

FOOT RELAXING MACHINE

IN1901-Microcontroller Based Application Development Project

IT - Group No 12

INTRODUCTION

This foot relaxing machine can reduce,

- Numbness in legs
- Coldness of the legs
- Stress and monotonous

Identify,

- Heart rate

PROBLEM IN BRIEF

- Working in AC may cause numbness in the legs , and feel too cold.
- Sitting for a long time period may result in poor blood circulation.
- High workload leads to stress

SOLUTION

- Switch on the heating fans when the room temperature goes down
- Using a pulse sensor measure the pulse rate
- Having proper therapy releases stress and reduces numbness.

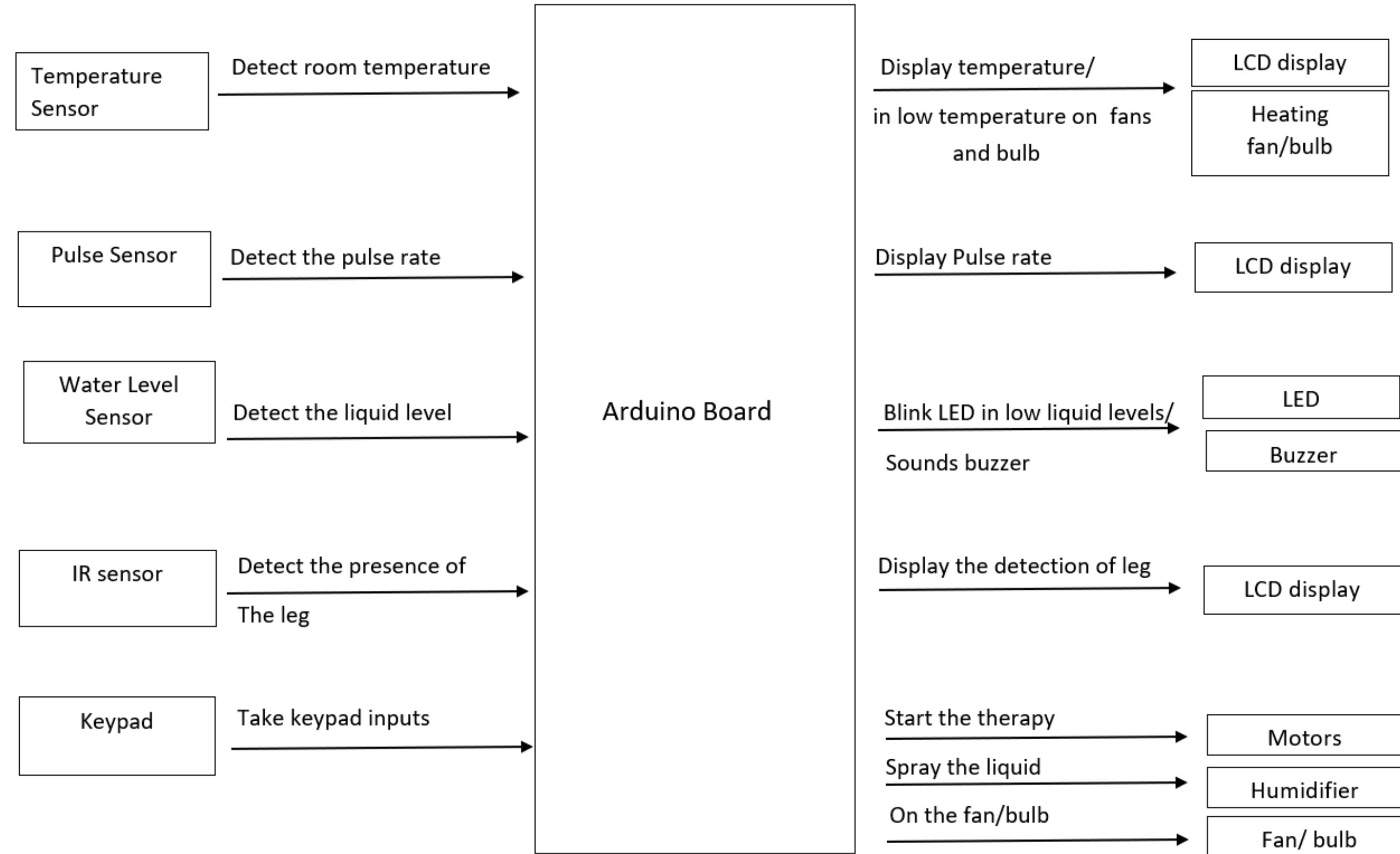
AIM

To make a foot relaxing machine which gives a therapy to reduce numbness, pain and relax the legs.

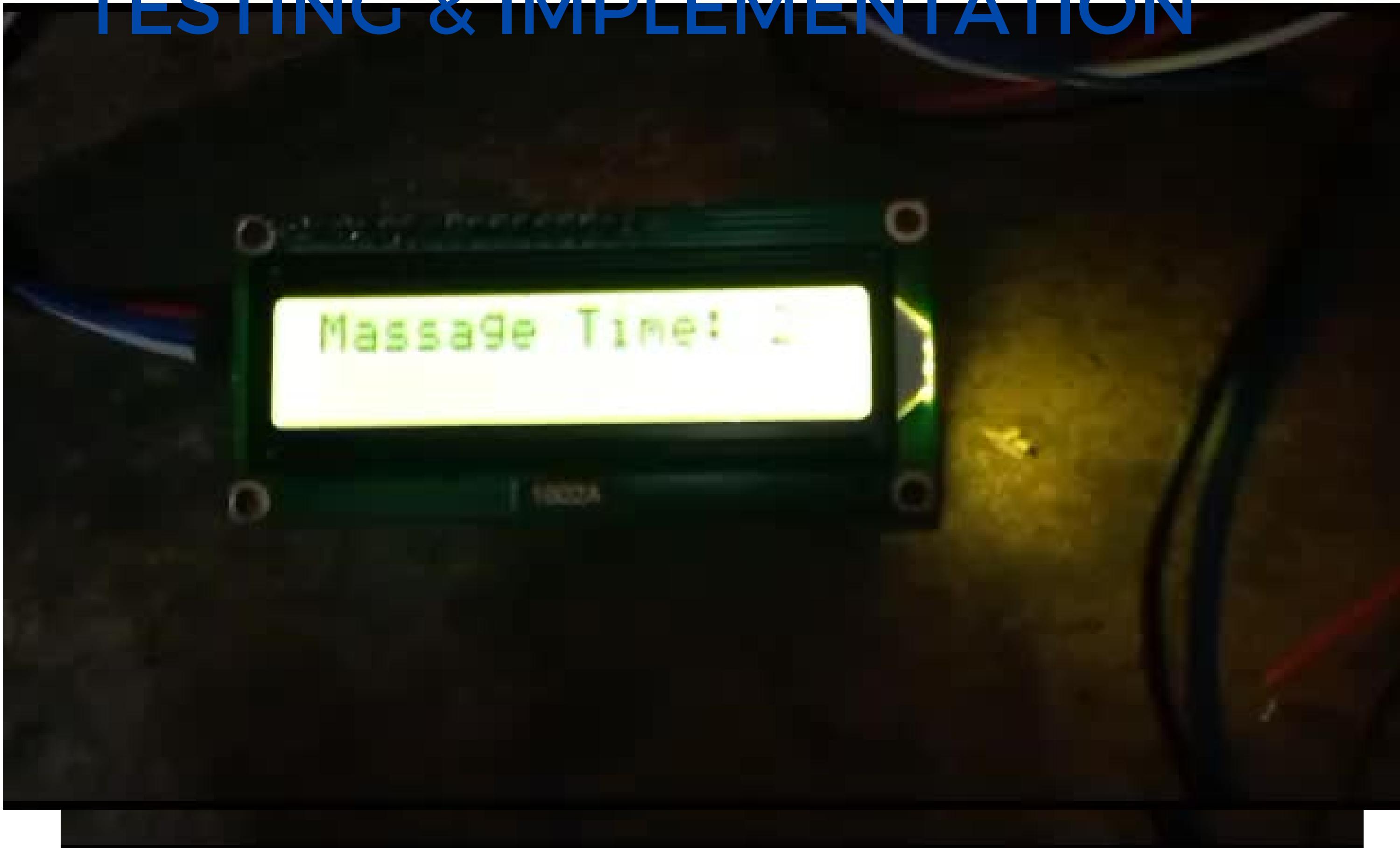
OBJECTIVES

- 1) Pain and Stress Relief of the leg**
- 2) Numbness Reduction**
- 3) Heart rate Monitoring**
- 4) Customizable Therapy**
- 5) Ease of Use**

SOLUTION (Block Diagram)



TESTING & IMPLEMENTATION



INDIVIDUAL CONTRIBUTION

OUR TEAM



Member 01
A.R.S. Prathibhani
(The Leader)



Member 02
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Member 03
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Member 04
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A.S.S. Sewwandi

214157F - A.R.S. PRATHIBHANI

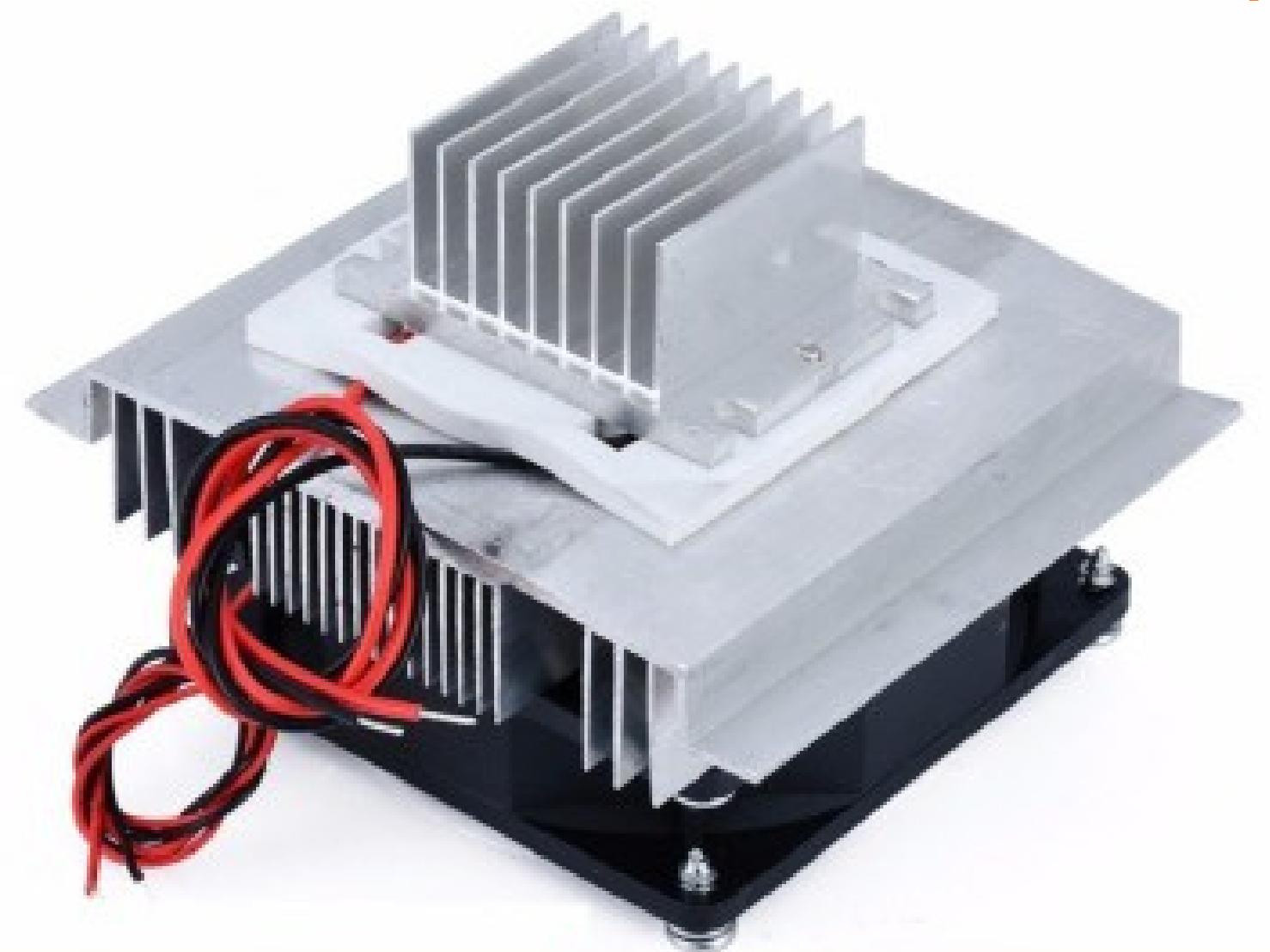
- ◆ Code integration
- ◆ Heating fan with peltier module
- ◆ PCB design

HEATING FAN

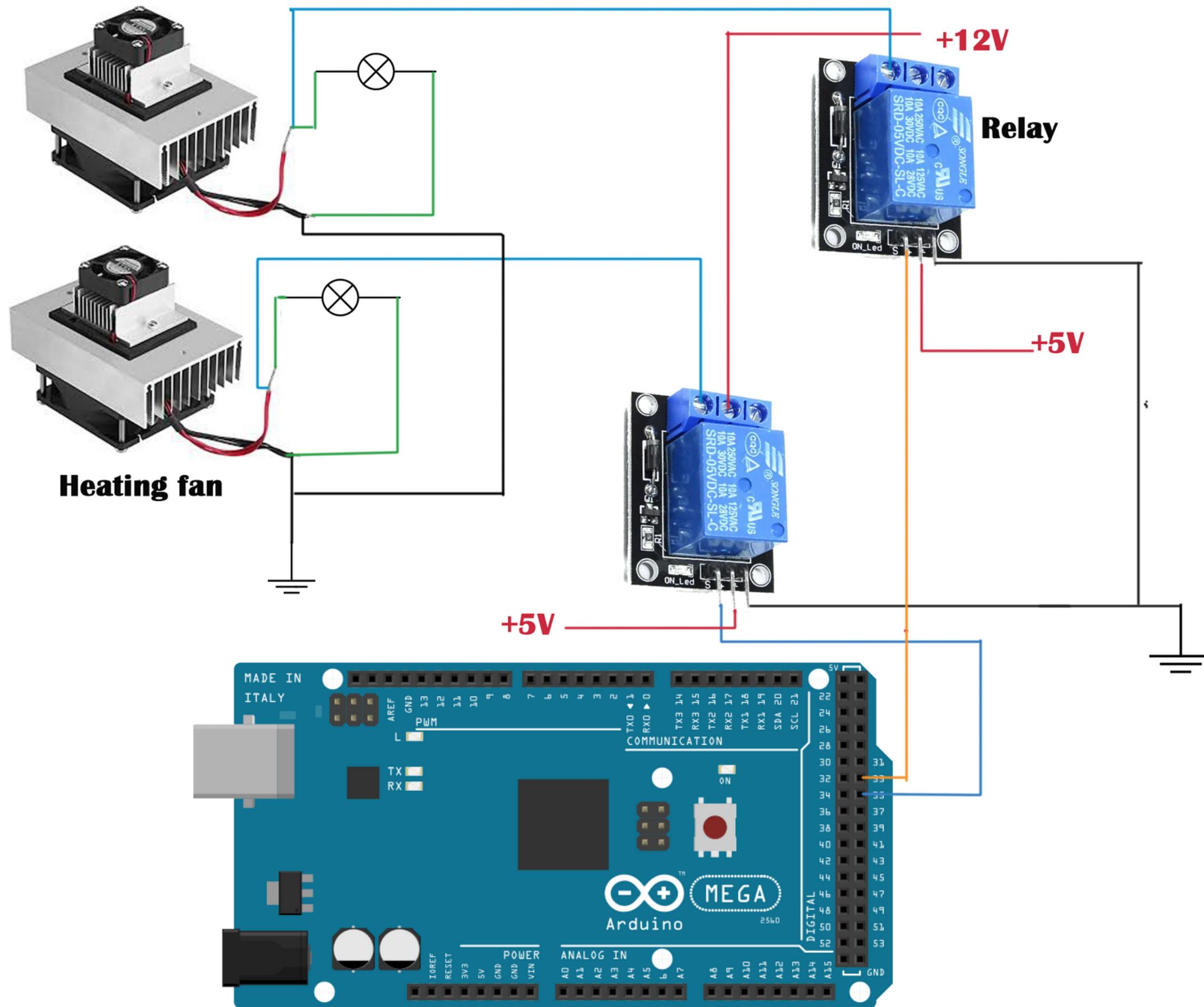
(PELTIER MODULE - TEC1-12706)

- ◆ Used to reduce coldness of feet

Hot Side Temperature (° C)	25° C	50° C
Qmax (Watts)	50	57
Delta T _{max} (° C)	66	75
I _{max} (Amps)	6.4	6.4
V _{max} (Volts)	14.4	16.4
Module Resistance (Ohms)	1.98	2.30

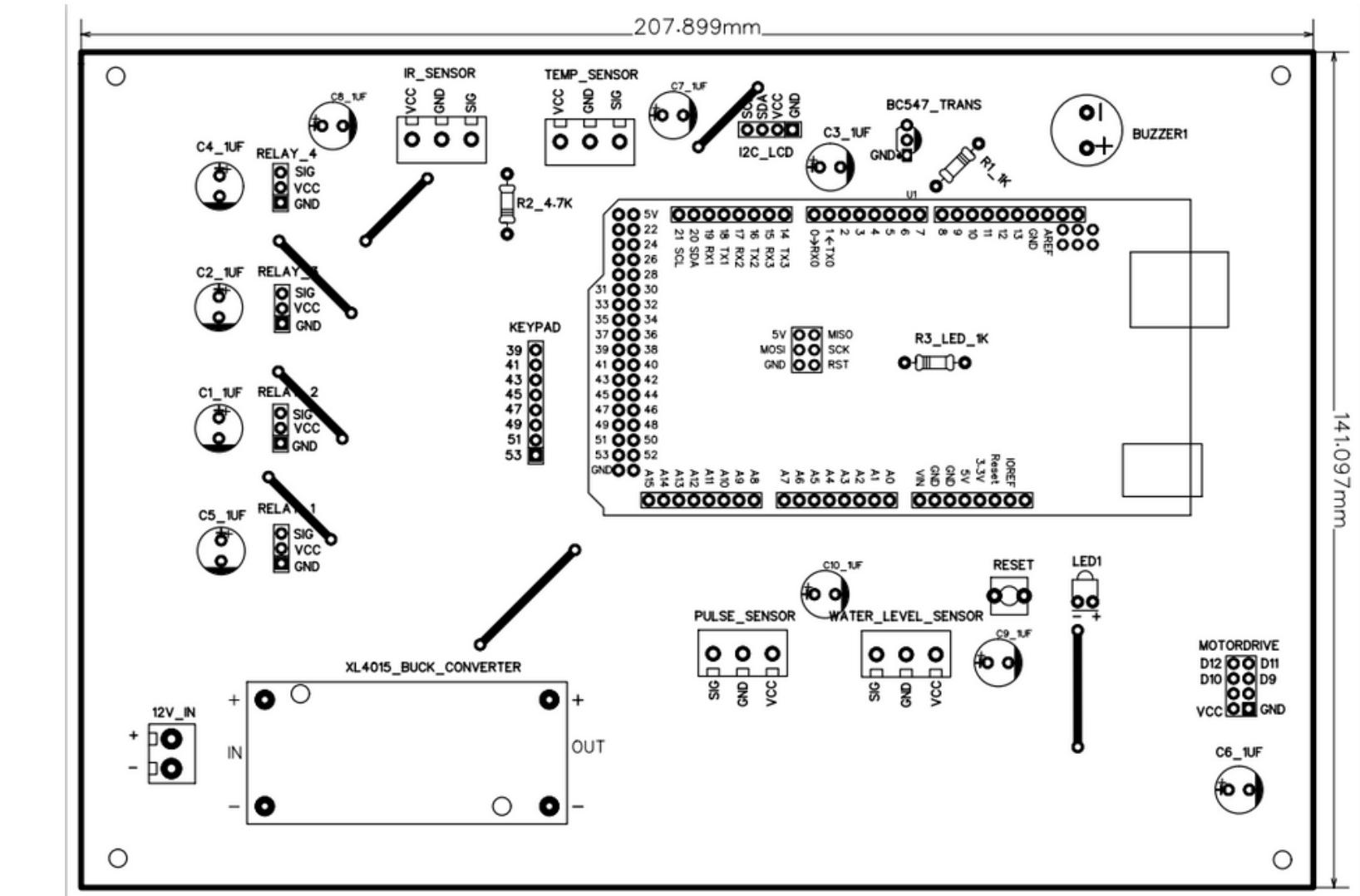
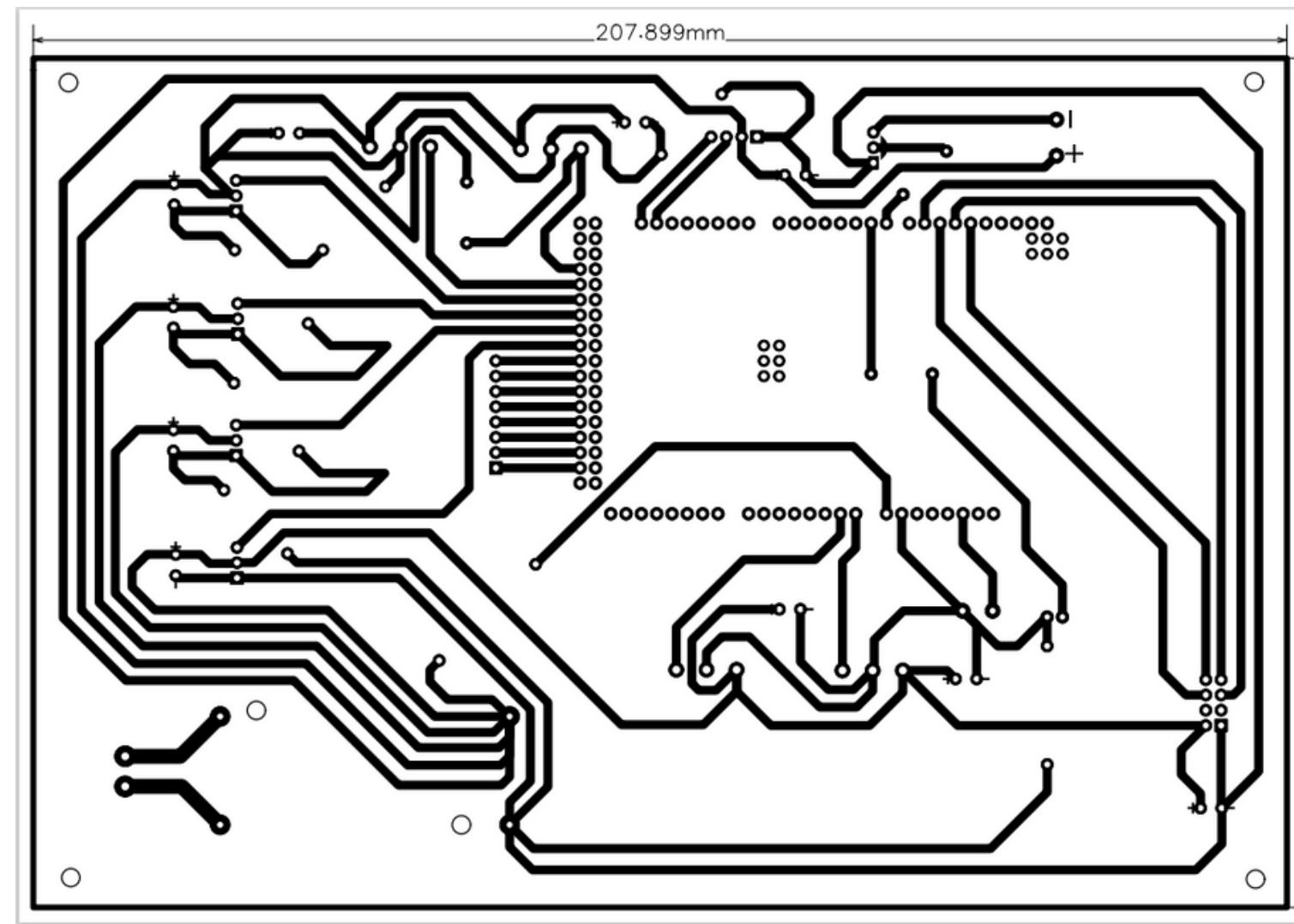


CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



PCB DESIGN

- ◆ Software Used - EasyEDA
- ◆ Single layer Design



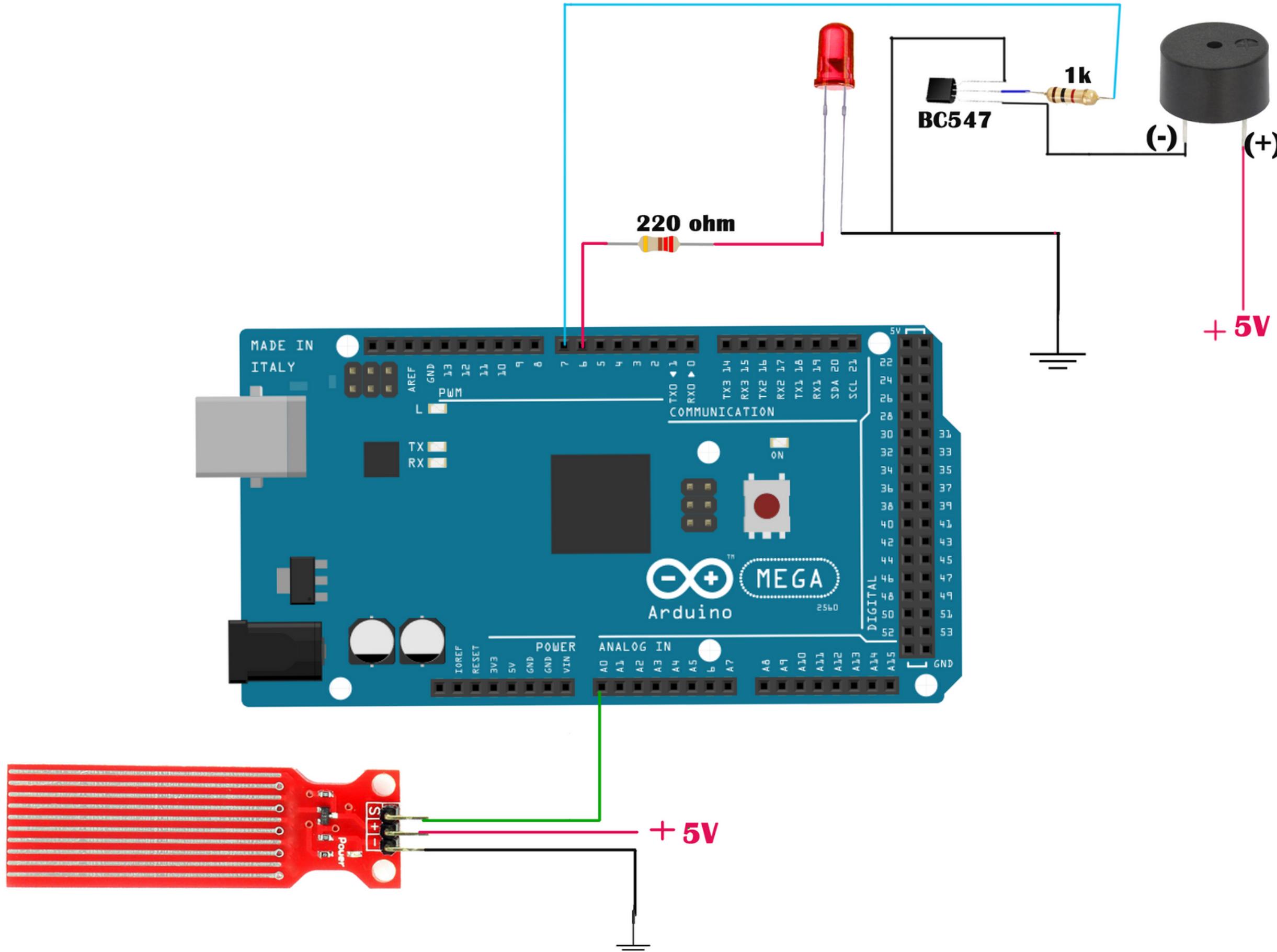
- ◆ Study and implement the process of **water level sensor**
- ◆ Study and implement the process of **wiper motors**
- ◆ Design the structure

WATER LEVEL SENSOR (SE045)

◆ Used to measure the muscle relaxing liquid level

- Working Voltage : DC 3-5V.
- Working Current : <20mA.
- Operating temperature: 10~30 Celsius.
- Sensor Type : Analog.
- Detection Area : 40 mm x 16 mm.
- Size : 65 mm x 20 mm x 8 mm.
- Humidity: 10% -90% non-condensing.

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



CODE

```
#define WaterLevelSensorPin A0
#define WaterLevelLedpin 6

int wlevel = 0;

void setup() {
pinMode(WaterLevelLedpin,OUTPUT);
}

void loop() {
wlevel = readWaterLevelSensor();
if(wlevel<500){
  digitalWrite(WaterLevelLedpin,HIGH);
}else{
  digitalWrite(WaterLevelLedpin,LOW);
}
}

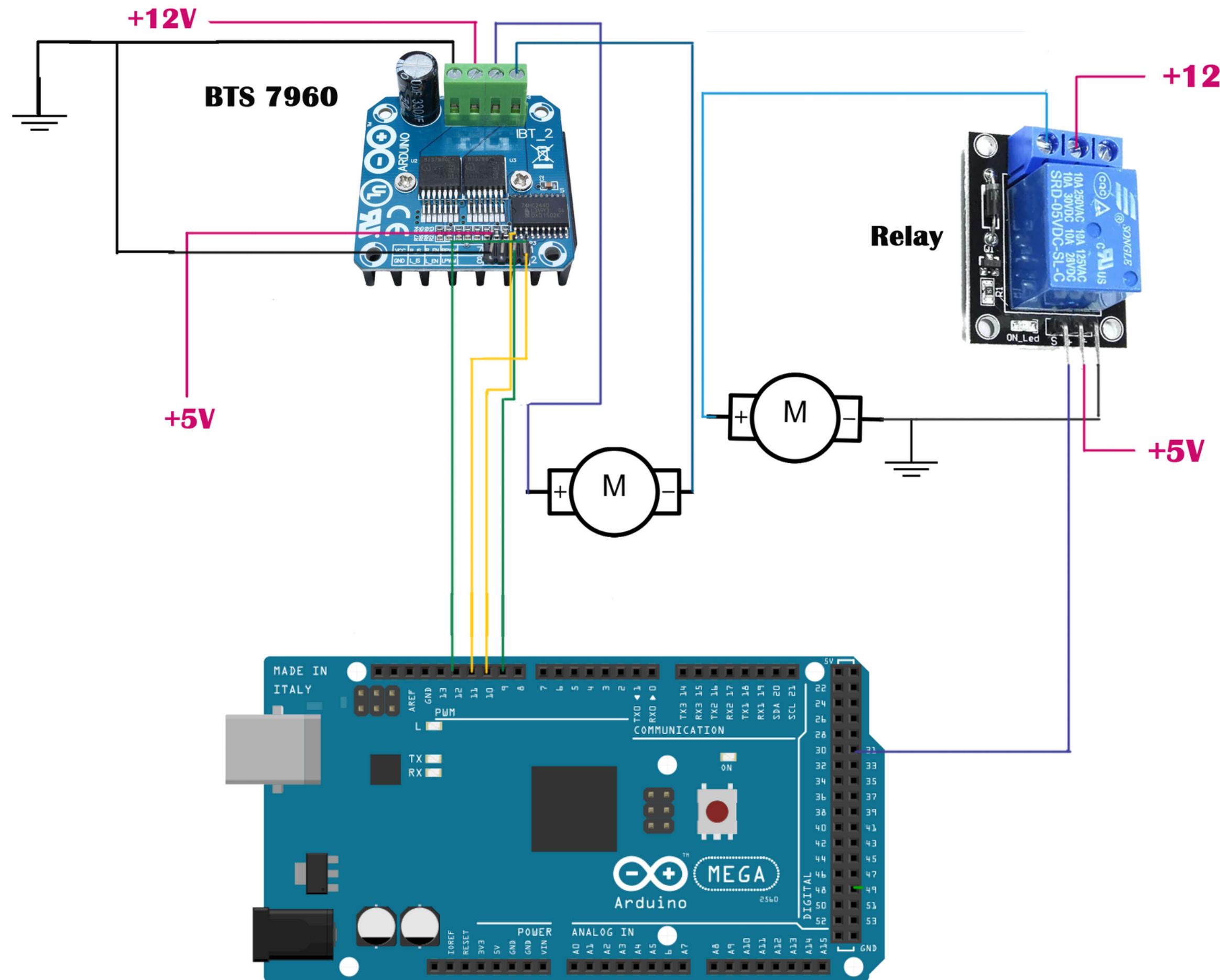
int readWaterLevelSensor() {
wlevel = analogRead(WaterLevelSensorPin); // Read the analog value form sensor
return wlevel; // send current reading
}
```

MOTORS

- ◆ Used to implement the relaxing process
- ◆ Used BTS7960 motor driver
- ◆ 2 vehicle wiper motors are used



CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



CODE

```
#define motor 31 //define pin to relay of motor

int r_en = 10;
int l_en = 9;
//Use PWM pins
int r_pwm = 11;
int l_pwm = 12;
int pwm=200;

boolean motorOn = false;
int massageDuration;
unsigned long massageStartTime = 0;

void setup() {
pinMode(motor,OUTPUT);

pinMode(r_en, OUTPUT);
pinMode(l_en, OUTPUT);
pinMode(r_pwm, OUTPUT);
pinMode(l_pwm, OUTPUT);

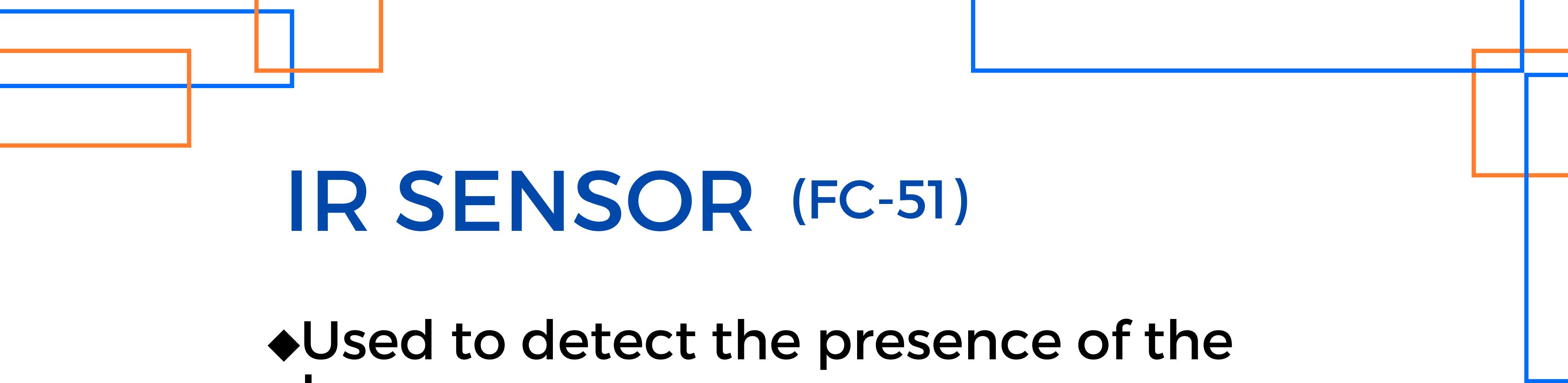
}
void loop() {
if(motorOn){
if(millis()-massageStartTime>=(massageDuration*60000)){
digitalWrite(motor,LOW);
stopMassage();
}
int leftTime = massageDuration- ((millis()-massageStartTime)/60000);
//display left time
}

char key = userKeypad.getKey();
if(key=='A'){
if(motorOn){
digitalWrite(motor,LOW);
stopMassage();
}else{
massageStartTime=functionalKeyA();
}
}
}

void stopMassage(){
digitalWrite(r_en, LOW);
digitalWrite(l_en, LOW);
motorOn=false;
}

void startMassage(){
digitalWrite(r_en, HIGH);
digitalWrite(l_en, HIGH);
//RPM in forward and backward
analogWrite(r_pwm, 0);
analogWrite(l_pwm, pwm);
motorOn=true;
}
```

- ◆ Study and implement the process of **IR sensor**
- ◆ Study the mechanism and structure
- ◆ Design the structure



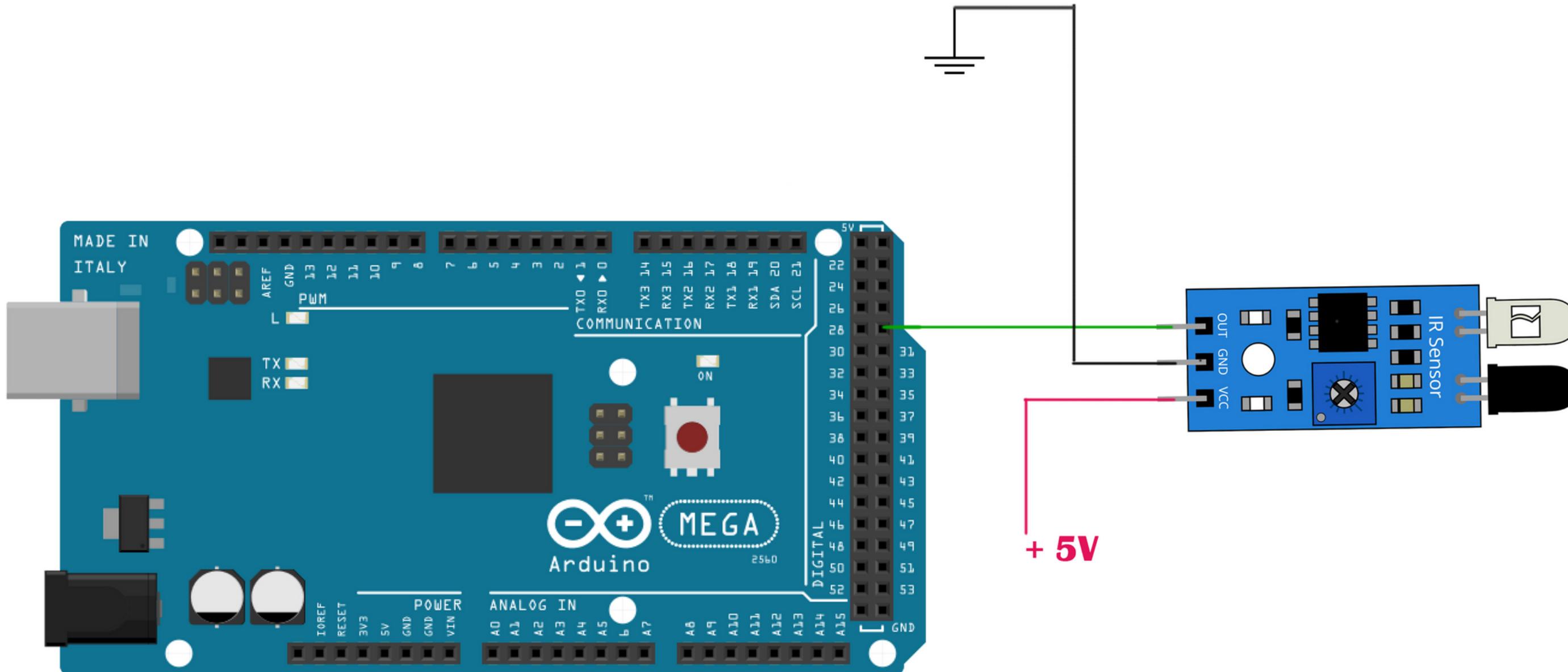
IR SENSOR (FC-51)

- ◆ Used to detect the presence of the leg

Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Operating Temperature Range	-40		+85	°C
Input Voltage Range	3		5.5	V
Output Voltage Range	0.3	Vdd/2	Vdd	V
Supply Current	3		4	mA

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



CODE

```
#define irSensorPin 29

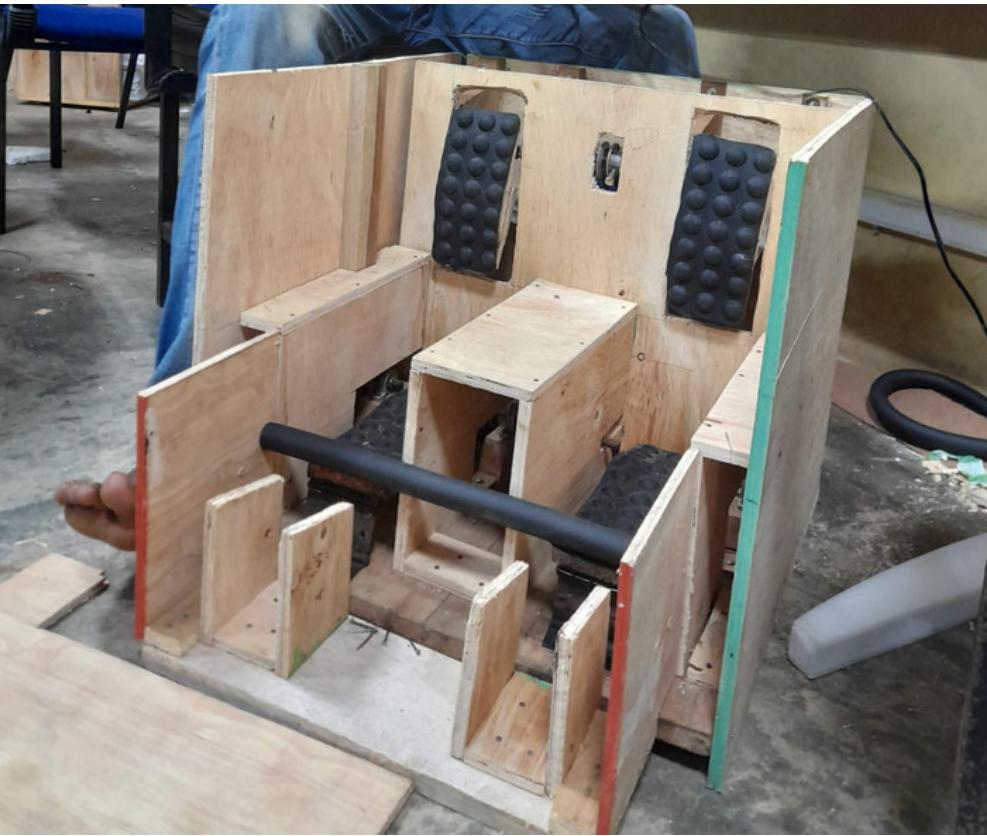
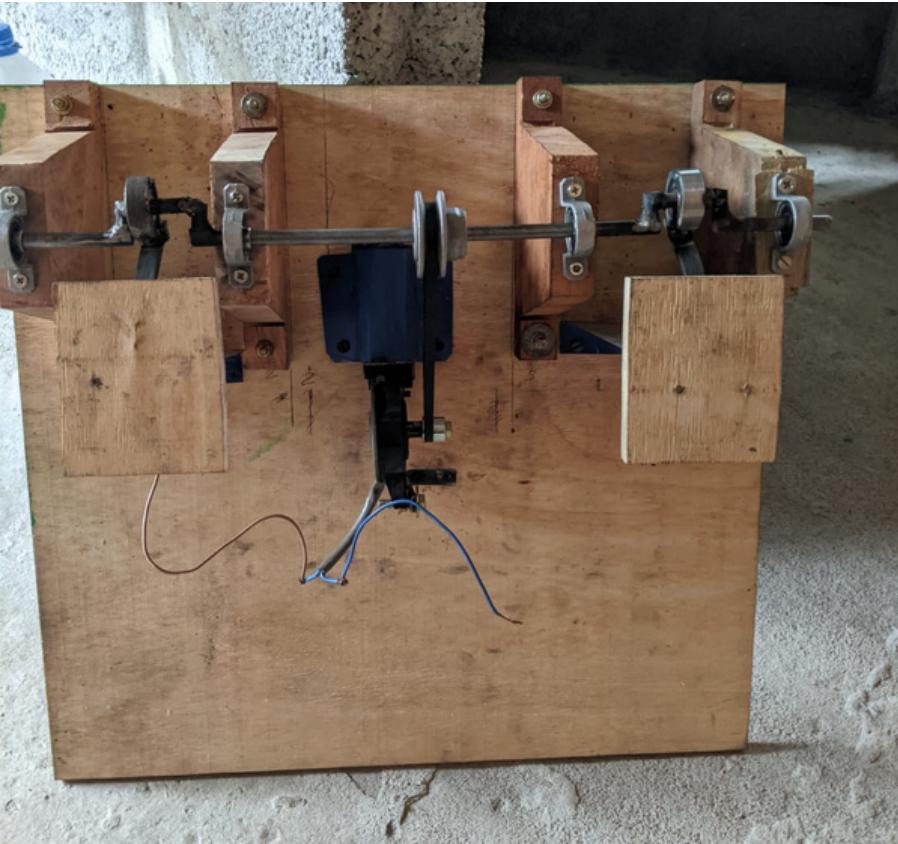
boolean legDetected = false;
unsigned long legRemovedTime=0;

void setup() {
  pinMode(irSensorPin, INPUT);
}

void loop() {
  if (digitalRead(irSensorPin) == LOW) {
    if (!legDetected) {
      legDetected = true;
      lcd.clear();
      lcd.print("Leg Detected");
      delay(1000);
      lcd.clear();
    }
  } else {
    if (legDetected) {
      legRemovedTime = millis();
      legDetected = false;
      lcd.clear();
      lcd.print("Place Leg on");
      lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
      lcd.print("the Machine");
    }
  }
}

// all process is happen inside this scope
```

MECHANISM



214191D-A.S.S.SEWWANDI

- ◆ Study and implement the process of Pulse sensor
- ◆ Study and make the Ultrasonic mist maker

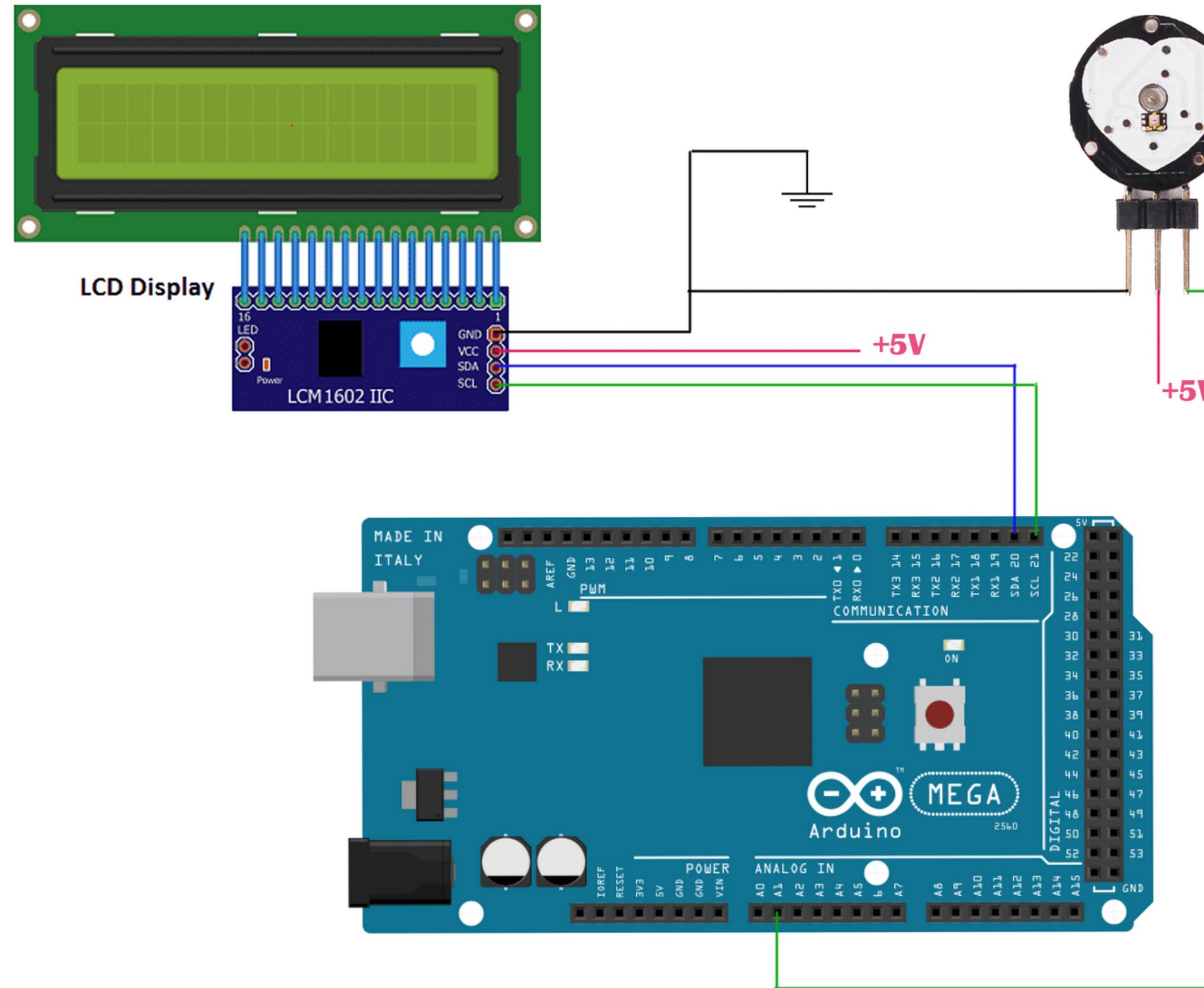
PULSE SENSOR (HW-827)

214191D- A.S.S. SEWWANDI

- ◆ Used to monitor the pulse rate

maximum current	100mA
Heartbeat deduction output	LED
VCC	+5v DC (high-quality regulation)
Light source	660nm super Red LED

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



CODE

```
int const PULSE_SENSOR_PIN = A1;  
int Signal;  
int bpm;  
int Threshold = 700;  
  
void loop() {  
    readPulse();  
}  
void readPulse()  
{  
    Signal = analogRead(PULSE_SENSOR_PIN);  
  
    if(Signal>Threshold){  
        bpm = 60000/Signal;  
        Serial.println(bpm);  
        //lcd.display(bpm);  
        delay(1000);  
    }  
}
```



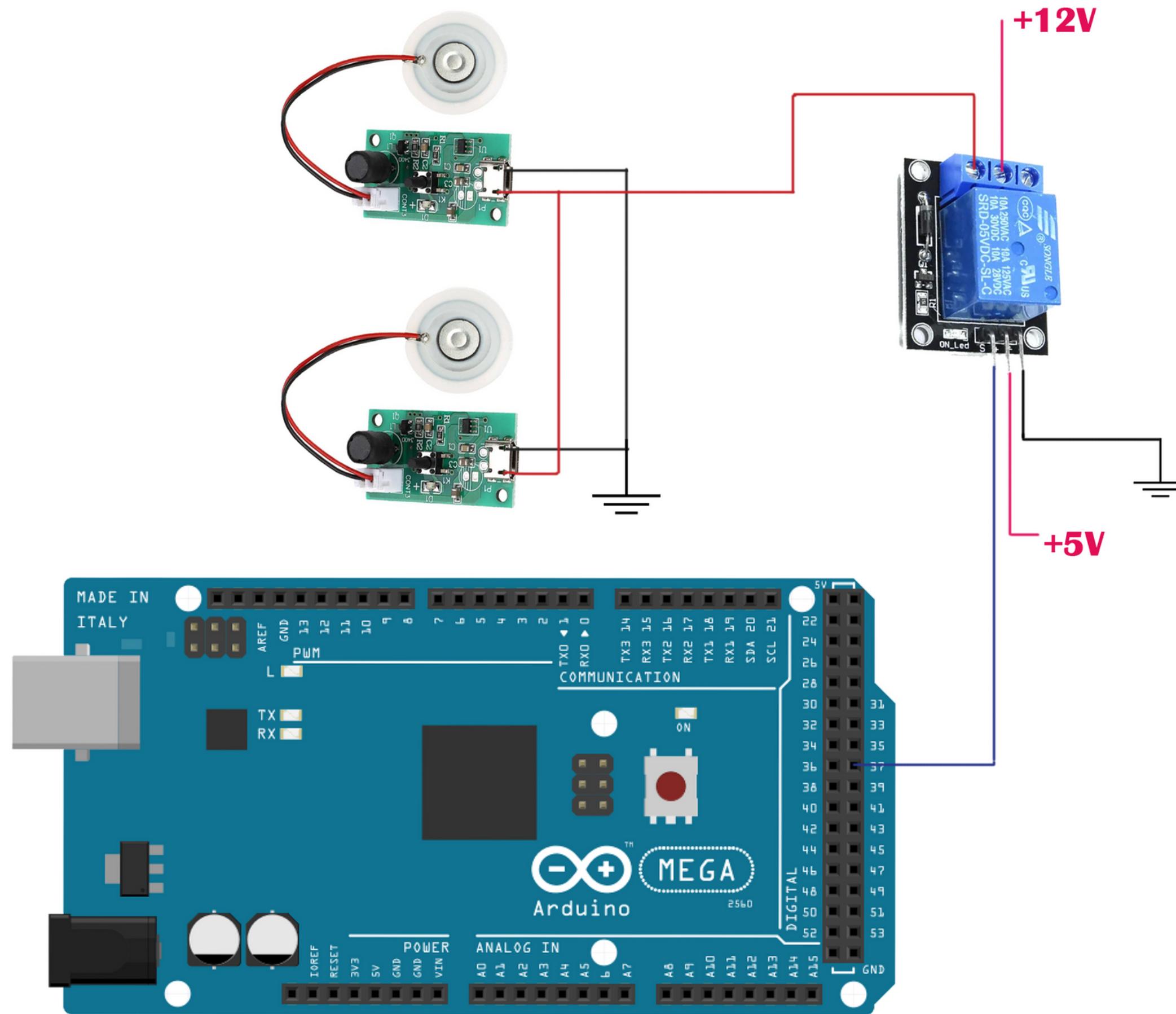
ULTRASONIC MIST MAKER

214191D- A.S.S. SEWWANDI

◆ Used to spray the pain relief liquid

- Diameter: 20mm
- Operating Voltage: 3.7 – 12V
- Frequency: 113kHz
- Quiescent Capacitor: 3000PF
- Rated Power: 2.5W

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



214136P-H.S.MUTHUMALA

- ◆ Study and implement the process of **Temperature sensor (DS18B20)**
- ◆ Study the LCD display and keypad



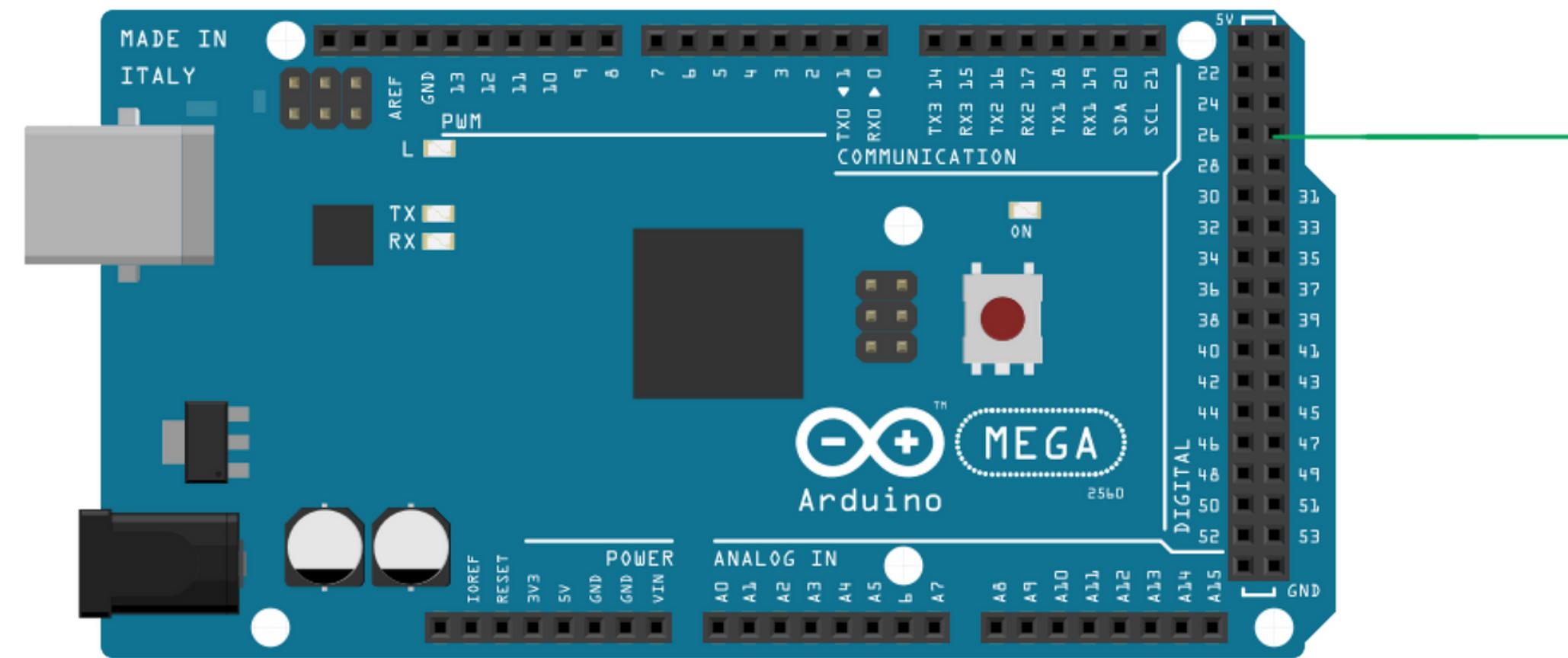
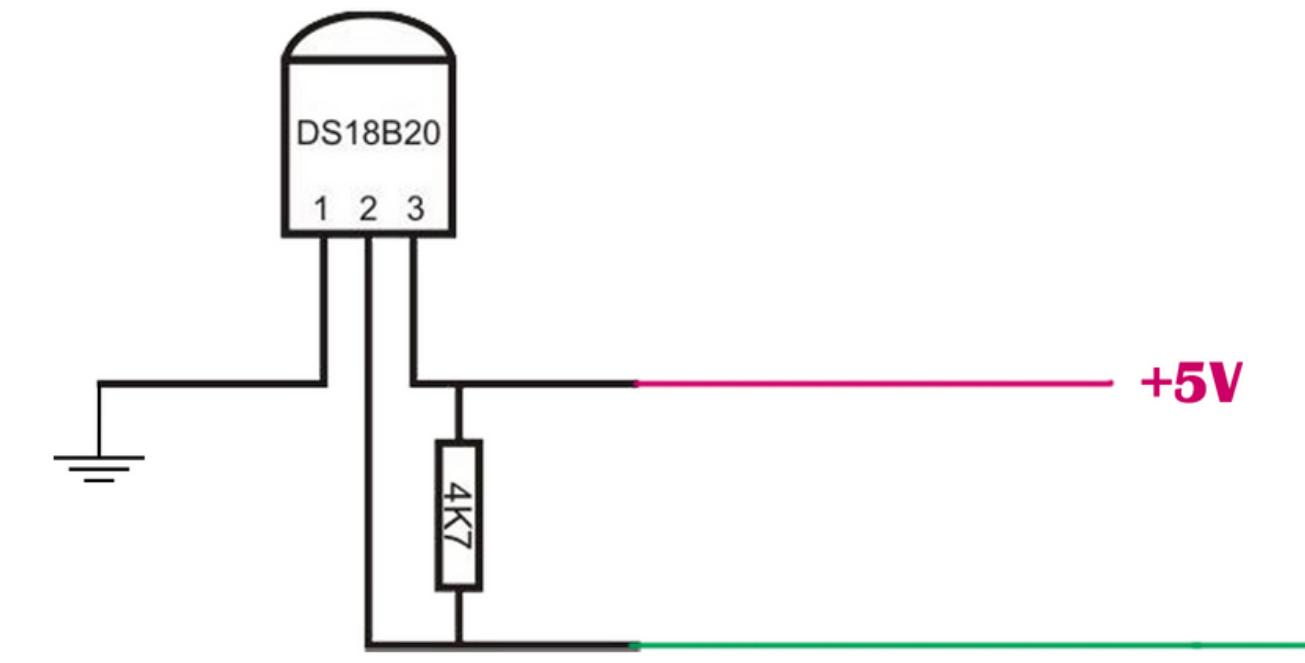
TEMPERATURE SENSOR

(DS18B20-TO 92)

- ◆ Used to measure the room temperature

Power Supply	3V to 5.5V
Current Consumption	1mA
Temperature Range	-55 to 125°C
Accuracy	±0.5°C
Resolution	9 to 12 bit <small>(selectable)</small>
Conversion Time	< 750ms

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



CODE

```
#include <Wire.h>
#include <OneWire.h>
#include <DallasTemperature.h>

#define ONE_WIRE_BUS 27 // temperature sensor pin 27
OneWire oneWire(ONE_WIRE_BUS);
DallasTemperature sensors(&oneWire); // Pass oneWire reference to DallasTemperature
library

void setup() {
  sensors.begin(); // Start up the DallasTemperature library
}

void loop() {
  int temperature = getTemperature();
  displayTemperature(temperature);

  if(temperature<=20){
    //heating fan on
  }
  else if(temperature>40){
    //heating fan off
  }
}

int getTemperature(){
  sensors.requestTemperatures(); // Send the command to get
  temperatures
  int temperatureC = sensors.getTempCByIndex(0); // Read the
  temperature in Celsius
  delay(500);
  return temperatureC;
}

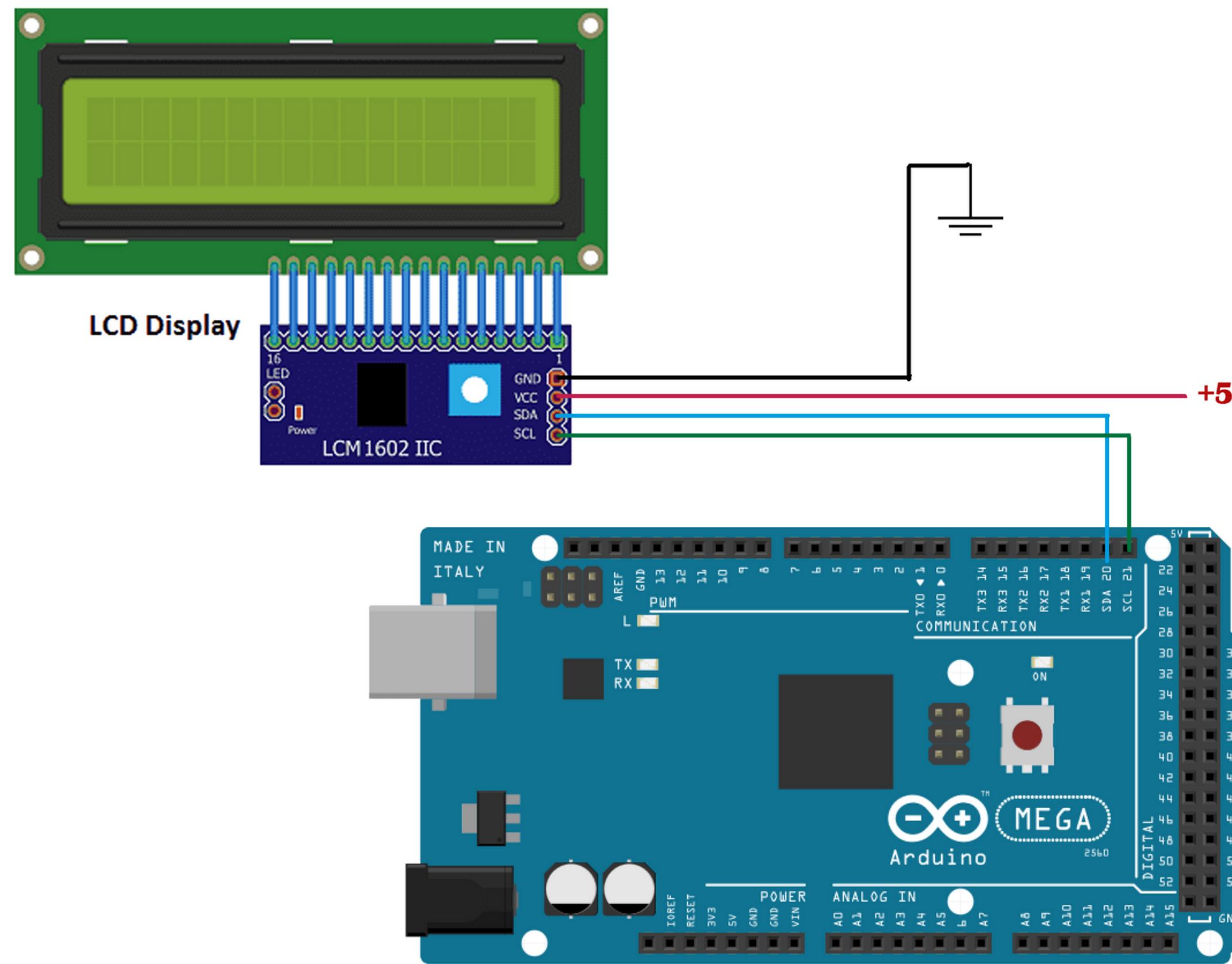
void displayTemperature(int temperature) {
  //display temperature
}
```

LCD DISPLAY + I2C

214136P- H.S.MUTHUMALA

- ◆ I2C is used to reduce the number of pins used by the Arduino Mega 2560.

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

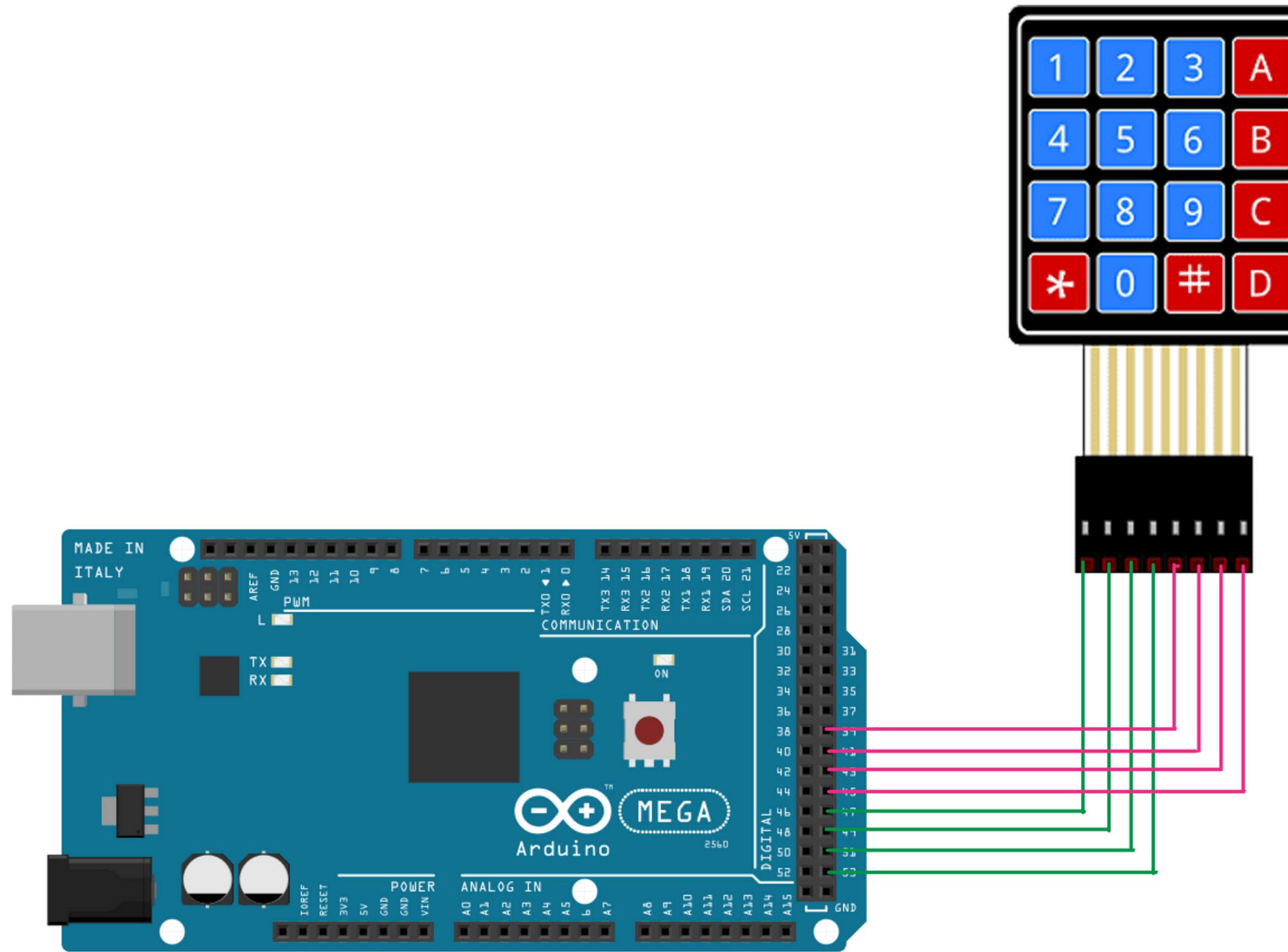


4*4 KEY PAD

214136P- H.S.MUTHUMALA

- ◆ Used to take user inputs

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



CODE

```
#include <Keypad.h>
const uint8_t ROWS = 4;
const uint8_t COLS = 4;
char keys[ROWS][COLS] = {
    {'1', '2', '3', 'A'},
    {'4', '5', '6', 'B'},
    {'7', '8', '9', 'C'},
    {'*', '0', '#', 'D'}
};

byte colPins[COLS] = {47,49,51,53 }; // Pins connected to C1, C2, C3, C4
byte rowPins[ROWS] = {39,41,43,45}; // Pins connected to R1, R2, R3, R4

Keypad userKeypad = Keypad(makeKeymap(keys), rowPins, colPins, ROWS, COLS);

void loop(){
    char key = userKeypad.getKey();

    if(key=='A'){
        //massager on/off
    }
    if(key=='B'){
        //heating fan on/off
    }
    if(key=='C'){
        // spray on/off
    }
    if(key=='D'){
        //measure pulse
    }
}
```

CODE

```
#include <LiquidCrystal_I2C_Hangul.h>

// LCD DispIY
LiquidCrystal_I2C_Hangul lcd(0x3F,16,2); // set the LCD address to 0x3F for a 16 chars and 2 line display

void setup(){
lcd.init();
lcd.clear();
lcd.backlight(); // Make sure backlight is on

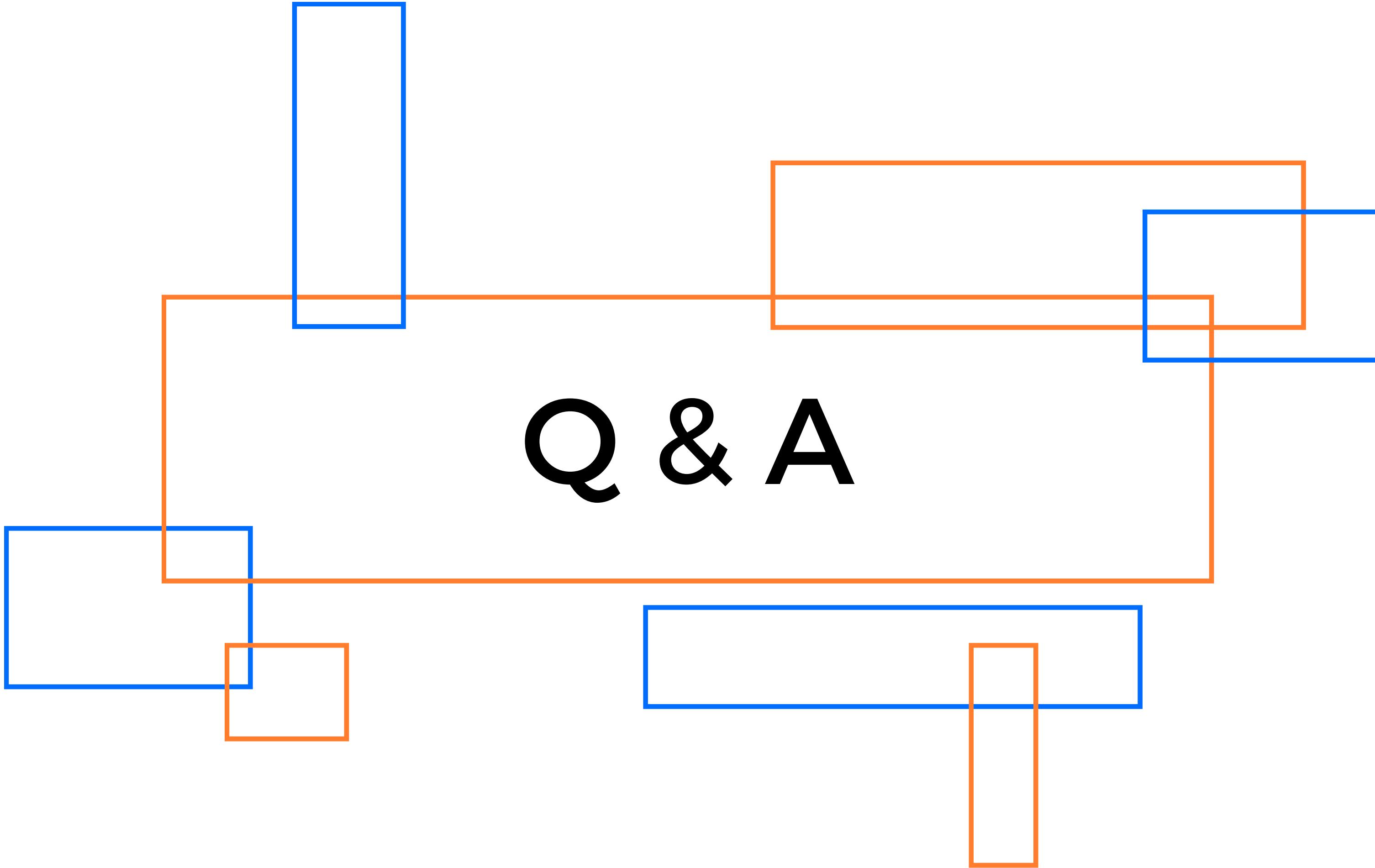
lcd.setCursor(2,0); //Set cursor to character 3 on line 0
lcd.print("Foot Massager"); // Print initial messages on the LCD
delay(2000);
lcd.clear();
lcd.setCursor(0,0);
lcd.print("Place Leg on");
lcd.setCursor(0,1);
lcd.print("the machine");
}
```

Budget Estimation

Amount	Qty	Total
LCD Display	1	310
Wires	10	1250
i2c module	1	450
BTS7960 motor driver	1	1600
keypad	1	450
water level sensor	1	110
heart rate sensor	1	850
Gt2 belt and 2 pullys	1	600
typing chain and 2 cog wheels	1	500
Viper Motor	2	4600
solder wire	5	450
IR sensor	1	250
Relay	4	720

multibond	1	300
Arduino Mega	1	5800
bearing	14	2000
ds18b20	1	130
Dc Fan	4	2000
buckconverter XL4015 2A	1	420
peltier	2	1500
LED	1	10
Buzzer	1	150
silicon gum	1	500
iron	1	800
wood board		2000
nails		850
power unit 12V/20A	1	2700
PCB	1	2700
capacitors/ pin headers/ terminals....		650
thermal paste	1	200
plug point+wire		570
cloth		700
cap+ wires		310
bulb	2	200
paint	1	400
sanding paper	2	300
Others		2500
	Sum	39878

Q & A



THANK YOU

