# ProtoDUNE Prompt Processing System (p3s)

#### Installation

### Getting the software.

At the time of writing, the simplest way to get the code is by cloning the repo https://github.com/DUNE/p3s.git

Please DO NOT COMMIT/PUSH ANYTHING TO THIS REPO unless you contact the developer (M.Potekhin). Effort will be made to package the code for a more robust installation method.

#### Contents of the installation

p3s installation tree contains the following directories which are necessary for its function:

- promptproc the workflow managment and monitoring server
- **clients** an assortment of clients for creation and manipulation of the objects residing in the server, mostly tailored to support a specific class.

The directory **inputs** contains files that can be used as examples and/or templates for initial testing of p3s but which are not meant to be a part of a useful application or production type of environment. There is also a **documents** directory whose purpose is obvious, and **sandbox** which stored arbitrary snippets of code of interest only to the developers and which won't be helpful for testers or users.

### When you start testing

Meaningful testing requires that at least one datatype is defined in the system which should match whatever datatype(s) you use in your workflow template (DAG). If your files all have extension '.tst' you may define the datatype "test" (which again must be consistent with you DAG) and use the following command to add the datatype to the server:

```
./dataset.py -R -j '{"name":"test", "ext":".tst", "comment":"testing"}'
```

If you no longer need the datatype you created (perhaps as the result of testing), it can be removed from the server as follows:

```
./dataset.py -D test
```

### **Embedded documentation**

Many directories contain .md files that are easy to read in the browser on GitHub by just clicking on a file. Some of the more important instructions are converted to PDF format and kept in the "documentation" folder in this repo.

If you want to convert any of the .md files to PDF at will, the following utility may be used which is easy to install on Linux - see this example:

pandoc -s -o README.pdf README.md

### Learning about the clients

All clients have the '-h' or the equivalent '-help' option which summarizes the command line syntax, in addition some have the 'usage' option which may provide more info.

### **Design Paper and Motivation**

Supporting documents and an outline of the design can be found in the FNAL DocDB 1861 (authorization required for access).

The p3s is the computing platform for protoDUNE to support Data Quality Management (DQM). Its requirements and mode of operation are different from a typical production system in the following: \* there are stringent ETA requirements for processing jobs since for DQM purposes the results become stale (not actionable) very fast \* only a portion of the data (configurable) needs to be processed \* in any stage of processing a portion of the data unknown apriory can be dropped in order to optimize throughput \* there is no retry mechanism since any substantial delay in processing a unit of data makes the result less relevant (again, the focus is on ETA) \* processing streams are initiated purely automatically and in real time by the data arriving from DAQ \* there is no distinct data handling system for two reasons. First, the cluster which runs p3s is either literally local or can access data through a POSIX-like interface with some modest development and deployment effort. Second, a data handling system would introduce additional complexity, latency and potentially failure modes. Instead, p3s relies on federated storage such as provided by an instance of XRootD. A high-performance NAS could be an alternative. In either case, for purposes of access and processing the data is essentially local on the cluster.

# Job dispatch

#### **Pilots**

To minimize latency and provide the ability to run transparently on a few local resources (e.g. the cluster at EHN1, CERN Tier-0 and perhaps some other facilities on or around CERN campus) any reliance on the flavor of the underlying batch system needs to be eliminated. In addition, latencies inherent in any batch system should be optimally mitigated. Both problems are addressed by utilizing a pilot-based job dispatch, where the pilots (agents) contact a central service and only receive jobs in case the batch slot is secured and the environment validated. This also combats a few failure modes.

A workflow is instantiated based on a DAG template. DAG templates are persistent in the database and can be added or deleted at will. A convenient external representation of a DAG is a XML file describing the corresponding graph, which can be readily parsed and used for both import and export of DAGs.

#### XML Schema

At the time of writing, the GraphML schema is used as the "input language" describing graphs. It's one of standard schemas for describing graphs and editors and other tools exist for manipulating data in this format, altough it's human readable and can be easily edited by hand

### Pairing Jobs to Data

Setting the environment variables to supply information about I/O is preferred due to flexibility of such method. Dependencies between interfaces of jobs in a workflow need to be minimized.

Once a WF is defined (based on a DAG), so are dataset characteristics (i.e. file names) in each edge of the graph. At this point the environment of each node can be updated to include references to file, via environment variables.

# Components

- Web service:
- workflows and their templates (dags)
- jobs
- data

- handling of pilots' requests for registration and payload
- Clients
- $\bullet\,$  The pilot submission and management of pilot data on the server
- $\bullet\,$  The job submission of job definitions to the server and management of job data on the server

# Software dependencies

- Python3+
- Django 1.10+
- django-tables2
- RDBMS (TBD but most likely PostgreSQL; sqlite used for development puprposes only)
- Apache
- NetworkX (some versions may present compatibility issues)
- GraphML (optional but very helpful, doesn't need to be installed as it's a schema)