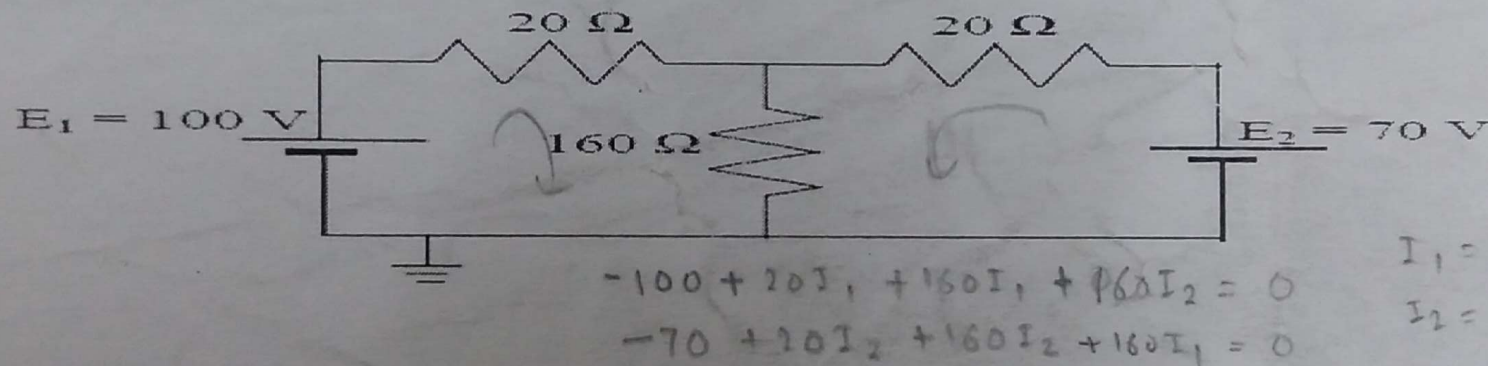


GOVT. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, AMRAVATI

{Time= 45 minutes} Subject: EEU 201 Basic Electrical Engineering (CT2) {Marks= 08}

Note: Attempt any two from Q.1, Q.2, and Q.3

Q.1 Find the current flowing through  $160\Omega$  resistor using Thevenin's Theorem/Norton Theorem--- (4)



Q.2. Compare Magnetic circuits and Electric circuits in respect of similarities and dissimilarities. (4)

Q.3. An iron ring of mean length 60 cm has an air gap of 2mm. It is wound with 300 turns of wire. If the relative permeability of iron is 300 when a current of 0.7 A flows through the coil, find the flux density? ----- (4)

# GOVERNMENT COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, AMRAVATI

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

CLASS TEST - II

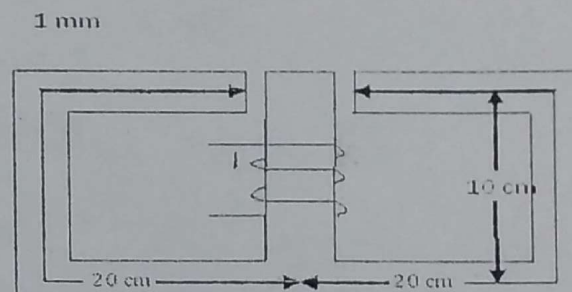
SEM: II COURSE: BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING (EEU 201)

MAX MARKS: 08

DURATION: 1 Hr.

Q.No.1. A magnetic circuit made of wrought iron is shown in following fig. It has two air gaps, each 1 mm wide. The cross sectional area of the central limb is 6 cm<sup>2</sup> and each outer limb is 4 cm<sup>2</sup>. If the coil wound on the central limb has 500 turns, calculate the exciting current required to produce a flux of 0.9 m Wb in it. The magnetizing curve for wrought iron gives [03 Marks]

B(Wb/m <sup>2</sup> )	1.125	1.5
H(AT/m)	500	2000



Q.No.2. The coefficient of coupling between two coils is 0.75. When a current of 3 A flows in the first coil having 250 turns, the total flux produced in this coil is 4 mWb. When this current is linearly changed from 3 A to zero in 3 ms, the voltage induced in the second coil is 70 V. Determine L<sub>1</sub>, L<sub>2</sub>, M and N<sub>2</sub>. [02 Marks]

Q.No.3. Derive the expression for energy stored in a magnetic field and explain the following terms:

i) coefficient of self inductance ii) coefficient of mutual inductance.

[03 Marks]

OR

Q.No.4. State any three points of similarity and three points of dissimilarity between Electric and Magnetic Circuit. Explain the following terms:

i) leakage factor ii) retentivity iii) fringing

[03 Marks]

$$\frac{210 \times 10^{-3}}{0.75 \times 4 \times 10^{-4}} = N_2$$

$$M = \frac{N_2 \Phi_1}{I_1}$$

$$M_2 = \frac{N_2 \Phi_2}{I_1} \quad \text{K}_1 \Phi$$

$$M_2 = \frac{N_2 \Phi_2}{I_1} = \frac{N_2 K \Phi_1}{I_1}$$



GOVT. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, AMRAVATI

{Time= 1 hour}

Subject: Basic Electrical Engineering (CT2)

Note: Q.1 Compulsory

Attempt any two from Q.2, Q.3, and Q.4

- Q.1 Compare Magnetic circuits and Electric circuits in respect of similarities and dissimilarities.
- Q.2 A coil of 1,000 turns is wound on a laminated core of steel having a cross-section of 5 cm<sup>2</sup> and an air gap of 2mm cut at right angle. What value of current is required to have an air gap flux of 0.01 Wb? Permeability of steel may be taken as infinity. Determine the coil inductance.
- Q.3 Two coils have a mutual inductance of 0.3H. If the current in one coil is varied from 5A to 10A in 0.1s, calculate  
(i) the average emf induced in the second coil (ii) the change of flux linked (rate of change) of the second coil assuming that it is wound with 200 turns.
- Q.4 A coil of insulated wire of 500 turns and of resistance 4  $\Omega$  is closely wound on iron ring. The mean diameter of 0.25 m and a uniform cross-sectional area of 700 mm<sup>2</sup>. Calculate the total resistance of the ring when a dc supply of 6 V is applied to the ends of winding. Assume a relative permeability of 1000 for the iron ring.