Type of the Paper (Article, Review, Communication, etc.)

HATE SPEECH DETECTION ON INSTAGRAM COMMENTS USIND ML & DEEP LEARNING

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**Featured Application: Authors are encouraged to provide a concise description of the specific application or a potential application of the work. This section is not mandatory.**

**Abstract**: Social media platforms such as Instagram, Facebook, and YouTube have become an integral part of our daily lives. However, alongside the positive aspects of social media, the misuse of these platforms has led to a significant rise in hate speech and abusive comments. This behavior not only disrupts the online experience but can also cause psychological distress to individuals.

Instagram serves as a platform where users share personal moments and ideas through posts. The comment section fosters communication by allowing individuals to express their opinions, thoughts, and views. Unfortunately, some users exploit this space to spread hateful content, including vulgarity, demotivating remarks, and abusive language. Recognizing this as a growing problem, we chose to focus on analyzing the text data from Instagram’s comment sections to develop a hate speech detection system. This system will leverage Machine Learning (ML) and Deep Learning (DL) techniques to identify and mitigate such harmful content.

**Keywords:** Hate speech; Instagram; comment section; Abusive Comments; Machine learning; Deep learning; Text Data Analysis.

0. How to Use This Template

The template details the sections that can be used in a manuscript. Note that each section has a corresponding style, which can be found in the “Styles” menu of Word. Sections that are not mandatory are listed as such. The section titles given are for articles. Review papers and other article types have a more flexible structure.

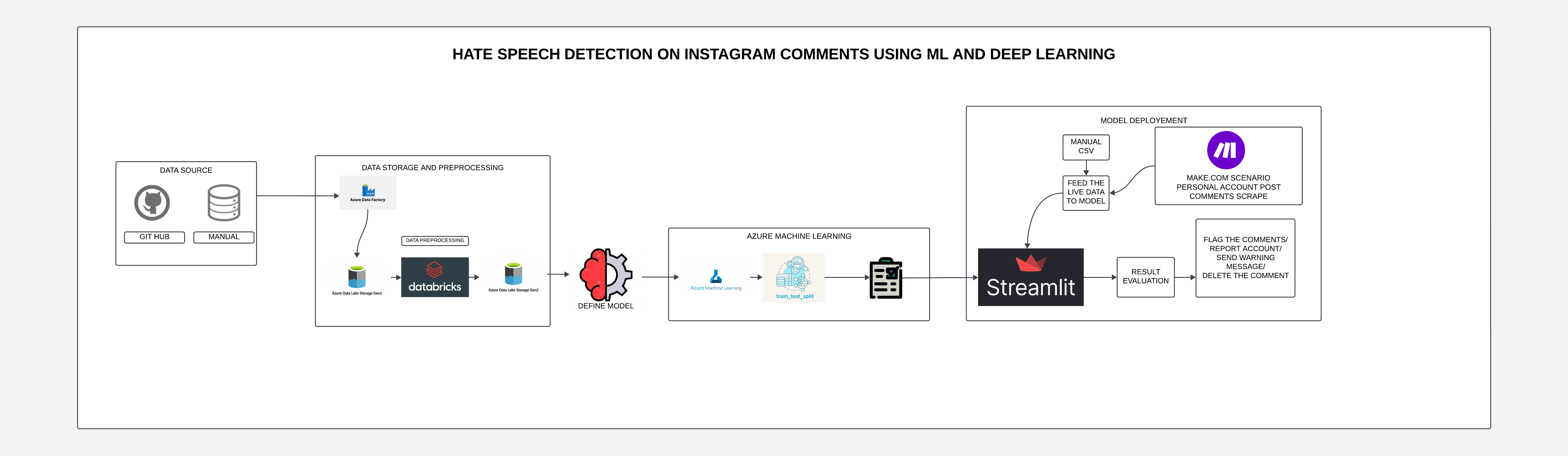
Remove this paragraph and start section numbering with 1. For any questions, please contact the editorial office of the journal or support@mdpi.com.

1. Introduction

The rise of social media has transformed how individuals communicate and interact, but it has also introduced challenges, such as managing harmful and inappropriate content. This project presents a machine learning-based framework that leverages state-of-the-art natural language processing (NLP) and deep learning models to detect and moderate inappropriate comments. By utilizing scalable cloud-based tools and robust machine learning techniques, the solution ensures efficient and real-time content moderation.

1. Materials and Methods

Data Source and Collection:  
The primary data source for this project includes Instagram comments collected using both manual CSV files and scraping live comments using scraping tools(https://exportcomments.com/export-instagram-comments). The collected data was anonymized to ensure user privacy.



**Data Storage and Preprocessing:**  
The data was stored in Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2 (ADLS Gen2) and preprocessed using Azure Data Factory and Azure Databricks. Preprocessing steps included:

* Data Type Conversion
* Removing Emojis
* Removing Mentions and Hashtags
* Removing Special Characters and Numbers
* Converting to Lowercase
* Removing Extra Whitespaces
* Handling Null Values
* Final Cleaning

**Exploratory Data Analysis:**

The EDA process has been performed on the preprocessed data.

**Model Selection and Training:**  
The model was developed and trained using Azure Machine Learning Studio. Several machine learning and deep learning models were evaluated to select the most effective architecture for hate speech detection. The chosen model was DistilBERT, fine-tuned for text classification tasks.

**Model Evaluation:**  
The model's performance was evaluated on the test dataset using metrics such as accuracy, precision, recall, and F1-score. These results were used to refine the model and optimize its hyperparameters.

**Model Deployment:**  
The finalized model was deployed using Streamlit or an alternative UI framework. Real-time data was fed to the deployed model, enabling live hate speech detection for Instagram comments. Detected hate speech triggered specific actions:

* Flagging the comment.
* Reporting the user account.
* Sending warning messages.
* Deleting the comment.

**Ethical Compliance:**  
All data was processed in compliance with GDPR and other relevant privacy standards. No personal data was stored or shared beyond the scope of this study.

**Data and Code Availability:**  
The dataset used in this study and the corresponding scripts are available on GitHub at [link to repository]. If restricted, access will be granted upon request.

3. Results

This section may be divided by subheadings. It should provide a concise and precise description of the experimental results, their interpretation, as well as the experimental conclusions that can be drawn.

3.1. Subsection

3.1.1. Subsubsection

Bulleted lists look like this:

* First bullet;
* Second bullet;
* Third bullet.

Numbered lists can be added as follows:

1. First item;
2. Second item;
3. Third item.

The text continues here.

3.2. Figures, Tables and Schemes

All figures and tables should be cited in the main text as Figure 1, Table 1, etc.

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**Figure 1.** This is a figure. Schemes follow the same formatting.

**Table 1.** This is a table. Tables should be placed in the main text near to the first time they are cited.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Title 1** | **Title 2** | **Title 3** |
| entry 1 | data | data |
| entry 2 | data | data 1 |

1 Tables may have a footer.

The text continues here (Figure 2 and Table 2).

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| (**a**) | (**b**) |

**Figure 2.** This is a figure. Schemes follow another format. If there are multiple panels, they should be listed as: (**a**) Description of what is contained in the first panel; (**b**) Description of what is contained in the second panel. Figures should be placed in the main text near to the first time they are cited.

**Table 2.** This is a table. Tables should be placed in the main text near to the first time they are cited.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Title 1** | **Title 2** | **Title 3** | **Title 4** |
| DistilBERT \* | data | data | data |
| data | data | data |
| data | data | data |
| LSTM | data | data | data |
| data | data | data |
| CNN | data | data | data |
| data | data | data |
| data | data | data |
| data | data | data |
| SVM | data | data | data |
| data | data | data |

\* Tables may have a footer.

3.3. Formatting of Mathematical Components

This is example 1 of an equation:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a = 1, | (1) |

the text following an equation need not be a new paragraph. Please punctuate equations as regular text.

This is example 2 of an equation:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a = b + c + d + e + f + g + h + i + j + k + l + m + n + o + p + q + r + s + t + u + v + w + x + y + z | (2) |

the text following an equation need not be a new paragraph. Please punctuate equations as regular text.

Theorem-type environments (including propositions, lemmas, corollaries etc.) can be formatted as follows:

**Theorem 1.** Example text of a theorem. Theorems, propositions, lemmas, etc. should be numbered sequentially (i.e., Proposition 2 follows Theorem 1). Examples or Remarks use the same formatting, but should be numbered separately, so a document may contain Theorem 1, Remark 1 and Example 1.

The text continues here. Proofs must be formatted as follows:

**Proof of Theorem 1.** Text of the proof. Note that the phrase “of Theorem 1” is optional if it is clear which theorem is being referred to. Always finish a proof with the following symbol. □

The text continues here.

4. Discussion

Authors should discuss the results and how they can be interpreted from the perspective of previous studies and of the working hypotheses. The findings and their implications should be discussed in the broadest context possible. Future research directions may also be highlighted.

5. Conclusions

This section is not mandatory but can be added to the manuscript if the discussion is unusually long or complex.

6. Patents

This section is not mandatory but may be added if there are patents resulting from the work reported in this manuscript.

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Written informed consent for publication must be obtained from participating patients who can be identified (including by the patients themselves). Please state “Written informed consent has been obtained from the patient(s) to publish this paper” if applicable.

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**Appendix A**

The appendix is an optional section that can contain details and data supplemental to the main text—for example, explanations of experimental details that would disrupt the flow of the main text but nonetheless remain crucial to understanding and reproducing the research shown; figures of replicates for experiments of which representative data is shown in the main text can be added here if brief, or as Supplementary data. Mathematical proofs of results not central to the paper can be added as an appendix.

**Appendix B**

All appendix sections must be cited in the main text. In the appendices, Figures, Tables, etc. should be labeled starting with “A”—e.g., Figure A1, Figure A2, etc.

References

References must be numbered in order of appearance in the text (including citations in tables and legends) and listed individually at the end of the manuscript. We recommend preparing the references with a bibliography software package, such as EndNote, ReferenceManager or Zotero to avoid typing mistakes and duplicated references. Include the digital object identifier (DOI) for all references where available.

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