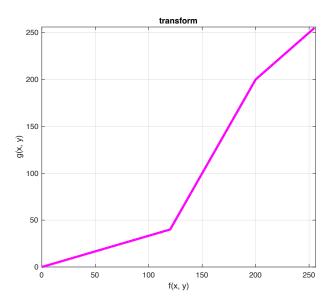
# Digital Image Processing - HW1

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### 1 Problem 1

Please give the transform equation, which can reduce the gray range [0, 120] to [0, 40], and change the gray range [120, 200] to [40, 200], and the gray range [200, 255] to [200, 255]. Then please give the MATLAB function code to complete the contrast enhancement [1]. They both are uint8 class.

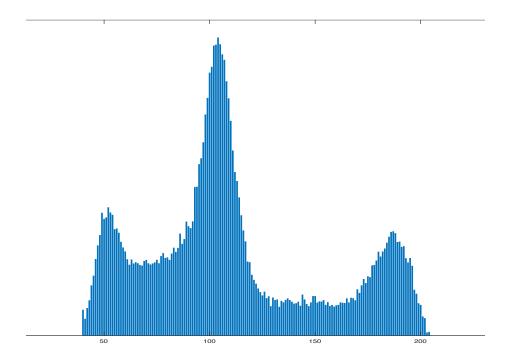


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### 2 Problem 2

Please give the self-defining code of an m-file with MATLAB program language, which can show the 256 gray levels' histogram of an input image **without** using the image processing function 'imhist'. The result is a row vector. Let the image is 'rice.tif' with uint8 class data in the current folder.

```
1    I=imread('rice.tif')
2    G=selfhist(I,256)
3    figure,bar(0:255,G)
4
5    function G=selfhist(I,T)
6    G=zeros(1,T);
7    for K = 0:255
8        G(K+1)=sum(sum(I==K));
9    end
10    end
```



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## 3 Problem 3

1. 设一幅图像具有如下表所示的概率分布,对其进行直方图均衡化。

灰度级	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
对应概率分布	0.14	0. 22	0. 25	0.17	0.10	0.06	0.03	0.03

答: 直方图均衡化过程如下表:

序号	运 算	步骤和结果							
1	列出原图像灰度级 i	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
2	各灰度级概率分布(直方图) P(i)	0.14	0.22	0.25	0.17	0.10	0.06	0.03	0.03
3	计算累计直方图 $P_j = \sum_{k=0}^{j} P(k)$	0.14	0.36	0.61	0.78	0.88	0.94	0.97	1.00
4	计算变换后的灰度值: $j = INT[(L-1)P_j + 0.5]$	1	3	4	5	6	7	7	7
5	确定映射对应关系(i→j)	0→1	1→3	2->4	3→5	4→6	5,6,7→7		
6	计算新直方图 P(j)	0	0.14	0	0.22	0.25	0.17	0.10	0.12

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#### References

[1] L. Zhang, H. Zhao, Q. Meng, Y. Chen, M. Liu, and L. Xie, "Beijing zkj-npu speaker verification system for voxceleb speaker recognition challenge 2021," *ArXiv*, vol. abs/2109.03568, p. null, 2021.