## **Supplementary Materials**

Program code in Python written and debugged in PyCharm IDE for solving the integro-differential equation (7) by the iteration method.

```
1. #
2. # The program calculates the current distribution and the dipole moment in a wire
3. # inclusion (1 - length, a - radius)
4. # with the impedance boundary conditions on its surface and surrounded with a
5. # medium with epsilon and mu.
7. # Yujie Zhao @ March 2021
9. # University of St. Andrews, Fife, Scotland
10. #
11.
12. import pandas as pd
13. import numpy as np
14. from scipy import integrate
15. from scipy.interpolate import CubicSpline
17. # Wire and material parameters
18. epsilon = complex(4.0, 0.0) # effective dielectric constant of the matrix, (e1,e2)
19. mu = complex(1.0, 0.0) # effective magnetic constant of the matrix, (mu1, mu2)
20. l = 2.5 # wire length in cm
21. a = 9.3e-4 # wire radius in cm
23. # Some constants
24. c = 2.9979250e+10 # speed of light in cm/s (cgs system)
25. i = complex(0.0, 1.0) # imaginary unit
26. unit = complex(1.0, 0.0) # real unit in the complex form
27. e0 = 1.0 / c # electric field amplitude
29. # Calculation parameters
30. NCUR = 50 # number of points in the current distribution along the wire
31. accuracy1 = 1.0e-3 # relative error when integrating in the first approximation
32. # for the current
33. accuracy2 = 1.0e-3 # relative error when integrating in the dipole moments
34. accuracy3 = 1.0e-3 # relative error when integrating in the coefficients in the
35. # main loop by frequency
36. filename = 'Field5.50e_ZeroStrain.csv' # csv file for the experimental impedance
37. # dispersion (freq, real, imag)
39. df = pd.read csv(filename, sep = ',', header = None) # reading the impedance file
40. freq = df[0] # frequency array
41. NFREQ = len(df[0]) # number of frequency points
42. # Recalculating the experimental impedance (Ohms) into the surface impedance (cgs)
43. Impedance = (df[1] + df[2] * 1j) * 1.0e+9 * (a / 1) / (2.0 * c)
45. x1 = -1 / 2.0 # wire left end
46. x2 = 1 / 2.0 # wire right end
47. XDATA = [] # points on the wire used for calculating the current distribution
48. for n in range(NCUR):
49.
       XDATA.append(x1 + 1 * n / (NCUR - 1))
51. # General Green's functions G(r) and Gf(r)
52. def G(r):
       return np.exp(-i * k * r) / (4.0 * np.pi * r)
53.
54.
55. def Gf(r):
       return (a ** 2) * (unit + i * k * r) * np.exp(-i * k * r) / (2.0 * (r ** 3))
56.
58. \# Function for calculating Q and Qf factors
59. def FQ(x):
       r = (x ** 2 + a ** 2)**0.5
60.
61.
       return (G(r)).real
62.
63. def FQf(x):
       r = (x ** 2 + a ** 2)**0.5
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65.
        return (Gf(r)).real
67. # Functions for coef1 and coef2
68. def S1(x, p):
       r = ((x - p) ** 2 + a ** 2)**0.5
69.
        return -i * (G(r)).imag / Q
70.
71.
72. def S2(x, s, p):
        r = ((s - p) ** 2 + a ** 2)**0.5
73.
        return (i * (kn ** 2 - k ** 2) / (Q * kn)) * np.sin(kn * (x - s)) * (G(r)).imag
74.
75.
76. def S3(x, s, p):
        r = ((s - p) ** 2 + a ** 2)**0.5
77.
        return (-f * epsilon * Z / (a * c * Q * kn)) * np.sin(kn * (x - s)) * (Gf(r)).imag
78.
79.
80. def S23(x, s, p):
81.
       return S2(x, s, p) + S3(x, s, p)
82.
83. def Re F1a11(p, s):
       return (S23(1 / 2.0, s, p) * np.sin(kn * p)).real
84.
85.
86. def Im F1a11(p, s):
87.
       return (S23(1 / 2.0, s, p) * np.sin(kn * p)).imag
89. def Re F2a11(p):
90.
       return (S1(1 / 2.0, p) * np.sin(kn * p)).real
91.
92. def Im_F2a11(p):
93.
       return (S1(1 / 2.0, p) * np.sin(kn * p)).imag
94.
95. def Re_F1a12(p, s):
        return (S23(1 / 2.0, s, p) * np.cos(kn * p)).real
96.
97.
98. def Im F1a12(p, s):
99.
       return (S23(1 / 2.0, s, p) * np.cos(kn * p)).imag
100.
101. def Re F2a12(p):
          return (S1(1 / 2.0, p) * np.cos(kn * p)).real
102.
103.
      def Im_F2a12(p):
104.
105.
          return (S1(1 / 2.0, p) * np.cos(kn * p)).imag
106.
107. def Re Fa21(p):
108.
          return (S1(-1 / 2.0, p) * np.sin(kn * p)).real
109.
110. def Im_Fa21(p):
          return (S1(-1 / 2.0, p) * np.sin(kn * p)).imag
111.
112.
113. def Re_Fa22(p):
          return (S1(-1 / 2.0, p) * np.cos(kn * p)).real
114.
115.
116. def Im Fa22(p):
          return (S1(-1 / 2.0, p) * np.cos(kn * p)).imag
117.
118.
119.
     def Re_F1B1(p, s):
120.
          return (S23(1 / 2.0, s, p)).real
121.
122. def Im_F1B1(p, s):
          return (S23(1 / 2.0, s, p)).imag
123.
124.
125. def Re_F2B1(p):
          return (S1(1 / 2.0, p)).real
126.
127.
128.
     def Im_F2B1(p):
          return (S1(1 / 2.0, p)).imag
129.
130.
131. def Re_FB2(p):
132.
          return (S1(-1 / 2.0, p)).real
133.
134. def Im FB2(p):
          return (S1(-1 / 2.0, p)).imag
135.
136.
137. \# Low, G(x), and upper, H(x), integration y-curves in a 2D integral (horizontal
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```
138. # lines in our case)
139.
     def G1(x):
140.
          return -1 / 2.0 + x - x
141.
142. def H1(x):
          return 1 / 2.0 + x - x
143.
144.
145.
     # Current distribution - zero approximation
146.
     def j0(x):
          current = (i * f * epsilon * e0 / (2.0 * Q * (kn**2))) * (np.cos(kn * x) - np.cos(kn * 1 / 2.0)) /
147.
   np.cos(kn * 1 / 2.0)
148.
          return current
149.
150. def Re_j0(x):
          return (j0(x)).real
151.
152.
153.
     def Im_j0(x):
154.
          return (j0(x)).imag
155.
156. # Current distribution - first iteration
157.
     def j1(x):
158.
          x0 = x
159.
          def Re_FA1j(p, s):
160.
              return (S23(x0, s, p) * np.sin(kn * p)).real
161.
162.
          def Im FA1j(p, s):
              return (S23(x0, s, p) * np.sin(kn * p)).imag
163.
164.
165.
          def Re_FA2j(p):
              return (S1(x0, p) * np.sin(kn * p)).real
166.
167.
          def Im_FA2j(p):
168.
169.
              return (S1(x0, p) * np.sin(kn * p)).imag
170.
171.
          def Re_FB1j(p, s):
              return (S23(x0, s, p) * np.cos(kn * p)).real
172.
173.
174.
          def Im_FB1j(p, s):
              return (S23(x0, s, p) * np.cos(kn * p)).imag
175.
176.
177.
          def Re FB2j(p):
178.
              return (S1(x0, p) * np.cos(kn * p)).real
179.
180.
          def Im_FB2j(p):
              return (S1(x0, p) * np.cos(kn * p)).imag
181.
182.
          def Re_FC1j(p, s):
183.
184.
              return (S23(x0, s, p)).real
185.
          def Im_FC1j(p, s):
186.
187.
              return (S23(x0, s, p)).imag
188.
189.
          def Re_FC2j(p):
190.
              return (S1(x0, p)).real
191.
          def Im_FC2j(p):
192.
193.
              return (S1(x0, p)).imag
194
195.
          def G2(x):
196.
              return -1 / 2.0 + x - x
197.
          def H2(x):
198.
199.
              return x0 + x - x
200.
201.
          coef3 = -i * f * epsilon * e0 / (2.0 * Q * (kn ** 2))
202.
203.
          Integral1 = list(integrate.dblquad(Re_FA1j, x1, x2, G2, H2, epsabs = accuracy1, epsrel =
    accuracy1))
204.
          Result1 = Integral1[0]
205.
          Integral2 = list(integrate.dblquad(Im_FA1j, x1, x2, G2, H2, epsabs = accuracy1, epsrel =
206.
   accuracy1))
207.
          Result2 = Integral2[0]
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208.
209.
          Integral3 = list(integrate.quad(Re_FA2j, x1, x2, epsabs = accuracy1, epsrel = accuracy1))
          Result3 = Integral[0]
210.
211.
          Integral4 = list(integrate.quad(Im_FA2j, x1, x2, epsabs = accuracy1, epsrel = accuracy1))
212.
213.
          Result4 = Integral[0]
214.
          current = coef1 * (np.sin(kn * x) + (Result1 + Result3) * unit + (Result2 + Result4) * i)
215.
216.
217.
          Integral1 = list(integrate.dblquad(Re_FB1j, x1, x2, G2, H2, epsabs = accuracy1, epsrel =
   accuracy1))
218.
          Result1 = Integral1[0]
219.
220.
          Integral2 = list(integrate.dblquad(Im_FB1j, x1, x2, G2, H2, epsabs = accuracy1, epsrel =
   accuracy1))
          Result2 = Integral2[0]
221.
222.
          Integral3 = list(integrate.quad(Re_FB2j, x1, x2, epsabs = accuracy1, epsrel = accuracy1))
223.
224.
          Result3 = Integral3[0]
225.
226.
          Integral4 = list(integrate.quad(Im_FB2j, x1, x2, epsabs = accuracy1, epsrel = accuracy1))
227.
          Result4 = Integral4[0]
228.
229.
          current = current + coef2 * (np.cos(kn * x) + (Result1 + Result3) * unit + (Result2 + Result4) *
   i)
230.
          Integral1 = list(integrate.dblquad(Re FC1j, x1, x2, G2, H2, epsabs = accuracy1, epsrel =
231.
   accuracy1))
232.
          Result1 = Integral1[0]
233.
          Integral2 = list(integrate.dblquad(Im_FC1j, x1, x2, G2, H2, epsabs = accuracy1, epsrel =
234.
   accuracv1))
235.
          Result2 = Integral2[0]
236.
237.
          Integral3 = list(integrate.quad(Re_FC2j, x1, x2, epsabs = accuracy1, epsrel = accuracy1))
238.
          Result3 = Integral3[0]
239.
          Integral4 = list(integrate.quad(Im_FC2j, x1, x2, epsabs = accuracy1, epsrel = accuracy1))
240.
          Result4 = Integral4[0]
241.
242.
243.
244.
245.
          current = current + coef3 * (unit + (Result1 + Result3) * unit + (Result2 + Result4) * i)
246.
          return current
247.
248.
     # Sampling j1(x), its real and imaginary parts
249.
      def Re_j1():
          FDATA = []
250.
251.
          for n in range(NCUR):
              FDATA.append((j1(XDATA[n])).real)
252.
253.
          return FDATA
254.
      def Im_j1():
255.
          FDATA = []
256.
257.
          for n in range(NCUR):
              FDATA.append((j1(XDATA[n])).imag)
258.
259.
          return FDATA
260.
261.
      def moment():
          Integral = list(integrate.quad(Re_j0, x1, x2, epsabs = accuracy2, epsrel = accuracy2))
262.
263.
          Result = Integral[0]
          dip0 = unit * Result
264.
265.
          Integral = list(integrate.quad(Im_j0, x1, x2, epsabs = accuracy2, epsrel = accuracy2))
          Result = Integral[0]
266.
          dip0 = - (dip0 + i * Result) * i /(2.0 * np.pi * f)
267.
268.
269.
          FDATA = Re_{j1}()
270.
          cs = CubicSpline(XDATA, FDATA) # cubic spline interpolation of Re_j1(x)
271. # calculated in discrete points
272.
          cubfun = lambda x: cs(x)
          Integral = list(integrate.quad(cubfun, x1, x2, epsabs = accuracy2, epsrel = accuracy2))
273.
274.
          Result = Integral[0]
275.
          dip1 = unit * Result
```

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276.
277.
         FDATA = Im j1()
278.
         cs = CubicSpline(XDATA, FDATA)
279.
          cubfun = lambda x: cs(x)
         Integral = list(integrate.quad(cubfun, x1, x2, epsabs = accuracy2, epsrel = accuracy2))
280.
281.
          Result = Integral[0]
         dip1 = - (dip1 + i * Result) * i / (2.0 * np.pi * f)
282.
283.
284.
          return [dip0, dip1]
285.
286.
     dip0_real = [] # real part of the dipole moment - zero approximation
     dip0_imag = [] # imaginary part of the dipole moment - zero approximation
287.
288.
      dip1_real = [] # real part of the dipole moment - first approximation
289.
     dipl imag = [] # imaginary part of the dipole moment - first approximation
290.
291.
     for n in range(NFREQ):
292.
          f = freq[n] # frequency array
         Z = Impedance[n] # surface impedance array calculated from the experimental
293.
294.
      # impedance (Ohms)
          k = 2.0 * np.pi * f * (epsilon * mu)**0.5 / c # wavenumber in a medium with
295.
296.
     # epsilon and mu
297.
298.
          Integral = list(integrate.quad(FQ, x1, x2, epsabs = accuracy3, epsrel = accuracy3))
299.
          Q = Integral[0]
300.
          Integral = list(integrate.quad(FQf, x1, x2, epsabs = accuracy3, epsrel = accuracy3))
301.
          Qf = Integral[0]
302.
          kn = k * (unit - i * c * Z * Qf/(4.0 * (np.pi**2) * a * f * mu *Q))**0.5
303.
304. # normalised wavenumber
305.
306.
          Integral = list(integrate.dblquad(Re_F1a11, x1, x2, G1, H1, epsabs = accuracy3, epsrel =
   accuracv3))
307.
          Result = Integral[0]
308.
          a11 = unit * Result
309.
          Integral = list(integrate.dblquad(Im_F1a11, x1, x2, G1, H1, epsabs = accuracy3, epsrel =
   accuracy3))
          Result = Integral[0]
310.
311.
          a11 = a11 + i * Result
          Integral = list(integrate.quad(Re_F2a11, x1, x2, epsabs = accuracy3, epsrel = accuracy3))
312.
313.
          Result = Integral[0]
314.
          a11 = a11 + unit * Result
315.
          Integral = list(integrate.quad(Im_F2a11, x1, x2, epsabs = accuracy3, epsrel = accuracy3))
316.
          Result = Integral[0]
317.
          a11 = a11 + i * Result
318.
          Integral = list(integrate.dblquad(Re_F1a12, x1, x2, G1, H1, epsabs = accuracy3, epsrel =
319.
   accuracy3))
320.
          Result = Integral[0]
          a12 = unit * Result
321.
          Integral = list(integrate.dblquad(Im_F1a12, x1, x2, G1, H1, epsabs = accuracy3, epsrel =
322.
   accuracy3))
323.
          Result = Integral[0]
          a12 = a12 + i * Result
324.
          Integral = list(integrate.quad(Re_F2a12, x1, x2, epsabs = accuracy3, epsrel = accuracy3))
325.
326.
          Result = Integral[0]
          a12 = a12 + unit * Result
327.
328.
          Integral = list(integrate.quad(Im_F2a12, x1, x2, epsabs = accuracy3, epsrel = accuracy3))
329.
         Result = Integral[0]
330.
          a12 = a12 + i * Result
331.
332.
          Integral = list(integrate.quad(Re_Fa21, x1, x2, epsabs = accuracy3, epsrel = accuracy3))
333.
          Result = Integral[0]
334.
          a21 = unit * Result
335.
          Integral = list(integrate.quad(Im_Fa21, x1, x2, epsabs = accuracy3, epsrel = accuracy3))
          Result = Integral[0]
336.
337.
         a21 = a21 + i * Result
338.
339.
          Integral = list(integrate.quad(Re_Fa22, x1, x2, epsabs = accuracy3, epsrel = accuracy3))
340.
          Result = Integral[0]
341.
          a22 = unit * Result
          Integral = list(integrate.quad(Im_Fa22, x1, x2, epsabs = accuracy3, epsrel = accuracy3))
342.
343.
          Result = Integral[0]
344.
         a22 = a22+i * Result
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345.
          Integral = list(integrate.dblquad(Re_F1B1, x1, x2, G1, H1, epsabs = accuracy3, epsrel =
346.
   accuracy3))
347.
          Result = Integral[0]
348.
          B1 = unit * Result
          Integral = list(integrate.dblquad(Im_F1B1, x1, x2, G1, H1, epsabs = accuracy3, epsrel =
349.
   accuracy3))
350.
         Result = Integral[0]
         B1 = B1 + i * Result
351.
          Integral = list(integrate.quad(Re_F2B1, x1, x2, epsabs = accuracy3, epsrel = accuracy3))
352.
353.
          Result = Integral[0]
          B1 = B1 + unit * Result
354.
         Integral = list(integrate.quad(Im F2B1, x1, x2, epsabs = accuracy3, epsrel = accuracy3))
355.
356.
         Result = Integral[0]
357.
         B1 = B1 + i * Result
         B1 = (unit + B1) * i * f * epsilon * e0 / (2.0 * Q * (kn**2))
358.
359.
          Integral = list(integrate.quad(Re_FB2, x1, x2, epsabs = accuracy3, epsrel = accuracy3))
360.
361.
          Result = Integral[0]
362.
         B2 = unit * Result
363.
          Integral = list(integrate.quad(Im_FB2, x1, x2, epsabs = accuracy3, epsrel = accuracy3))
364.
          Result = Integral[0]
365.
         B2 = B2 + i * Result
         B2 = (unit + B2) * i * f * epsilon * e0 / (2.0 * Q * (kn**2))
366.
367.
368.
          coef2 = (B1 + B2) / 2.0
          coef2 = coef2 + (B2 - B1) * (a11 + a21) / (4.0 * np.sin(kn * 1 / 2.0) + 2.0 * (a11 - a21))
369.
          coef2 = coef2 / (np.cos(kn * 1 / 2.0) + (a22 - a12) * (a11 + a21)
370.
                           /(4.0 * np.sin(kn * 1 / 2.0) + 2.0 * (a11 - a21)) + (a12 + a22) / 2.0)
371.
          coef1 = ((B1 - B2) + coef2 * (a22 - a12)) / (2.0 * np.sin(kn * 1 / 2.0) + (a11 - a21))
372.
373.
374.
         dip01 = moment() # [dip0, dip1] - array of the zero and first approximations
375. # for the dipole moment
         dip0 real.append(c * (dip01[0]).real)
376.
          dip0_imag.append(-c * (dip01[0]).imag)
377.
         dip1_real.append(c * (dip01[1]).real)
378.
          dip1_imag.append(-c * (dip01[1]).imag)
379.
380.
381.
          print('frequency point = ', n + 1)
382.
383. disper0 = np.column stack((freq, dip0 real, dip0 imag)) # dispersion of the dipole
384. # moment - zero approximation
385. disper1 = np.column_stack((freq, dip1_real, dip1_imag)) # dispersion of the dipole
386. # moment - first approximation
387.
388.
     np.savetxt('disper0.csv', disper0, delimiter=',')
389.
     np.savetxt('disper1.csv', disper1, delimiter=',')
390.
```