

**Electronics and Telecommunication Department**

Course Code: ETU601

Date: 28/01/2016

Time: 10.30-11.30 a.m.

Course: Electromagnetic Fields

Duration: 1Hr

Max Marks: 15

**CT-I**

Attempt the following

1. Given the vectors  $M = -10a_x + 4a_y - 8a_z$  and  $N = 8a_x + 7a_y - 2a_z$ . Find a unit vector in the direction of  $-M + 2N$ ; the magnitude of  $5a_x + N - 3M$ ;  $|M||2N|(M + N)$  (03)
2. Consider the vector field  $G = ya_x + 2.5xa_y + 3a_z$  and the point  $Q(4,5,2)$ . Find the scalar component of  $G$  at  $Q$  in the direction of  $a_N = \frac{1}{3}(2a_x + a_y - 2a_z)$ ; the vector component of  $G$  at  $Q$  in the direction of  $a_N$  and the angle between  $G(r_Q)$  and  $a_N$  (03)
3. Express  $D = (x^2 + y^2)^{-1}(xa_x + ya_y)$  in cylindrical coordinate system. (03)
4. Point charges of 50nC each are located at  $A(1,0,0)$ ,  $B(-1,0,0)$ ,  $C(0,1,0)$  and  $D(0,-1,0)$  in free space. Find the total force on the charge at A. (03)
5. A 2μC point charge is located at  $A(4,3,5)$  in free space. Find  $E_\rho$ ,  $E_\phi$  and  $E_z$  at  $P(8,12,2)$  (03)

# ELECTRONICS AND TELECOMMUNICATION DEPARTMENT

Course Code: ETU601

Course: Electromagnetic Fields

Date: 23/01/2017

Duration: 1Hr

Time: 10.30-11.30 a.m.

Max. marks: 15

CT-I

Attempt the following (any FIVE)

1.	The vector from the origin to point $A$ is given as $(6, -2, -4)$ , and the unit vector directed from the origin towards point $B$ is $(2, -2, 1)/3$ . If points $A$ and $B$ are ten units apart, find the coordinates of point $B$ . <span style="float: right;"><math>7.831, -7.831, 3.915</math></span>	03
2.	Show that the vector fields $A = \rho \cos \phi a_\rho + \rho \sin \phi a_\phi + \rho a_z$ and $B = \rho \cos \phi a_\rho + \rho \sin \phi a_\phi - \rho a_z$ are everywhere perpendicular to each other. <span style="float: right;">Done</span>	03
3.	A $2 \mu\text{C}$ point charge is located at $A(4, 3, 5)$ in free space. Find $E_\rho$ , $E_\phi$ and $E_z$ at $P(8, 12, 2)$ .	03
4.	A uniform volume charge density of $0.2 \mu\text{C}/\text{m}^3$ is present throughout the spherical shell extending from $r = 3 \text{ cm}$ to $r = 5 \text{ cm}$ . If $\rho_v = 0$ elsewhere. Find the total charge present throughout the shell. <span style="float: right;"><math>6.216 \mu\text{C}</math></span>	03
5.	The cylindrical surface $\rho = 8 \text{ cm}$ contains the surface charge density, $\rho_s = 5e^{-20 z } \text{ nC}/\text{m}^2$ . What is the total amount of charge present? <span style="float: right;"><math>2.513 \times 10^{-10}</math></span>	03
6.	Given the electric flux density, $D = 0.3r^2 a_r \text{ nC}/\text{m}^2$ in free space. Find $E$ at $P(r = 2, \theta = 25^\circ, \phi = 90^\circ)$ <span style="float: right;"><math>135.563 \text{ nV}</math></span>	03

# GOVERNMENT COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, AMRAVATI

(An Autonomous Institute of Govt. of Maharashtra)

## Electronics and Telecommunication department

Class test I

Sub: ETU 601 Electromagnetic fields

Marks: 15

Date: 2 Feb, 2015 Solve any three

Q1. Transform the vector field  $\mathbf{F} = 2r \cos \phi \mathbf{a}_r + \mathbf{a}_\phi$  into Cartesian co-ordinates & evaluate it at P (4, -2, 3). Also find  $\mathbf{a}_F$  at P. (5M)

Q2. Calculate  $\mathbf{D}$  in rectangular co-ordinates at P (2, -3, 6) m produced by (5M)

- a) A point charge  $Q_a = 5.4 \text{ mC}$  at Q(-200, 300, -600) cm
- b) A uniform line charge  $\rho_l = 22 \text{ mC/m}$  on the y-axis.
- c) A uniform surface charge density  $\rho_s = 126 \mu\text{C/m}^2$  on the plane  $z = -8 \text{ m}$

Q3. a) Write short note on i) Scalar field ii) Vector field (2 + 3M)

b) Derive the expression for  $\mathbf{E}$  due to infinite uniform line charge along z-axis

Q4. a) Find the  $\mathbf{E}$  at (0,  $\phi$ , h) in cylindrical co-ordinates due to the uniformly charged disc  $r \leq a$ ,  $z = 0$  (disc of radius a in xy plane).

b) Give the statement of Gauss's law and obtain relation between  $\mathbf{D}$  and  $\mathbf{E}$ .

(3+2M)