

Problem C: Perfect Powers

Filename: perfect

Timelimit: 1 second

Arup loves integers that can be expressed as x^y where x and y are positive integers with $x > 1$ and $y > 1$. Specifically, we call $z = x^y$ a perfect power with base x , if both x and y are integers greater than 1. Note that the base of a perfect power need not be unique. For example $81 = 3^4 = 9^2$, thus 81 is a perfect power with base 3 and base 9. Help Arup determine whether or not an integer is a perfect power with a particular base.

Input

The first line will contain a single positive integer, c , ($c \leq 50$), specifying the number of input cases.

Each input case will consist of two space separated integers, b ($2 \leq b \leq 1000$), and z ($2 \leq z \leq 10^6$), each on a line by itself.

Output

For each input case, output "YES" if z is a perfect power with base b with an exponent greater than 1 and "NO", otherwise on a line by itself.

Samples

Input	Output
4	YES
2 8	NO
100 1000	YES
8 4096	NO
5 5	