CSM Berkeley 61B, Spring 2015: Week 3

1. What's wrong with these sum functions?

```
File: BuggySums.java
class BuggySums {
    public static int buggySum1(int[] a) {
        int total = 0;
        for (int i = 1; i < a.length; i++) {</pre>
            total += a[i];
        return total;
    }
    public static int buggySum2(int[] a) {
        int total = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i <= a.length; i++) {</pre>
            total += a[i];
        }
        return total;
    }
    public static int buggySum3(int[] a) {
        int i = 0;
        int total = 0;
        while (i < a.length) {</pre>
            total += a[i];
        }
        return total;
    }
}
```

2a. Write middle, which takes in array of ints and returns the middle element.

If no element is in the exact middle, return the one to the left of the middle. Don't over-think this! :)

```
File: ArrayExample.java
import java.util.Arrays;
class ArrayExample {
   public static int middle(int[] arr) {
}
```

2b. Write reverse, which takes in an array of ints and reverses its elements in-place.

```
public static void reverse(int[] arr) {
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    int[] test1 = {1, 3, 3, 7, 42};
    System.out.println(Arrays.toString(test1));
    reverse(test1);
    System.out.println(Arrays.toString(test1));
}
```

3. Write middle, for SLists.

Hint: why are our pointers called slow and fast?

If no element is in the exact middle, return the one to the left of the middle.

```
File: SList.java
public class SList {
    private SListNode head;
    public SList(SListNode head) {
        this.head = head;
    }
    public SList() {
        this(null);
    public static Object middle(SList list) {
        SListNode slow = list.head;
        SListNode fast = list.head;
        while (
                                       ) {
        }
        return
    }
    public String toString() {
        String result = "";
        for (SListNode cur = head; cur != null; cur = cur.next)
            result += cur.item.toString() + " ";
        return result;
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        SList 1 = new SList(new SListNode(1, new SListNode(2, new SListNode(3))));
        System.out.println("1 = " + 1);
        System.out.println("l middle: " + middle(1));
    }
}
class SListNode {
    Object item; SListNode next;
    SListNode(Object item, SListNode next) {
        this.item = item; this.next = next;
    }
    SListNode(Object item) {
        this(item, null);
    }
}
```

4. Spot the bug! (extra time)

```
File: IntListBug.java
class IntListBug {
    /**
      * Returns a list consisting of the elements of A followed by the
      * elements of B. May NOT modify items of A.
   public static IntList buggyCatenate(IntList A, IntList B) {
       IntList C = new IntList(A.head, A.tail);
       IntList list2 = C;
       while (list2.tail != null) {
            list2 = list2.tail;
       }
       list2.tail = B;
       return C;
   }
   public static void main(String[] args) {
       IntList A = IntList.list(1, 2, 3);
       IntList B = IntList.list(4, 5, 6);
       System.out.println(A);
                                // 1 2 3
        IntList C = buggyCatenate(A, B);
       System.out.println(C); // 1 2 3 4 5 6 this seems to work
       System.out.println(A); // 1 2 3 4 5 6 oh no!
   }
}
File: IntList.java
public class IntList {
   public int head;
   public IntList tail;
   /** Constructs an IntList from a head int and tail IntList. */
   public IntList(int head, IntList tail) { ... }
   /** Constructs an IntList from the list of arguments. */
   public static IntList list(Integer... args) { ... }
   /** Returns string representation of the IntList. */
   public String toString() { ... }
}
```