# **Day 2 Questions**

## MEGHA SHREE 22BCS10381 KPIT-901/A

## Q1. Majority Elements:

Given an array nums of size n, return the majority element.

The majority element is the element that appears more than  $\lfloor n/2 \rfloor$  times. You may assume that the majority element always exists in the array.

#### Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
int majorityNum(const vector<int>& nums) {
  int max = 0;
  int count = 0;
  for (int num: nums) {
    if (count == 0) {
      max = num;
      count = 1;
    } else if (num == max) {
      count++;
    } else {
      count --:
    }
  return max;
}
int main() {
  vector<int> nums = \{2,2,1,1,1,2,2\};
  cout << "Majority Element: " << majorityNum(nums) << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
}
```

### **Output:**

```
    PS C:\Users\Dhruv\winterCamp>
    rosoft-MIEngine-In-x3v4pk1z.m1
    migcug.vph' '--dbgExe=C:\msys6
    Majority Element: 2
```

### Q2. Pascal's Triangle:

Given an integer numRows, return the first numRows of Pascal's triangle.

### Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
vector<vector<int>> generate(int numRows) {
  vector<vector<int>> result;
  result.reserve(numRows);
  for (int i = 0; i < numRows; ++i) {
    vector<int> row(i + 1, 1); // Initialize all to 1
    for (int j = 1; j < i; ++j) {
       row[i] = result[i-1][j-1] + result[i-1][j];
    }
    result.push_back(row);
  }
  return result;
}
int main() {
  int numRows = 5;
  vector<vector<int>> pascal = generate(numRows);
  cout << "[\n";
  for (const auto& row : pascal) {
    cout << " [";
    for (int i = 0; i < (int)row.size(); ++i) {
       cout << row[i];
       if (i < (int)row.size() - 1) cout << ",";
    cout << "]\n";
  cout << "]" << endl;
  return 0;
}
```

## **Output:**

```
efichy.ko1' '--dbgExe

[

[1]

[1,1]

[1,2,1]

[1,3,3,1]

[1,4,6,4,1]
```

### Q3. Container With Most Water

You are given an integer array height of length n. There are n vertical lines drawn such that the two endpoints of the ith line are (i, 0) and (i, height[i]).

Find two lines that together with the x-axis form a container, such that the container contains the most water.

Return the maximum amount of water a container can store.

## Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;
class Solution {
public:
  int maxArea(vector<int>& height) {
    int left = 0;
    int right = (int)height.size() - 1;
    int max_water = 0;
    while (left < right) {
       int current_height = min(height[left], height[right]);
       int current_width = right - left;
       int current_area = current_height * current_width;
       max_water = max(max_water, current_area);
       if (height[left] < height[right]) {
         left++;
       } else {
         right--;
       }
    }
    return max_water;
};
int main() {
  vector<int> height = \{1,8,6,2,5,4,8,3,7\};
  Solution sol;
  cout << "Maximum Area: " << sol.maxArea(height) <<
  endl; return 0;
}
```

## **Output:**



Q4. Maximum Number of Groups Getting Fresh

Donuts, Q5, Find Minimum Time to Finish All Jobs.

#### Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm>
#include <unordered_set>
#include <functional>
```

```
using namespace std;
class Solution {
public:
  int maxHappyGroups(int batchSize, vector<int>& groups) {
    int ans = 0:
    vector<int> cnt(batchSize, 0);
    for (int g : groups) {
       int r = g % batchSize;
       if (r == 0) ans++;
       else cnt[r]++;
    }
    vector<int> freq;
    for (int i = 1; i < batchSize; i++) {
      for (int j = 0; j < cnt[i]; j++)
         freq.push_back(i);
    if (freq.empty()) return ans;
    int n = (int)freq.size();
    vector<vector<int>> memo(1 << n, vector<int>(batchSize, -1));
    function<int(int,int)> dfs = [&](int mask, int r) -> int {
       if (mask == (1 << n) - 1) return 0;
       if (memo[mask][r] != -1) return memo[mask][r];
       int res = 0;
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
         if ((mask & (1 << i)) == 0) {
           int nr = (r + freq[i]) % batchSize;
           res = max(res, (nr == 0 ? 1 : 0) + dfs(mask | (1 << i), nr));
         }
       }
       memo[mask][r] = res;
       return res;
    };
    ans += dfs(0, 0);
    return ans;
  }
};
class Solution2 {
public:
  int res;
  void backtrack(vector<int>& jobs, vector<int>& workerTime, int idx, int k, int
    curMax) { if (idx == (int)jobs.size()) {
       res = min(res, curMax);
       return;
    if (curMax >= res) return;
    unordered set<int> seen;
    for (int i = 0; i < k; i++) {
       if (seen.count(workerTime[i])) continue;
       seen.insert(workerTime[i]);
       workerTime[i] += jobs[idx];
       backtrack(jobs, workerTime, idx + 1, k, max(curMax,
       workerTime[i]); workerTime[i] -= jobs[idx];
       if (workerTime[i] == 0) break;
    }
  int minimumTimeRequired(vector<int>& jobs, int k)
```

```
{ sort(jobs.begin(), jobs.end(), greater<int>());
    int sum = 0;
    for (auto j : jobs) sum += j;
    res = sum;
    vector<int> workerTime(k, 0);
    backtrack(jobs, workerTime, 0, k, 0);
    return res;
};
int main() {
  {
    Solution sol;
    int batchSize = 3;
    vector<int> groups = \{1,2,3,4,5,6\};
    cout << sol.maxHappyGroups(batchSize, groups) <<
  endl; }
    Solution sol;
    int batchSize = 4;
    vector<int> groups = {1,3,2,5,2,2,1,6};
    cout << sol.maxHappyGroups(batchSize, groups) <<
  endl; }
    Solution2 sol2;
    vector<int> jobs = \{3,2,3\};
    int k = 3;
    cout << sol2.minimumTimeRequired(jobs, k) <<
  endl; }
    Solution2 sol2;
    vector<int> jobs = \{1,2,4,7,8\};
    int k = 2;
    cout << sol2.minimumTimeRequired(jobs, k) <<
  endl; }
  return 0;
}
```

## **Output:**

```
rosoft-MIEngine-In-h4ijlra
lvevg2.o5u''--dbgExe=C:\m
4
3
3
11
```