

CTU 2023

SUBJECT NAME: Programming with C Semester 1

SUBJECT CODE: PRG521 – FA 2

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Question 1

1.1 Write a program in LINQ and C# Sharp to find the string which starts and ends with a specific character.

Tasks to complete:

- You are to use an array that will contain 10 South African cities – You are required to use cities provided below:

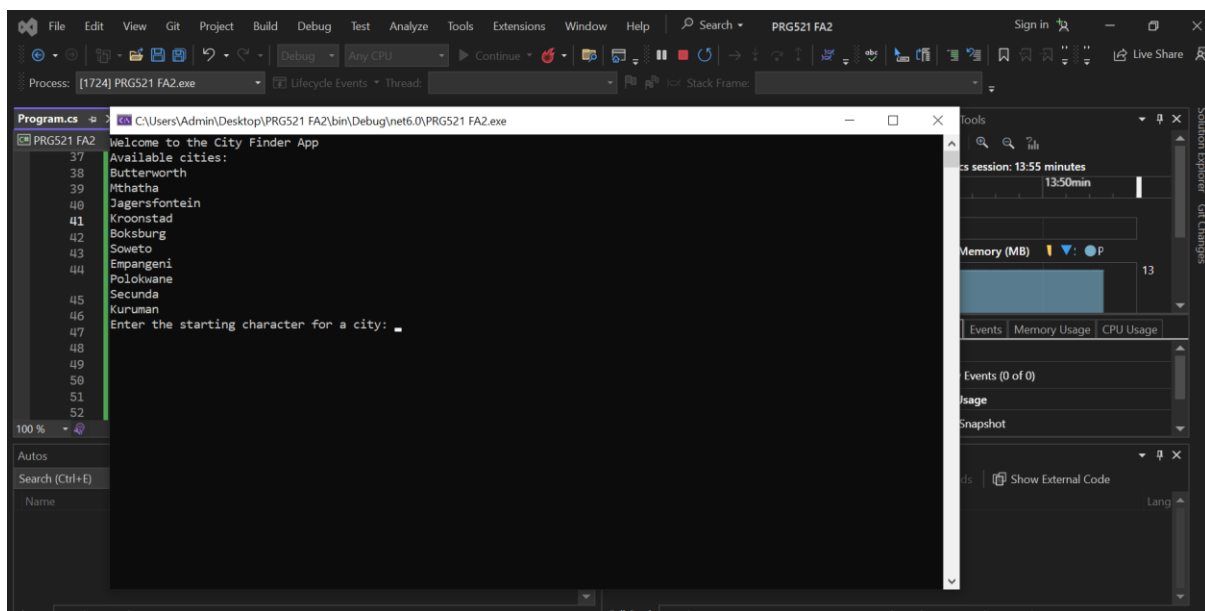
Test data: Butterworth, Mthatha, Jagersfontein, Kroonstad, Boksburg, Soweto, Empangeni, Polokwane,

Secunda, Kuruman.

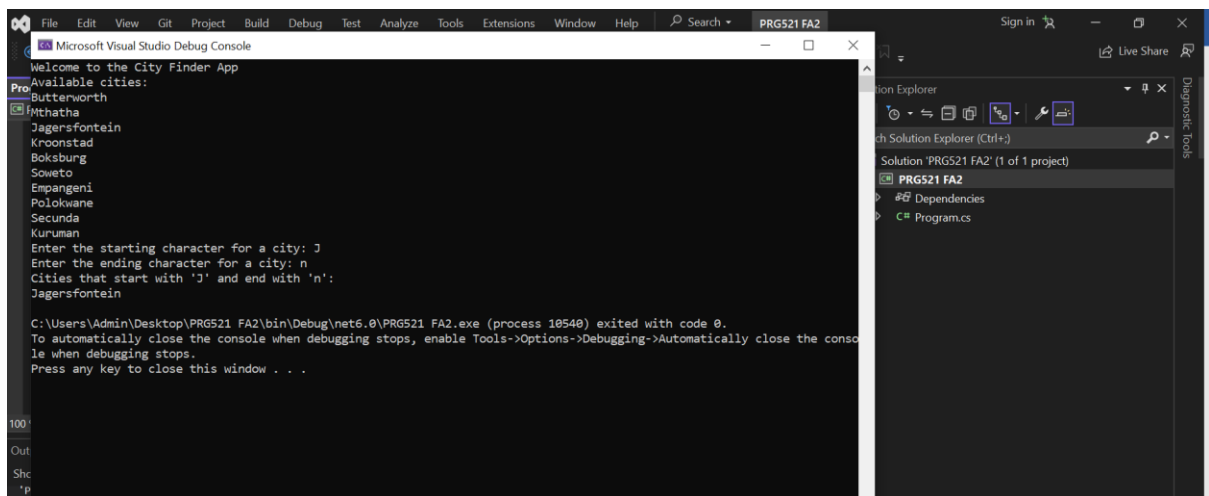
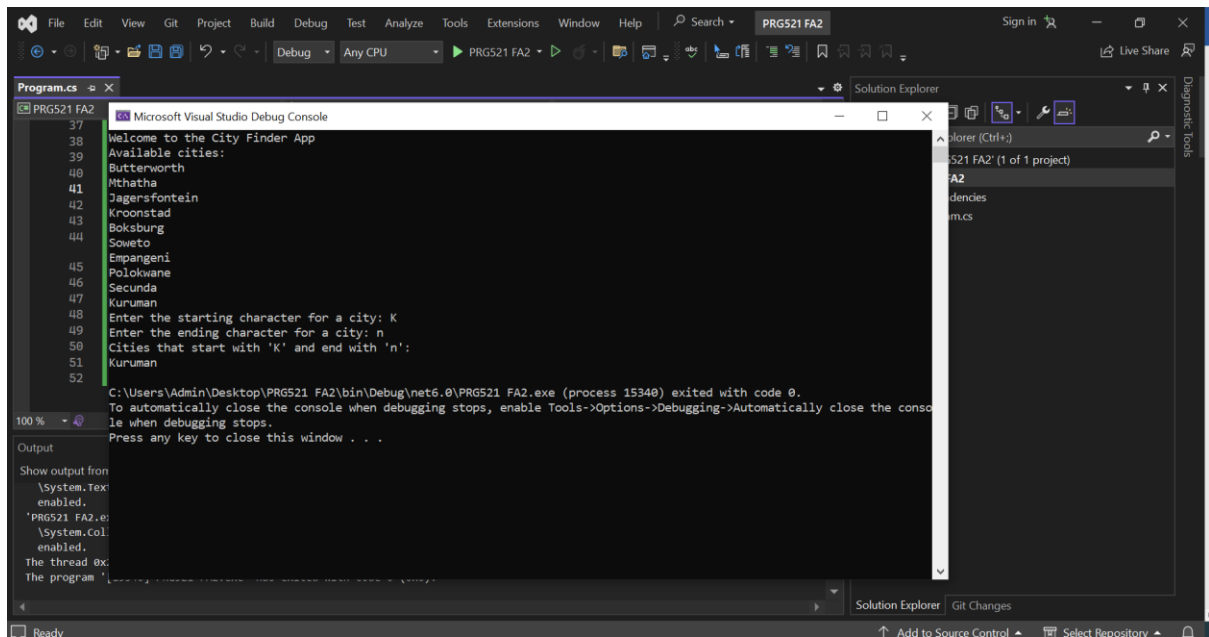
- Have a welcome message to your users that will help them know your application
- Display all cities available
- Prompt the user to enter a starting character for a city
- Prompt the user to enter an ending string character for a city
- Your output should be based on the starting and ending string character

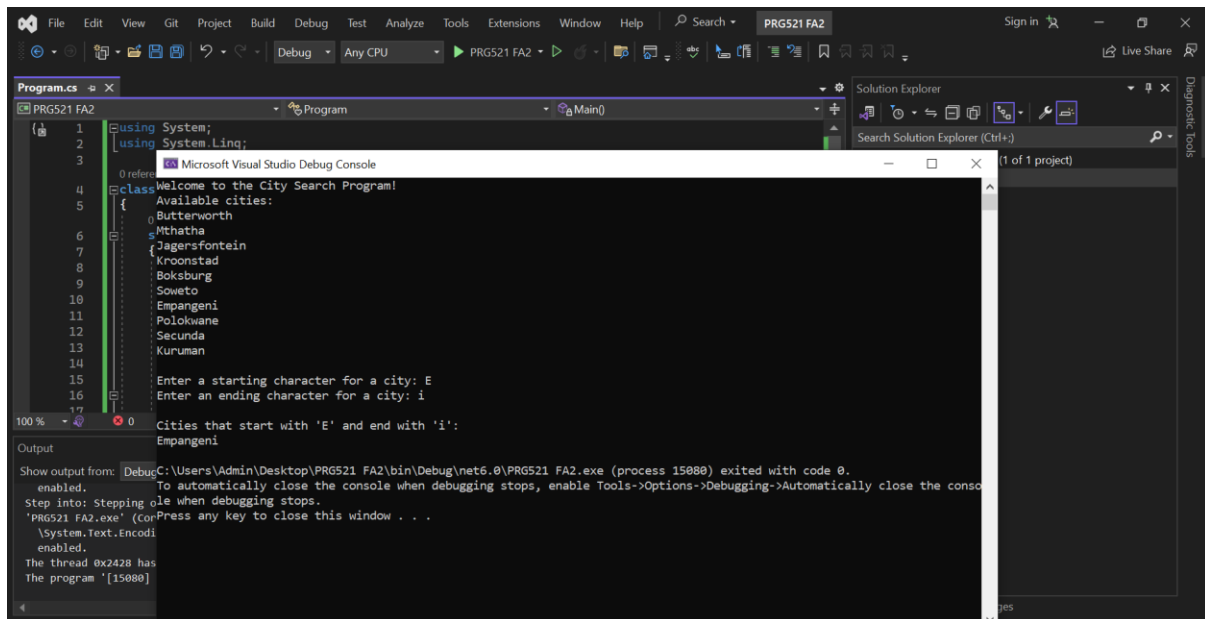
**Answer:**

Screen shots:



```
Program.cs
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\PRGS21 FA2\bin\Debug\net6.0\PRGS21 FA2.exe
PRGS21 FA2
Welcome to the City Finder App
Available cities:
37 Butterworth
38 Mthatha
39 Jagersfontein
40 Kroonstad
41 Boksburg
42 Soweto
43 Empangeni
44 Polokwane
45 Secunda
46 Kuruman
47 Enter the starting character for a city:
48
49
50
51
52
```





### Code:

```
using System;
using System.Linq;

class Program
{
    static void Main()
    {
        // Array of South African cities
        string[] cities = {
            "Butterworth", "Mthatha", "Jagersfontein", "Kroonstad", "Boksburg",
            "Soweto", "Empangeni", "Polokwane", "Secunda", "Kuruman"
        };

        Console.WriteLine("Welcome to the City Finder App");
        Console.WriteLine("Available cities:");
        DisplayCities(cities);

        Console.Write("Enter the starting character for a city: ");
        char startChar = Console.ReadLine().FirstOrDefault();

        Console.Write("Enter the ending character for a city: ");
        char endChar = Console.ReadLine().FirstOrDefault();

        var matchingCities = FindCities(cities, startChar, endChar);

        if (matchingCities.Any())
        {
            Console.WriteLine($"Cities that start with '{startChar}' and end with '{endChar}':");
            DisplayCities(matchingCities);
        }
    }
}
```

```

        else
        {
            Console.WriteLine("No matching cities found.");
        }
    }

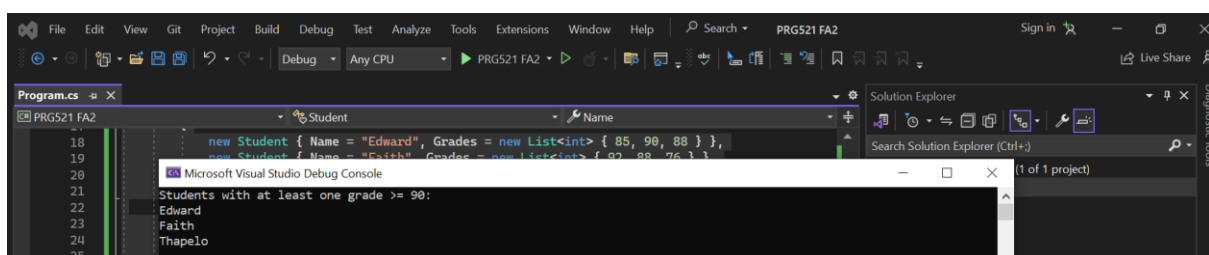
    static void DisplayCities(string[] cities)
    {
        foreach (var city in cities)
        {
            Console.WriteLine(city);
        }
    }

    static string[] FindCities(string[] cities, char startChar, char endChar)
    {
        return cities
            .Where(city => city.Length > 0 && city[0] == startChar && city[city.Length - 1] == endChar)
            .ToArray();
    }
}

```

## Question 2.

Write a LINQ query that retrieves the names of all the students who have at least one grade greater than or equal to 90.



using System;

using System.Collections.Generic;

using System.Linq;

class Student

```

{
    public string Name { get; set; }
    public List<int> Grades { get; set; }
}

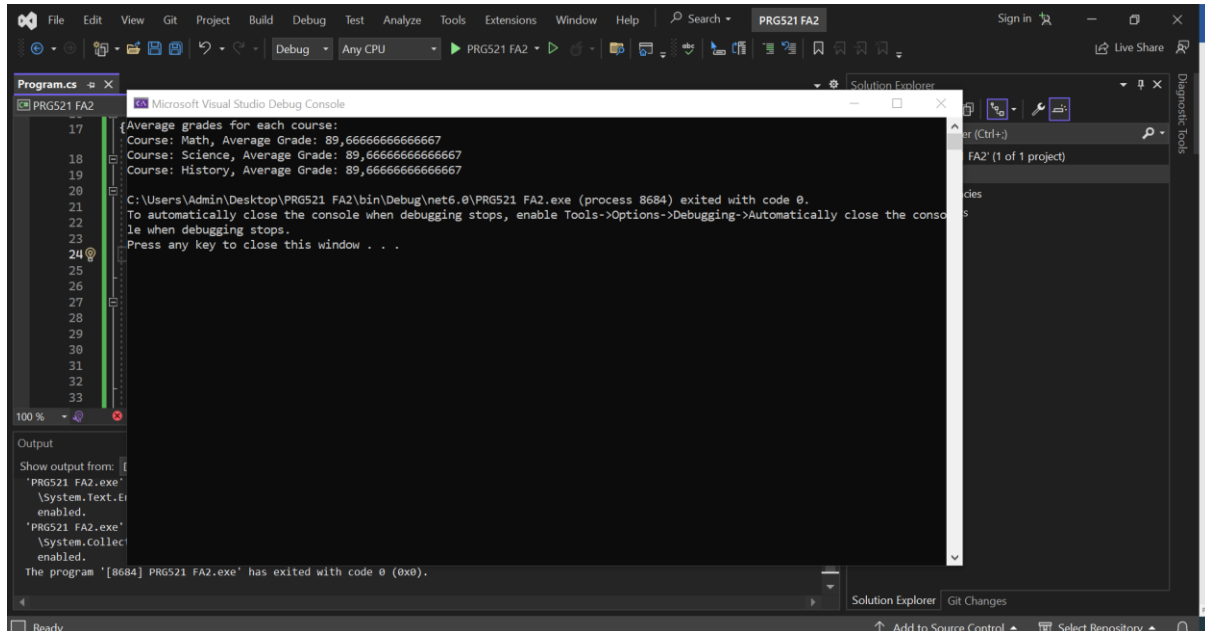
class Program
{
    static void Main()
    {
        // Sample data
        List<Student> students = new List<Student>
        {
            new Student { Name = "Edward", Grades = new List<int> { 85, 90, 88 } },
            new Student { Name = "Faith", Grades = new List<int> { 92, 88, 76 } },
            new Student { Name = "Thapelo", Grades = new List<int> { 95, 89, 92 } }
        };

        // LINQ query to retrieve names of students with at least one grade >= 90
        var highScoringStudents = students
            .Where(student => student.Grades.Any(grade => grade >= 90))
            .Select(student => student.Name);

        Console.WriteLine("Students with at least one grade >= 90:");
        foreach (var studentName in highScoringStudents)
        {
            Console.WriteLine(studentName);
        }
    }
}

```

Write a LINQ query that calculates the average grade of all the students in each course, and returns a list of anonymous objects with the course name and the average grade



```
using System;  
using System.Collections.Generic;  
using System.Linq;
```

```
class Student  
{  
    public string Name { get; set; }  
    public List<int> Grades { get; set; }  
}
```

```
class Course  
{  
    public string Name { get; set; }  
}
```

```
class Program  
{  
    static void Main()  
    {  
        List<Student> students = new List<Student>  
        {  
            new Student { Name = "Edward", Grades = new List<int> { 87, 96, 84 } },  
            new Student { Name = "Faith", Grades = new List<int> { 94, 89, 77 } },  
            new Student { Name = "Sikhumbuzo", Grades = new List<int> { 97, 90, 93 } }  
        };  
    }  
}
```

```

List<Course> courses = new List<Course>
{
    new Course { Name = "Math" },
    new Course { Name = "Science" },
    new Course { Name = "History" }
};

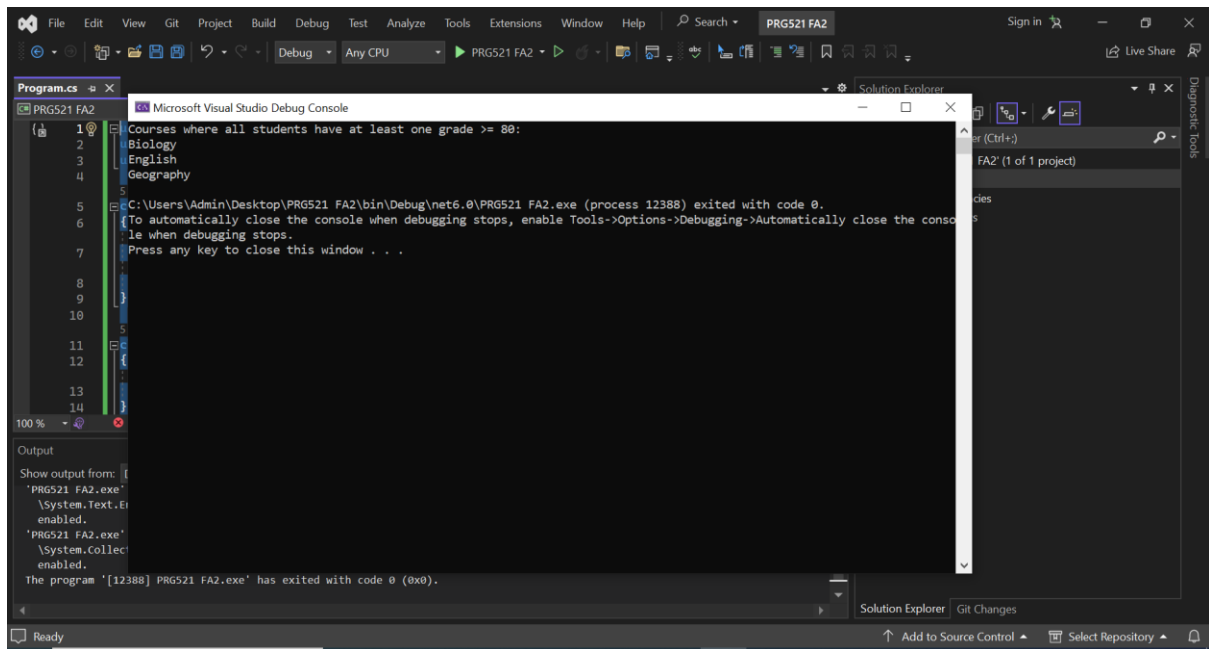
// LINQ query to calculate average grade for each course
var courseAverages = courses
    .Select(course => new
    {
        CourseName = course.Name,
        AverageGrade = students
            .SelectMany(student => student.Grades) // Flatten grades across all students
            .Average() // Calculate the average grade
    });

Console.WriteLine("Average grades for each course:");
foreach (var courseAverage in courseAverages)
{
    Console.WriteLine($"Course: {courseAverage.CourseName}, Average Grade:
{courseAverage.AverageGrade}");
}
}
}

```

3- Write a LINQ query that retrieves the names of all the courses where all the students have at least one grade greater than or equal to 80.





```
using System;  
using System.Collections.Generic;  
using System.Linq;
```

```
class Student
{
    public String Name { get; set; }
    public List<int> Grades { get; set; }
}
```

```
class Course
{
    public string Name { get; set; }
}
```

```
class Program
{
    static void Main()
    {
        List<Student> students = new List<Student>
        {
            new Student { Name = "Edward", Grades = new List<int> { 85, 90, 88 } },
            new Student { Name = "Duduzile", Grades = new List<int> { 92, 88, 76 } },
            new Student { Name = "Carol", Grades = new List<int> { 95, 89, 92 } }
        };

        List<Course> courses = new List<Course>
        {
            new Course { Name = "Biology" },
            new Course { Name = "English" },
        }
    }
}
```

```

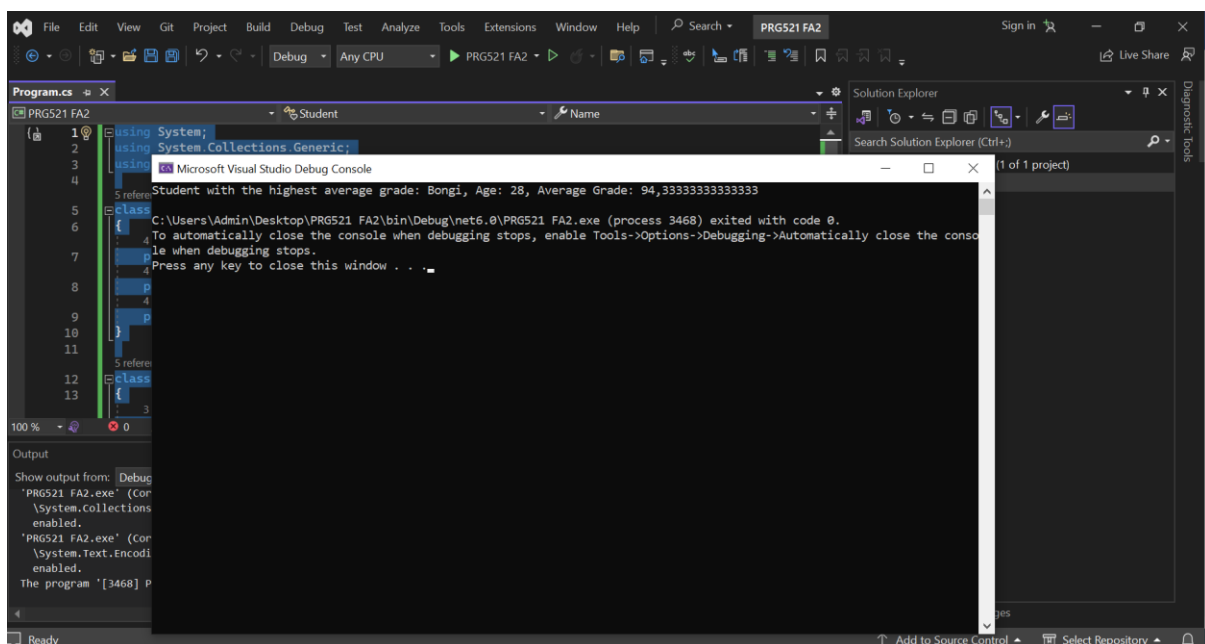
        new Course { Name = "Geography" }
    };

    // LINQ query to retrieve courses where all students have at least one grade >= 80
    var coursesWithHighGrades = courses
        .Where(course => students.All(student => student.Grades.Any(grade => grade >= 80)))
        .Select(course => course.Name);

    Console.WriteLine("Courses where all students have at least one grade >= 80:");
    foreach (var courseName in coursesWithHighGrades)
    {
        Console.WriteLine(courseName);
    }
}

```

- 4 Write a LINQ query that retrieves the name and age of the student with the highest average grade across all the courses.



```

using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;

class Student
{
    public string Name { get; set; }
    public int Age { get; set; }
}

```

```

    public List<int> Grades { get; set; }
}

class Course
{
    public string Name { get; set; }
}

class Program
{
    static void Main()
    {
        List<Student> students = new List<Student>
        {
            new Student { Name = "Edward", Age = 26, Grades = new List<int> { 86, 94, 89 } },
            new Student { Name = "Mangi", Age = 25, Grades = new List<int> { 91, 84, 77 } },
            new Student { Name = "Bongi", Age = 28, Grades = new List<int> { 97, 90, 96 } }
        };

        List<Course> courses = new List<Course>
        {
            new Course { Name = "Math" },
            new Course { Name = "Science" },
            new Course { Name = "History" }
        };

        // LINQ query to find the student with the highest average grade across all courses
        var topStudent = students
            .Select(student => new
            {
                student.Name,
                student.Age,
                AverageGrade = student.Grades.Average()
            })
            .OrderByDescending(student => student.AverageGrade)
            .FirstOrDefault();

        Console.WriteLine($"Student with the highest average grade: {topStudent.Name}, Age: {topStudent.Age}, Average Grade: {topStudent.AverageGrade}");
    }
}

```

