GOVERNMENT COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING. (An autonomous institute of Govt. of Maharashtra)

CT-I W-2017 TIME-1 HOUR SHU-301

ENGG. MATHS-III

MARKS-15 Date-03/08/2017

Q.1 The differential equation satisfied by a beam uniformly loaded (w kg/m) with one end fixed and second end subjected to tensile force P is given by E.I. $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = Py - \frac{1}{2}Wx^2$ show that the elastic curve for the beam with condition $y=0=\frac{dy}{dx}$ at x=0 given by $y=\frac{w}{Pn^2}(1-\cos hnx)+\frac{wx^2}{2P}$ where $n^2=\frac{P}{EI}$

Q.2 Attempt any four :-

- a) Solve the differential equation $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + \frac{g}{l}x = \frac{g}{l}L$ where g,l,L are constants subject to the condition x=a, $\frac{dx}{dt} = 0$, at t = 0b) Solve $(D^2 + 5D + 6)y = e^{-2x} \sin 2x + 4x^2 e^x$
- c) Using the method of variation of parameters solve $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} y = (1 + \frac{1}{e^x})^{-2}$
- d) Solve $x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} x \frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = \cos(\log x) + x \sin(\log x)$ e) Solve $(2x 1)^2 y'' 6(2x 1)y' + 16y = 8(2x 1)^2$

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING. (An autonomous institute of Govt. of Maharashtra)

CT-1 W-2013 SHU-301 ENGG. MATHS-III | Civil/Mech | MARKS-15 TIME-1 HOUR

- Q.1 Solve the differential equation $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + \frac{g}{t}x = \frac{g}{l}L$ where g, l, L are constant subject to the conditions x = a, $\frac{dx}{dt} = 0$, at t = 0.
- Q.2 A body executes damped forced vibrations given by the equation

 $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 2k\frac{dx}{dt} + b^2x = e^{-kt}\sin\omega t$. Solve the differential equation for both the cases when

$$\omega^2 \neq b^2 - k^2$$
 and when $\omega^2 = b^2 - k^2$ 3
Q. 3 ATTEMPT ANY THREE

(A) Solve
$$(D^3 + 1)y = \cos^2(x/2) + e^{-x}$$

(B) Solve
$$(D^2 + 5D + 6)y = e^{-2x} \sec^2 x (1 + 2\tan x)$$

- (C) Solve the method of variation of parameter $(D^2 1)y = (1 + \frac{1}{2} \int_{0}^{2} e^{x})^{-2}$
- (D) Solve $(3x+2)^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 3(3x+2)\frac{dy}{dx} 36y = 3x^2 + 4x + 1$

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING. (An autonomous institute of Govt. of Maharashtra)

CT-I W-2017 TIME-1 HOUR

SHU-301

ENGG. MATHS-III

MARKS-15 Date-03/08/2017

Q.1 The differential equation satisfied by a beam uniformly loaded (w kg/m) with one end fixed and second end subjected to tensile force P is given by E.I. $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = Py - \frac{1}{2}Wx^2$ show that the elastic curve for the beam with condition $y=0=\frac{dy}{dx}$ at x=0 given by $y=\frac{w}{Pn^2}(1-\cos hnx)+\frac{wx^2}{2P}$ where $n^2=\frac{P}{EI}$

Q.2 Attempt any four :-

(12)

- a) Solve the differential equation $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + \frac{g}{L}x = \frac{g}{l}L$ where g,l,L are constants subject to the condition x=a, $\frac{dx}{dt} = 0$, at t = 0
- b) Solve $(D^2 + 5D + 6)y = e^{-2x} \sin 2x + 4x^2 e^x$
- c) Using the method of variation of parameters solve $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} y = (1 + \frac{1}{e^x})^{-2}$
- d) Solve $x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} x \frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = \cos(\log x) + x \sin(\log x)$
- e) Solve $(2x-1)^2y'' 6(2x-1)y' + 16y = 8(2x-1)^2$

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING. (An autonomous institute of Govt. of Maharashtra)

CT-I W-2017 TIME-1 HOUR SHU-301

ENGG. MATHS-III

MARKS-15 Date-03/08/2017

(3)

Q.1 The differential equation satisfied by a beam uniformly loaded (w kg/m) with one end fixed and second end subjected to tensile force P is given by E.I. $\frac{d^2 \mathbf{k}}{dt^2} = Py - \frac{1}{2}Wx^2$ show that the elastic curve for the beam with condition $y=0=\frac{dy}{dx}$ at x=0 given by $y=\frac{w}{Pn^2}(1-\cos hnx)+\frac{wx^2}{2P}$ where $n^2=\frac{P}{EI}$

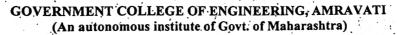
Q.2 Attempt any four :-

(12)

a) Solve the differential equation $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + \frac{g}{t}x = \frac{g}{l}L$ where g,l,L are constants subject to the condition x=a, $\frac{dx}{dt} = 0$, at t = 0

Solve
$$(D^2 + 5D + 6)y = e^{-2x} \sin 2x + 4x^2 e^x$$

- c) Using the method of variation of parameters solve $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} y = (1 + \frac{1}{e^x})^{-2}$
- Solve $x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} x \frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = \cos(\log x) + x \sin(\log x)$
- e) Solve $(2x-1)^2y'' 6(2x-1)y' + 16y = 8(2x-1)^2$



CT-1 W-2015 SHU301 [CIVIL/MECH] ENGG.MATHS-III MARKS-15 TIME-1 HOUR

The differential equation satisfied by a beam, uniformly loaded with one end fixed and second subjected to a tensile force P is given by $EI\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - Py = -\frac{w}{2}x^2$ find the Elastic

curve for the beam under conditions y = 0, $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$, where x = 0.

Q2 Solve
$$x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 3x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = \log x \frac{\sin(\log x) + 1}{x}$$

Q. 3 ATTEMPT ANY THREE

Solve
$$\frac{1}{8x^2} \left(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 4 \frac{dy}{dx} + 4y \right) = e^{2x} \sin 2x$$

Solve
$$(D^2 + 5D + 6)y = e^{-2x} \sec^2 x (1 + 2\tan x)$$
 $e^{-2x} = e^{-2x} \sec^2 x (1 + 2\tan x)$

Solve the method of variation of parameter $(D^3 + D)y = \tan x$.

Solve [(3x+2)D²+3D]y =
$$\frac{3x^2+4x+36y+1}{(3x+2)}$$

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, AMRAVATI (An autonomous institute of Govt. of Maharashtra)

CT-1 [Direct-IInd year] W- 2015 MARKS-15 TIME-1 HOUR SHU301,SHU303, SHU304 ENGG.MATHS-III [CIVIL/ MECH/ELPO/EXTC/CS/IT/IN]

Q.1 Using the method of variation of parameters Solve

$$\left(1 + \frac{1}{e^x}\right)^2 \left[\left(D^2 - 1\right)y \right] = 1$$

Solve
$$y = \log x \frac{\sin(\log x) + 1}{x} - x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 3x \frac{dy}{dx}$$

Q. 3 ATTEMPT ANY THREE

(A) Solve
$$(D^3 + 1)y = \cos^2(\frac{x}{2}) + e^{-x}$$

(B Solve
$$\frac{1}{e^x} \left(\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 2 \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y \right) - \tan x = 0$$

Solve the method of variation of parameter $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = \tan x$

Solve
$$(1+x)^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + (1+x)\frac{dy}{dx} + y = 2\sin\log(1+x)$$

Government College of Engineering, Amravati (An Autonomous Institute of Government of Maharashtra) B. TECH II (CIVIL/MECH) Winter 2016 Dt: 4/08/2016 SHU301 Engineering Mathematics III

Find the elastic curve of a uniform cantilever beam of length l, having a constant weight w pound per foot by using the differential equation $EI\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{w}{2}(l-x)^2$ under the conditions $\frac{dy}{dx} = y = 0$.

Also determine the deflection of the free end.

2. Solve the equation by method of variation of parameters
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 4y = e^{2x}.$$
Que: ATTEMPT ANY THREE:

(2)

(4)

3. Solve
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 4\frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = e^{2x} + x^3 + \cos 2x$$
.

$$A$$
. Solve $(3x + 2)^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 3(3x + 2)\frac{dy}{dx} - 36y = 3x^2 + 4x + 1$.

5. Solve
$$x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = \sin(\log x^2)$$
.

6. Solve
$$\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} + 3\frac{dy}{dx} = \cosh 2x \sinh 3x$$
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