

## MATHEMATICAL MODEL FOR RESHUFFLING OF CONTAINERS

$B$	the set of bay-locations
$Q$	the set of bay-locations capacities (i.e. 8, 12, 16, 20)
$F$	the set of the possible class configurations
$W$	the set of weight configurations
$P$	the set of weight limits
$C$	the set of containers
$D$	the set of ports of destination
$H$	the set of types/heights (Box, High Cube)
$S$	the set of sizes (20, 40 feet)
$n_q$	the number of 20' bay-locations having capacity $q$ , $\forall q \in Q$
$d_i$	destination of container $i$ , $\forall i \in C$
$s_i$	size of container $i$ , $\forall i \in C$
$h_i$	height of container $i$ , $\forall i \in C$
$w_i$	weight of container $i$ , $\forall i \in C$
$u_p$	weight upper bound of weight limit $p$ , $\forall p \in P$
$l_p$	weight lower bound of weight limit $p$ , $\forall p \in P$
$\delta_{fw} \forall f \in F, \forall w \in W, \delta_{fw} = 1$	if the weight configuration $w$ belong to class configuration $f$ , 0 otherwise
$\gamma_{wp} \forall w \in W, \forall p \in P, \gamma_{wp} = 1$	if the weight limits $p$ belong to configuration $w$ , 0 otherwise
$\alpha$	weight used in the objective function for penalising the empty slots in the bay-locations.

Let us introduce the following decision variables:

$x_{ij} \in \{0, 1\}, \forall i \in C, \forall j \in B$	$x_{ij} = 1$ if container $i$ is stored in bay-locations $j$
$y_{jdhsq} \in \{0, 1\}, \forall j \in B, \forall d \in D, \forall h \in H, \forall s \in S, \forall q \in Q$	$y_{jdhsq} = 1$ if in bay-locations $j$ , with capacity $q$ , are stored containers for destination $d$ , with height $h$ and size $s$
$c_{pj} \in \{0, 1\}, \forall p \in P, \forall j \in B$	$c_{pj} = 1$ if weight limits $p$ are assigned to bay-locations $j$
$a_f \in \{0, 1\}, \forall f \in F$	$a_f = 1$ if class configuration $f$ is chosen for the yard storage
$b_w \in \{0, 1\}, \forall w \in W$	$b_w = 1$ if weight configuration $w$ is chosen

$$z_j \geq 0, \forall j \in B \quad \text{number of empty slots in bay-locations } j.$$

The resulting model is the following:

$$\text{Min} \sum_{j \in B} \sum_{d \in D} \sum_{h \in H} \sum_{s \in S} \sum_{q \in Q} y_{jdhsq} + \alpha \sum_{j \in B} z_j \quad (1)$$

Subject to:

$$\sum_{j \in B} x_{ij} = 1 \quad \forall i \in C \quad (2)$$

$$\sum_{d \in D} \sum_{h \in H} \sum_{s \in S} \sum_{q \in Q} y_{jdhsq} \leq 1 \quad \forall j \in B \quad (3)$$

$$\sum_{i \in C} x_{ij} \leq \sum_{d \in D} \sum_{h \in H} \sum_{s \in S} \sum_{q \in Q} q y_{jdhsq} \quad \forall j \in B \quad (4)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \sum_{j \in B} \sum_{d \in D} \sum_{h \in H} \sum_{s \in S: s_i=20} y_{jdhsq} \\ & + 2 \sum_{j \in B} \sum_{d \in D} \sum_{h \in H} \sum_{s \in S: s_i=40} y_{jdhsq} \leq n_q \quad \forall q \in Q \end{aligned} \quad (5)$$

$$\sum_{f \in F} a_f = 1 \quad (6)$$

$$\sum_{w \in W} b_w = 1; \quad (7)$$

$$\sum_{w \in W} \delta_{wf} b_w \leq a_f \quad \forall f \in F \quad (8)$$

$$\sum_{p \in P} c_{pj} \leq 1 \quad \forall j \in B \quad (9)$$

$$\sum_{p \in P} \gamma_{pw} c_{pj} \leq b_w \quad \forall j \in B, \forall w \in W \quad (10)$$

$$w_i x_{ij} \leq \sum_{p \in P} u_p c_{pj} \quad \forall i \in C, \forall j \in B \quad (11)$$

$$w_i x_{ij} \geq \sum_{o \in P} l_o c_{oj} - M(1 - x_{ij}) \quad \forall i \in C, \forall j \in B \quad (12)$$

$$\sum_{d \in D} \sum_{h \in H} \sum_{s \in S} \sum_{q \in Q} q y_{jdhsq} - \sum_{i \in C} x_{ij} \leq z_j \quad \forall j \in B \quad (13)$$

## THE HEURISTIC MODEL BASED ON TIME-INDEXING (OUT TIME)

Indices

$i, q$  = Job index,  $i, q = 1, 2, \dots, n$

$j$  = Machine index,  $j = 1, 2, \dots, m$

$k$  = Tool type index,  $k = 1, 2, \dots, t$

$h_k$  = Replicate number of tool type  $k$ ,  $h_k = 1, 2, \dots, r_k$

$u$  = Time interval,  $u = 1, 2, \dots, T$

Parameters

$p_{ij}$  = Processing time of job  $i$  on machine  $j$

$r_k$  = Number of tools of type  $k$

$l(i)$  = Set of tools required to process job  $i$

Decision variables

$C_{\max}$  = Production makespan

$C_i$  = Production completion time of job  $i$

$$X_{ij\mu} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if job } i \text{ is scheduled to start processing on} \\ & \text{machine } j \text{ at the beginning of time interval } \mu \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$Z_{ikh_k} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if replicate } h \text{ of tool } k \text{ is used to process job } i \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

The mathematical model TIM is given below:

$$\text{Min } C_{\max} \quad (1)$$

subject to

$$C_{\max} \geq C_i \quad \forall i \quad (2)$$

$$C_i = \sum_{j=1}^m \sum_{\mu=0}^T \left[ (u + p_{ij}) X_{ij\mu} \right] \quad \forall i \quad (3)$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^m \sum_{\mu=0}^T X_{ij\mu} = 1 \quad \forall i \quad (4)$$

$$X_{ij\mu} = 0 \quad \forall i, j, \mu = T - p_{ij} + 1, \dots, T \quad (5)$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{\mu=p_{ij}+1}^u X_{ij\mu} \leq 1 \quad \forall j, u \quad (6)$$

$$\sum_{h_k=1}^{r_k} Z_{ikh_k} = 1 \quad \forall i, k \in l(i) \quad (7)$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^m \sum_{\mu=p_{ij}+1}^u X_{ij\mu} + \sum_{j=1}^m \sum_{\mu=p_{qj}+1}^u X_{qj\mu} \quad (8)$$

$$\leq 1 - M(Z_{ih_k} + Z_{qh_k} - 2) \forall i < q, h, k \in l(i) \cap l(q), u$$

$$C_{\max} \geq 0 \quad (9)$$

$$C_i \geq 0 \quad \forall i \quad (10)$$

$$X_{ij\mu} \in \{0, 1\} \quad \forall i, j, u \quad (11)$$

$$Z_{ih_k} \in \{0, 1\} \quad \forall i, k \in l(i) \quad (12)$$

## EQUATIONS FOR INTEGER PROGRAMMING MODEL

The integer programming formulation for this workload allocation problem is given as follows:

P1:

$$\text{Minimize } \sum_{i \in \mathbf{I}} \sum_{j \in \mathbf{J}} \alpha_j^i \cdot U_{j,\Omega_j}^i + \sum_{t \in \mathbf{T}} \beta \cdot Z_t$$

Subject to

$$U_{j,t-1}^i \leq U_{j,t}^i \quad i \in \mathbf{I}, j \in \mathbf{J}, t = 1, \dots, \Omega_j \quad (1)$$

$$\sum_{i \in \mathbf{I}} U_{j,t}^i = R_{j,t} \quad j \in \mathbf{J}, t \in \mathbf{T} \quad (2)$$

$$\sum_{j \in \mathbf{J}} U_{j,t}^i \leq K \cdot C \quad i \in \mathbf{I}, t \in \mathbf{T} \quad (3)$$

$$U_{j,\Omega_j}^i \leq \hat{S}_1 \quad i \in \mathbf{I}, j \in \mathbf{J} \quad (4)$$

$$\sum_{j \in \mathbf{J}: \Omega_j = t} U_{j,t}^i \leq Z_t \quad i \in \mathbf{I}, t \in \mathbf{T} \quad (5)$$

$$U_{j,t}^i \in \{0, 1, 2, 3, \dots\} \quad i \in \mathbf{I}, j \in \mathbf{J}, t \in \mathbf{T} \quad (6)$$

$$Z_t \geq 0 \quad t \in \mathbf{T} \quad (7)$$

## GREEDY APPRAOCH

```
def container_resuffling(container_stacks, export_time):
    """
```

This function reshuffles the container stacks in order to minimize the number of reshuffles needed to retrieve the containers with the earliest export time.

Args:

    container\_stacks: A list of lists, where each inner list represents a container stack.  
    export\_time: A list of integers, where each integer represents the export time of a container.

Returns:

    A list of lists, where each inner list represents the reshuffling of a container stack.  
    """

# Initialize the reshuffling of the container stacks.  
reshuffling = container\_stacks

# Iterate over the containers with the earliest export time.  
for i, container in enumerate(export\_time):  
    # Find the container stack that contains the container.  
    container\_stack = container\_stacks[i]

# Find the position of the container in the container stack.  
container\_position = container\_stack.index(container)