

## CSM Berkeley 61B, Spring 2015: Week 3

### 1. What's wrong with these sum functions?

File: [BuggySums.java](#)

```
class BuggySums {

    public static int buggySum1(int[] a) {
        int total = 0;
        for (int i = 1; i < a.length; i++) {
            total += a[i];
        }
        return total;
    }

    public static int buggySum2(int[] a) {
        int total = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i <= a.length; i++) {
            total += a[i];
        }
        return total;
    }

    public static int buggySum3(int[] a) {
        int i = 0;
        int total = 0;
        while (i < a.length) {
            total += a[i];
        }
        return total;
    }

}
```

**2a. Write middle, which takes in array of ints and returns the middle element.**

If not element is in the exact middle, return the one to the left of the middle. Don't overthink this.

File: `ArrayExample.java`

```
import java.util.Arrays;

class ArrayExample {
    public static int middle(int[] arr) {

    }
}
```

**2b. Write reverse, which takes in an array of ints and reverses its elements in-place.**

```
    public static void reverse(int[] arr) {

    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int[] test1 = {1, 3, 3, 7, 42};
        System.out.println(Arrays.toString(test1));
        reverse(test1);
        System.out.println(Arrays.toString(test1));
    }
}
```

### 3. Write middle, for SLists.

Hint: why are our pointers called slow and fast?

If not element is in the exact middle, return the one to the left of the middle.

File: [SList.java](#)

```
public class SList {
    private SListNode head;
    public SList(SListNode head) {
        this.head = head;
    }
    public SList() {
        this(null);
    }

    public static Object middle(SList list) {

        while (
            ) {

        }
        return
    }

    public String toString() {
        String result = "";
        for (SListNode cur = head; cur != null; cur = cur.next)
            result += cur.item.toString() + " ";
        return result;
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        SList l = new SList(new SListNode(1, new SListNode(2, new SListNode(3))));
        System.out.println("l = " + l);
        System.out.println("l middle: " + middle(l));
    }
}

class SListNode {
    Object item; SListNode next;
    SListNode(Object item, SListNode next) {
        this.item = item; this.next = next;
    }
    SListNode(Object item) {
        this(item, null);
    }
}
```

#### 4. Spot the bug! (extra time)

File: `IntListBug.java`

```
class IntListBug {  
  
    /**  
     * Returns a list consisting of the elements of A followed by the  
     * elements of B. May NOT modify items of A.  
     */  
    public static IntList buggyCatenate(IntList A, IntList B) {  
  
        IntList C = new IntList(A.head, A.tail);  
  
        IntList list2 = C;  
  
        while (list2.tail != null) {  
  
            list2 = list2.tail;  
  
        }  
  
        list2.tail = B;  
  
        return C;  
    }  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        IntList A = IntList.list(1, 2, 3);  
        IntList B = IntList.list(4, 5, 6);  
  
        System.out.println(A);    // 1 2 3  
        IntList C = buggyCatenate(A, B);  
        System.out.println(C);    // 1 2 3 4 5 6  this seems to work  
        System.out.println(A);    // 1 2 3 4 5 6  oh no!  
    }  
}
```

File: `IntList.java`

```
public class IntList {  
    public int head;  
    public IntList tail;  
  
    /** Constructs an IntList from a head int and tail IntList. */  
    public IntList(int head, IntList tail) { ... }  
  
    /** Constructs an IntList from the list of arguments. */  
    public static IntList list(Integer... args) { ... }  
  
    /** Returns string representation of the IntList. */  
    public String toString() { ... }  
}
```