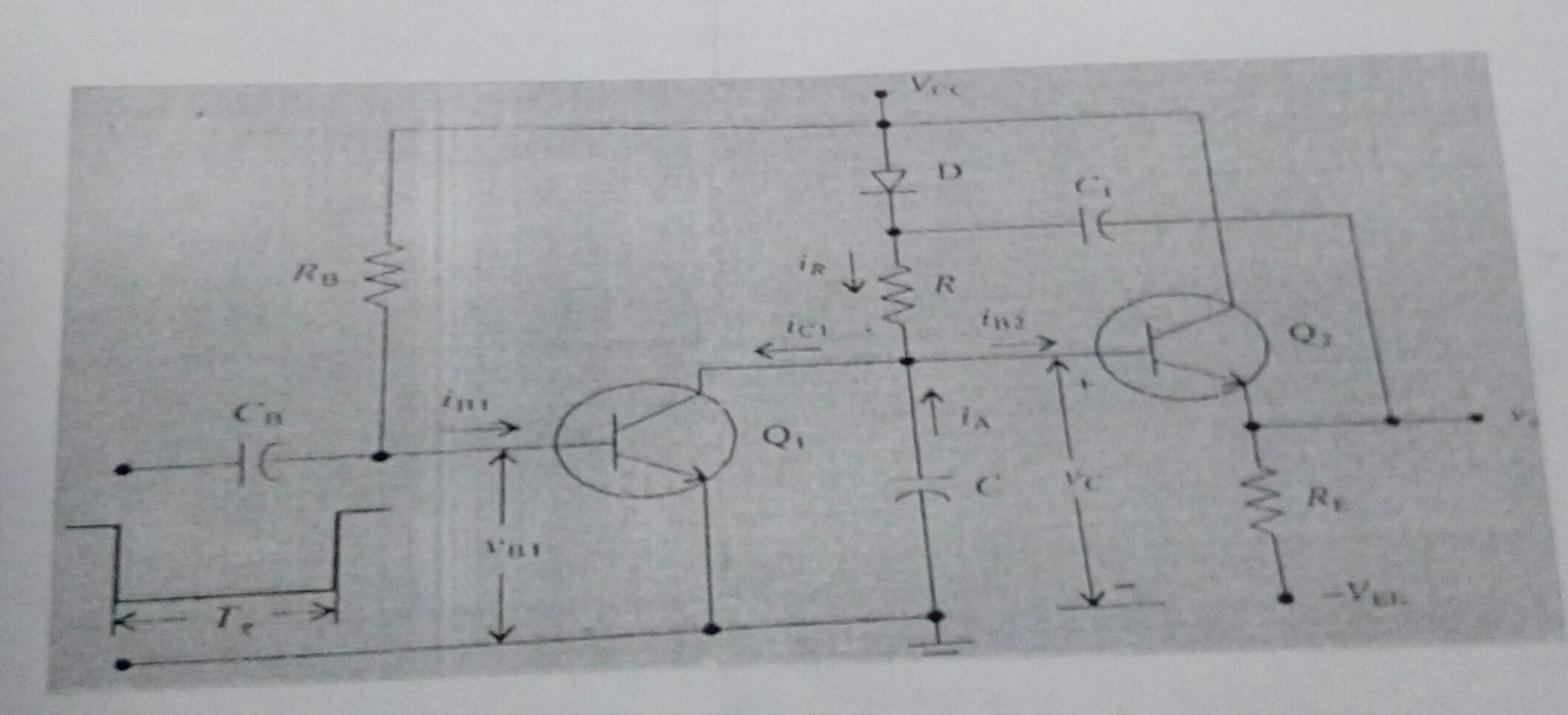
(05)

Q.3 The following specifications are given for the dual input, balanced-output differential amplifier having $R_C = 2.2 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_{S1} = R_{S2} = 50\Omega$, $+V_{CC} = 10V$, $-V_{EE} = -10 \text{ V}$, $\beta_{dc} = 100$ and $V_{BE1} = V_{BE2} = 0.715 \text{ V}$. Determine the operating points (ICQ and VCEQ) of the two transistors.

(05)

Q.4In the transistor bootstrap circuit as shown in figure below have $V_{CC}=25V$, $V_{EE}=-15V$, $R=10k\Omega$, $R_E=15k\Omega$, $R_B=150k\Omega$, C=0.05 μF and $C_1=100$ μF . The gating waveform has a duration, Tg=300 μs . The transistor parameters are $h_{ie}=1.1$ $k\Omega$, $h_{re}=0.25\Omega$, $h_{fe}=50$, $h_{oe}=1/40$. (a) Draw the waveform of ic1 and V0, labeling all current and voltage levels. (b) What is the slope error of the sweep? (c) What is the sweep speed and the maximum value of the speed and maximum value of the sweep voltage? (d) What is the retrace time Tr, for C to discharge completely? E Calculate the recovery time T_1 for C_1 to recharge completely.

(05)



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Electronics and Telecommunication Department

Class Test: 2
Subject: ETU 402
Solve any three

Max. Marks: 15

Date: 13/03/2015

All questions carry equal marks

- Draw and explain in detail each component of the high frequency hybrid- π model for BJT. Also derive the expression for r_{π} and g_m and give the relation between r_{π} , g_m and β .
- 2) For a single stage RC-coupled amplifier, derive the expression for Miller Capacitance and explain it's effect on the high frequency response of the amplifier.
- 3) For a CE-amplifier with the following parameters R_1 = 51.2 k Ω , R_2 = 9.6 k Ω , R_C = 2k Ω , R_E = 0.4 k Ω , R_S = 0.1 k Ω , R_S = 0.2 calculate the lower cut-off frequency due to R_S = 100 and R_S = ∞. Calculate the lower cut-off frequency due to R_S = 100 and R_S = ∞. Calculate the lower cut-off frequency due to R_S = 100 and R_S = ∞.
- For a CE-amplifier with C_{in} , C_{out} and C_{E_i} , R_1 = 200 kΩ, R_2 = 220 kΩ, R_C = 2.2 kΩ, R_L = 4.7 kΩ, R_E = 1 kΩ, R_S = 100 kΩ and V_{CC} = 5 V. The transistor parameters are $β_0$ = 100, $V_{BE(on)}$ = 0.7 V, V_A = ∞, C_π = 10 pF and C_μ = 2 pF. Calculate (a) The Miller Capacitance, and (b) the 3dB frequency.
- 5) (a) Derive the expression for $\beta(f)$ and give the expression for f_{β} .
 - (b) Calculate f_{β} and f_{T} if, β_{0} = 150, C_{π} = 4pF, C_{μ} = 0.5 pF and $I_{C(dc)}$ = 1 mA.