Core Web development HTML

Part I | What is HTML?

HTML is the standard markup language for creating Web pages.

- HTML stands for Hyper Text Markup Language
- A hyper document is one that contains links to other "things" or places either within or outside the
- Html is a type of Standard Generalized Markup Language(SGML). It is portable, meaning it allows all
 sort of computers, all across the world to view documents created in any SGML.
- A markup language is a computer language that uses tags to define elements within a document, it is human-readable, meaning markup files contain standard words, rather than typical programming syntax.
- HTML describes the structure of Web pages using markup
- . HTML elements are the building blacks of HTML pages
- · HTML elements are represented by tags
- . HTML tags label pieces of content such as "heading", "paragraph", "table", and so on
- . Browsers do not display the HTML tags, but use them to render the content of the page
- The founder of HTML was Tim Berners-Lee and his product was made attractive to the general public by Mosaic browser which was evolved at NCSA.

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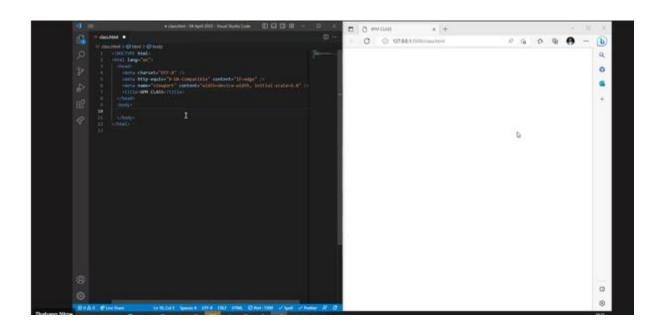
Part I | HTML Elements

The meta element is an abbreviation for metadata, which is data that describes other data. In this case, the meta element describes the contents of the HTML document. The head element can include any number of meta elements, each providing a single data point using the name/value pair construct. For example:

```
cmeta name="author" content="Mark J Collins" />
cmeta name="description" content="Sample HTML document" />
cmeta http-equiv="refresh" content="45" />
```

If you need to load multiple files, include each one in a separate script element. For example: <script src="../scripts/sample.js" type="text/javascript"></script>

<script src="../scripts/demo.js" type="text/javascript"></script>



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