# The telprint package

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#### Abstract

Package  ${\tt telprint}$  provides  ${\tt \telprint}$  for formatting German phone numbers.

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<sup>\*</sup>Please report any issues at https://github.com/ho-tex/oberdiek/issues

#### 1 Documentation

#### 1.1 Introduction

This is a very old package that I have written to format phone numbers. It follows German conventions and the documentation is mainly in German.

#### 1.2 Short overview in English

LATEX:

```
\usepackage{telprint}
\telprint{123/456-789}
```

plain TEX:

```
\input telprint.sty
\telprint{123/456-789}
```

\telprint

**\telprint{...}** formats the explicitly given number. Digits, spaces and some special characters ('+', '/', '-', '(', ')', '~', ' ') are supported. Numbers are divided into groups of two digits from the right. Examples:

```
\label{eq:continuous} $$ \begin{array}{lll} & => 07\,61/1\,23\,45 \\ & \begin{array}{lll} & => 07\,61/1\,23\,45 \\ & \begin{array}{lll} & => 0\,12\,34/5\,67\ & \\ & \begin{array}{lll} & & \\ & \begin{array}{lll} & & \\ & \end{array} \end{array}
```

#### 1.2.1 Configuration

The output of the symbols can be configured by \telhyphen, \telslash, \telleftparen, \telrightparen, \telright

```
\telslash{\,/\,}\ \telprint{12/34} ==> 12\,/\,34
```

\telspace \telnumber \telspace configures the space between digit groups.

**\telnumber** only formats a number in digit groups; special characters are not recognized.

#### 1.3 Documentation in German

\telprint

#### • telprint#1

Der eigentliche Anwenderbefehl zur formatierten Ausgabe von Telefonnummern. Diese dürfen dabei nur als Zahlen angegeben werden(, da sie tokenweise analysiert werden). Als Trenn- oder Sonderzeichen werden unterstützt: '+', '/', '-', '(', ')', '^-', ' Einfache Leerzeichen werden erkannt und durch Tilden ersetzt, um Trennungen in der Telefonnummer zu verhindern. (Man beachte aus gleichem Grunde die \hbox bei '-'.) Beispiele:

```
\label{eq:continuous} $$ \begin{array}{ll} \  \  &==> 07\,61/1\,23\,45 \\ \  \  &==> 0\,12\,34/5\,67\leavevmode\hbox{-}89 \\ \  \  &==> +49\ (62\,21)\ ^2\,97 \\ \end{array} $$
```

Der Rest enthält eher Technisches:

\telspace

#### • \telspace#1

Mit diesem Befehl wird der Abstand zwischen den Zifferngruppen angegeben (Default: \,). (Durch \telspace{} kann dieser zusaetzliche Abstand abgestellt werden.)

\telhyphen

#### • \telhyphen#1

Dieser Befehl gibt die Art des Bindestriches, wie er ausgegeben werden soll. In der Eingabe darf jedoch nur der einfache Bindestrich stehen: \telprint{123-45}, jedoch NIE \telprint{123--45}! Kopka-Bindestrich-Fans geben an: \telhyphen{\leavevmode\hbox{--}}

\telslash
\telleftparen
\telrightparen
\telplus
\teltilde
\telnumber

• \telslash#1, \telleftparen#1, \telrightparen#1, \telplus#1, \teltilde Diese Befehle konfigurieren die Zeichen '/', '(', ')', '+' und '~'. Sie funktionieren analog zu \telhyphen.

#### • \telnumber#1

Richtung interner Befehl: Er dient dazu, eine Zifferngruppe in Zweiergruppen auszugeben. Die einzelnen Zahlen werden im Tokenregister \TELtoks gespeichert. Abwechselnd werden dabei zwischen zwei Token (Zahlen) \TELx bzw. \TELy eingefuegt, abhängig von dem wechselnden Wert von \TELswitch. Zum Schluss kann dann einfach festgestellt werden ob die Nummer nun eine geradzahlige oder ungeradzahlige Zahl von Ziffern aufwies. Dem entsprechend wird \TELx mit dem Zusatzabstand belegt und \TELy leer definiert oder umgekehrt.)

- \TEL... interne Befehle, Technisches: \TELsplit dient zur Aufteilung einer zusammengesetzten Telefonnummer (Vorwahl, Hauptnummer, Nebenstelle). In dieser Implementation werden als Trennzeichen nur '/' und '-' erkannt. Die einzelnen Bestandteile wie Vorwahl werden dann dem Befehl \telnumber zur Formatierung uebergeben.
- Die Erkennung von einfachen Leerzeichen ist um einiges schwieriger: Die Tokentrennung ueber Parameter #1#2 funktioniert nicht für einfache Leerzeichen, da TeX sie *niemals* als eigenständige Argumente behandelt! (The TeXbook, Chapter 20, p. 201)

(Anmerkung am Rande: Deshalb funktionieren die entsprechenden Tokenmakros auf S. 149 des Buches "Einführung in TeX" von N. Schwarz (3. Aufl.) nicht, wenn im Tokenregister als erstes ein einfaches Leerzeichen steht!)

## 2 Implementation

1 (\*package)

#### 2.1 Reload check and package identification

Reload check, especially if the package is not used with LATEX.

```
2 \begingroup\catcode61\catcode48\catcode32=10\relax%
    \catcode13=5 % ^^M
 4
    \endlinechar=13 %
    \catcode35=6 % #
    \catcode39=12 % '
    \colone{1} \catcode44=12 % ,
    \catcode45=12 % -
9
    \catcode46=12 % .
10
    \catcode58=12 % :
11
    \catcode64=11 % @
    \catcode123=1 % {
    \catcode125=2 % }
13
    \expandafter\let\expandafter\x\csname ver@telprint.sty\endcsname
14
15
    \ifx\x\relax % plain-TeX, first loading
    \else
```

```
17
       \def\empty{}%
       \ifx\x\empty % LaTeX, first loading,
18
19
         % variable is initialized, but \ProvidesPackage not yet seen
20
21
         \expandafter\ifx\csname PackageInfo\endcsname\relax
22
           \def\x#1#2{%}
             \immediate\write-1{Package #1 Info: #2.}%
23
           }%
24
         \else
25
           26
27
         \fi
         \x{telprint}{The package is already loaded}%
28
29
         \aftergroup\endinput
30
       \fi
     \fi
31
32 \endgroup%
Package identification:
33 \begingroup\catcode61\catcode48\catcode32=10\relax%
     \catcode13=5 % ^^M
34
     \endlinechar=13 %
35
     \catcode35=6 % #
36
37
     \catcode39=12 % '
     \catcode40=12 % (
    \catcode41=12 % )
39
    \colone{1} \catcode44=12 % ,
40
     \catcode45=12 % -
41
     \colone{1} \catcode46=12 % .
42
     \catcode47=12 % /
43
     \catcode58=12 % :
     \catcode64=11 % @
45
     \catcode91=12 % [
46
     \catcode93=12 % ]
47
     \catcode123=1 % {
48
     \catcode125=2 % }
49
     \expandafter\ifx\csname ProvidesPackage\endcsname\relax
51
       \def \x#1#2#3[#4] {\endgroup}
         \immediate\write-1{Package: #3 #4}%
52
         \xdef#1{#4}%
53
       }%
54
     \else
55
       \def \x#1#2[#3] {\endgroup}
56
57
         #2[{#3}]%
         \ifx#1\@undefined
58
           \xdef#1{#3}%
59
         \fi
60
         \ifx#1\relax
61
           \xdef#1{#3}%
62
63
         \fi
64
       }%
    \fi
66 \expandafter\x\csname ver@telprint.sty\endcsname
67 \ProvidesPackage{telprint}%
     [2016/05/16 v1.11 Format German phone numbers (HO)]%
      Catcodes
```

#### 2.2

```
69 \verb|\defingroup\catcode61\catcode48\catcode32=10\relax%|
70 \catcode13=5 % ^^M
```

```
71
     \endlinechar=13 %
72
     \catcode123=1 % {
     \catcode125=2 % }
73
74
     \catcode64=11 % @
     \def\x{\endgroup
75
       \expandafter\edef\csname TELAtEnd\endcsname{%
76
         \endlinechar=\the\endlinechar\relax
77
         \catcode13=\the\catcode13\relax
78
         \catcode32=\the\catcode32\relax
79
80
         \catcode35=\the\catcode35\relax
         \catcode61=\the\catcode61\relax
81
         \catcode64=\the\catcode64\relax
82
83
         \catcode123=\the\catcode123\relax
84
         \catcode125=\the\catcode125\relax
       }%
85
86
    }%
87 \x\catcode61\catcode48\catcode32=10\relax%
88 \catcode13=5 % ^^M
89 \endlinechar=13 %
90 \catcode35=6 % #
91 \catcode64=11 % @
92 \catcode123=1 % {
93 \catcode125=2 % }
94 \def\TMP@EnsureCode#1#2{%
    \edef\TELAtEnd{%
96
       \TELAtEnd
97
       \catcode#1=\the\catcode#1\relax
    }%
98
99
     \color= 1=#2\relax
100 }
101 \TMP@EnsureCode{33}{12}%!
102 \TMP@EnsureCode{36}{3}% $
103 \TMP@EnsureCode{40}{12}% (
104 \TMP@EnsureCode{41}{12}% )
105 \TMP@EnsureCode\{42\}\{12\}\% *
106 \TMP@EnsureCode{43}{12}% +
107 \TMP@EnsureCode{44}{12}% ,
108 \TMP@EnsureCode{45}{12}% -
109 \TMP@EnsureCode{46}{12}% .
110 \TMP@EnsureCode{47}{12}% /
111 \TMP@EnsureCode{91}{12}% [
112 \TMP@EnsureCode{93}{12}% ]
113 \TMP@EnsureCode{126}{13}% ~ (active)
114 \edef\TELAtEnd{\TELAtEnd\noexpand\endinput}
2.3
      Package macros
115 \ifx\DeclareRobustCommand\UnDeFiNeD
     \def\DeclareRobustCommand*#1[1]{\def#1##1}%
116
117
     \def\TELreset{\let\DeclareRobustCommand=\UnDeFiNeD}%
     \input infwarerr.sty\relax
118
     \@PackageInfo{telprint}{%
119
120
       Macros are not robust!%
121
    }%
122 \else
    \let\TELreset=\relax
124 \fi
```

\telspace

```
125 \verb|\DeclareRobustCommand*{\telspace}[1]{\def\TELspace{\#1}}|
                                           126 \text{telspace}\{\{\}\
          \telhyphen
                                           127 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\telhyphen}[1]{\def\TELhyphen{#1}}
                                           128 \telhyphen{\leavevmode\hbox{-}}% \hbox zur Verhinderung der Trennung
             \telslash
                                           129 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\telslash}[1]{\def\TELslash{#1}}
                                           130 \text{lelslash}{/}%
  \telleftparen
                                           131 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\telleftparen}[1]{\def\TELleftparen{#1}}
                                           132 \telleftparen{(}%
\telrightparen
                                           133 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\telrightparen}[1]{\def\TELrightparen{#1}}
                                           134 \telrightparen{)}%
                \telplus
                                           135 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$1$}}} [1] {\ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$1$}}}} 
                                           136 \text{telplus}\{+\}\%
              \teltilde
                                           137 \end{area} $$137 \end{area} Command*{\tilde{1}} {\end{area}} $$137 \end{area} $$137 \end{a
                                           138 \teltilde{~}%
                \TELtoks
                                           139 \newtoks\TELtoks
          \TELnumber
                                           140 \def\TELnumber#1#2\TELnumberEND{%
                                                        \begingroup
                                           141
                                                       \def\0{#2}%
                                           142
                                                       \expandafter\endgroup
                                           143
                                           144
                                                        \ifx\0\empty
                                           145
                                                              \TELtoks=\expandafter{\the\TELtoks#1}%
                                                              \ifnum\TELswitch=0 %
                                           146
                                           147
                                                                   \def\TELx{\TELspace}\def\TELy{}%
                                           148
                                                                   149
                                                              \fi
                                           150
                                           151
                                                              \the\TELtoks
                                           152
                                                        \else
                                           153
                                                             \ifnum\TELswitch=0 %
                                                                   \TELtoks=\expandafter{\the\TELtoks#1\TELx}%
                                           154
                                                                   \def\TELswitch{1}%
                                           155
                                                              \else
                                           156
                                                                   \TELtoks=\expandafter{\the\TELtoks#1\TELy}%
                                           157
                                           158
                                                                   \def\TELswitch{0}%
                                           159
                                           160
                                                              \TELnumber#2\TELnumberEND
                                           161
                                                       \fi
                                           162 }
```

```
\telnumber
             163 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\telnumber}[1]{%
             164 \TELtoks={}%
                  \def\TELswitch{0}%
             166 \TELnumber#1{}\TELnumberEND
             167 }
  \TELsplit
             168 \def\TELsplit{\futurelet\TELfuture\TELdosplit}
\TELdosplit
             169 \def\TELdosplit#1#2\TELsplitEND
             170 {%
             171
                   \def\TELsp{ }%
                   \expandafter\ifx\TELsp\TELfuture
             172
                     \let\TELfuture=\relax
             173
                     \expandafter\telnumber\expandafter{\the\TELtoks}~%
             174
                     \telprint{#1#2}% Das Leerzeichen kann nicht #1 sein!
             175
             176
                  \else
             177
                     \def\TELfirst{#1}%
                     \ifx\TELfirst\empty
             178
                       \expandafter\telnumber\expandafter{\the\TELtoks}%
             179
                       \TELtoks={}%
             180
                     \else\if-\TELfirst
             181
                       \expandafter\telnumber\expandafter{\the\TELtoks}\TELhyphen
             182
                       \telprint{#2}%
             183
             184
                     \else\if/\TELfirst
                       \expandafter\telnumber\expandafter{\the\TELtoks}\TELslash
             185
                       \telprint{#2}%
             186
                     \else\if(\TELfirst
             187
                       \expandafter\telnumber\expandafter{\the\TELtoks}\TELleftparen
             188
             189
                       \telprint{#2}%
                     \else\if)\TELfirst
             190
                       \expandafter\telnumber\expandafter{\the\TELtoks}\TELrightparen
             191
                       \telprint{#2}%
             192
                     \else\if+\TELfirst
             193
                       \verb|\expandafter\telnumber\expandafter{\the\TELtoks}\TELplus|
             194
             195
                       \telprint{#2}%
             196
                     \else\def\TELtemp{~}\ifx\TELtemp\TELfirst
             197
                       \expandafter\telnumber\expandafter{\the\TELtoks}\TELtilde
             198
                       \telprint{#2}%
             199
                       \TELtoks=\expandafter{\the\TELtoks#1}%
             200
                       \TELsplit#2{}\TELsplitEND
             201
                     \fi\fi\fi\fi\fi\fi
             202
             203
                  \fi
             204 }
  \telprint
             205 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\telprint}[1]{%
             206
                  \TELtoks={}%
                  \TELsplit#1{}\TELsplitEND
             207
             208 }
             209 \TELreset\let\TELreset=\UnDeFiNeD
             210 \TELAtEnd%
             211 (/package)
```

#### 3 Installation

#### 3.1 Download

**Package.** This package is available on CTAN<sup>1</sup>:

CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/telprint.dtx The source file.

CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/telprint.pdf Documentation.

**Bundle.** All the packages of the bundle 'oberdiek' are also available in a TDS compliant ZIP archive. There the packages are already unpacked and the documentation files are generated. The files and directories obey the TDS standard.

CTAN:install/macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek.tds.zip

TDS refers to the standard "A Directory Structure for TeX Files" (CTAN:pkg/tds). Directories with texmf in their name are usually organized this way.

#### 3.2 Bundle installation

Unpacking. Unpack the oberdiek.tds.zip in the TDS tree (also known as texmf tree) of your choice. Example (linux):

```
unzip oberdiek.tds.zip -d ~/texmf
```

#### 3.3 Package installation

**Unpacking.** The .dtx file is a self-extracting docstrip archive. The files are extracted by running the .dtx through plain T<sub>F</sub>X:

```
tex telprint.dtx
```

**TDS.** Now the different files must be moved into the different directories in your installation TDS tree (also known as texmf tree):

```
\label{telprint.sty} \begin{array}{l} \texttt{telprint.sty} \rightarrow \texttt{tex/generic/oberdiek/telprint.sty} \\ \texttt{telprint.pdf} \rightarrow \texttt{doc/latex/oberdiek/telprint.pdf} \\ \texttt{telprint.dtx} \rightarrow \texttt{source/latex/oberdiek/telprint.dtx} \end{array}
```

If you have a docstrip.cfg that configures and enables docstrip's TDS installing feature, then some files can already be in the right place, see the documentation of docstrip.

#### 3.4 Refresh file name databases

If your TEX distribution (TEX Live, MiKTEX, ...) relies on file name databases, you must refresh these. For example, TEX Live users run texhash or mktexlsr.

#### 3.5 Some details for the interested

Unpacking with LATEX. The .dtx chooses its action depending on the format:

plain T<sub>E</sub>X: Run docstrip and extract the files.

LATEX: Generate the documentation.

<sup>1</sup>CTAN:pkg/telprint

If you insist on using LATEX for docstrip (really, docstrip does not need LATEX), then inform the autodetect routine about your intention:

```
latex \let\install=y\input{telprint.dtx}
```

Do not forget to quote the argument according to the demands of your shell.

Generating the documentation. You can use both the .dtx or the .drv to generate the documentation. The process can be configured by the configuration file ltxdoc.cfg. For instance, put this line into this file, if you want to have A4 as paper format:

```
\PassOptionsToClass{a4paper}{article}
```

An example follows how to generate the documentation with pdfLATEX:

```
pdflatex telprint.dtx
makeindex -s gind.ist telprint.idx
pdflatex telprint.dtx
makeindex -s gind.ist telprint.idx
pdflatex telprint.dtx
```

## 4 History

### [1996/11/28 v1.0]

- Erste lauffähige Version.
- Nur '-' und '/' als zulässige Sonderzeichen.

## [1997/09/16 v1.1]

- Dokumentation und Kommentare (Posting in de.comp.text.tex).
- Erweiterung um Sonderzeichen '(', ')', '+', '~' und '.'.
- Trennungsverhinderung am 'hyphen'.

## [1997/10/16 v1.2]

- Schutz vor wiederholtem Einlesen.
- Unter  $\LaTeX 2_{\varepsilon}$  Nutzung des \DeclareRobustCommand-Features.

## [1997/12/09 v1.3]

- Temporäre Variable eingespart.
- Posted in newsgroup de.comp.text.tex:
  "Re: Generisches Markup für Telefonnummern?"<sup>2</sup>

## [2004/11/02 v1.4]

• Fehler in der Dokumentation korrigiert.

 $<sup>^2\</sup>mathrm{Url:\ https://groups.google.com/group/de.comp.text.tex/msg/86b3a86140007309}$ 

### [2005/09/30 v1.5]

• Konfigurierbare Symbole: '/', '(', ')', '+' und '~'.

## [2006/02/12 v1.6]

- LPPL 1.3.
- Kurze Übersicht in Englisch.
- CTAN.

## [2006/08/26 v1.7]

• New DTX framework.

## [2007/04/11 v1.8]

• Line ends sanitized.

### [2007/09/09 v1.9]

- Catcode section added.
- Missing docstrip tag added.

## [2008/08/11 v1.10]

- Code is not changed.
- URLs updated.

## [2016/05/16 v1.11]

• Documentation updates.

## 5 Index

Numbers written in italic refer to the page where the corresponding entry is described; numbers underlined refer to the code line of the definition; plain numbers refer to the code lines where the entry is used.

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