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<u>hw2-2</u>

Summary the time and space complexity, describe(code, pseudo code, text description) how do you get the result.

(Optional) You can use the hw2-1 as example to show.

Time Complexity - the amount of time it takes for the algorithm to run as a function of the length of the input

Space Complexity - the amount of space it takes up for the algorithm to run as a function of the length of the input

Both Time and Space Complexity is expressed by Big-O notation.

The time complexity to execute one operation is constant time. Total operations for an input length on N are calculated. Steps to calculate time complexity:

- 1) Determine what the input and N represents
- 2) Express the maximum number of operations that the algorithm performs, in terms of ${\sf N}$
- 3) Eliminate all excluding the highest order terms
- 4) Remove all the constant factors

Time Complexities (from fastest to slowest):

- Constant: O(1)

- Logarithmic: O(log(N))

- Linear: O(N)

- Superlinear: O(N log(N))

- Quadratic: O(N^2)

- Exponential: O(2^N)

- Factorial: O(N!)

Space complexity represents the amount of memory needed to completely run the algorithm. To determine the space complexity, one must focus on two vital parts:

- 1) Fixed part independent of the input size; includes memory for instructions, constants, variables, etc.
- 2) Variable part dependent on the input size; memory for recursion stack, referenced variables, etc.