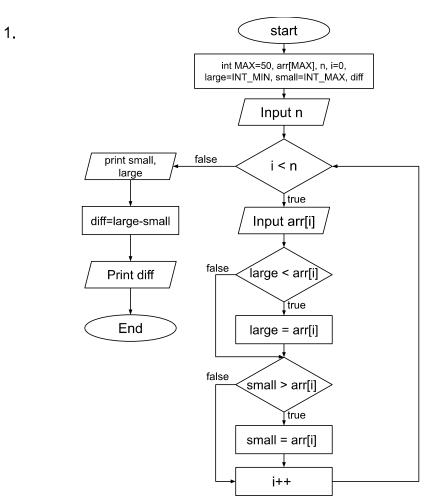
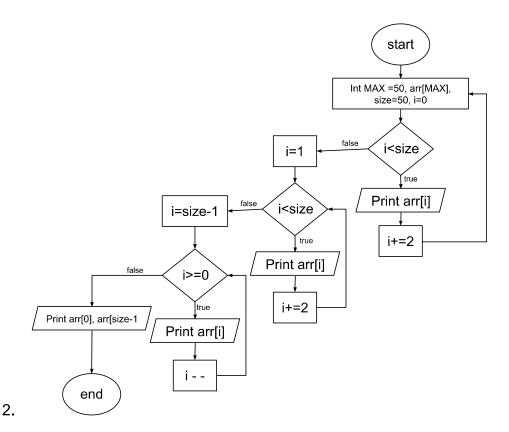
## Practical no: 1

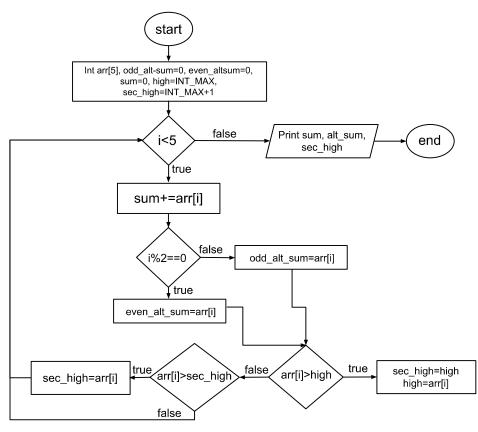
Objective: Write a program in C for following sub problems:-

- 1. Create an array of integers of size n and return the difference between the largest and smallest value in that array.
- 2. Initialize an array with 10 random integers and then print 4 lines of output containing every element at
  - a. Even index
  - b. Odd index
  - c. All element in reverse order
  - d. Only first and last element
- 3. Consider an integer array of size 5 and display following result
  - a. Sum of all element
  - b. Sum of all alternate elements
  - c. Second highest element

**Algorithm**: Following are the flowchart/pseudocodes of the programs







3.

## Program Codes: Following are the codes of the problems in C:-

#### 1. Practical1a.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <limits.h>
int main(){
      //n: size of array, i: counter variable, diff: diff b/w small and large
      //small: initialized with largest num to ensure the storing of a[0]
      //large: initialized with smallest num to ensure the storing of a[0]
      int MAX=50, arr[MAX], n, i, large=INT_MIN, small=INT_MAX, diff;
      printf("Enter the array size: ");
      scanf("%d",&n);
      for(i=0; i<n; i++){
      //populating array
            printf("Enter value at arr[%d]: ",i);
            scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
      //extracting largest number
            if(large<arr[i])</pre>
                  large=arr[i];
      //extracting smallest number
            if(small>arr[i])
                  small=arr[i];
      }
      printf("\nSmallest number in the array: %d"
            "\nLargest number in the array: %d", small, large);
      //evaluating diff b/w small and large
      diff = large-small;
      printf("\nDifference of Smallest and largest number in the array i: %d",
diff);
      return 0;
}
```

#### 2. Practical1b.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int main(){
    //MAX: max permissible size of array
    //size: current size of the array
    //i: counter variable
    int MAX = 50, arr[MAX], size =10, i =0;
    //populating array with random numbers
    for (i = 0; i < size; i++){}
        arr[i] = rand() % 101;
    }
    // printing even index element
    printf("Elements at even index: ");
    for (i = 0; i < size; i+=2){}
        printf("%3d ", arr[i]);
    }
    // printing odd index element
    printf("\nElements at odd index: ");
    for (i = 1; i < size; i+=2){}
        printf("%3d", arr[i]);
    }
    // printing in reverse order
    printf("\nElements in reverse : ");
    for (i = size - 1; i \ge 0; i--){
        printf("%3d", arr[i]);
    }
    printf("\nFirst element: %d and last element: %d", arr[0], arr[size -1]);
    return 0;
}
```

#### 3. Practical1c.c

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<limits.h>
void main(){
    //odd_alt_sum:sum of element at even index,sum:sum of all element
    //even_alt_sum:sum of element at odd index,i:loop counter variable
    //high:holds highest num in array, sec_high:holds second highest
    int arr[5] ={61,52,43,24,15}, odd_alt_sum= 0, sum =0,
    even_alt_sum=0, high=INT_MIN, sec_high=INT_MIN+1, i=0;
    for (i = 0; i < 5; i++){}
    // adding every element in sum
        sum += arr[i];
    // alternate sum
        if(i\%2 = 0){
        // adding even index sum only
            even_alt_sum +=arr[i];
        }else{
        //adding odd index sum only
            odd_alt_sum +=arr[i];
        }
    // if larger num found, store that larger num in high
    // after passing high's value in sec_high
        if(arr[i]> high){
            sec_high = high;
            high = arr[i];
        }
    //store if array value is smaller then high but larger than sec_high
        else if(arr[i] > sec_high){
            sec_high =arr[i];
        }
    }
    printf("Sum of elements: %d\n"
           "Sum of elements at odd index: %d\n"
           "Sum of elements at even index: %d\n"
           "Second highest element in array: %d\n"
           , sum, odd_alt_sum, even_alt_sum, sec_high);
}
```

### Output: Following are the respective outputs of the programs:-

3.

```
C:\Users\DV yadav\Documents\Programming Files\C,C++ files>gcc Practical1a.c && a.exe
Enter the array size: 4
Enter value at arr[0]: 72
Enter value at arr[1]: 3
Enter value at arr[2]: 54
Enter value at arr[3]: 34

Smallest number in the array: 3
Largest number in the array: 72
Difference of Smallest and largest number in the array i: 69
```

```
C:\Users\DV yadav\Documents\Programming Files\C,C++ files>gcc Practical1b.c && a.exe Elements at even index: 41 72 80 65 96 Elements at odd index: 85 38 69 68 22 Elements in reverse: 22 96 68 65 69 80 38 72 85 41 First element: 41 and last element: 22
```

```
C:\Users\DV yadav\Documents\Programming Files\C,C++ files>gcc Practical1c.c && a.exe Sum of elements: 195
Sum of elements at odd index: 76
Sum of elements at even index: 119
Second highest element in array: 52
```



# University School of Automation and Robotics GURU GOBIND SINGH INDRAPRASTHA UNIVERSITY East Delhi Campus, Surajmal Vihar Delhi - 110092

# LAB FILE

Data Structures (ARD - 255)

B.Tech - Artificial Intelligence & Data Science

**Submitted By:** 

Name:

Batch: AIDS BI

Roll No.:

**Submitted To:** 

Dr. Atul Tripathi

# Index

Serial No.	Name of Program	Date of Assignment	Date of Submission	Grade	Signature

