

```
more
I will give you 200 dollars, ok?
>more
I will give you 300 dollars, ok?
>ok
Your salary is 300 dollars.
```

```
13 {
14     Console.WriteLine($"I will give you {startSalary} dollars, ok?");
15
16     string answer = Console.ReadLine();
17     if (answer == "more")
18     {
19         startSalary = startSalary + 100;
20     }
21     if (answer == "ok")
22     {
23         moreSalary = false;
24     }
25 }
26 Console.WriteLine($"Your salary is {startSalary} dollars.");
27 }
28 }
```

```
I will give you 100 dollars, ok?
I will give you 200 dollars, ok?
I will give you 300 dollars, ok?
Your salary is 300 dollars.
```

```
more
more
ok
```

Close

✓ Solved

composed of '#' symbols starting from 1 in the first row and ending with **count** in the last row. Use the **for** loop. For example:

```
>4
#
##
###
####
```

```
5 class Triangle
6 {
7     static void Main(string[] args)
8     {
9         int count = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
10
11         for (int i = 0; i < count; ++i)
12         {
13             for(int j = 0; j <= i; ++j)
14             {
15                 Console.Write('#');
16             }
17             Console.WriteLine();
18         }
19     }
20 }
```

```
#
##
###
####
```

4

Print the maximum

Create a method named "PrintMax" that takes two `int` parameters and prints the larger of the two. Call this method from the Main method with parameters 75 and 114.

```
5 class PrintTheMaximum
6 {
7     static void Main(string[] args)
8     {
9         PrintMax(75, 114);
10    }
11
12    static void PrintMax(int a, int b)
13    {
14        if (a > b)
15            Console.WriteLine(a);
16        else
17            Console.WriteLine(b);
18    }
19 }
20
```

114

Console input

Close

Solved

Say Hello

Create a method called "SayHello" that takes the name of a person as a string argument. The method should print "Hello, {name}!" In the Main method, read the name from the console and then call SayHello while passing in name as an argument.

```
1 using System;
2
3 namespace Methods
4 {
5     class SayHelloToMe
6     {
7         static void Main(string[] args)
8         {
9             SayHello(Console.ReadLine());
10        }
11
12        static void SayHello(string name)
13        {
14            Console.WriteLine($"Hello, {name}!");
15        }
16    }
17 }
```

Hello, John!





John

Close

Solved

print. Ask the user for the string command and the integer numbers. Depending on the command "add", "subtract", "multiply", or "divide", call the correct method, and then print the returned value to the screen. For example:

```
>multiply
>15
>2
30
```



```
28
29
30     static int Subtract(int number1, int number2)
31     {
32         return number1 - number2;
33     }
34
35     static int Multiply(int number1, int number2)
36     {
37         return number1 * number2;
38     }
39
40     static int Divide(int number1, int number2)
41     {
42         return number1 / number2;
43     }
```

30

```
multiply
15
2
```

Close

 Solved