

Available Machines in Laundry Room (Monte Carlo Simulation)

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Background & Purpose

Background:

- Most of the apartments managed by the university still only have a communal laundry room in Champaign;
- It should be noted that Orchard Downs is a community that primarily provided for graduate students and their families.

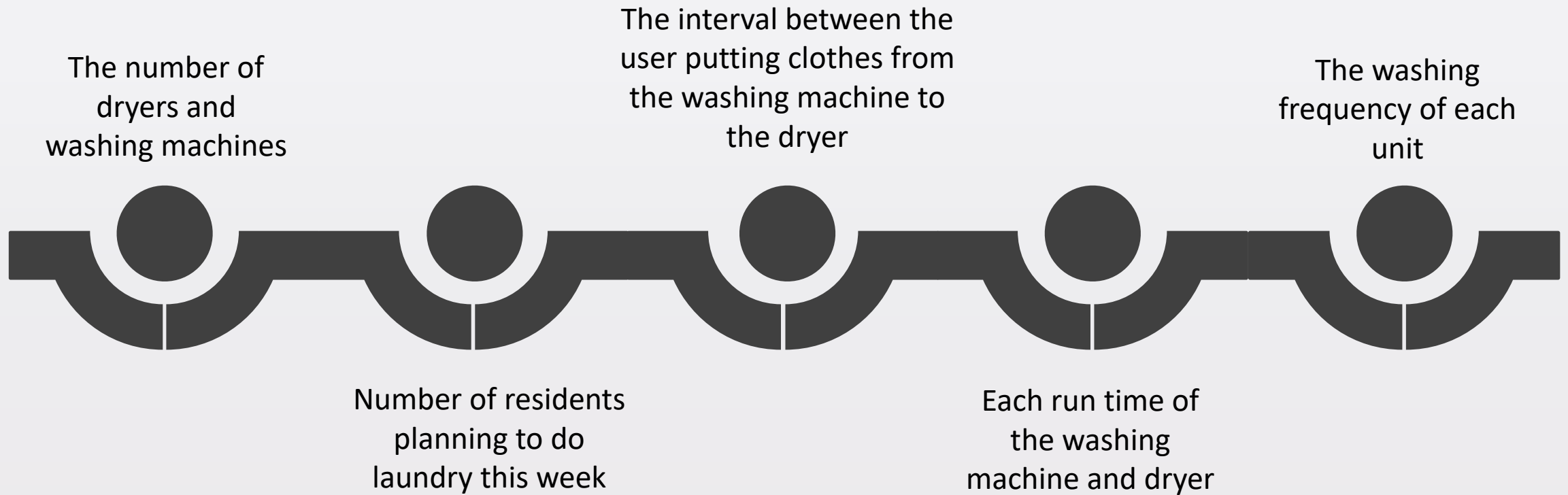
The room types contain 2B2B and 1B1B. About 40% of 2B2B tenants are families (more than 3 people), 20% are one person, and 40% are two people. For 1B1B, 50% are two people living, and 50% are living alone.

Purpose: Calculate the average waiting period for students to save their time

Design Assumptions

- The laundry room is only available to tenants in the Orchard Downs community. And the laundry room can be used 24 hours.
- People usually start washing clothes from 8 am to 10 pm, and they are more likely to start washing clothes at 6:00 PM-9:00 PM. And people prefer to do laundry on weekends.
- Every time washing clothes, they need to use both washing machines and dryers.
- If the washing frequency is **once a week**:
 - Each family (more than 3 people) and a unit with 2 people must use 3 washing machines and 2 dryers each time.
 - A tenant living alone uses 2 washing machines and 1 dryer at a time.
- If the washing frequency is **twice a week or more**:
 - Each family (more than 3 people) and a unit with 2 people use 2 washing machines and 1 dryer each time.
 - A tenant living alone uses 1 washing machine and 1 dryer at a time.

02 Variables



03 Hypotheses



No more than **80%** of the time in a week, people go to the laundry to complete the washing and drying work within **2 hours**



If **20%** of residents reduce their washing frequency per week, the average queue time will be reduced

04 Workflow

Input

[num_WashMachine, num_Dryer,
num_resident, time_interval,
washTime, dryTime, frequency]

num_assign:

- (Based on background)
 - Probability 3(working days):7(weekends)
 - count the number of different units;
 - numpy.random.binomial
- Randomly output the number of laundry people on weekdays and weekends;
- numpy.random.randint
- Randomly assign laundry date;

total_num_of_eachday:

- Frequency
- calculate the number of different units to be washed every day

Update_method:

[the result of "total_num_of_eachday"]

- From 8 am to 10 pm – total 14*60 mins
- random.choices

Randomly assign laundry date;

- Assumption

Specify the number of machines that the unit needs to use (**frequency**)

washing process

(Suppose a user needs to use ***n*** washing machines. The user uses the current available machines instead of using the current washing machine ***n*** times.)

After washing all clothes, the user will proceed to the drying step

- random.choices

Randomly set interval time;

drying process

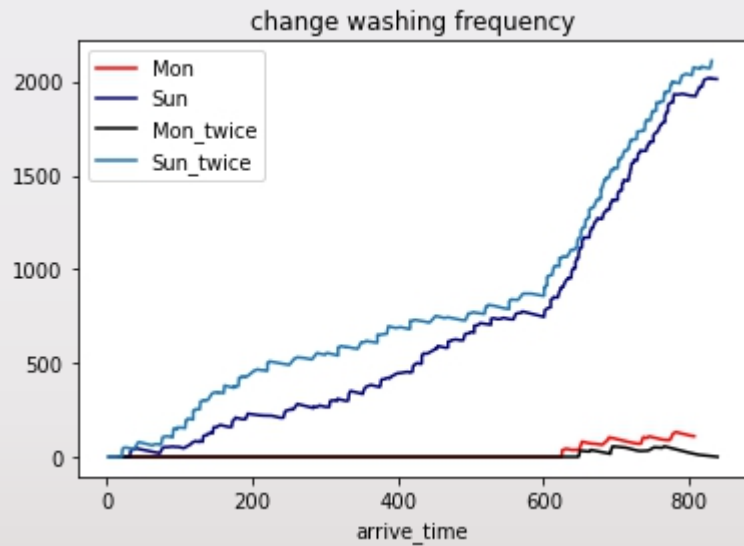
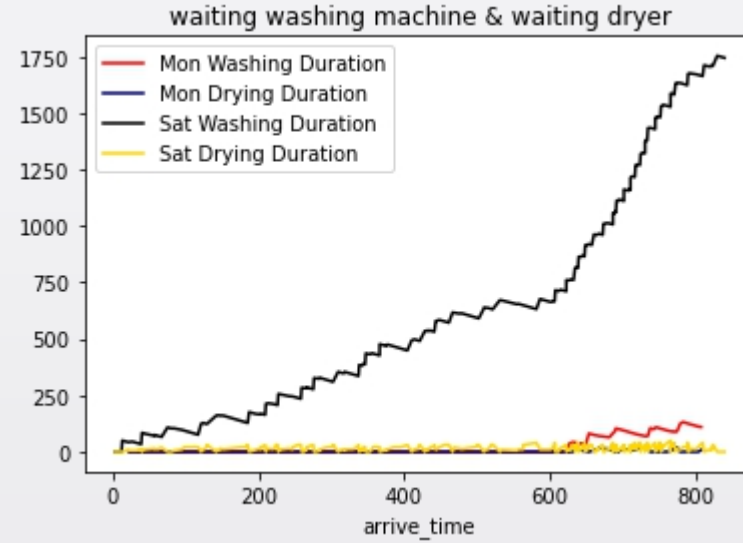
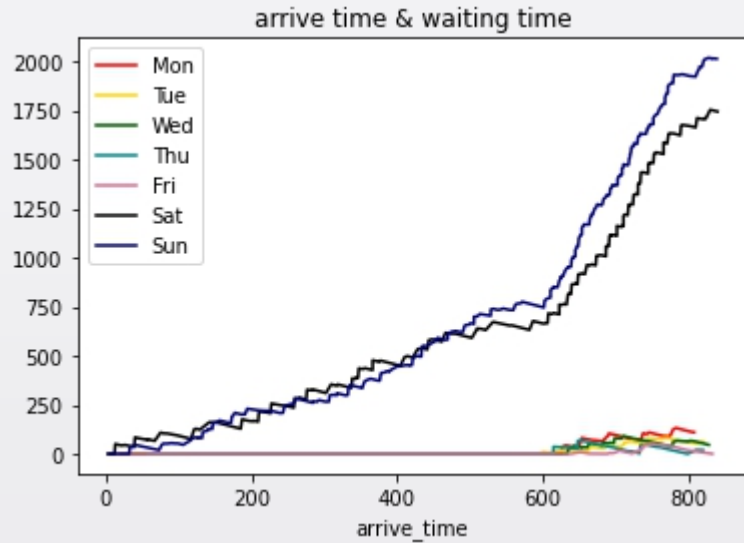
(Similar to the above, the user uses the current available machines instead of using the current washing machine ***n*** times.)

05

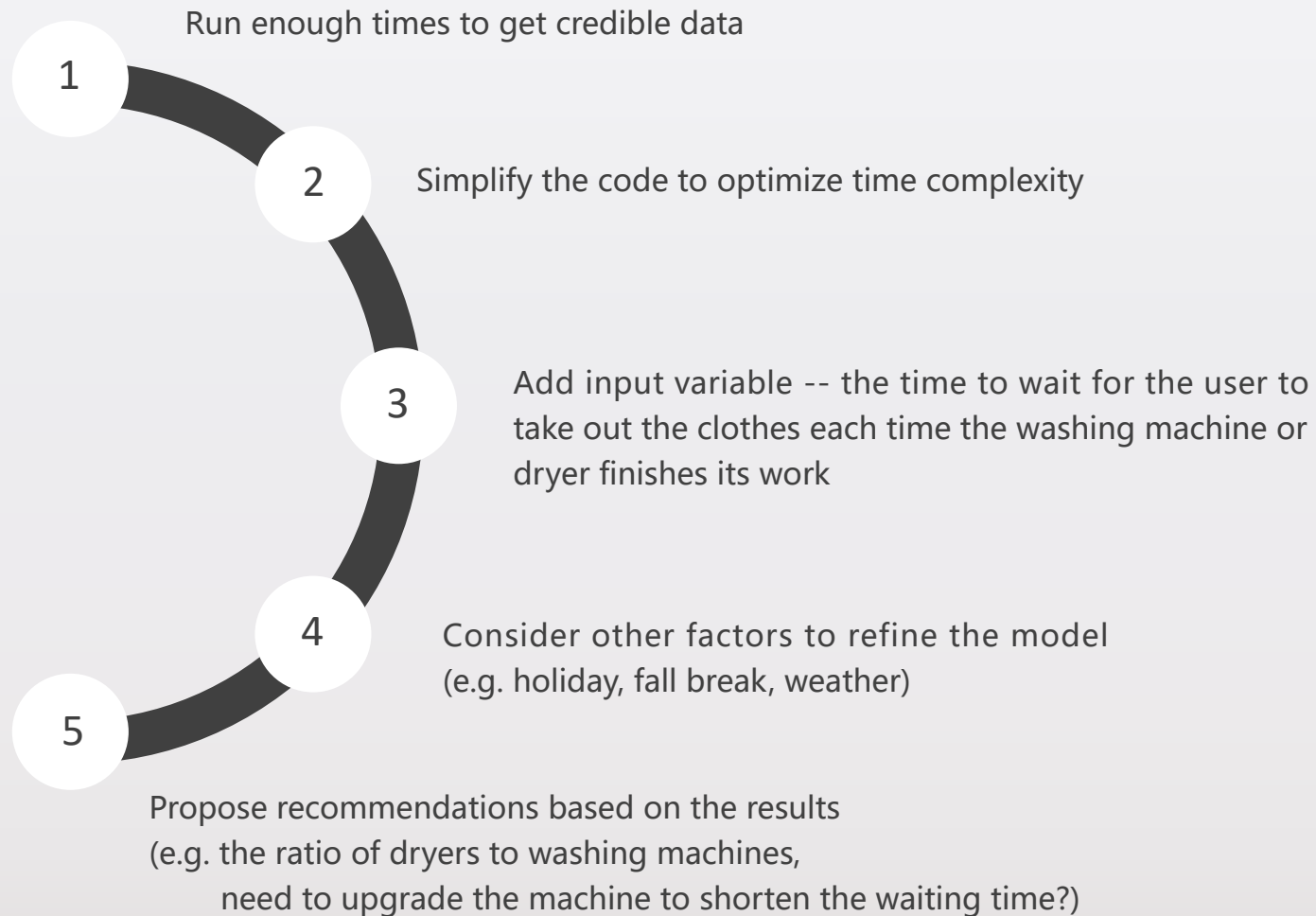
Output Dataframe

	arrive_time	unit	ned_washing_machine	ned_dryer	Total_Wait_washing_duration	Got_washing_machine_time	finish_washing_minute	Got_dryer_time	finish_dry_minute	Total_Wait_dryer_duration
0	16	solitude	3	2	0	16	76	85	155	0
1	28	solitude	3	2	0	28	88	97	167	0
2	65	solitude	3	2	0	65	125	134	204	0
3	130	couple	2	1	0	130	190	199	269	0
4	154	solitude	3	2	0	154	214	223	293	0

06 Visualization



Future Improvement



Thank you

Github: https://github.com/DYZhang117/2021Fall_finals