Winter Domain Camp Day-5

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Q.1. Find Minimum in the rotated sorted array

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
int findMin(vector<int>& nums) {
  int left = 0, right = nums.size() - 1;
  while (left < right) {
    int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
    if (nums[mid] > nums[right])
       left = mid + 1;
    else
       right = mid;
  }
  return nums[left];
}
int main() {
  vector<int> nums = {4, 5, 6, 7, 0, 1, 2};
  cout << "Minimum element: " << findMin(nums) << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
}
```

Output

```
Minimum element: 0
PS A:\S2D\Coding\C++\wintercamp\Day5>
```

Q2 Median of 2 sorted array

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
double findMedianSortedArrays(vector<int>& nums1, vector<int>& nums2) {
  if (nums1.size() > nums2.size()) swap(nums1, nums2);
  int x = nums1.size(), y = nums2.size();
  int low = 0, high = x;
  while (low <= high) {
    int partitionX = (low + high) / 2;
    int partitionY = (x + y + 1) / 2 - partitionX;
    int maxX = (partitionX == 0) ? INT_MIN : nums1[partitionX - 1];
    int minX = (partitionX == x) ? INT_MAX : nums1[partitionX];
    int maxY = (partitionY == 0) ? INT_MIN : nums2[partitionY - 1];
    int minY = (partitionY == y) ? INT_MAX : nums2[partitionY];
    if (maxX <= minY && maxY <= minX) {</pre>
      if ((x + y) \% 2 == 0) {
         return (max(maxX, maxY) + min(minX, minY)) / 2.0;
      } else {
         return max(maxX, maxY);
      }
    } else if (maxX > minY) {
      high = partitionX - 1;
    } else {
      low = partitionX + 1;
    }
  }
```

```
return -1.0; // Error case
}

int main() {
  vector<int> nums1 = {1, 3};
  vector<int> nums2 = {2};
  cout << "Median: " << findMedianSortedArrays(nums1, nums2) << endl;
  return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
Median: 2
PS A:\S2D\Coding\C++\wintercamp\Day5>
```

Q.3 Merge K sorted lists

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <queue>
using namespace std;

struct ListNode {
   int val;
   ListNode* next;
   ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(nullptr) {}
};

struct Compare {
   bool operator()(ListNode* a, ListNode* b) {
     return a->val > b->val;
   }
};
```

```
ListNode* mergeKLists(vector<ListNode*>& lists) {
    priority_queue<ListNode*, vector<ListNode*>, Compare> pq;
    for (auto list : lists) {
        if (list) pq.push(list);
    }
    ListNode dummy(0), *tail = &dummy;
    while (!pq.empty()) {
        ListNode* node = pq.top();
        pq.pop();
        tail->next = node;
        tail = tail->next;
        if (node->next) pq.push(node->next);
    }
    return dummy.next;
}
```

```
#include <vector>
a Abhiraj Patel submitted at Dec 26, 2024 23:28

Salution

Runtime

The management of the public:

Solution

Beats 100.00%

Analyze Complexity

Memory

18.53 MB | Beats 46.80%

#include <vector>
2 using namespace std;
3 class Solution {

public:

ListNode* nergeTwoLists(ListNode* 12) {

if (!11) return 12;

if (!12) return 11;

#include <vector>
2 using namespace std;
3 class Solution {

public:

ListNode* nergeTwoLists(ListNode* 12) {

if (!11->val < 12->val) {

11->next = mergeTwoLists(11->next, 12);

return 11;

} else {

12->next = mergeTwoLists(11, 12->next);

return 12;

}

15 }

16 }

75%
```

Q.4 Minimum number of moves to seat

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;
```

```
int minMovesToSeat(vector<int>& seats, vector<int>& students) {
    sort(seats.begin(), seats.end());
    sort(students.begin(), students.end());
    int moves = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < seats.size(); ++i) {
        moves += abs(seats[i] - students[i]);
    }
    return moves;
}

int main() {
    vector<int> seats = {3, 1, 5};
    vector<int> students = {2, 7, 4};
    cout << "Minimum moves: " << minMovesToSeat(seats, students) << endl;
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
Accepted 262/262 testcases passed

Abhiraj Patel submitted at Dec 26, 2024 23:31

Class Solution {
2 public:
    int minMovesToSeat(vector<int>& seats, vector<int>& students) {
3     sort(seats.begin(), seats.end());
    int moves = 0;
    for( int i=0; isseats.size(); i++)
        moves += abs(seats[i] - students[i]);

Analyze Complexity

Memory

21.65 MB Beats 37.37%
```

Q5. Search a Number

```
#include<iostream.h>
using namespace std;
int search(vector<int>& nums, int target) {
  int l=0,r=nums.size()-1;
  while(l<=r)</pre>
```

```
{
    int mid=l+(r-l)/2;
    if(nums[mid]==target) return mid;
    else if(nums[mid]>target) r=mid-1;
    else l=mid+1;
}
    return -1;
}

int main() {
    vector<int> arr = {9, 7, 16, 16, 4};
    int k = 16;
    cout << "Position of " << k << ": " << search(arr, k) << endl;
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
Accepted 47 / 47 testcases passed

A Abhiraj Patel submitted at Dec 26, 2024 23:35

Beats 100.00%

Analyze Complexity

Beats 40.29%

Class Solution {
public:
    int search(vector<int>& nums, int target) {
    int l=0, r=nums.size()-1;
    while(1<=r)
    {
        int mid=1+(r-1)/2;
        if(nums[mid]=target) return mid;
        else if(nums[mid]>target) r=mid-1;
        else l=mid+1;
    }

Analyze Memory

31.24 MB | Beats 40.29%
```