



Introduction



- Who am I
 - github.com/jingyih
 - A maintainer of etcd (https://github.com/etcd-io/etcd)
- Hopefully would be helpful for
 - Developers who are new to etcd Raft package. This talk provides a starting point for reading the source code.
 - Developers who want to understand the relationship between etcd and Raft. This talk provides a brief description on how etcd uses the Raft package.
 - Developers who want to import and use Raft package in their own project.

Agenda



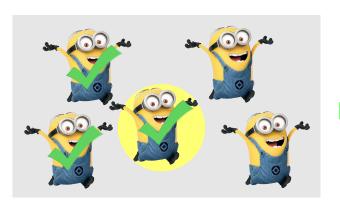
- Raft Recap
- Raft as part of etcd
- Raft Implementation Details
- Roadmap



- Consensus and Quorum
- Replicated state machine
- Leader election
- Log replication



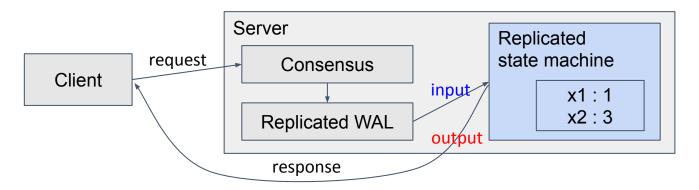
- Consensus and Quorum
 - If Q1 and Q2 are quorum, their intersection is not empty.
 - Cluster can make progress as long as consensus among quorum high availability / fault tolerance.







- Replicated state machine
 - Same initial state
 - Same input sequence replicated write ahead log (WAL)
 - Results in same output and (internal) state transition.





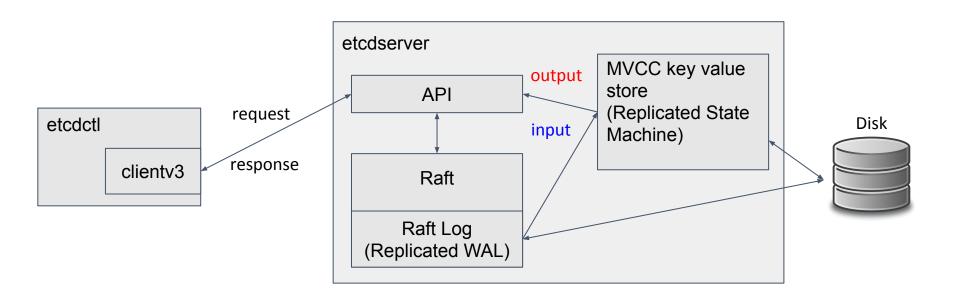
- Leader election
 - Candidate, Follower, Leader
 - Term
 - Election
 - Heartbeat



- Log Replication
 - Only leader manages the replicated logs.
 - Leader only append to log.
 - Leader keeps trying to replicate its logs to followers.
 - Committed index
 - Applied index (always smaller than committed index)

Raft in etcd





We will revisit this graph (with more details) after we talked about the Raft implementation.



- Minimalistic design for flexibility, deterministic and performance
 - Raft package does not implement network transport between peers
 - Raft package does not implement storage to persist log and state



- Raft is modeled as a state machine
 - State
 - Input, output
 - Transition between states



State

```
type raft struct {
  id uint64
  Term uint64
  Vote uint64
  raftLog *raftLog // replicated WAL
   state StateType // Leader, Candidate, Follower
   step stepFunc
type stepFunc func (r *raft, m pb.Message) error
func stepLeader(r *raft, m pb.Message) error
func stepFollower(r *raft, m pb.Message) error
func stepCandidate(r *raft, m pb.Message) error
```

• Input

```
type Message struct {
   Type
                     MessageType
                     // e.g. MsqVote, MsqApp
   To
                     mint64
   From
                     mint64
                     mint64
   Term
   LogTerm
                    uint64
   Index
                     uint64
                     []Entry // raft log entries
   Entries
   . . .
```



Output

```
type Ready struct {
   pb.HardState
   // {Term, Vote, Committed Index}, to be saved to staroge
   ...
   Entries []pb.Entry
   // Raft entries to be saved to storage
   ...
   CommittedEntries []pb.Entry
   // Raft entries ready to be applied to
   // replicated state machine
   ...
   Messages []pb.Message
   // messages to be sent to peers
   ...
}
```

State Transition

```
// Step advances the Raft
message.
Step(ctx context.Context, msg pb.Message) error

func (r *raft) Step(m pb.Message) error {
    ...
    // Common logic for leader, candidate, follower:
    // 1. Handle m.Term, which may result in leader stepping down to a follower
    // 2. Handle campaign and voting

    r.step(m)
    // stepLeader
    // stepCandidate
    // stepFollower
}
```



```
Message {
    Type:    pb.MsgProp,
    Entries: []pb.Entry{{Data: data},
}
Follower
```

```
func (n *node) Propose(ctx context.Context, data []byte)
error {
   return n.stepWait(ctx,
        pb.Message{
            Type: pb.MsgProp,
            Entries: []pb.Entry{{Data: data}},
        })
}
```



```
Message {
            pb.MsgProp,
   Type:
   Entries: []pb.Entry{{Data: data},
                        Follower
Message {
            pb.MsgProp,
   Type:
            r.lead,
   From:
            r.id.
   Entries: []pb.Entry{{Data: data},
```

```
func stepFollower(r *raft, m pb.Message) error {
   switch m. Type {
   case pb.MsqProp:
       if r.lead == None {
           return ErrProposalDropped
       m.To = r.lead
       r.send(m)
func (r *raft) send(m pb.Message) {
   m.From = r.id
   r.msgs = append(r.msgs, m)
func newReady(r *raft, ...) Ready {
   rd := Readv{
       Messages: r.msgs,
   return rd
```



```
Message {
                   pb.MsqProp,
          Type:
          To:
                    r.lead,
          From:
                    r.id,
          Entries: []pb.Entry{{Data: data},
                                 Leader
                                   D
                                  Message {
Message {
            pb.MsqApp,
                                     Type:
                                              pb.MsqApp,
   Type:
            peer 1 id.
                                     To:
                                              peer 2 id.
   From:
            r.id.
                                     From:
                                              r.id.
   Entries: ents,
                                     Entries: ents.
   Commit:
                                     Commit:
r.raftLog.committed.
                                  r.raftLog.committed.
```

```
func stepLeader(r *raft, m pb.Message) error {
   switch m. Type {
   case pb.MsgProp:
       if !r.appendEntry(m.Entries...) {
          return ErrProposalDropped
       r.bcastAppend()
For each peer:
func (r *raft) maybeSendAppend(to uint64, ...) bool {
   m := pb.Message {
       Type:
                pb.MsqApp.
                to, // peer id
       To:
       Entries: ents, // from last matched entry to latest
       Commit: r.raftLog.committed,
   r.send(m)
```



```
Message {
   Type:
            pb.MsqApp,
            peer 1 id,
   To:
   From:
            r.id.
   Entries: ents.
   Commit: r.raftLog.committed,
                        Follower
Message {
            pb.MsqAppResp,
   Type:
   To:
            lead id.
   From:
            r.id.
            mlastIndex,
   Index:
```

```
func stepFollwer(r *raft, m pb.Message) error {
   switch m. Type {
   case pb.MsqApp:
       r.lead = m.From
       r.handleAppendEntries(m)
func (r *raft) handleAppendEntries(m pb.Message) {
   ... // do not need to append if already has more updated
log entries, and report my progress to leader
   if mlastIndex, ok := r.raftLog.maybeAppend(m.Index,
m.LogTerm, m.Commit, m.Entries...); ok {
       r.send(pb.Message{
                 m.From, // this is lead id
          Type: pb.MsqAppResp,
          Index: mlastIndex.
       })
   } else {...} // reject the log entries from leader
```



```
Message {
    Type:    pb.MsgAppResp,
    To:    lead id,
    From:    r.id,
    Index:    mlastIndex,
}
```

```
F, G

Message {
    Type: pb.MsgApp,
    To: peer 1 id,
    From: r.id,
    Entries: ents,
    Commit: r.raftLog.committed,
    // Commit is updated
    ...
}
```

```
func stepLeader(r *raft, m pb.Message) error {
   switch m. Type {
   case pb.MsqAppResp:
       if m.Reject {...} else {
          if pr.maybeUpdate(m.Index) {
               r.bcastAppend()
func (r *raft) handleAppendEntries(m pb.Message) {
   // maybeAppend may advance the committed index in
follower's raft log
   if mlastIndex, ok := r.raftLog.maybeAppend(m.Index,
m.LogTerm, m.Commit, m.Entries...); ok {...}
```



```
Message {
    Type:        pb.MsgApp,
    To:        peer 1 id,
    From:        r.id,
    Entries: ents,
    Commit:        r.raftLog.committed,
        // Commit is updated
    ...
}
```

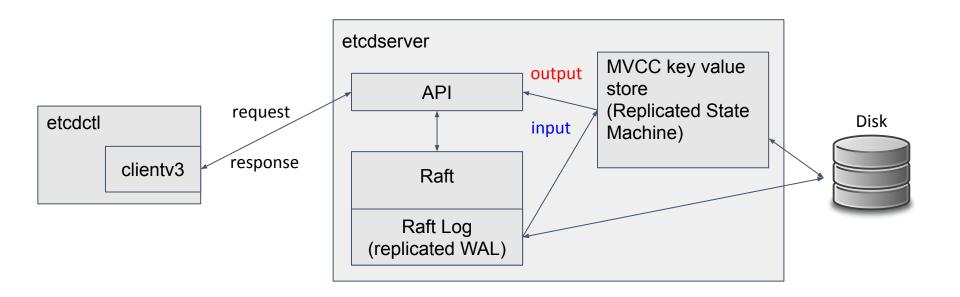


```
Ready {
    Messages: // Messages includes a message
    of type pb.MsgAppResp to leader
        CommittedEntries: // new committed
    entries as the result of maybeAppend()
        ...
}
```

```
// Recap: the output of Raft state machine
type Ready struct {
   pb.HardState
   // Term, Vote, Committed Index
   Entries []pb.Entry
   // Raft entries to be saved to storage
   CommittedEntries []pb.Entry
   // Raft entries ready to be applied to
   // replicated state machine
   Messages []pb.Message
   // messages to be sent to peers
```

Raft in etcd

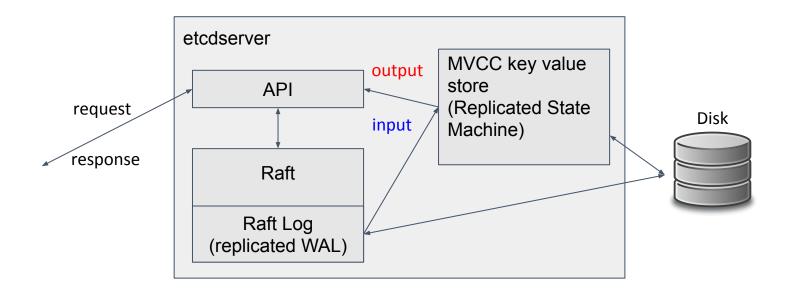




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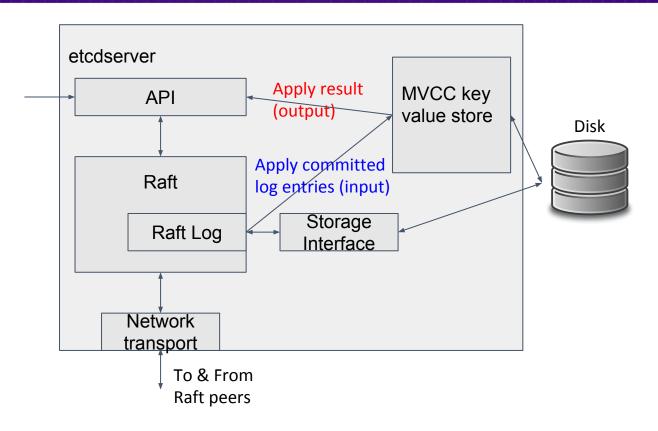
Raft in etcd





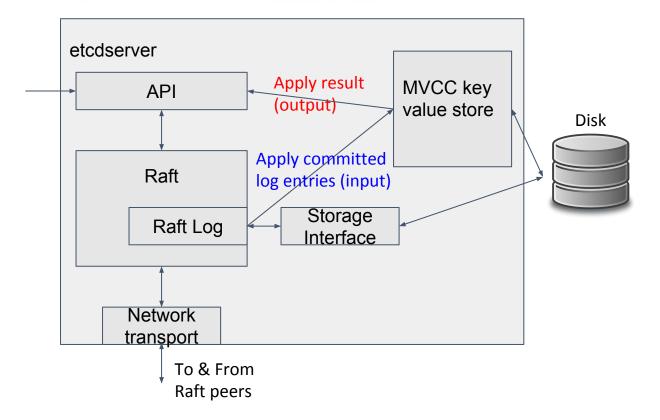
Revisit: Raft in etcd





Revisit: Raft in etcd

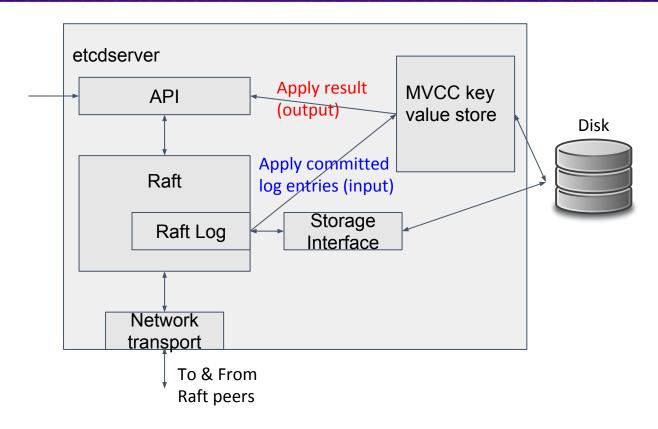




Revisit: Raft in etcd



```
    // Request lifecycle
    Send proposal to Raft
r.Propose(ctx, data)
    If successfully committed, data
will appear in rd.CommittedEntries
    Apply committed entries to MVCC
    Return apply result to client
```



Roadmap



- Raft learner / non-voting member feature in etcd v3.4.
 - Design Doc:

https://github.com/etcd-io/etcd/blob/master/docs/server-learner.rst

- Implementation: PR #10725, #10727, #10730
- Joint consensus for Raft membership reconfiguration?
 - https://github.com/etcd-io/etcd/issues/7625

