SKU:SEN0374 (https://www.dfrobot.com/product-2142.html)



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Introduction

BNO055 is a new sensor IC for implementing an intelligent 9-axis Absolute Orientation Sensor. It is a System in Package, integrating a triaxial 14-bit accelerometer, a triaxial 16-bit gyroscope, a triaxial geomagnetic sensor and a 32-bit microcontroller.

With a size of $5.2 \times 3.8 \times 1.1$ mm, the BNO055 is significantly smaller than comparable discrete or system-on-board solutions and also is the sensor-hub product of the smallest size that supports Windows 8.1 at present.

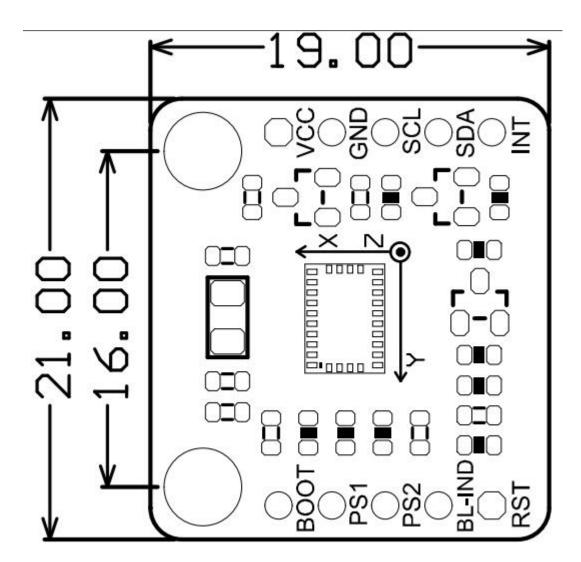
BNO055 is able to provide not only single data of the three kinds of sensors (accelerometer/gyroscope/geomagnetic), but also integrated data, such as quaternions, Euler angles or vectors. Besides, the built-in MCU frees the users from the complexities of algorithm processing, which provides application support in many aspects for smart phone, wearable device and so on.

Features

- Outputs fused sensor data: quaternions, euler angles, rotation vector, linear acceleration, gravity, heading.
 - o 3 sensors in one device:
 - 16-bit Gyroscope
 - 16-bit Accelerometer
 - Geomagnetic Sensor
 - Intelligent Power Management: normal, low power and suspend mode available

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Specification

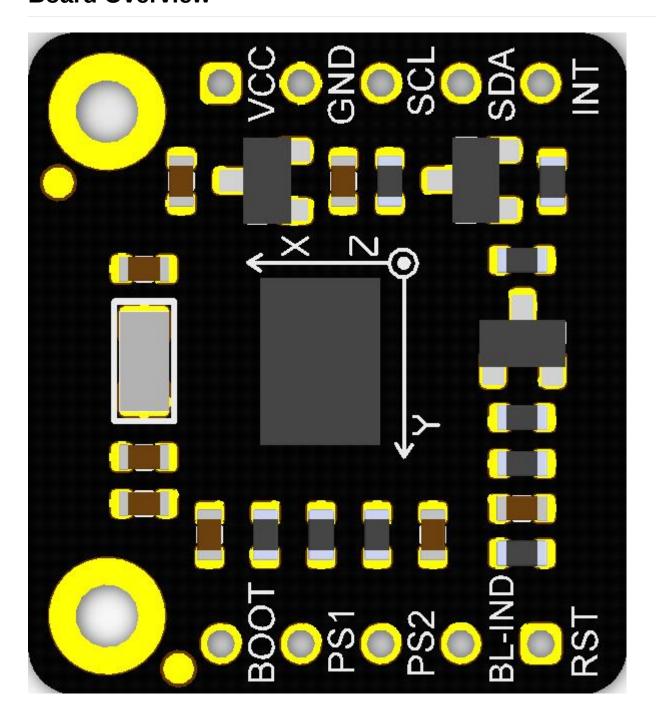


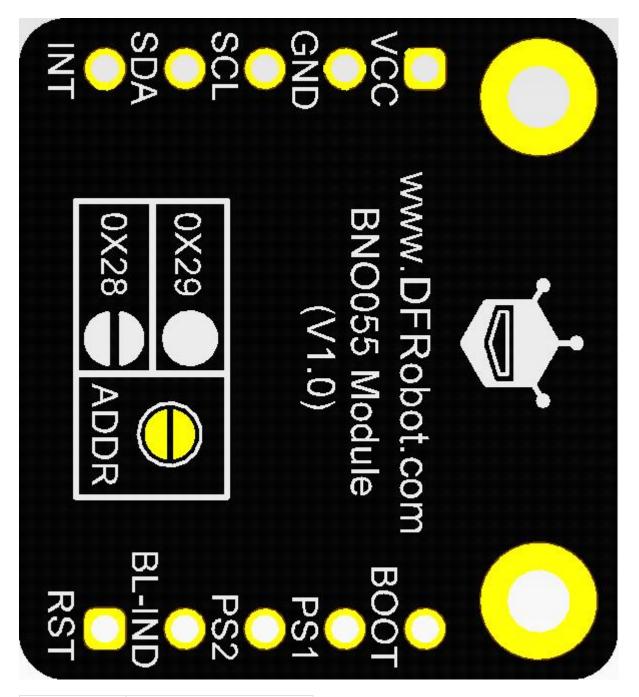
- Operating Voltage: 3.3V-5.5V
- Communication Interface: I2C (Support 5V) or SPI(Non-I2C ports only support 3.3V)
- Default I2C Address: 0x28
- BNO055 Accelerometer:
 - Acceleration ranges ±2g/±4g/±8g/±16
 - Low-pass filter bandwidths 1kHz~<8Hz
 - o Operation modes: normal, suspend, low power, standby, deep suspend
- BNO055 Gyroscope:
 - Ranges switchable from ±125°/s~2000°/s
 - Low-pass filter bandwidths 523Hz~12Hz
 - Operation modes: normal, fast power up, deep suspend, suspend, advanced power save.
 - On-chip interrupt control: motion-triggered interrupt-signal
- BNO055 Geomagnetic:

- Magnetic field range typical ±1300uT(x-,y-axis);±2500uT(z-axis)
- Magnetic field resolution: ~0.3
- o Operating nodes: low power, regular, enhanced regular, high accuracy
- o Power modes: normal, sleep, force
- Outline Dimension: 19 x 21mm/0.75 x 0.83"
- Mounting Hole Position: 16mm
- Mounting Hole Size: inner diameter 2mm/outer diameter 3.7mm

Note: the sensor default I2C address is 0X28.

Board Overview





Silkscreen	Function Description
VCC	+
GND	-
SCL	I2C Clock
SDA	I2C Data
INT	Interrupt Pin
воот	Lead Mode select pin

PS1	Protocol Select Pin 1
PS2	Protocol Select Pin 2

Silkscreen	Function Description
BL-IND	Lead Program Guide
RST	Reset Pin
ADDR	I2C Address Select

PS1	PS2	Function
0	0	Standard/Fast 12C Interface
0	1	HID OVER I2C
1	0	UART Interface
1	1	Reserved

Note: the PS1 and SP2 are default to be 0, 0.

API Functions

```
class DFRobot_BN0055 {
public:
  /**
   * @brief global axis declare (excepet eular and quaternion)
  typedef enum {
    eAxisAcc,
    eAxisMag,
    eAxisGyr,
    eAxisLia,
    eAxisGrv
  } eAxis_t;
   * @brief global single axis declare
   */
  typedef enum {
    eSingleAxisX,
    eSingleAxisY,
    eSingleAxisZ
  } eSingleAxis_t;
   * @brief enum interrupt
   */
  typedef enum {
    eIntGyrAm = 0x04,
    eIntGyrHighRate = 0x08,
    eIntAccHighG = 0x20,
    eIntAccAm = 0x40,
    eIntAccNm = 0x80,
    eIntAll = 0xec
  } eInt_t;
   * @brief Operation mode enum
   */
  typedef enum {
    eOprModeConfig,
    eOprModeAccOnly,
    eOprModeMagOnly,
    eOprModeGyroOnly,
    eOprModeAccMag,
    eOprModeAccGyro,
    eOprModeMagGyro,
```

```
eOprModeAMG,
  eOprModeImu,
  eOprModeCompass,
  eOprModeM4G,
  eOprModeNdofFmcOff,
 eOprModeNdof
} eOprMode_t;
/**
 * @brief Poewr mode enum
*/
typedef enum {
 ePowerModeNormal,
 ePowerModeLowPower,
 ePowerModeSuspend
} ePowerMode_t;
/**
 * @brief axis analog data struct
typedef struct {
 float x, y, z;
} sAxisAnalog_t;
 * @brief eular analog data struct
*/
typedef struct {
 float head, roll, pitch;
} sEulAnalog_t;
/**
 * @brief qua analog data struct
typedef struct {
 float w, x, y, z;
} sQuaAnalog_t;
 * @brief enum accelerometer range, unit G
 */
typedef enum {
 eAccRange_2G,
 eAccRange_4G,
 eAccRange_8G,
 eAccRange_16G
} eAccRange_t;
/**
 * @brief enum accelerometer band width, unit HZ
typedef enum {
```

```
eAccBandWidth_7_81,
                         // 7.81HZ
  eAccBandWidth_15_63, // 16.63HZ
  eAccBandWidth_31_25,
  eAccBandWidth_62_5,
  eAccBandWidth_125,
  eAccBandWidth_250,
  eAccBandWidth_500,
  eAccBandWidth_1000
} eAccBandWidth_t;
/**
 * @brief enum accelerometer power mode
typedef enum {
  eAccPowerModeNormal,
  eAccPowerModeSuspend,
  eAccPowerModeLowPower1,
  eAccPowerModeStandby,
  eAccPowerModeLowPower2,
  eAccPowerModeDeepSuspend
} eAccPowerMode_t;
/**
 * @brief enum magnetometer data output rate, unit HZ
typedef enum {
  eMagDataRate_2,
  eMagDataRate_6,
  eMagDataRate_8,
  eMagDataRate_10,
  eMagDataRate_15,
  eMagDataRate_20,
  eMagDataRate_25,
  eMagDataRate_30
} eMagDataRate_t;
 * @brief enum magnetometer operation mode
typedef enum {
  eMagOprModeLowPower,
  eMagOprModeRegular,
  eMagOprModeEnhancedRegular,
  eMagOprModeHighAccuracy
} eMagOprMode_t;
/**
 * @brief enum magnetometer power mode
 */
typedef enum {
  eMagPowerModeNormal,
  eMagPowerModeSleep,
```

```
eMagPowerModeSuspend,
  eMagPowerModeForce
} eMagPowerMode_t;
/**
 * @brief enum gyroscope range, unit dps
typedef enum {
  eGyrRange_2000,
  eGyrRange_1000,
  eGyrRange_500,
 eGyrRange_250,
 eGyrRange_125
} eGyrRange_t;
 * @brief enum gyroscope band width, unit HZ
 */
typedef enum {
  eGyrBandWidth_523,
  eGyrBandWidth_230,
  eGyrBandWidth_116,
  eGyrBandWidth_47,
  eGyrBandWidth_23,
  eGyrBandWidth_12,
  eGyrBandWidth_64,
  eGyrBandWidth_32
} eGyrBandWidth_t;
 * @brief enum gyroscope power mode
typedef enum {
  eGyrPowerModeNormal,
  eGyrPowerModeFastPowerUp,
  eGyrPowerModeDeepSuspend,
  eGyrPowerModeSuspend,
  eGyrPowerModeAdvancedPowersave
} eGyrPowerMode_t;
/**
 * @brief Enum accelerometer interrupt settings
typedef enum {
  eAccIntSetAmnmXAxis = (0x01 << 2),</pre>
  eAccIntSetAmnmYAxis = (0x01 << 3),
  eAccIntSetAmnmZAxis = (0x01 << 4),
  eAccIntSetHgXAxis = (0x01 << 5),
  eAccIntSetHgYAxis = (0x01 << 6),
  eAccIntSetHgZAxis = (0x01 << 7),
  eAccIntSetAll = 0xfc
} eAccIntSet_t;
```

```
/**
 * @brief Enum accelerometer slow motion mode or no motion mode
typedef enum {
 eAccNmSmnmSm, // slow motion mode
 eAccNmSmnmNm // no motion mode
} eAccNmSmnm_t;
 * @brief Enum gyroscope interrupt settings
 */
typedef enum {
  eGyrIntSetAmXAxis = (0x01 << 0),
  eGyrIntSetAmYAxis = (0x01 << 1),
  eGyrIntSetAmZAxis = (0x01 << 2),
  eGyrIntSetHrXAxis = (0x01 << 3),
  eGyrIntSetHrYAxis = (0x01 << 4),
  eGyrIntSetHrZAxis = (0x01 << 5),
  eGyrIntSetAmFilt = (0x01 << 6),
  eGyrIntSetHrFilt = (0x01 << 7),
  eGyrIntSetAll = 0x3f
} eGyrIntSet_t;
 * @brief Declare sensor status
 */
typedef enum {
  eStatusOK, // everything OK
  eStatusErr, // unknow error
  eStatusErrDeviceNotDetect, // device not detected
  eStatusErrDeviceReadyTimeOut, // device ready time out
 eStatusErrDeviceStatus, // device internal status error
eStatusErrParameter // function parameter error
} eStatus_t;
 * @brief begin Sensor begin
 * @return Sensor status
eStatus_t begin();
/**
 * @brief getAxisAnalog Get axis analog data
 * @param eAxis One axis type from eAxis_t
 * @return Struct sAxisAnalog_t, contains axis analog data, members unit d
                  case eAxisAcc, unit mg
                  case eAxisLia, unit mg
                  case eAxisGrv, unit mg
                  case eAxisMag, unit ut
                  case eAxisGyr, unit dps
```

```
sAxisAnalog_t getAxis(eAxis_t eAxis);
/**
* @brief getEulAnalog Get euler analog data
* @return Struct sEulAnalog_t, contains euler analog data
*/
sEulAnalog_t getEul();
/**
 * @brief getQuaAnalog Get quaternion analog data
* @return Struct sQuaAnalog_t, contains quaternion analog data
*/
sQuaAnalog_t getQua();
/**
* @brief setAccOffset Set axis offset data
 * @param eAxis One axis type from eAxis_t, only support accelerometer, ma
 * @param sOffset Struct sAxisAnalog_t, contains axis analog data, members
                  case eAxisAcc, unit mg, members can't out of acc range
                  case eAxisMag, unit ut, members can't out of mag range
                  case eAxisGyr, unit dps, members can't out of gyr range
*/
       setAxisOffset(eAxis_t eAxis, sAxisAnalog_t sOffset);
void
/**
 * @brief setOprMode Set operation mode
* @param eOpr One operation mode from eOprMode_t
*/
void
       setOprMode(eOprMode_t eMode);
/**
 * @brief setPowerMode Set power mode
* @param eMode One power mode from ePowerMode_t
* /
       setPowerMode(ePowerMode_t eMode);
void
/**
* @brief Reset sensor
*/
void reset();
/**
 * @brief setAccRange Set accelerometer measurement range, default value i
* @param eRange One range enum from eAccRange_t
*/
void
        setAccRange(eAccRange_t eRange);
 * @brief setAccBandWidth Set accelerometer band width, default value is 6
 * @param eBand One band enum from eAccBandWidth_t
*/
        setAccBandWidth(eAccBandWidth_t eBand);
void
```

```
/**
 * @brief setAccPowerMode Set accelerometer power mode, default value is e
 * @param eMode One mode enum from eAccPowerMode_t
void
       setAccPowerMode(eAccPowerMode_t eMode);
/**
 * @brief setMagDataRate Set magnetometer data output rate, default value
 * @param eRate One rate enum from eMagDataRate_t
*/
void
       setMagDataRate(eMagDataRate_t eRate);
/**
 * @brief setMagOprMode Set magnetometer operation mode, default value is
* @param eMode One mode enum from eMagOprMode_t
        setMagOprMode(eMagOprMode_t eMode);
void
/**
 * @brief setMagPowerMode Set magnetometer power mode, default value is eM
* @param eMode One mode enum from eMagPowerMode_t
*/
        setMagPowerMode(eMagPowerMode_t eMode);
void
/**
 * @brief setGyrRange Set gyroscope range, default value is 2000
 * @param eRange One range enum from eGyrRange_t
*/
void
       setGyrRange(eGyrRange_t eRange);
/**
 * @brief setGyrBandWidth Set gyroscope band width, default value is 32HZ
 * @param eBandWidth One band width enum from eGyrBandWidth_t
*/
void
        setGyrBandWidth(eGyrBandWidth_t eBandWidth);
/**
 * @brief setGyrPowerMode Set gyroscope power mode, default value is eGyrP
 * @param eMode One power mode enum from eGyrPowerMode_t
*/
void
        setGyrPowerMode(eGyrPowerMode_t eMode);
/**
 * @brief getIntState Get interrupt state, interrupt auto clear after read
* @return If result > 0, at least one interrupt triggered. Result & eIntX
*/
uint8_t getIntState();
/**
 * @brief setIntMask Set interrupt mask enable, there will generate a inte
 * @param eInt One or more interrupt flags to set, input them through oper
```

```
*/
void
      setIntMaskEnable(eInt_t eInt);
* @brief setIntMaskDisable Set corresponding interrupt mask disable
 * @param eInt One or more interrupt flags to set, input them through oper
*/
void
       setIntMaskDisable(eInt_t eInt);
* @brief setIntEnEnable Set corresponding interrupt enable
 * @param eInt One or more interrupt flags to set, input them through oper
*/
void
       setIntEnable(eInt_t eInt);
/**
 * @brief setIntEnDisable Set corresponding interrupt disable
 * @param eInt One or more interrupt flags to set, input them through oper
*/
void
       setIntDisable(eInt_t eInt);
/**
 * @brief setAccAmThres Set accelerometer any motion threshold
 * @param thres Threshold to set, unit mg, value is dependent on accelerom
         case 2g, no more than 1991
          case 4g, no more than 3985
         case 8g, no more than 7968
         case 16g, no more than 15937
         Attenion: The set value will be slightly biased according to dat
 */
      setAccAmThres(uint16_t thres);
void
/**
 * @brief setAccIntDur Set accelerometer interrupt duration,
          any motion interrupt triggers if duration (dur + 1) consecutive
          threshold define in any motion threshold
 * @param dur Duration to set, range form 1 to 4
*/
void
      setAccIntAmDur(uint8_t dur);
/**
 * @brief setAccIntEnable Set accelerometer interrupt enable
* @param eInt One or more interrupt flags to set, input them through oper
*/
void
      setAccIntEnable(eAccIntSet_t eInt);
/**
 * @brief setAccIntDisable Set accelerometer interrupt disable
* @param eInt One or more interrupt flags to set, input them through oper
*/
void
       setAccIntDisable(eAccIntSet_t eInt);
```

```
* @brief setAccHighGDuration Set accelerometer high-g interrupt, the high
 * @param dur Duration from 2ms to 512ms
*/
void
        setAccHighGDuration(uint16_t dur);
 * @brief setAccHighGThres Set accelerometer high-g threshold
 * @param thres Threshold to set, unit mg, value is dependent on accelerom
         case 2g, no more than 1991
          case 4g, no more than 3985
          case 8g, no more than 7968
          case 16g, no more than 15937
         Attenion: The set value will be slightly biased according to dat
 */
void
      setAccHighGThres(uint16_t thres);
/**
 * @brief setAccNmThres Set accelerometer no motion threshold
 * @param thres Threshold to set, unit mg, value is dependent on accelerom
         case 2g, no more than 1991
          case 4g, no more than 3985
          case 8g, no more than 7968
          case 16g, no more than 15937
         Attenion: The set value will be slightly biased according to dat
 */
void
      setAccNmThres(uint16_t thres);
* @brief setAccNmSet Set accelerometer slow motion or no motion mode and
 * @param eSmnm Enum of eAccNmSmnm_t
* @param dur Interrupt trigger delay (unit seconds), no more than 344.
              Attenion: The set value will be slightly biased according to
*/
       setAccNmSet(eAccNmSmnm_t eSmnm, uint16_t dur);
void
/**
 * @brief setGyrIntEnable Set corresponding gyroscope interrupt enable
 * @param eInt One or more interrupt flags to set, input them through oper
 */
void
       setGyrIntEnable(eGyrIntSet_t eInt);
/**
 * @brief setGyrIntDisable Set corresponding gyroscope interrupt disable
 * @param eInt One or more interrupt flags to set, input them through oper
 * /
       setGyrIntDisable(eGyrIntSet_t eInt);
void
/**
 * @brief setGyrHrSet Set gyroscope high rate settings
 * @param eSingleAxis Single axis to set
 * @param thres High rate threshold to set, unit degree/seconds, value is
```

```
case 2000, no more than 1937
           case 1000, no more than 968
           case 500, no more than 484
            case 250, no more than 242
            case 125, no more than 121
           Attenion: The set value will be slightly biased according to dat
   * @param dur High rate duration to set, unit ms, duration from 2.5ms to 6
                Attenion: The set value will be slightly biased according to
   */
         setGyrHrSet(eSingleAxis_t eSingleAxis, uint16_t thres, uint16_t du
 void
  /**
   * @brief setGyrAmThres Set gyroscope any motion threshold
   * @param thres Threshold to set, unit mg, value is dependent on accelerom
            case 2000, no more than 128
            case 1000, no more than 64
            case 500, no more than 32
            case 250, no more than 16
            case 125, no more than 8
           Attenion: The set value will be slightly biased according to dat
  */
 void setGyrAmThres(uint8_t thres);
 /**
  * @brief lastOpreateStatus Show last operate status
 eStatus_t lastOpreateStatus;
};
class DFRobot_BN0055_IIC : public DFRobot_BN0055 {
public:
   * @brief DFRobot_BN0055_IIC class constructor
  * @param pWire select One TwoWire peripheral
  * @param addr Sensor address
 DFRobot_BN0055_IIC(TwoWire *pWire, uint8_t addr);
};
```

Tutorial

Visit the I2C address of BNO055 via I2C interface to get the related position data.

Requirements

Hardware

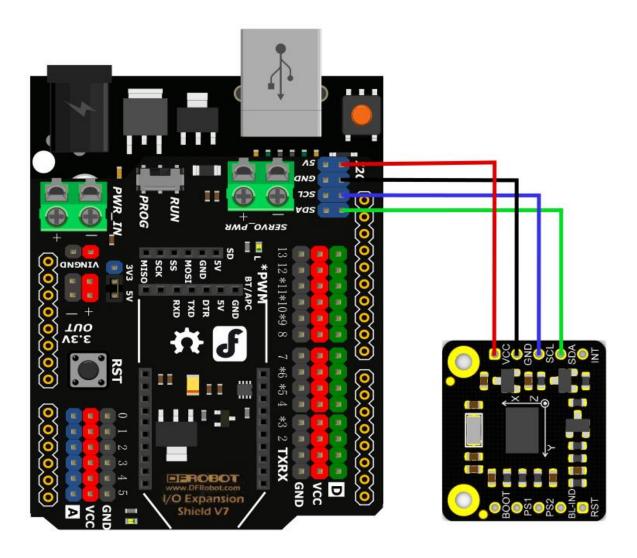
- DFRduino UNO R3 (https://www.dfrobot.com/product-838.html) (or similar) x 1
- BNO055 Intelligent 9-axis Sensor Module x1

Jumper wires

Software

- Arduino IDE (https://www.arduino.cc/en/Main/Software)
- Download and install the BMX160 Library (https://github.com/DFRobot/ DFRobot_BNO055) (About how to install the library? (https://www.arduino.cc/en/ Guide/Libraries#.UxU8mdzF9H0))

Connection Diagram



BMX160 Tutorial

Function: read the pitch angle, roll angle and yaw angle of BNO055 sensor via I2C interface, and print out the data through the serial port. Using this demo with a small visual software Euler angle visual tool.exe (https://github.com/DFRobot/Wiki/raw/master/ Resource/Euler%20angle%20visual%20tool%5BV1.0%5D.rar) we specifically designed, you can directly observe the attitude variation of 10DOF. As shown below.

```
/*!
  * imu_show.ino
  * Download this demo to show attitude on [imu_show](https://github.com/DFR
  * Attitude will show on imu_show
  * Product: http://www.dfrobot.com.cn/goods-1860.html
              [DFRobot](http://www.dfrobot.com), 2016
  * Copyright GNU Lesser General Public License
  * version V1.0
  * date 07/03/2019
#include "DFRobot_BN0055.h"
#include "Wire.h"
typedef DFRobot_BN0055_IIC
                             BNO; // ****** use abbreviations instead
BNO
      bno(&Wire, 0x28);
                         // input TwoWire interface and IIC address
// show last sensor operate status
void printLastOperateStatus(BNO::eStatus_t eStatus)
 switch(eStatus) {
 case BNO::eStatusOK: Serial.println("everything ok"); break;
 case BNO::eStatusErr: Serial.println("unknow error"); break;
 case BNO::eStatusErrDeviceNotDetect:
                                         Serial.println("device not detecte
 case BNO::eStatusErrDeviceReadyTimeOut: Serial.println("device ready time
                                          Serial.println("device internal st
 case BNO::eStatusErrDeviceStatus:
 default: Serial.println("unknow status"); break;
 }
}
void setup()
{
 Serial.begin(115200);
 bno.reset();
 while(bno.begin() != BNO::eStatusOK) {
   Serial.println("bno begin faild");
   printLastOperateStatus(bno.lastOperateStatus);
   delay(2000);
 Serial.println("bno begin success");
}
```

```
void loop()
{
  BNO::sEulAnalog_t
                       sEul;
  sEul = bno.getEul();
  Serial.print("pitch:");
  Serial.print(sEul.pitch, 3);
  Serial.print(" ");
  Serial.print("roll:");
  Serial.print(sEul.roll, 3);
  Serial.print(" ");
  Serial.print("yaw:");
  Serial.print(sEul.head, 3);
  Serial.println(" ");
  delay(80);
}
```

If we compare 10DOF to an airplane whose nose points at due east, the positive direction of X axis will be the direction of the nose, the positive direction of Y axis will be the direction of the left wing, which is due north. Z axis is perpendicular to the plane XOY that formed by X and Y axes. When the 10 DOF's direction of X, Y, and Z totally coincides with the above-mentioned direction, the values of the pitch, roll and yaw angle are 0°. Here we define: pitch is the angle between the nose and XOY when the airplane noses up or down along the Y axis, and nose up is positive while nose down is negative; roll is the angle between the body and XOY when the airplane rolls along the X axis; yaw is the angle between the nose and XOZ when the airplane moves along the Z axis.

Please note that you need to close the serial port occupied by the printer when using the test software to observe the sensor's movement posture.

Sample Code

Function: get the acceleration data of the sensor's movement on X, Z and Y, and print it out through the serial port.

```
/*!
  * read_data.ino
  * Download this demo to test read data from bno055
  * Data will print on your serial monitor
  * Product: http://www.dfrobot.com.cn/goods-1860.html
  * Copyright [DFRobot](http://www.dfrobot.com), 2016
  * Copyright GNU Lesser General Public License
  * version V1.0
  * date 07/03/2019
#include "DFRobot_BN0055.h"
#include "Wire.h"
typedef DFRobot_BN0055_IIC
                             BNO;
                                     // ****** use abbreviations instead
BNO
      bno(&Wire, 0x28);
                         // input TwoWire interface and IIC address
// show last sensor operate status
void printLastOperateStatus(BNO::eStatus_t eStatus)
 switch(eStatus) {
 case BNO::eStatusOK: Serial.println("everything ok"); break;
 case BNO::eStatusErr: Serial.println("unknow error"); break;
 case BNO::eStatusErrDeviceNotDetect: Serial.println("device not detected
 case BNO::eStatusErrDeviceReadyTimeOut:
                                            Serial.println("device ready ti
                                       Serial.println("device internal statu
 case BNO::eStatusErrDeviceStatus:
 default: Serial.println("unknow status"); break;
 }
}
void setup()
{
 Serial.begin(115200);
 bno.reset();
 while(bno.begin() != BNO::eStatusOK) {
   Serial.println("bno begin faild");
   printLastOperateStatus(bno.lastOperateStatus);
   delay(2000);
 Serial.println("bno begin success");
}
```

```
#define printAxisData(sAxis) \
  Serial.print(" x: "); \
  Serial.print(sAxis.x); \
  Serial.print(" y: "); \
  Serial.print(sAxis.y); \
  Serial.print(" z: "); \
  Serial.println(sAxis.z)
void loop()
  BNO::sAxisAnalog_t
                       sAccAnalog, sMagAnalog, sGyrAnalog, sLiaAnalog, sGrvA
  BNO::sEulAnalog_t
                       sEulAnalog;
  BNO::sQuaAnalog_t
                       sQuaAnalog;
  sAccAnalog = bno.getAxis(BNO::eAxisAcc);
                                              // read acceleration
  sMagAnalog = bno.getAxis(BNO::eAxisMag);
                                              // read geomagnetic
  sGyrAnalog = bno.getAxis(BNO::eAxisGyr);
                                              // read gyroscope
  sLiaAnalog = bno.getAxis(BNO::eAxisLia);
                                              // read linear acceleration
  sGrvAnalog = bno.getAxis(BNO::eAxisGrv);
                                              // read gravity vector
  sEulAnalog = bno.getEul();
                                              // read euler angle
  sQuaAnalog = bno.getQua();
                                              // read quaternion
  Serial.println();
  Serial.println("====== analog data print start =======");
  Serial.print("acc analog: (unit mg)
                                            "); printAxisData(sAccAnalog);
  Serial.print("mag analog: (unit ut)
                                            "); printAxisData(sMagAnalog);
  Serial.print("gyr analog: (unit dps)
                                            "); printAxisData(sGyrAnalog);
  Serial.print("lia analog: (unit mg)
                                            "); printAxisData(sLiaAnalog);
  Serial.print("grv analog: (unit mg)
                                            "); printAxisData(sGrvAnalog);
  Serial.print("eul analog: (unit degree)
                                            "); Serial.print(" head: "); Ser
                                            "); Serial.print(" w: "); Serial
  Serial.print("qua analog: (no unit)
  Serial.println("====== analog data print end =======");
  delay(1000);
}
```

Sample Code

Function: moitor the sensor interrupts, including high/low speed interrupt, and fast tilt interrupt.

```
/*!
  * interrupt.ino
  * Download this demo to test bno055 interrupt
  * Connect bno055 int pin to arduino pin 2
  * If there occurs interrupt, it will printr on you serial monitor, more de
  * Product: http://www.dfrobot.com.cn/goods-1860.html
  * Copyright
                [DFRobot](http://www.dfrobot.com), 2016
  * Copyright
                GNU Lesser General Public License
  * version V1.0
  * date 07/03/2019
  */
#include "DFRobot_BN0055.h"
#include "Wire.h"
                              BNO; // ****** use abbreviations instead
typedef DFRobot_BN0055_IIC
BN0
      bno(&Wire, 0x28); // input TwoWire interface and IIC address
// show last sensor operate status
void printLastOperateStatus(BNO::eStatus_t eStatus)
  switch(eStatus) {
  case BNO::eStatusOK:
                         Serial.println("everything ok"); break;
  case BNO::eStatusErr: Serial.println("unknow error"); break;
                                          Serial.println("device not detecte
  case BNO::eStatusErrDeviceNotDetect:
  case BNO::eStatusErrDeviceReadyTimeOut: Serial.println("device ready time
                                         Serial.println("device internal st
  case BNO::eStatusErrDeviceStatus:
  default: Serial.println("unknow status"); break;
}
bool intFlag = false;
void intHandle()
  intFlag = true;
void setup()
  Serial.begin(115200);
  bno.reset();
```

```
while(bno.begin() != BNO::eStatusOK) {
  Serial.println("bno begin faild");
  printLastOperateStatus(bno.lastOperateStatus);
  delay(2000);
}
Serial.println("bno begin success");
bno.setOprMode(BNO::eOprModeConfig); // set to config mode
bno.setIntMaskEnable(BNO::eIntAll); // set interrupt mask enable, signa
// bno.setIntMaskDisable(BNO::eIntAccAm | BNO::eIntAccNm); // set inter
bno.setIntEnable(BNO::eIntAll); // set interrupt enable
// bno.setIntDisable(BNO::eIntAccAm | BNO::eIntAccNm); // set interrupt
bno.setAccIntEnable(BNO::eAccIntSetAll);
                                          // set accelerometer interrupt
// bno.setAccIntDisable(BNO::eAccIntSetAmnmXAxis | BNO::eAccIntSetHgXAxis)
/* accelerometer any motion threshold to set, unit mg, value is dependent
 * case 2g, no more than 1991
 * case 4g, no more than 3985
 * case 8g, no more than 7968
 * case 16g, no more than 15937
 * attenion: The set value will be slightly biased according to datasheet
 * tips: default accelerometer range is 4g
 */
// how to trig this: still --> fast move
bno.setAccAmThres(200);
// any motion interrupt triggers if duration consecutive data points are a
// threshold define in any motion threshold
bno.setAccIntAmDur(1);
// set high-g duration, value from 2ms to 512ms
bno.setAccHighGDuration(80);
 * accelerometer high-g threshold to set, unit mg, value is dependent on a
 * case 2g, no more than 1991
 * case 4g, no more than 3985
 * case 8g, no more than 7968
 * case 16g, no more than 15937
 * Attenion: The set value will be slightly biased according to datasheet
 */
// how to trig this: still --> (very) fast move
bno.setAccHighGThres(900);
// accelerometer (no motion) / (slow motion) settings, 2nd parameter unit
bno.setAccNmSet(BNO::eAccNmSmnmNm, 4);
 * accelerometer no motion threshold to set, unit mg, value is dependent o
 * case 2g, no more than 1991
 * case 4g, no more than 3985
 * case 8g, no more than 7968
 * case 16g, no more than 15937
 * Attenion: The set value will be slightly biased according to datasheet
```

```
// hot to trig this: any motion --> still --> still
  bno.setAccNmThres(100);
  bno.setGyrIntEnable((BNO::eGyrIntSet_t) (BNO::eGyrIntSetHrXAxis | BNO::eGy
  // bno.setGyrIntEnable(BNO::eGyrIntSetAmYAxis | BNO::eGyrIntSetAmYAxis | B
  // bno.setGyrIntDisable(BNO::eGyrIntSetHrXAxis | BNO::eGyrIntSetAmXAxis);
   * 2nd parameter, high rate threshold to set, unit degree/seconds, value i
  * case 2000, no more than 1937
   * case 1000, no more than 968
   * case 500, no more than 484
   * case 250, no more than 242
   * case 125, no more than 121
   * Attenion: The set value will be slightly biased according to datasheet
   * 3rd parameter, high rate duration to set, unit ms, duration from 2.5ms
   * Attenion: The set value will be slightly biased according to datasheet
   */
  // how to trigger this: still --> fast tilt
  bno.setGyrHrSet(BNO::eSingleAxisX, 300, 80);
  bno.setGyrHrSet(BNO::eSingleAxisY, 300, 80);
  bno.setGyrHrSet(BNO::eSingleAxisZ, 300, 80);
  /*
   * gyroscope any motion threshold to set, unit mg, value is dependent on a
   * case 2000, no more than 128
  * case 1000, no more than 64
   * case 500, no more than 32
   * case 250, no more than 16
   * case 125, no more than 8
   * Attenion: The set value will be slightly biased according to datasheet
   * tips: default range is 2000
   */
  // how to trigger this: still --> fast tilt
  bno.setGyrAmThres(20);
  bno.setOprMode(BNO::eOprModeNdof);  // configure done
  attachInterrupt(0, intHandle, RISING); // attach interrupt
  bno.getIntState(); // clear unexpected interrupt
  intFlag = false;
}
void loop()
{
  if(intFlag) {
    intFlag = false;
    uint8_t intSta = bno.getIntState(); // interrupt auto clear after re
    Serial.println("interrupt detected");
    if(intSta & BNO::eIntAccAm)
      Serial.println("accelerometer any motion detected");
```

```
if(intSta & BNO::eIntAccNm)
    Serial.println("accelerometer no motion detected");
if(intSta & BNO::eIntAccHighG)
    Serial.println("acceleromter high-g detected");
if(intSta & BNO::eIntGyrHighRate)
    Serial.println("gyroscope high rate detected");
if(intSta & BNO::eIntGyrAm)
    Serial.println("gyroscope any motion detected");
}
```

Sample Code

Function: sensor configuration.

```
/*!
  * config.ino
  * Download this demo to test config to bno055
  * Data will print on your serial monitor
  * Product: http://www.dfrobot.com.cn/goods-1860.html
 * Copyright [DFRobot](http://www.dfrobot.com), 2016
 * Copyright GNU Lesser General Public License
 * version V1.0
 * date 07/03/2019
#include "DFRobot_BN0055.h"
#include "Wire.h"
typedef DFRobot_BN0055_IIC
                            BNO;
                                   // ****** use abbreviations instead
BNO
     bno(&Wire, 0x28);
                        // input TwoWire interface and IIC address
// show last sensor operate status
void printLastOperateStatus(BNO::eStatus_t eStatus)
 switch(eStatus) {
 case BNO::eStatusOK: Serial.println("everything ok"); break;
 case BNO::eStatusErr: Serial.println("unknow error"); break;
 case BNO::eStatusErrDeviceNotDetect:
                                       Serial.println("device not detecte
 case BNO::eStatusErrDeviceReadyTimeOut: Serial.println("device ready time
                                       Serial.println("device internal st
 case BNO::eStatusErrDeviceStatus:
 default: Serial.println("unknow status"); break;
 }
}
void setup()
{
 Serial.begin(115200);
 bno.reset();
 while(bno.begin() != BNO::eStatusOK) {
   Serial.println("bno begin faild");
   printLastOperateStatus(bno.lastOperateStatus);
   delay(2000);
 Serial.println("bno begin success");
```

```
bno.setOprMode(BNO::eOprModeConfig); // must set sensor to config-mode
 bno.setAccPowerMode(BNO::eAccPowerModeNormal);  // set acc to normal pow
 // accelerometer normal configure
 bno.setAccRange(BNO::eAccRange_4G); // set range to 4g
 bno.setAccBandWidth(BNO::eAccBandWidth_62_5); // set band width 62.5HZ
 bno.setAccPowerMode(BNO::eAccPowerModeNormal); // set accelerometer power
 // magnetometer normal configure
 bno.setMagDataRate(BNO::eMagDataRate_20); // set output data rate 20HZ
 bno.setMagPowerMode(BNO::eMagPowerModeForce); // set power mode
 bno.setMagOprMode(BNO::eMagOprModeRegular); // set operate mode
 // gyroscope normal configure
 bno.setGyrRange(BNO::eGyrRange_2000); // set range
 bno.setGyrBandWidth(BNO::eGyrBandWidth_32); // set band width
 bno.setGyrPowerMode(BNO::eGyrPowerModeNormal);  // set power mode
                      sOffsetAcc; // unit mg, members can't out of acc r
 BNO::sAxisAnalog_t
                      sOffsetMag; // unit ut, members can't out of mag r
 BNO::sAxisAnalog_t
 BNO::sAxisAnalog_t
                      sOffsetGyr; // unit dps, members can't out of gyr
 sOffsetAcc.x = 1;
 sOffsetAcc.y = 1;
 sOffsetAcc.z = 1;
 sOffsetMag.x = 1;
 sOffsetMag.y = 1;
 sOffsetMag.z = 1;
 sOffsetGyr.x = 1;
 sOffsetGyr.y = 1;
 sOffsetGyr.z = 1;
 bno.setAxisOffset(BNO::eAxisAcc, sOffsetAcc); // set offset
 bno.setAxisOffset(BNO::eAxisMag, sOffsetMag);
 bno.setAxisOffset(BNO::eAxisGyr, sOffsetGyr);
 bno.setOprMode(BNO::eOprModeNdof); // shift to other operate mode, refer
}
#define printAxisData(sAxis) \
 Serial.print(" x: "); \
 Serial.print(sAxis.x); \
 Serial.print(" y: "); \
 Serial.print(sAxis.y); \
 Serial.print(" z: "); \
 Serial.println(sAxis.z)
void loop()
                     sAccAnalog, sMagAnalog, sGyrAnalog, sLiaAnalog, sGrvA
 BNO::sAxisAnalog_t
 BNO::sEulAnalog_t
                     sEulAnalog;
 BNO::sQuaAnalog_t
                     sQuaAnalog;
```

```
sAccAnalog = bno.getAxis(BNO::eAxisAcc);
 sMagAnalog = bno.getAxis(BNO::eAxisMag);
 sGyrAnalog = bno.getAxis(BNO::eAxisGyr);
 sLiaAnalog = bno.getAxis(BNO::eAxisLia);
 sGrvAnalog = bno.getAxis(BNO::eAxisGrv);
 sEulAnalog = bno.getEul();
 sQuaAnalog = bno.getQua();
 Serial.println();
 Serial.println("====== analog data print start =======");
 Serial.print("acc analog: (unit mg)
                                            "); printAxisData(sAccAnalog);
 Serial.print("mag analog: (unit ut)
                                            "); printAxisData(sMagAnalog);
 Serial.print("gyr analog: (unit dps)
                                            "); printAxisData(sGyrAnalog);
 Serial.print("lia analog: (unit mg)
                                            "); printAxisData(sLiaAnalog);
 Serial.print("grv analog: (unit mg)
                                            "); printAxisData(sGrvAnalog);
                                            "); Serial.print(" head: "); Ser
 Serial.print("eul analog: (unit degree)
 Serial.print("qua analog: (no unit)
                                            "); Serial.print(" w: "); Serial
 Serial.println("====== analog data print end =======");
 delay(1000);
}
```

Expected Results

```
_ 0 X
COM65 (Arduino/Genuino Uno)
                                                                                     发送
M X: 122 Y: -191 Z: -65 uT
G X: -9 Y: 13 Z: -52 g
A X: 5 Y: 4 Z: 6 m/s<sup>2</sup>
M X: 168 Y: -86 Z: -71 uT
G X: 9 Y: -8 Z: 24 g
A X: 4 Y: 4 Z: 10 m/s^2
M X: 0 Y: -299 Z: 11 uT
G X: -25 Y: -79 Z: -60 g
A X: -3 Y: 3 Z: 5 m/s^2
M X: 163 Y: -306 Z: -27 uT
G X: 0 Y: -1 Z: -2 g
A X: 3 Y: 5 Z: 7 m/s^2
M X: 216 Y: -114 Z: -64 uT
G X: 22 Y: 51 Z: -62 g
A X: -6 Y: -3 Z: 12 m/s^2
M X: 103 Y: -141 Z: -68 uT
G X: -2 Y: 0 Z: 0 g
A X: 6 Y: 5 Z: 8 m/s^2
```



FAQ

For any questions, advice or cool ideas to share, please visit the **DFRobot Forum** (https://www.dfrobot.com/forum/).

More Documents

- SEN0374 Schematics.pdf (https://dfimg.dfrobot.com/nobody/wiki/ bee5425b1af453621180d84de73ba298.pdf)
- BNO055 Datasheet (https://github.com/Strictus/DFRobot/raw/master/SEN0253/ BST_BNO055_DS000_14.pdf)